

High Council on Statistics

Working Group on Short-Term Labour Market Statistics

**Comparison of
the statistical
magnitudes of
Employment according
to the
Economically Active
Population Survey
and the Affiliation
data.
Second quarter of 2016**



INSTITUTO NACIONAL DE ESTADÍSTICA

Madrid, July 2018

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1 Objective and general approach

The aim of this report is to compare, in the most homogeneous terms possible, the employment data obtained from the Affiliation to Social Security and the Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) in order to analyse the coherence of both sources of information. The reference period for the data covered by this study is the second quarter of 2016.

This report is the third prepared with the Census 2011 population base, currently in force, for the EAPS data. Its results are therefore fully comparable with those for the second quarter of 2012 (Q2-2012) and the second quarter of 2014 (Q2-2014) and are available on the INE website¹.

The data on affiliation to Social Security comes from the statistical use of the databases maintained by the General Social Security Treasury (Ministry of Employment and Social Security-MEYSS). The estimates provided by the Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) are obtained from the information, collected through personal or telephone interviews with the households selected in the survey sample. The EAPS is the source of reference statistical information comparable at the international level.

Both the Affiliation and the EAPS have their own particularities, derived from their own methodology and purposes, and reflect the evolution of employment in Spain filtered through their respective specificities. For a comparison of results, it is necessary to make adjustments to the groups covered in each case and to homogenise the reference period of the data.

Broadly speaking, the methodology of the comparison consists of adjusting the Affiliation information so that it is as close as possible to the concepts measured in the EAPS. For this purpose, data are obtained on the natural persons affiliated² to the Social Security who have been registered at some point in time for each of the thirteen weeks of the calendar that constitutes the reference period of the comparison, in this case the Q2-2016, and then the average of these thirteen weeks is calculated.

To this new average, it has been added the figures provided by the Mutual Insurance Societies for Public Employees (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS), corresponding to the second quarter of 2016, since they are workers not included in the Affiliation. This magnitude is called Adjusted Affiliation and is the one that is compared in the annex results with the estimates of the EAPS.

¹ http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa_empleo_bp11_2014.pdf, report corresponding to Q2-2014 and http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa_empleo_bp11_2012.pdf, report corresponding to Q2-2012.

There are previous reports, but the results of the EAPS are calculated on the basis of the population base prior to the current one.

² Some groups are not taken into consideration, precisely to get closer to the EAPS concept. For a complete list of the adjustments made, see Section 3.

This document shows, together with a brief overview of the definitions and main characteristics of the two statistical sources, the results obtained from the process of comparing the employment data from the two operations relating to Q2-2016 and a descriptive commentary on them.

2 Definitions and peculiarities of the sources of information on EAPS employment

EAPS Employed persons

The definition of the **employed population according to the EAPS** follows the methodology of the International Labour Organization (ILO). Employed persons are all those persons aged 16 years old or over who, during the reference week, have been employed or self-employed, according to the definitions given below.

- **Persons employed by others or salaried employees** are all those who fall into the following categories:

- *Working*: persons who, during the reference week, have worked, even sporadically or occasionally, for at least one hour in exchange for a salary, wage or other form of related payment, in cash or in kind.
- *Employed but not working*: persons who, having already worked in their current job, are absent from it during the reference week and have a close link with it.

Salaried employees may carry out their work in public or private companies or bodies.

- **Self-employed persons** are all those included in the following categories:

- *Working*: persons who, during the reference period, have worked, even sporadically or occasionally, for at least one hour in exchange for a benefit or a family earning, in cash or in kind.
- *Employed but not working*: persons who during the reference period had to perform some work in exchange for a family benefit or earning but were temporarily absent from it due to illness or accident, vacations, holidays, bad weather or other similar reasons.

Self-employed workers include employers, employers without employees and own-account workers, members of cooperatives and contributing family workers.

Considering the length of the working day, employed persons are classified as *full-time* and *part-time* employed persons. The usual working week may not be shorter than 30 hours in the first case, nor exceed 35 hours in the second.

Salaried employees are classified as *permanent* and *temporary*. For the latter, the end of their contract or work relationship is set by means of objective conditions, such as the expiry of a certain period of time, the completion of a specific task, etc.

Peculiarities of the employment estimation provided by the EAPS: The employment figures of the EAPS are representative of the average situation during the reference quarter of the survey. The data is assigned to the central point of this period.

It should be borne in mind that it does not include persons employed in collective establishments. Nor does it adequately reflect temporary workers who do not have their habitual residence in a family dwelling in our country.

The EAPS data refer to the population resident in Spain.

For this study, the results of the EAPS have been calculated based on the location of the establishment where the person works.

Affiliation

• **Social Security Affiliates:** The Affiliation data reflects the number of registered workers who carry out a work activity as such (neither unemployed nor students are included), so they are obliged to contribute to the public system for the protection of, at least, retirement, disability and death situations.

The number of affiliates corresponds to those who are registered in the different Social Security systems.

Peculiarities of Social Security Affiliation: The Affiliation data, like all those coming from administrative registers, is sensitive to the legislative variations that affect it. The Social Security Affiliation file may also contain fictitious contributors seeking to obtain a retirement pension in the future (Special Agreements) or the right to receive unemployment benefit. These groups cannot be considered as registered workers and, therefore, are not employed persons. They have not been taken into account in the Affiliation data used in this comparison.

There are employed persons according to the EAPS who are not obliged to contribute to Social Security, as is the case with some contributing family workers (this category of workers must be affiliated to Social Security only when they work in a regular, fundamental and direct manner). There may also be people who are required to be affiliated and they are not.

The Social Security Affiliation file does not include public employees who are members of their own Mutual Insurance Societies as long as they do not carry out any other activity that determines their inclusion in any of the Social Security System schemes.

It also does not include students who do not carry out a work activity.

The papal clergy (contemplative orders) is registered in the Affiliation but does not carry out an economic activity in the strict sense, as considered in the EAPS.

For this reason, they have been excluded from the calculation of affiliates, as well as workers in Penitentiary Centres, because their residence does not correspond to a family household.

- **Mutual Insurance Affiliates:** These are people who are affiliated to one of the Mutual Insurance Societies for public employees (MUFACE, MUGEJU or ISFAS).
- **Affiliates:** In this document, the term Affiliates is used to refer to all persons who are affiliated to the Social Security or to any of the Mutual Insurance Societies for public employees. Those who possess both situations are counted only once.

The Affiliation data refers to the population working in Spain, whether or not they are resident in our country.

3 Methodology of the comparative study of employment

To carry out this comparative study with the employment data from the EAPS and Affiliation, taking into account the aforementioned definitions and observations, the following operations are conducted:

- **EAPS Employment** is obtained directly from the survey. It therefore refers to the employment of persons residing in family households (reference scope of the survey). In addition, it has been selected those persons whose place of work is located in Spain.
- The number of registered affiliates for at least one day for each of the 13 reference weeks of the second quarter of the EAPS is extracted from the Social Security databases and the arithmetic mean of the 13 figures is calculated. This arithmetic mean is considered as the quarterly data of the Social Security affiliates for the purposes of this study. This figure does not include the following groups:
 - Special Agreements and beneficiaries of unemployment benefits, not considered in the data extraction.
 - The papal clergy.
 - Employees in Mutual Insurance Societies who are simultaneously affiliated with the Social Security.
 - Convicted persons in Penitentiary Institutions who carry out work for which they are required to register with the Social Security Administration.

All of them have been deducted from the Social Security Affiliation data.

- To this arithmetic mean is added the employees affiliated to their own Mutual Insurance Societies (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS), thus obtaining the **adjusted Affiliation** figure - quarterly data to carry out the comparison with the EAPS Employment.

4 Comments on the results

4.1 Comparison of employment data by Autonomous Community

The employment figure obtained from the Economically Active Population Survey exceeded the data derived from the adjusted Affiliation by 531,600 people. The Autonomous Communities with the greatest differences and with the highest number of EAPS employed persons, in absolute terms, were Comunitat Valenciana, Andalucía and Illes Balears, with 136,300, 64,600 and 55,800 people respectively. In turn, Comunidad de Madrid presented higher adjusted affiliation figures. The rest of the Autonomous Communities that were in this same case had differences that were not statistically significant (see Table 1).

4.2 Comparison of employment data by professional status, sex, age and Autonomous Community. Agricultural and non-agricultural sectors

The comparison includes the *group of public employees affiliated to the different Mutual Societies among employed workers in the non-agricultural sector.*

Non-agricultural sector

It can be seen that, within the non-agricultural sector, the EAPS estimate was higher than the adjusted Affiliation figure for the national total, a situation that prevailed for both employed workers (520,800 persons) and self-employed workers (29,300 persons) (see table 2.1).

By professional status, in the case of men, the difference between employed and self-employed workers showed figures in favour of the EAPS (262,700 and 31,600 persons respectively). For women, there was the same situation as for employed workers (258,100 people), exceeding the affiliation data to that of self-employed workers in the EAPS (2,300 people) (see table 2.1).

With regard to age, for salaried employees in the non-agricultural sector, the differences between EAPS employment and the adjusted Affiliation in favour of the EAPS were observed between 25 and 59 years of age (considering both sexes), while at older ages (60 or over), as well as in the 16-24 age group, discrepancies in favour of adjusted Affiliation were observed (see table 3.1.1). With respect to the self-employed in the non-agricultural sector, in all age groups the EAPS estimate exceeded the adjusted Affiliation estimate, except for the age groups of 20 to 29, 35 to 39 and 50 to 54 years (see table 3.1.2).

Agricultural sector

As regards the agricultural sector, the EAPS figure was lower than the Affiliation figure³. However, this pattern which remained unchanged for employed workers (36,800 persons of difference) changed when the study was carried out on self-employed workers (18,300 persons of difference in favour of EAPS employment) (see table 2.2).

If we consider the sex variable, in the case of women, in the situation of both employed and self-employed workers, the adjusted Affiliation figure exceeded EAPS employment in both cases (39,800 and 5,400 persons, respectively). On the other hand, for men, the adjusted Affiliation figures were lower than EAPS employment in both cases (3,000 and 23,700 persons) (see Table 2.2).

When considering the distribution of employed workers in the agricultural sector by age group, it was observed that the greatest discrepancies between EAPS employment and Affiliation, in favour of the latter, were found in the 30 to 44 age group, while the greatest difference in favour of EAPS employment was observed in the 50 to 54 age group (see table 3.2).

4.3 Comparison of employment data by economic activity and professional status

When carrying out this comparison, it should be borne in mind that the group of public employees affiliated to Mutual Societies has been assigned to the following activities of CNAE-09: activity 84 (Public administration and defence; compulsory social security), 85 (Education), 86 (Human health activities), 87 (Residential care activities) and 88 (Social work activities without accommodation). The assignment has been made based on the body to which they belong.

It is also necessary to take into account in this comparison that the economic activity of the EAPS refers to the establishment where the interviewee works and the one recorded in Affiliation is the one declared by the company.

The branches of activity that contribute most to the difference in favour of the EAPS employment were those corresponding to Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel (branch 97, 195,770 persons), Education (branch 85, 111,500 persons), Accommodation services activities (branch 55, 86,400 persons), Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding (branch 65, 85,000 persons), Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (branch 29, 63,800 persons) and Services to buildings and landscape activities (branch 81, 60,100), among others (see table 4.1).

The greatest differences in favour of adjusted Affiliation were concentrated in Public Administration (branch 84, 214,700 persons of difference), Office administrative, office support and other business support activities (branch 82, 191,400 persons), and to a lesser extent in the branch that encompasses

³ In Affiliation (agricultural sector), public employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance societies were not included, as they were not relevant in this sector.

Wholesale trade (branch 46, 175,400 persons), among others (see table 4.1). In the first case, the most likely reason was the non-inclusion in the EAPS of the Armed Forces resident in barracks and the under-representation of civilian and military officials posted abroad.

With regard to Education (branch 85) and Public Administration (branch 84), the incorporation of MUFACE data assigning the different bodies of public employees by branches makes it difficult to differentiate the various general bodies that work in teaching institutions of Primary, Secondary or University Education and classify them in branch 85. This may partly explain the differences in these branches of activity.

With regard to domestic service (branch 97, 630,300 employed in the EAPS compared to 434,505 in adjusted Affiliation), there was a difference of about 195,770 persons. It should be recalled that, in the same way as in the 2014 edition, the EAPS estimate for domestic service, which usually works 20 hours or less per week, has not been added to the Social Security figure as it had been usually done in previous studies (see table 4.1).

If economic activities are considered in aggregate, it can be observed that the greatest positive differences in favour of the EAPS were found in the branches corresponding to industry (branches 16-39) and to the same extent in the branches corresponding to Other services (mainly in the Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel, branch 97). On the other hand, the highest discrepancies in favour of adjusted Affiliation were observed in Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security (branch 84), in other business activities (branches 69-82) and in the branches of Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles and Wholesale and retail trade (branches 45-47) (see table 4.2).

4.4 Comparison of employment data in trade and accommodation by professional status, sex and Autonomous Community

The comparisons of the branches of activity of Trade and Accommodation (branches 55-56) should not be affected by the group of employees in the Mutual Societies (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS).

In Trade and Accommodation the EAPS employment was lower at the national level than that obtained from Affiliation. The same behaviour was also seen mainly in Cataluña and Comunidad de Madrid, where the figures for Affiliation were higher than those of the EAPS by 86,300 and 37,300 people respectively. However, the Autonomous Communities of Canarias and Comunitat Valenciana did not follow this pattern. In the latter, the EAPS estimated a higher level of employment in Trade and Accommodation (54,200 and 29,900 people respectively) (see table 5.1).

4.5 Comparison of employment data by characteristics of the contract and Autonomous Community

In order to carry out the comparison of employment data according to the characteristics of the contract, only the group of salaried employees has been considered and it has been studied whether their employment relationship was permanent or temporary. It should be noted that ***the group of public employees affiliated to the Mutual Societies has been assimilated to employed workers whose employment relationship is permanent and whose working hours are full-time.***

Type of employment relationship

The number of salaried employees obtained from the EAPS was higher than that obtained from adjusted Affiliation by 483,900 people (see table 6.1). This situation was the same for personnel with permanent contracts where the difference amounted to 530,700 people, and in the case of temporary contracts the EAPS employment figure was lower than the adjusted affiliation figure by 46,800 people.

The Autonomous Communities with the greatest differences and the highest number of EAPS salaried employees, in absolute terms, were Comunitat Valenciana and to a lesser extent, Canarias and Andalucía, with 125,700, 49,500 and 48,300 people respectively. On the other hand, only Comunidad de Madrid had a significantly lower number of EAPS salaried employees than that obtained in the Adjusted Affiliation (22,500 people) (see table 6.1).

Within temporary contracts, the greatest discrepancies were in favour of adjusted Affiliation in Andalucía and Cataluña (51,900 and 38,400 respectively), and in favour of the EAPS figures in Comunitat Valenciana (41,300 people) (see table 6.1).

Type of working day

In order to compare the type of working day in both sources, the group formed by fixed-discontinuous employees has been excluded from the adjusted Affiliation data as well as from the figures estimated by the EAPS. This exclusion was due to the fact that the categories considered in the Social Security Affiliation do not coincide with those of the EAPS, so that if this group were not excluded, both sources of information would not be comparable. Specifically, for Social Security, the type of working day for employed workers may be full-time, partial or fixed discontinuous. However, in the EAPS, it can only be full-time or partial, and the fixed discontinuous ones may have any of these two types of working days. This is therefore the reason why it has been decided to exclude the fixed discontinuous employees and to carry out the comparison for the rest of the employed workers.

At the national level, the difference between full-time employees (excluding fixed-discontinuous) was 2,210,800 persons in favour of the EAPS, while in the case of part-time employees, the difference was 1,646,900 persons in favour of adjusted Affiliation. The Autonomous Communities that contribute most to these differences were, in the first case, Cataluña, Comunidad de Madrid, Andalucía and Comunitat Valenciana (378,400, 328,200, 276,800 and 244,300 people of difference respectively). In the case of the part-time working day, the greatest discrepancies were found in Comunidad de Madrid, followed by Cataluña and Andalucía (349,800, 313,000 and 221,200 people in favour of adjusted Affiliation) (see table 6.2).

It should also be borne in mind, in explaining these differences, that the concepts of part-time and full-time working hours do not coincide in the two sources.

4.6 Comparison of employment data for foreign nationals by professional status, economic activity and Autonomous Community

The analysis of the differences in the employment of foreigners was practically unaffected by the group of **employees in Mutual Societies** (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS). In the case of MUFACE, the nationality of mutual insurance affiliates is recovered from the type of identification document they have, assimilating all those who identify with the NIE as **foreigners from the European Union**. In the case of MUGEJU and ISFAS, the study is carried out under the hypothesis that all the mutual insurance affiliates are Spaniards. In the EAPS, when a person has dual nationality (Spanish and foreign), he or she is considered to be a Spaniard.

From the figures obtained, we can observe the following:

- The EAPS estimated 59,800 **foreigners from the European Union** more than the Adjusted Affiliation. This difference in favour of the EAPS was almost entirely concentrated in employed workers (48,800 persons) (see table 7.1).

The branches of activity that contributed most to the difference in favour of the EAPS were the Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel (branch 97, 24,000 persons of difference), Education (branch 85, 10,600 persons), Retail trade (branch 47, 9,300 persons) and Construction of buildings (branch 41, 8,900 persons of difference) (see table 8.1).

- When considering **foreign nationals from the rest of the world**, the EAPS exceeded the data derived from the adjusted Affiliation by 296,900 persons. The EAPS figure was higher for both employed workers (difference of 260,400 persons) and self-employed workers (difference of 36,600 persons). Comunitat Valenciana, Canarias, Andalucía and Comunidad de Madrid were the Autonomous Communities that contributed most to these differences (see table 7.2). The largest differences in employed persons in favour of the EAPS were concentrated in the activities of households as employers of domestic personnel (branch 97, 83,900 persons), in accommodation services (branch 55, 36,000 persons) and in retail trade (branch 47, 29,700 persons) (see table 8.1).

5 General conclusions

- As can be seen, the EAPS employment figure was still higher than the Adjusted Affiliation data (531,600 people in favour of the EAPS employment). This situation was maintained when analysing the figures by nationality, both for Spaniards and for foreign nationals (174,900 and 356,700 persons of difference respectively).
- The differences by sex indicated that there were 321,000 more men employed according to the EAPS and 210,600 women.
- The differences between the figures provided by the EAPS and those obtained through Adjusted Affiliation could be explained by the fact that the EAPS may include unregistered employment.
- It may also be influenced by the fact that the EAPS seeks to obtain the "de-facto" professional status. Consequently, those independent workers who work as salaried employees would be considered in the EAPS as employed workers.
- Discrepancies by economic activity could result from the different way of classifying them in the sources of information. In the EAPS, the activity is assigned by coding what is declared by the respondent and in Affiliation, by the code corresponding to the activity declared by the company.
- The employment in the EAPS was 530,700 higher for salaried employees with permanent contract. On the other hand, the adjusted affiliation presented 46,800 more temporary employees (see table 6.1).
- The large differences by type of working day were explained by the fact that in Affiliation work below the threshold of 40 hours per week is considered part-time (see table 6.2).
- The highest employment in the EAPS among foreigners was observed both in the EU (59,800) and in the rest of the countries (296,900) (see tables 7.1 and 7.2).

ANNEX I

1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and sex

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference ⁴
		SS AFFI ¹	MI AFFI ²	Adjusted AFFI ³	
Both sexes					
TOTAL	18.301,0	16.889,6	879,8	17.769,4	531,6
Andalucía	2.799,4	2.553,6	181,2	2.734,8	64,6
Aragón	549,1	513,5	32,0	545,5	3,7
Asturias, Principado de	376,3	344,0	19,6	363,6	12,7
Balears, Illes	549,8	476,9	17,2	494,0	55,8
Canarias	797,0	705,5	41,8	747,2	49,7
Cantabria	225,4	200,7	10,8	211,5	14,0
Castilla y León	948,6	845,0	62,5	907,5	41,1
Castilla-La Mancha	679,8	631,9	42,4	674,3	5,5
Cataluña	3.190,6	3.060,3	80,5	3.140,8	49,8
Comunitat Valenciana	1.882,6	1.662,4	83,9	1.746,3	136,3
Extremadura	359,6	337,6	25,6	363,1	-3,6
Galicia	1.022,9	932,3	59,6	991,9	31,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.915,0	2.798,7	149,2	2.947,9	-32,9
Murcia, Región de	580,3	522,9	31,7	554,6	25,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	260,3	255,3	8,6	263,9	-3,6
País Vasco	916,1	890,2	15,6	905,8	10,3
Rioja, La	122,9	117,7	6,0	123,7	-0,8
Ceuta and Melilla	52,4	41,1	11,8	52,9	-0,5
Work outside Spain ⁴	72,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	72,8

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² MI AFFI = Mutual Insurance Affiliates

³ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

⁴ Difference = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and sex

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference ⁴
		SS AFFI ¹	MI AFFI ²	Adjusted AFFI ³	
Men					
TOTAL	9.971,1	9.158,8	491,2	9.650,0	321,0
Andalucía	1.575,4	1.425,2	108,1	1.533,3	42,1
Aragón	305,2	282,8	19,4	302,2	3,0
Asturias, Principado de	189,0	180,4	10,6	191,0	-2,0
Balears, Illes	298,2	254,8	8,9	263,7	34,4
Canarias	437,2	378,6	24,9	403,4	33,8
Cantabria	120,5	106,4	5,9	112,3	8,3
Castilla y León	533,0	468,9	37,4	506,3	26,7
Castilla-La Mancha	398,4	372,4	24,5	396,9	1,5
Cataluña	1.698,5	1.635,6	30,3	1.665,9	32,6
Comunitat Valenciana	1.031,9	916,4	44,0	960,5	71,5
Extremadura	209,0	192,2	15,4	207,6	1,5
Galicia	538,7	485,6	33,0	518,6	20,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.513,1	1.452,9	85,8	1.538,7	-25,6
Murcia, Región de	340,2	301,9	18,4	320,3	19,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	142,6	140,8	4,5	145,3	-2,7
País Vasco	491,0	478,1	7,5	485,7	5,4
Rioja, La	66,0	63,7	3,4	67,1	-1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	33,3	22,0	9,4	31,4	1,9
Work outside Spain ⁴	49,6	0,0	0,0	0,0	49,6
Women					
TOTAL	8.329,9	7.730,8	388,5	8.119,3	210,6
Andalucía	1.224,0	1.128,4	73,2	1.201,5	22,5
Aragón	243,9	230,7	12,5	243,3	0,6
Asturias, Principado de	187,3	163,6	8,9	172,6	14,7
Balears, Illes	251,6	222,0	8,3	230,3	21,3
Canarias	359,8	326,9	16,9	343,8	15,9
Cantabria	104,9	94,3	4,9	99,2	5,7
Castilla y León	415,6	376,0	25,1	401,1	14,4
Castilla-La Mancha	281,4	259,5	17,9	277,4	4,0
Cataluña	1.492,1	1.424,6	50,2	1.474,8	17,2
Comunitat Valenciana	850,7	746,0	39,9	785,8	64,9
Extremadura	150,5	145,4	10,2	155,6	-5,0
Galicia	484,2	446,7	26,6	473,4	10,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.401,9	1.345,7	63,4	1.409,2	-7,3
Murcia, Región de	240,1	221,0	13,3	234,4	5,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	117,8	114,6	4,1	118,7	-0,9
País Vasco	425,1	412,1	8,0	420,1	4,9
Rioja, La	56,9	54,1	2,6	56,7	0,2
Ceuta and Melilla	19,0	19,1	2,4	21,5	-2,4
Work outside Spain ⁴	23,2	0,0	0,0	0,0	23,2

(See footnote for both sexes, table 1.1)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	17.540,8	16.990,7	550,1	14.713,3	14.192,6	520,8
Andalucía	2.561,8	2.479,6	82,2	2.110,0	2.037,8	72,2
Aragón	511,2	506,8	4,4	433,3	424,7	8,5
Asturias, Principado de	362,8	351,6	11,1	296,9	287,7	9,2
Balears, Illes	545,5	487,7	57,9	440,6	403,7	36,9
Canarias	781,3	730,5	50,8	672,7	624,7	48,0
Cantabria	218,1	204,7	13,5	178,0	168,8	9,2
Castilla y León	877,6	849,2	28,3	715,2	696,8	18,4
Castilla-La Mancha	633,3	618,3	15,0	514,6	497,5	17,1
Cataluña	3.144,7	3.086,6	58,1	2.638,8	2.591,2	47,6
Comunitat Valenciana	1.830,3	1.690,6	139,6	1.507,2	1.378,1	129,2
Extremadura	325,8	317,5	8,3	272,1	255,4	16,6
Galicia	955,9	933,1	22,8	774,4	755,2	19,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.908,9	2.941,8	-32,9	2.571,1	2.593,0	-21,9
Murcia, Región de	494,1	476,6	17,4	406,0	392,9	13,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	250,7	252,9	-2,2	213,1	212,7	0,3
País Vasco	905,0	895,1	9,9	774,9	732,5	42,4
Rioja, La	112,3	115,2	-2,9	92,7	94,0	-1,3
Ceuta and Melilla	52,4	52,8	-0,4	45,2	45,8	-0,6
Work outside Spain ²	69,1	0,0	69,1	56,5	0,0	56,5

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference. ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	2.827,4	2.798,1	29,3
Andalucía	451,8	441,8	10,0
Aragón	77,9	82,1	-4,1
Asturias, Principado de	65,9	63,9	2,0
Balears, Illes	104,9	84,0	20,9
Canarias	108,6	105,8	2,8
Cantabria	40,2	35,9	4,3
Castilla y León	162,4	152,4	10,0
Castilla-La Mancha	118,7	120,8	-2,2
Cataluña	505,9	495,4	10,6
Comunitat Valenciana	323,1	312,6	10,5
Extremadura	53,8	62,1	-8,4
Galicia	181,5	177,9	3,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	337,8	348,8	-11,0
Murcia, Región de	88,0	83,7	4,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	37,7	40,2	-2,5
País Vasco	130,2	162,7	-32,5
Rioja, La	19,6	21,2	-1,6
Ceuta and Melilla	7,2	7,0	0,2
Work outside Spain ²	12,6	0,0	12,6

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	9.385,6	9.091,3	294,3	7.549,3	7.286,6	262,7
Andalucía	1.400,1	1.368,9	31,2	1.103,2	1.081,2	22,0
Aragón	275,4	271,7	3,7	225,7	219,4	6,2
Asturias, Principado de	181,3	184,0	-2,6	145,4	145,5	-0,2
Balears, Illes	294,2	258,7	35,5	230,9	204,3	26,6
Canarias	424,7	390,9	33,9	355,0	322,9	32,2
Cantabria	115,7	107,7	8,0	90,4	85,1	5,3
Castilla y León	473,8	459,5	14,3	369,1	359,9	9,3
Castilla-La Mancha	359,3	351,7	7,6	281,5	269,5	12,0
Cataluña	1.662,5	1.622,1	40,5	1.332,0	1.302,2	29,9
Comunitat Valenciana	986,8	916,3	70,5	782,7	715,7	67,0
Extremadura	180,6	173,2	7,4	143,0	131,8	11,2
Galicia	497,2	483,0	14,1	384,0	374,8	9,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.509,7	1.534,0	-24,3	1.274,7	1.305,4	-30,8
Murcia, Región de	270,5	264,0	6,5	211,0	209,7	1,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	134,6	136,5	-1,9	110,5	110,6	-0,1
País Vasco	482,7	477,4	5,3	401,8	375,2	26,7
Rioja, La	56,9	60,5	-3,6	44,5	47,0	-2,5
Ceuta and Melilla	33,3	31,3	2,0	27,9	26,6	1,3
Work outside Spain ²	46,4	0,0	46,4	36,1	0,0	36,1
Women						
TOTAL	8.155,2	7.899,4	255,8	7.164,0	6.905,9	258,1
Andalucía	1.161,7	1.110,8	50,9	1.006,8	956,7	50,2
Aragón	235,8	235,1	0,7	207,6	205,3	2,3
Asturias, Principado de	181,4	167,7	13,8	151,6	142,2	9,4
Balears, Illes	251,4	229,0	22,4	209,7	199,4	10,3
Canarias	356,6	339,6	17,0	317,7	301,9	15,9
Cantabria	102,4	97,0	5,5	87,5	83,7	3,9
Castilla y León	403,8	389,7	14,0	346,1	337,0	9,1
Castilla-La Mancha	274,0	266,6	7,4	233,1	228,0	5,1
Cataluña	1.482,2	1.464,5	17,7	1.306,8	1.289,1	17,7
Comunitat Valenciana	843,5	774,4	69,1	724,5	662,4	62,1
Extremadura	145,2	144,4	0,9	129,1	123,6	5,5
Galicia	458,7	450,0	8,7	390,4	380,4	10,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.399,2	1.407,8	-8,6	1.296,4	1.287,5	8,9
Murcia, Región de	223,6	212,6	11,0	195,1	183,2	11,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	116,1	116,4	-0,3	102,6	102,1	0,5
País Vasco	422,3	417,7	4,6	373,0	357,3	15,7
Rioja, La	55,4	54,7	0,7	48,3	47,0	1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	19,0	21,4	-2,4	17,3	19,2	-1,9
Work outside Spain ²	22,7	0,0	22,7	20,5	0,0	20,5

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference. ²
Men			
TOTAL	1.836,3	1.804,7	31,6
Andalucía	296,9	287,7	9,2
Aragón	49,7	52,3	-2,6
Asturias, Principado de	36,0	38,5	-2,5
Balears, Illes	63,3	54,4	8,9
Canarias	69,7	68,0	1,7
Cantabria	25,3	22,6	2,7
Castilla y León	104,7	99,6	5,0
Castilla-La Mancha	77,8	82,2	-4,5
Cataluña	330,5	319,9	10,6
Comunitat Valenciana	204,1	200,6	3,5
Extremadura	37,6	41,4	-3,8
Galicia	113,1	108,2	4,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	235,0	228,5	6,5
Murcia, Región de	59,5	54,3	5,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	24,1	25,9	-1,8
País Vasco	80,9	102,3	-21,4
Rioja, La	12,4	13,5	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	5,4	4,7	0,7
Work outside Spain ²	10,3	0,0	10,3
Women			
TOTAL	991,2	993,5	-2,3
Andalucía	154,9	154,1	0,8
Aragón	28,2	29,8	-1,6
Asturias, Principado de	29,9	25,4	4,4
Balears, Illes	41,6	29,5	12,1
Canarias	38,9	37,8	1,1
Cantabria	14,9	13,3	1,6
Castilla y León	57,7	52,8	4,9
Castilla-La Mancha	40,9	38,6	2,3
Cataluña	175,4	175,5	0,0
Comunitat Valenciana	119,0	112,0	7,0
Extremadura	16,2	20,8	-4,6
Galicia	68,3	69,6	-1,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	102,8	120,3	-17,5
Murcia, Región de	28,5	29,4	-0,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	13,6	14,3	-0,7
País Vasco	49,3	60,4	-11,1
Rioja, La	7,2	7,7	-0,6
Ceuta and Melilla	1,8	2,2	-0,5
Work outside Spain ²	2,2	0,0	2,2

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	760,2	778,7	-18,5	474,4	511,3	-36,8
Andalucía	237,6	255,2	-17,6	182,9	206,7	-23,8
Aragón	37,9	38,7	-0,8	17,5	21,0	-3,5
Asturias, Principado de	13,6	12,0	1,6	2,4	2,3	0,1
Balears, Illes	4,3	6,4	-2,1	2,6	3,8	-1,2
Canarias	15,7	16,7	-1,1	13,8	12,3	1,5
Cantabria	7,3	6,8	0,5	1,4	1,8	-0,5
Castilla y León	71,0	58,2	12,8	24,6	18,8	5,7
Castilla-La Mancha	46,5	56,0	-9,5	25,1	33,1	-8,0
Cataluña	45,9	54,2	-8,3	17,9	30,7	-12,7
Comunitat Valenciana	52,3	55,6	-3,3	38,6	42,1	-3,5
Extremadura	33,8	45,6	-11,8	22,3	30,5	-8,2
Galicia	67,0	58,9	8,1	26,7	19,1	7,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	6,1	6,0	0,1	3,1	3,8	-0,6
Murcia, Región de	86,3	78,0	8,3	77,7	69,5	8,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral d	9,6	11,0	-1,4	5,0	6,0	-1,0
País Vasco	11,0	10,7	0,4	4,0	5,2	-1,2
Rioja, La	10,7	8,6	2,1	5,9	4,5	1,5
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	3,8	0,0	3,8	3,0	0,0	3,0

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The Other Status category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one non-recorded sex that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	285,7	267,4	18,3
Andalucía	54,7	48,5	6,3
Aragón	20,5	17,7	2,8
Asturias, Principado de	11,2	9,7	1,5
Balears, Illes	1,7	2,6	-0,9
Canarias	1,9	4,4	-2,5
Cantabria	5,9	4,9	1,0
Castilla y León	46,4	39,4	7,0
Castilla-La Mancha	21,4	22,9	-1,5
Cataluña	27,9	23,5	4,4
Comunitat Valenciana	13,7	13,6	0,1
Extremadura	11,5	15,1	-3,6
Galicia	40,3	39,8	0,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,0	2,3	0,7
Murcia, Región de	8,6	8,6	0,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	4,5	5,0	-0,5
País Vasco	7,0	5,4	1,6
Rioja, La	4,7	4,1	0,6
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,8	0,0	0,8

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.
- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.
- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.
- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	585,5	558,8	26,7	374,2	371,1	3,0
Andalucía	175,3	164,5	10,9	135,1	130,1	4,9
Aragón	29,8	30,5	-0,6	13,1	17,0	-3,9
Asturias, Principado de	7,7	7,0	0,7	1,7	2,0	-0,3
Balears, Illes	4,0	5,0	-1,0	2,3	3,2	-0,9
Canarias	12,5	12,5	0,0	10,6	9,2	1,4
Cantabria	4,8	4,6	0,2	1,1	1,7	-0,6
Castilla y León	59,2	46,8	12,4	19,4	15,5	3,9
Castilla-La Mancha	39,2	45,2	-6,0	21,1	26,7	-5,7
Cataluña	36,0	43,9	-7,8	14,6	26,0	-11,4
Comunitat Valenciana	45,1	44,2	0,9	33,7	34,0	-0,3
Extremadura	28,5	34,4	-5,9	18,9	22,7	-3,8
Galicia	41,6	35,5	6,0	21,2	16,3	4,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,5	4,7	-1,3	1,9	3,0	-1,1
Murcia, Región de	69,7	56,3	13,5	63,5	50,6	12,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	7,9	8,8	-0,8	4,5	4,9	-0,5
País Vasco	8,3	8,2	0,1	3,8	4,7	-0,9
Rioja, La	9,2	6,6	2,6	5,2	3,4	1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	3,2	0,0	3,2	2,5	0,0	2,5
Women						
TOTAL	174,7	219,9	-45,2	100,3	140,1	-39,8
Andalucía	62,3	90,7	-28,4	47,8	76,6	-28,8
Aragón	8,1	8,2	-0,1	4,3	4,0	0,3
Asturias, Principado de	5,9	4,9	0,9	0,6	0,3	0,4
Balears, Illes	0,3	1,4	-1,1	0,3	0,6	-0,3
Canarias	3,2	4,2	-1,0	3,2	3,1	0,1
Cantabria	2,5	2,2	0,2	0,3	0,2	0,1
Castilla y León	11,8	11,4	0,4	5,2	3,3	1,8
Castilla-La Mancha	7,4	10,8	-3,5	4,1	6,4	-2,3
Cataluña	9,8	10,3	-0,5	3,4	4,7	-1,3
Comunitat Valenciana	7,2	11,5	-4,3	4,9	8,0	-3,2
Extremadura	5,3	11,2	-5,9	3,4	7,9	-4,4
Galicia	25,4	23,3	2,1	5,5	2,7	2,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,7	1,3	1,3	1,2	0,8	0,4
Murcia, Región de	16,5	21,7	-5,2	14,1	18,8	-4,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,6	2,2	-0,6	0,6	1,1	-0,5
País Vasco	2,8	2,4	0,3	0,3	0,5	-0,3
Rioja, La	1,5	2,0	-0,5	0,7	1,1	-0,4
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,5	0,0	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,5

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Men			
TOTAL	211,3	187,6	23,7
Andalucía	40,3	34,3	5,9
Aragón	16,7	13,5	3,2
Asturias, Principado de	6,0	5,0	0,9
Balears, Illes	1,7	1,8	-0,1
Canarias	1,9	3,3	-1,4
Cantabria	3,7	2,9	0,8
Castilla y León	39,7	31,3	8,4
Castilla-La Mancha	18,1	18,4	-0,3
Cataluña	21,5	17,8	3,6
Comunitat Valenciana	11,4	10,1	1,2
Extremadura	9,6	11,7	-2,1
Galicia	20,4	19,2	1,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,5	1,7	-0,2
Murcia, Región de	6,2	5,6	0,6
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	3,5	3,9	-0,4
País Vasco	4,5	3,5	1,0
Rioja, La	3,9	3,2	0,7
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,8	0,0	0,8
Women			
TOTAL	74,4	79,8	-5,4
Andalucía	14,5	14,1	0,3
Aragón	3,8	4,2	-0,4
Asturias, Principado de	5,2	4,7	0,6
Balears, Illes	0,0	0,8	-0,8
Canarias	0,0	1,1	-1,1
Cantabria	2,2	2,1	0,1
Castilla y León	6,7	8,1	-1,4
Castilla-La Mancha	3,3	4,4	-1,2
Cataluña	6,5	5,6	0,8
Comunitat Valenciana	2,3	3,4	-1,1
Extremadura	1,9	3,3	-1,5
Galicia	20,0	20,6	-0,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,5	0,6	0,9
Murcia, Región de	2,4	2,9	-0,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,0	1,2	-0,1
País Vasco	2,5	1,9	0,6
Rioja, La	0,8	0,9	-0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector

Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.1 Non-agricultural sector

3.1.1. Paid employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	14.713,3	14.192,6	520,8	7.549,3	7.286,6	262,7
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
16-19 years old	69,9	83,0	-13,1	40,0	46,6	-6,5
20-24 years old	630,5	681,3	-50,8	326,7	350,1	-23,4
25-29 years old	1.391,6	1.366,4	25,2	693,8	682,1	11,8
30-34 years old	1.857,9	1.788,8	69,2	946,6	905,2	41,4
35-39 years old	2.399,9	2.244,8	155,1	1.230,8	1.151,0	79,9
40-44 years old	2.351,1	2.237,3	113,8	1.218,3	1.153,8	64,5
45-49 years old	2.089,4	1.968,8	120,6	1.096,0	1.012,9	83,1
50-54 years old	1.807,9	1.728,1	79,8	918,4	884,5	33,8
55-59 years old	1.378,3	1.323,4	54,9	711,5	689,2	22,3
60-64 years old	669,9	700,1	-30,3	338,6	376,8	-38,2
65 years old and over	67,1	70,4	-3,3	28,6	34,5	-5,9
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI ¹
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	7.164,0	6.905,9	258,1	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0
16-19 years old	29,9	36,5	-6,6	0,0
20-24 years old	303,8	331,2	-27,4	0,0
25-29 years old	697,8	684,3	13,4	0,0
30-34 years old	911,3	883,6	27,7	0,0
35-39 years old	1.169,0	1.093,9	75,2	0,0
40-44 years old	1.132,7	1.083,5	49,3	0,0
45-49 years old	993,4	955,9	37,4	0,0
50-54 years old	889,5	843,5	46,0	0,0
55-59 years old	666,9	634,2	32,6	0,0
60-64 years old	331,2	323,3	7,9	0,0
65 years old and over	38,5	35,8	2,6	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector

Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.1 Non-agricultural sector

3.1.2 Self-employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	2.827,4	2.798,1	29,3	1.836,3	1.804,7	31,6
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	7,8	6,3	1,5	5,9	4,3	1,7
20-24 years old	43,1	53,1	-10,0	24,4	34,7	-10,3
25-29 years old	131,6	141,0	-9,4	75,6	85,0	-9,3
30-34 years old	251,9	250,2	1,7	157,1	153,1	4,0
35-39 years old	376,4	379,4	-3,0	247,3	243,0	4,3
40-44 years old	464,8	454,5	10,3	301,8	296,4	5,4
45-49 years old	482,4	446,1	36,4	303,8	290,8	13,1
50-54 years old	408,0	415,1	-7,1	284,6	272,2	12,4
55-59 years old	345,3	340,5	4,8	232,5	224,6	7,8
60-64 years old	233,9	232,3	1,5	152,0	151,5	0,5
65 years old and over	82,4	79,9	2,5	51,2	49,1	2,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI ¹
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	991,2	993,5	-2,3	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	1,8	2,0	-0,2	0,0
20-24 years old	18,6	18,4	0,3	0,0
25-29 years old	56,0	56,0	-0,1	0,0
30-34 years old	94,9	97,1	-2,3	0,0
35-39 years old	129,1	136,4	-7,3	0,0
40-44 years old	163,0	158,0	4,9	0,0
45-49 years old	178,6	155,3	23,3	0,0
50-54 years old	123,4	142,9	-19,5	0,0
55-59 years old	112,8	115,9	-3,1	0,0
60-64 years old	81,8	80,8	1,1	0,0
65 years old and over	31,2	30,7	0,5	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.2. Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	760,2	778,7	-18,5	585,5	558,8	26,7
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	7,2	9,0	-1,8	6,0	6,7	-0,7
20-24 years old	39,2	41,7	-2,5	33,6	31,3	2,3
25-29 years old	61,8	64,0	-2,3	46,6	47,5	-0,9
30-34 years old	76,2	83,8	-7,7	61,8	62,5	-0,7
35-39 years old	104,3	108,1	-3,8	79,9	79,5	0,4
40-44 years old	97,6	111,5	-13,9	75,0	79,5	-4,5
45-49 years old	110,8	111,2	-0,5	83,0	78,2	4,8
50-54 years old	112,5	101,3	11,1	88,9	73,1	15,8
55-59 years old	83,2	79,1	4,1	60,6	56,1	4,6
60-64 years old	54,3	57,2	-3,0	40,3	37,5	2,8
65 years old and over	13,2	11,5	1,7	9,8	7,0	2,8
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex SS AFFI1
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	174,7	219,9	-45,2	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	1,2	2,3	-1,1	0,0
20-24 years old	5,7	10,4	-4,8	0,0
25-29 years old	15,2	16,6	-1,4	0,0
30-34 years old	14,3	21,3	-7,0	0,0
35-39 years old	24,5	28,7	-4,2	0,0
40-44 years old	22,6	32,0	-9,4	0,0
45-49 years old	27,8	33,0	-5,3	0,0
50-54 years old	23,6	28,3	-4,7	0,0
55-59 years old	22,6	23,0	-0,4	0,0
60-64 years old	14,0	19,8	-5,8	0,0
65 years old and over	3,4	4,5	-1,1	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Continues)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
TOTAL	18.301,0	17.769,4	531,6	15.187,8	14.703,8	483,9	3.113,2	3.065,5	47,6
01	697,4	730,9	-33,5	425,6	482,3	-56,7	271,8	248,6	23,2
02	23,6	20,4	3,2	19,5	15,3	4,2	4,1	5,0	-1,0
03	39,2	37,6	1,5	29,3	23,9	5,4	9,9	13,8	-3,9
05	4,5	3,3	1,2	4,5	3,2	1,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
06	3,6	0,2	3,4	3,6	0,2	3,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	2,3	2,8	-0,5	2,3	2,7	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	19,4	15,1	4,3	17,7	13,8	3,9	1,7	1,3	0,4
09	1,1	1,7	-0,6	0,7	1,6	-0,9	0,4	0,1	0,3
10	424,0	370,0	54,0	382,0	323,1	58,9	42,1	47,0	-4,9
11	51,8	46,1	5,6	48,7	43,1	5,6	3,1	3,1	0,0
12	3,7	2,2	1,5	3,7	2,2	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	42,0	46,5	-4,5	38,6	41,0	-2,4	3,5	5,5	-2,0
14	56,9	49,3	7,5	40,6	37,6	2,9	16,3	11,7	4,6
15	53,4	45,2	8,2	44,8	40,1	4,7	8,6	5,1	3,5
16	56,8	58,7	-1,9	42,9	43,8	-0,9	13,9	14,9	-1,0
17	51,0	43,1	7,9	48,6	41,6	6,9	2,4	1,4	1,0
18	73,8	71,4	2,3	59,7	56,1	3,6	14,1	15,3	-1,2
19	13,7	8,7	5,0	13,7	8,6	5,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	111,2	90,9	20,3	107,3	87,8	19,5	4,0	3,1	0,9
21	70,5	47,5	23,0	68,3	47,4	21,0	2,2	0,1	2,1
22	89,1	98,0	-8,8	86,5	92,9	-6,4	2,6	5,0	-2,4
23	97,7	94,3	3,4	85,9	85,1	0,8	11,8	9,3	2,6
24	80,8	79,9	0,9	78,7	72,5	6,2	2,1	7,4	-5,3
25	227,5	244,2	-16,7	188,9	208,4	-19,5	38,6	35,7	2,8
26	34,4	30,7	3,7	32,8	28,5	4,3	1,6	2,2	-0,5
27	70,0	46,8	23,2	63,1	43,7	19,4	6,8	3,0	3,8
28	138,5	120,4	18,1	130,8	107,7	23,1	7,7	12,6	-4,9
29	228,5	164,7	63,8	226,0	162,7	63,3	2,4	2,0	0,4
30	57,7	54,7	3,1	55,8	53,2	2,6	1,9	1,5	0,5
31	75,1	60,5	14,7	55,8	46,2	9,7	19,3	14,3	5,0
32	49,0	35,3	13,7	37,5	27,9	9,6	11,5	7,4	4,1
33	107,5	81,0	26,4	83,3	61,8	21,6	24,2	19,3	4,9
35	82,9	37,3	45,6	80,5	36,0	44,5	2,4	1,3	1,1
36	42,8	40,9	1,9	42,7	40,5	2,2	0,1	0,4	-0,3
37	7,2	5,4	1,7	4,4	5,2	-0,7	2,7	0,3	2,5
38	64,9	85,3	-20,4	61,8	83,9	-22,1	3,1	1,4	1,7
39	3,9	1,9	2,0	3,9	1,7	2,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2
41	394,5	365,7	28,8	293,6	262,1	31,5	100,9	103,6	-2,7
42	100,8	50,5	50,3	96,6	42,1	54,5	4,1	8,4	-4,3
43	581,9	637,0	-55,1	362,4	393,1	-30,7	219,6	244,0	-24,4
45	320,7	313,0	7,7	247,0	226,6	20,4	73,7	86,4	-12,7
46	740,1	915,6	-175,4	593,5	742,6	-149,0	146,6	173,0	-26,4
47	1.874,9	1.824,2	50,7	1.343,1	1.290,3	52,7	531,8	533,8	-2,0
49	574,2	544,5	29,7	413,0	367,1	45,9	161,2	177,4	-16,2
50	23,8	12,3	11,5	23,4	11,6	11,8	0,3	0,6	-0,3

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Conclusion)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
51	35,6	33,4	2,2	35,6	33,1	2,5	0,0	0,3	-0,3
52	191,0	190,0	1,1	182,0	183,8	-1,9	9,1	6,2	2,9
53	107,6	64,9	42,8	100,7	59,5	41,2	6,9	5,3	1,5
55	413,9	327,5	86,4	385,9	310,2	75,7	28,0	17,4	10,6
56	1.230,9	1.228,2	2,6	919,8	924,5	-4,7	311,1	303,7	7,4
58	56,3	52,9	3,4	48,2	44,7	3,5	8,1	8,1	-0,1
59	38,0	39,1	-1,1	32,7	32,1	0,6	5,3	7,0	-1,7
60	42,6	23,2	19,4	39,3	22,3	17,0	3,3	0,9	2,4
61	121,9	78,2	43,7	112,6	72,9	39,7	9,2	5,2	4,0
62	261,2	247,0	14,2	225,4	221,2	4,2	35,8	25,8	10,1
63	11,6	29,7	-18,1	9,8	22,5	-12,7	1,8	7,2	-5,4
64	256,9	223,5	33,4	253,7	219,6	34,1	3,2	3,9	-0,7
65	143,6	58,6	85,0	125,4	55,4	70,0	18,2	3,2	15,0
66	48,5	100,4	-51,9	33,2	52,7	-19,5	15,3	47,7	-32,3
68	110,1	114,3	-4,2	64,0	78,3	-14,3	46,1	36,1	10,1
69	323,0	285,3	37,7	185,8	209,8	-23,9	137,1	75,5	61,6
70	114,9	93,7	21,2	80,9	71,3	9,6	34,1	22,5	11,6
71	212,6	212,8	-0,2	135,3	160,8	-25,5	77,3	51,9	25,3
72	60,8	79,3	-18,5	58,5	69,7	-11,2	2,4	9,7	-7,3
73	86,4	106,1	-19,7	72,2	80,8	-8,6	14,3	25,3	-11,0
74	94,9	109,6	-14,8	45,8	62,9	-17,1	49,1	46,8	2,3
75	22,8	22,0	0,8	14,5	12,1	2,4	8,3	9,9	-1,6
77	46,6	97,1	-50,5	35,4	71,3	-35,9	11,2	25,8	-14,6
78	20,1	31,6	-11,5	18,3	29,6	-11,3	1,7	2,0	-0,3
79	66,0	56,7	9,3	45,3	44,2	1,1	20,7	12,6	8,2
80	143,5	118,0	25,5	140,8	116,1	24,7	2,7	1,9	0,8
81	572,4	512,3	60,1	525,2	469,2	55,9	47,2	43,0	4,2
82	96,2	287,7	-191,4	83,7	256,0	-172,3	12,5	31,7	-19,2
84*	1.260,0	1.474,7	-214,7	1.260,0	1.474,0	-214,0	0,0	0,7	-0,7
85	1.307,5	1.196,0	111,5	1.232,4	1.122,7	109,7	75,0	73,2	1,8
86	1.016,2	971,0	45,3	922,2	891,9	30,3	94,1	79,1	15,0
87	274,4	241,0	33,4	271,1	238,7	32,4	3,3	2,3	1,0
88	203,5	217,8	-14,3	196,9	213,6	-16,7	6,6	4,1	2,4
90	60,1	59,3	0,8	31,6	33,6	-2,0	28,5	25,7	2,8
91	34,9	16,4	18,5	34,6	15,1	19,5	0,3	1,3	-1,0
92	74,3	32,2	42,2	67,8	26,8	41,0	6,6	5,4	1,2
93	209,4	173,3	36,1	180,3	149,8	30,4	29,1	23,4	5,7
94	112,5	120,3	-7,8	109,5	114,7	-5,2	3,0	5,6	-2,6
95	48,6	76,7	-28,1	19,2	27,7	-8,6	29,4	48,9	-19,5
96	267,8	292,8	-25,0	128,9	160,7	-31,8	138,9	132,1	6,8
97	630,3	434,5	195,8	630,3	434,1	196,2	0,0	0,4	-0,4
99	3,5	3,3	0,2	0,0	3,2	-3,2	3,5	0,1	3,3
No data recorded	0,0	1,8	-1,8	0,0	1,8	-1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

(*) In the second quarter of 2016, there were 122,633 and 77,961 persons in the Armed Forces and the Civil Guard, respectively, in a situation equivalent to the EAPS definition of employed persons; the EAPS estimate for the same groups residing in family dwellings amounted to 82,883 and 64,647 respectively. This would mean 53,064 employed persons in branch 84 who would be in collective establishments for Adjusted Affiliation.

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.2 Aggregate activities

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
TOTAL	18.301,0	17.769,4	531,6	15.187,8	14.703,8	483,9	3.113,2	3.065,5	47,6
01-15	1.422,9	1.371,4	51,5	1.061,6	1.030,1	31,5	361,3	341,3	20,0
16-39	1.834,4	1.601,4	233,0	1.658,9	1.443,3	215,6	175,5	158,1	17,3
41-43	1.077,2	1.053,3	24,0	752,6	697,3	55,3	324,6	356,0	-31,4
45-47	2.935,7	3.052,7	-117,0	2.183,6	2.259,5	-76,0	752,1	793,2	-41,0
49-53	932,2	845,0	87,2	754,7	655,2	99,5	177,5	189,7	-12,3
55-56	1.644,7	1.555,7	89,0	1.305,7	1.234,6	71,0	339,1	321,1	18,0
58-68	1.090,6	966,7	123,9	944,3	821,7	122,6	146,4	145,0	1,3
69-82	1.860,2	2.012,2	-152,0	1.441,7	1.653,7	-212,0	418,5	358,6	59,9
84	1.260,0	1.474,7	-214,7	1.260,0	1.474,0	-214,0	0,0	0,7	-0,7
85	1.307,5	1.196,0	111,5	1.232,4	1.122,7	109,7	75,0	73,2	1,8
86-88	1.494,1	1.429,7	64,4	1.390,2	1.344,2	46,0	103,9	85,5	18,4
90-99	1.441,4	1.208,8	232,6	1.202,1	965,7	236,4	239,3	243,0	-3,8
No data recorded	0,0	1,8	-1,8	0,0	1,8	-1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continues)

Sex/Aut. Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	4.580,4	4.608,4	-28,0	3.489,2	3.494,2	-4,9
Andalucía	756,2	749,8	6,4	549,7	546,5	3,2
Aragón	115,5	119,8	-4,3	86,2	88,6	-2,4
Asturias, Principado de	96,4	94,5	1,9	68,1	67,9	0,2
Balears, Illes	201,3	195,4	5,9	163,1	162,3	0,8
Canarias	331,4	277,2	54,2	285,3	231,7	53,6
Cantabria	59,2	54,4	4,8	43,0	39,5	3,4
Castilla y León	215,9	205,5	10,5	145,9	139,3	6,6
Castilla-La Mancha	143,6	150,5	-7,0	95,7	100,5	-4,8
Cataluña	737,1	823,4	-86,3	571,8	646,2	-74,4
Comunitat Valenciana	543,4	513,4	29,9	416,2	382,2	34,0
Extremadura	80,9	81,7	-0,8	58,0	52,2	5,8
Galicia	229,2	246,7	-17,5	155,9	171,8	-15,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	629,3	666,6	-37,3	521,0	557,1	-36,1
Murcia, Región de	156,7	141,1	15,6	113,8	104,9	8,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	47,7	52,4	-4,7	35,1	38,1	-3,0
País Vasco	182,5	196,3	-13,8	140,5	138,5	2,0
Rioja, La	23,9	27,6	-3,6	16,5	19,0	-2,5
Ceuta and Melilla	13,2	12,4	0,7	7,9	7,9	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	17,1	0,0	17,1	15,5	0,0	15,5

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.
- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.
- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.
- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	1.091,2	1.114,3	-23,0
Andalucía	206,5	203,3	3,2
Aragón	29,3	31,2	-1,9
Asturias, Principado de	28,3	26,6	1,7
Balears, Illes	38,2	33,1	5,1
Canarias	46,1	45,4	0,7
Cantabria	16,2	14,9	1,3
Castilla y León	70,0	66,1	3,9
Castilla-La Mancha	47,9	50,0	-2,1
Cataluña	165,2	177,2	-11,9
Comunitat Valenciana	127,1	131,2	-4,1
Extremadura	22,9	29,5	-6,6
Galicia	73,3	74,9	-1,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	108,3	109,5	-1,2
Murcia, Región de	42,9	36,2	6,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	12,6	14,3	-1,6
País Vasco	42,0	57,7	-15,8
Rioja, La	7,4	8,5	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	5,3	4,6	0,7
Work outside Spain ²	1,6	0,0	1,6

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The "Other Status" category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one "non-recorded sex" that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women

- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	2.266,0	2.340,0	-74,0	1.635,7	1.692,2	-56,5
Andalucía	392,2	399,7	-7,5	268,0	276,0	-8,0
Aragón	54,1	55,6	-1,5	38,1	38,4	-0,3
Asturias, Principado de	38,9	42,7	-3,8	26,2	28,9	-2,7
Balears, Illes	98,1	96,3	1,8	78,2	77,4	0,9
Canarias	176,0	142,8	33,2	148,0	115,2	32,9
Cantabria	26,6	25,3	1,3	19,0	17,1	1,9
Castilla y León	101,7	100,8	0,9	63,8	62,9	0,9
Castilla-La Mancha	74,1	81,6	-7,5	48,5	51,4	-2,9
Cataluña	345,3	417,3	-72,0	251,1	316,1	-65,0
Comunitat Valenciana	273,4	255,3	18,2	201,1	178,2	22,9
Extremadura	43,9	45,7	-1,8	29,2	28,0	1,2
Galicia	108,2	115,6	-7,4	68,8	76,2	-7,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	316,6	355,1	-38,5	245,7	287,1	-41,4
Murcia, Región de	77,2	71,8	5,4	50,1	50,0	0,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	21,2	24,0	-2,9	13,8	16,3	-2,5
País Vasco	86,6	90,1	-3,6	63,5	60,8	2,7
Rioja, La	11,4	12,7	-1,3	6,7	7,9	-1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	8,8	7,7	1,1	4,9	4,5	0,4
Work outside Spain ²	11,9	0,0	11,9	11,0	0,0	11,0
Women						
TOTAL	2.314,4	2.268,4	46,0	1.853,5	1.801,9	51,6
Andalucía	364,0	350,1	13,9	281,7	270,5	11,3
Aragón	61,4	64,2	-2,7	48,1	50,2	-2,1
Asturias, Principado de	57,5	51,7	5,8	41,9	39,0	2,9
Balears, Illes	103,2	99,1	4,0	84,8	84,9	-0,1
Canarias	155,4	134,4	21,0	137,3	116,6	20,7
Cantabria	32,6	29,1	3,4	23,9	22,4	1,5
Castilla y León	114,3	104,7	9,6	82,1	76,4	5,6
Castilla-La Mancha	69,5	68,9	0,6	47,2	49,1	-1,9
Cataluña	391,7	406,0	-14,3	320,8	330,1	-9,4
Comunitat Valenciana	269,9	258,1	11,8	215,1	203,9	11,2
Extremadura	37,0	36,0	1,0	28,8	24,2	4,6
Galicia	121,0	131,1	-10,1	87,1	95,6	-8,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	312,7	311,5	1,2	275,3	270,0	5,3
Murcia, Región de	79,6	69,3	10,3	63,7	54,9	8,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	26,5	28,3	-1,8	21,3	21,8	-0,5
País Vasco	95,9	106,1	-10,2	77,0	77,7	-0,7
Rioja, La	12,5	14,9	-2,4	9,8	11,1	-1,3
Ceuta and Melilla	4,4	4,8	-0,4	2,9	3,4	-0,4
Work outside Spain ²	5,2	0,0	5,2	4,4	0,0	4,4

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Conclusion)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Men			
TOTAL	630,3	647,8	-17,5
Andalucía	124,2	123,7	0,6
Aragón	16,0	17,2	-1,3
Asturias, Principado de	12,7	13,8	-1,2
Balears, Illes	19,9	18,9	1,0
Canarias	27,9	27,6	0,3
Cantabria	7,6	8,2	-0,6
Castilla y León	37,8	37,9	-0,1
Castilla-La Mancha	25,6	30,2	-4,6
Cataluña	94,3	101,3	-7,0
Comunitat Valenciana	72,3	77,0	-4,7
Extremadura	14,6	17,7	-3,1
Galicia	39,4	39,4	0,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	70,9	68,0	2,9
Murcia, Región de	27,1	21,8	5,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	7,4	7,8	-0,4
País Vasco	23,1	29,4	-6,3
Rioja, La	4,7	4,8	0,0
Ceuta and Melilla	3,9	3,2	0,7
Work outside Spain ²	0,9	0,0	0,9
Women			
TOTAL	460,9	466,5	-5,6
Andalucía	82,3	79,6	2,6
Aragón	13,3	14,0	-0,6
Asturias, Principado de	15,6	12,7	2,9
Balears, Illes	18,3	14,2	4,1
Canarias	18,2	17,8	0,3
Cantabria	8,6	6,7	1,9
Castilla y León	32,2	28,2	4,0
Castilla-La Mancha	22,3	19,8	2,5
Cataluña	71,0	75,9	-4,9
Comunitat Valenciana	54,8	54,2	0,6
Extremadura	8,2	11,8	-3,6
Galicia	33,9	35,5	-1,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	37,4	41,5	-4,1
Murcia, Región de	15,9	14,4	1,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,2	6,5	-1,3
País Vasco	18,9	28,4	-9,5
Rioja, La	2,7	3,7	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	1,4	1,4	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,8	0,0	0,8

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Permanent		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²
TOTAL	15.187,8	14.703,8	483,9	11.281,3	10.750,6	530,7
Andalucía	2.292,9	2.244,6	48,3	1.483,8	1.383,5	100,2
Aragón	450,7	445,7	5,0	349,5	334,5	15,0
Asturias, Principado de	299,3	290,0	9,3	223,9	208,8	15,1
Balears, Illes	443,2	407,4	35,7	316,0	289,4	26,6
Canarias	686,5	637,0	49,5	477,4	455,1	22,2
Cantabria	179,4	170,6	8,7	140,3	129,8	10,5
Castilla y León	739,8	715,7	24,1	556,6	528,8	27,8
Castilla-La Mancha	539,7	530,6	9,2	394,2	369,9	24,4
Cataluña	2.656,8	2.621,9	34,9	2.104,0	2.030,8	73,2
Comunitat Valenciana	1.545,8	1.420,1	125,7	1.132,4	1.048,0	84,4
Extremadura	294,3	285,9	8,4	199,4	179,9	19,4
Galicia	801,1	774,3	26,8	596,0	571,7	24,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.574,2	2.596,7	-22,5	2.101,1	2.095,7	5,4
Murcia, Región de	483,7	462,4	21,3	314,5	311,3	3,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	218,1	218,7	-0,6	163,6	159,9	3,7
País Vasco	778,9	737,7	41,2	593,8	545,6	48,1
Rioja, La	98,7	98,5	0,2	77,1	75,1	2,1
Ceuta and Melilla	45,2	45,9	-0,7	34,5	32,8	1,7
Work outside Spain ²	59,5	0,0	59,5	23,3	0,0	23,3

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Temporary		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	3.906,4	3.953,2	-46,8
Andalucía	809,1	861,0	-51,9
Aragón	101,3	111,2	-10,0
Asturias, Principado de	75,4	81,2	-5,9
Balears, Illes	127,2	118,1	9,1
Canarias	209,2	181,9	27,2
Cantabria	39,1	40,8	-1,7
Castilla y León	183,2	186,8	-3,7
Castilla-La Mancha	145,5	160,7	-15,2
Cataluña	552,7	591,1	-38,4
Comunitat Valenciana	413,5	372,2	41,3
Extremadura	95,0	106,0	-11,0
Galicia	205,1	202,6	2,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	473,2	501,1	-27,9
Murcia, Región de	169,1	151,1	18,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	54,5	58,8	-4,3
País Vasco	185,2	192,1	-6,9
Rioja, La	21,5	23,4	-1,9
Ceuta and Melilla	10,6	13,1	-2,5
Work outside Spain ²	36,2	0,0	36,2

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.2 Type of working day

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Complete		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²
TOTAL	14.858,8	14.294,9	563,9	12.422,8	10.211,9	2.210,8
Andalucía	2.239,6	2.184,0	55,5	1.822,1	1.545,4	276,8
Aragón	442,9	436,1	6,7	369,9	310,1	59,8
Asturias, Principado de	297,7	287,0	10,7	248,0	204,9	43,1
Balears, Illes	393,3	338,2	55,0	334,4	245,0	89,4
Canarias	672,4	624,1	48,3	572,1	458,7	113,4
Cantabria	177,2	167,2	10,0	151,2	116,1	35,1
Castilla y León	732,7	706,4	26,3	610,9	502,8	108,1
Castilla-La Mancha	531,8	522,7	9,1	456,3	380,7	75,6
Cataluña	2.625,6	2.560,2	65,4	2.222,7	1.844,4	378,4
Comunitat Valenciana	1.481,6	1.355,5	126,1	1.175,7	931,5	244,3
Extremadura	291,0	281,9	9,1	238,6	196,1	42,5
Galicia	792,8	760,9	31,9	667,5	551,6	115,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.546,6	2.568,2	-21,6	2.198,7	1.870,5	328,2
Murcia, Región de	449,0	419,5	29,5	371,1	301,5	69,6
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	214,0	214,4	-0,4	181,4	154,5	26,9
País Vasco	770,2	727,1	43,2	630,9	499,4	131,5
Rioja, La	96,0	96,1	0,0	79,9	68,9	11,0
Ceuta and Melilla	45,0	45,4	-0,4	38,4	30,0	8,5
Work outside Spain ²	59,5	0,0	59,5	52,9	0,0	52,9

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.2 Type of working day

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Partial		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	2.436,0	4.082,9	-1.646,9
Andalucía	417,4	638,7	-221,2
Aragón	73,0	126,1	-53,0
Asturias, Principado de	49,8	82,2	-32,4
Balears, Illes	58,9	93,3	-34,4
Canarias	100,3	165,4	-65,1
Cantabria	26,0	51,1	-25,1
Castilla y León	121,8	203,6	-81,8
Castilla-La Mancha	75,4	142,0	-66,5
Cataluña	402,9	715,9	-313,0
Comunitat Valenciana	305,9	424,0	-118,2
Extremadura	52,4	85,8	-33,4
Galicia	125,3	209,3	-83,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	347,9	697,6	-349,8
Murcia, Región de	77,9	118,0	-40,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	32,6	59,9	-27,3
País Vasco	139,4	227,7	-88,3
Rioja, La	16,1	27,1	-11,0
Ceuta and Melilla	6,5	15,4	-8,9
Work outside Spain²	6,6	0,0	6,6

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.

7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

7.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment				
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS		AFFI Adjusted ¹		
				EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹			
TOTAL	769,5	709,7	59,8	629,9	581,1	48,8		
Andalucía	88,8	99,1	-10,3	75,3	80,5	-5,1		
Aragón	37,5	33,1	4,4	33,1	29,0	4,1		
Asturias, Principado de	6,4	5,6	0,8	5,2	4,6	0,6		
Balears, Illes	50,9	47,6	3,3	30,9	34,5	-3,6		
Canarias	53,6	44,0	9,6	36,3	30,6	5,7		
Cantabria	2,8	3,7	-0,9	2,3	3,0	-0,7		
Castilla y León	34,2	25,5	8,7	31,1	22,5	8,7		
Castilla-La Mancha	33,6	30,3	3,3	31,1	27,2	3,9		
Cataluña	122,7	129,2	-6,5	100,8	106,1	-5,3		
Comunitat Valenciana	116,0	86,9	29,0	95,9	66,9	29,1		
Extremadura	5,6	5,4	0,2	4,3	4,6	-0,3		
Galicia	11,8	13,1	-1,3	8,5	10,7	-2,3		
Madrid, Comunidad de	142,8	138,4	4,4	124,7	121,8	2,9		
Murcia, Región de	10,0	14,4	-4,4	8,9	12,0	-3,1		
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	9,0	9,4	-0,4	8,1	7,6	0,5		
País Vasco	17,7	17,0	0,8	15,9	13,4	2,5		
Rioja, La	6,5	6,8	-0,4	5,7	6,0	-0,3		
Ceuta and Melilla	0,4	0,2	0,1	0,4	0,1	0,3		
Work outside Spain²	19,2	0,0	19,2	11,5	0,0	11,5		

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status

(paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

7.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	139,6	128,6	11,0
Andalucía	13,5	18,6	-5,1
Aragón	4,4	4,1	0,3
Asturias, Principado de	1,2	1,0	0,2
Balears, Illes	20,0	13,1	6,9
Canarias	17,3	13,4	4,0
Cantabria	0,5	0,7	-0,3
Castilla y León	3,1	3,0	0,1
Castilla-La Mancha	2,5	3,1	-0,6
Cataluña	21,9	23,0	-1,1
Comunitat Valenciana	20,0	20,1	0,0
Extremadura	1,3	0,8	0,5
Galicia	3,4	2,4	0,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	18,1	16,6	1,6
Murcia, Región de	1,1	2,4	-1,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	0,9	1,8	-0,9
País Vasco	1,8	3,5	-1,7
Rioja, La	0,7	0,8	-0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	7,7	0,0	7,7

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

7.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²
TOTAL	1.213,0	916,1	296,9	1.043,1	782,7	260,4
Andalucía	150,7	107,4	43,3	121,8	90,4	31,4
Aragón	30,0	27,9	2,1	28,0	23,7	4,2
Asturias, Principado de	11,6	6,4	5,1	8,4	5,2	3,3
Baleares, Illes	61,4	37,4	23,9	53,9	32,5	21,4
Canarias	81,8	34,6	47,2	73,9	29,0	44,9
Cantabria	10,7	6,1	4,6	9,5	5,1	4,4
Castilla y León	21,3	18,7	2,6	20,3	15,8	4,5
Castilla-La Mancha	25,2	22,1	3,1	19,5	18,6	0,9
Cataluña	287,7	249,8	37,9	250,0	213,3	36,7
Comunitat Valenciana	142,6	83,0	59,6	110,6	66,8	43,8
Extremadura	4,7	4,5	0,3	4,3	3,4	0,9
Galicia	21,2	15,2	6,0	17,7	12,3	5,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	226,5	185,2	41,4	200,5	160,5	39,9
Murcia, Región de	80,6	62,3	18,3	75,6	58,3	17,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	11,4	10,4	1,0	10,6	8,8	1,8
País Vasco	30,0	31,1	-1,2	25,9	26,6	-0,8
Rioja, La	7,5	6,2	1,3	7,0	5,3	1,7
Ceuta and Melilla	2,8	6,6	-3,8	2,2	5,6	-3,4
Work outside Spain ²	5,3	1,2	4,1	3,2	1,2	2,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

7.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	169,9	133,4	36,6
Andalucía	28,9	17,0	11,9
Aragón	2,1	4,2	-2,1
Asturias, Principado de	3,1	1,3	1,9
Balears, Illes	7,4	4,9	2,5
Canarias	7,9	5,6	2,3
Cantabria	1,1	1,0	0,2
Castilla y León	1,0	2,8	-1,9
Castilla-La Mancha	5,7	3,5	2,1
Cataluña	37,7	36,4	1,2
Comunitat Valenciana	32,0	16,2	15,9
Extremadura	0,5	1,1	-0,6
Galicia	3,4	2,8	0,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	26,1	24,6	1,4
Murcia, Región de	5,0	4,0	1,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	0,8	1,6	-0,8
País Vasco	4,1	4,5	-0,4
Rioja, La	0,5	0,8	-0,3
Ceuta and Melilla	0,6	1,0	-0,4
Work outside Spain ²	2,1	0,0	2,1

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.1. Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹			Adjusted ¹			Adjusted ¹		
TOTAL	769,5	709,7	59,8	629,9	581,1	48,8	139,6	128,6	11,0
01	54,5	80,5	-26,0	52,9	79,0	-26,1	1,6	1,5	0,1
02	1,4	1,3	0,1	0,9	0,8	0,1	0,5	0,4	0,0
03	0,5	0,6	-0,1	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
05	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,3	0,2	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
06	1,5	0,0	1,5	1,5	0,0	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	2,3	0,4	1,9	2,3	0,4	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
09	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
10	13,1	16,1	-3,0	13,1	11,9	1,2	0,0	4,2	-4,2
11	2,3	1,2	1,1	2,3	1,1	1,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
12	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	1,0	1,4	-0,3	1,0	1,2	-0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
14	0,6	1,4	-0,8	0,0	1,1	-1,1	0,6	0,3	0,3
15	0,7	0,6	0,1	0,7	0,6	0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
16	3,0	2,2	0,8	2,7	2,0	0,8	0,3	0,2	0,0
17	0,5	0,8	-0,3	0,5	0,8	-0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
18	1,3	1,5	-0,2	1,3	1,1	0,2	0,0	0,4	-0,4
19	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	6,7	2,1	4,7	6,6	2,0	4,6	0,1	0,1	0,1
21	0,0	0,7	-0,7	0,0	0,6	-0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
22	5,6	2,4	3,2	5,6	2,3	3,3	0,0	0,1	-0,1
23	3,1	2,4	0,7	3,1	2,3	0,8	0,0	0,1	-0,1
24	0,2	1,1	-0,9	0,2	1,1	-0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
25	4,8	6,0	-1,3	4,8	5,6	-0,8	0,0	0,5	-0,5
26	1,9	0,4	1,5	1,5	0,4	1,1	0,4	0,0	0,4
27	1,4	0,8	0,6	1,4	0,8	0,6	0,0	0,1	-0,1
28	2,3	2,7	-0,4	2,3	2,5	-0,3	0,0	0,1	-0,1
29	3,2	2,5	0,7	3,2	2,5	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
30	1,6	1,2	0,4	0,5	1,0	-0,5	1,1	0,2	0,9
31	3,9	1,4	2,5	3,3	1,3	2,1	0,6	0,1	0,4
32	3,0	1,2	1,8	2,9	0,9	2,0	0,1	0,3	-0,2
33	3,1	3,1	0,0	2,2	2,1	0,1	0,9	1,0	-0,1
35	2,4	0,3	2,1	2,4	0,2	2,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
36	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
37	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
38	1,6	1,1	0,5	1,6	1,1	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
39	0,3	0,0	0,2	0,3	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
41	34,3	25,4	8,9	26,7	17,6	9,1	7,6	7,8	-0,2
42	2,6	2,5	0,1	2,6	1,9	0,7	0,0	0,6	-0,6
43	32,4	31,7	0,6	18,9	19,4	-0,5	13,4	12,3	1,1
45	15,5	8,6	6,9	14,6	5,9	8,8	0,9	2,7	-1,8
46	34,8	38,2	-3,3	29,8	30,5	-0,7	5,0	7,7	-2,7
47	53,9	44,6	9,3	37,6	32,1	5,5	16,3	12,5	3,8
49	29,6	32,6	-3,0	23,7	26,9	-3,2	5,9	5,7	0,2
50	1,5	0,6	0,9	1,5	0,5	1,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.1. Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Conclusion)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
51	5,5	2,1	3,4	5,5	2,0	3,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
52	11,8	6,1	5,8	10,8	5,7	5,1	1,0	0,4	0,7
53	0,2	0,9	-0,8	0,2	0,7	-0,6	0,0	0,2	-0,2
55	26,3	26,8	-0,5	22,0	25,4	-3,4	4,3	1,4	2,9
56	102,4	98,9	3,5	77,7	78,5	-0,8	24,7	20,4	4,3
58	1,6	1,7	-0,1	1,1	1,3	-0,2	0,5	0,4	0,1
59	3,6	1,1	2,5	2,3	0,8	1,5	1,3	0,3	1,0
60	0,7	0,3	0,4	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,7	0,0	0,6
61	3,0	2,1	1,0	3,0	1,7	1,3	0,0	0,4	-0,4
62	11,7	10,9	0,8	9,4	8,9	0,5	2,3	2,0	0,3
63	0,0	2,3	-2,3	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	0,7	-0,7
64	1,2	2,4	-1,2	1,2	2,3	-1,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
65	1,4	0,8	0,6	1,4	0,8	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
66	0,9	2,4	-1,5	0,5	1,4	-0,9	0,4	1,0	-0,6
68	7,6	8,9	-1,3	3,2	4,9	-1,8	4,4	4,0	0,5
69	7,4	6,5	0,9	3,5	5,6	-2,2	4,0	0,9	3,1
70	5,2	4,0	1,2	4,2	2,6	1,6	1,0	1,4	-0,4
71	6,1	5,5	0,6	3,1	4,0	-0,9	2,9	1,4	1,5
72	3,8	3,6	0,2	3,8	3,4	0,4	0,0	0,3	-0,3
73	10,0	7,4	2,7	9,4	5,5	3,9	0,7	1,9	-1,2
74	4,8	8,0	-3,3	0,1	3,8	-3,7	4,6	4,2	0,4
75	1,0	0,6	0,4	0,6	0,4	0,3	0,4	0,2	0,2
77	2,6	6,0	-3,4	1,3	4,2	-2,9	1,3	1,8	-0,5
78	0,9	1,1	-0,2	0,0	0,9	-0,9	0,9	0,2	0,7
79	8,4	6,1	2,3	3,0	4,8	-1,8	5,4	1,3	4,1
80	4,4	2,7	1,7	4,4	2,6	1,8	0,0	0,1	-0,1
81	23,7	17,7	6,1	18,0	14,4	3,6	5,7	3,2	2,5
82	2,9	14,9	-12,0	2,0	12,4	-10,4	0,9	2,5	-1,6
84	4,0	4,8	-0,9	4,0	4,8	-0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	45,6	34,9	10,6	37,3	28,7	8,6	8,3	6,2	2,0
86	17,2	11,5	5,7	15,4	8,7	6,7	1,8	2,8	-1,0
87	9,8	5,0	4,8	9,8	4,9	4,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
88	3,5	2,7	0,8	3,5	2,6	0,9	0,0	0,1	-0,1
90	3,3	4,0	-0,7	1,6	2,3	-0,7	1,7	1,7	0,0
91	0,5	0,4	0,1	0,5	0,4	0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
92	3,6	0,8	2,8	3,6	0,8	2,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
93	7,0	7,9	-0,9	6,2	6,6	-0,4	0,8	1,3	-0,5
94	3,1	2,5	0,5	3,1	2,4	0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
95	0,2	1,6	-1,4	0,0	0,7	-0,7	0,2	0,9	-0,7
96	5,4	10,6	-5,2	3,2	5,8	-2,6	2,2	4,8	-2,6
97	72,3	48,3	24,0	72,3	48,3	24,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
99	2,0	0,4	1,6	0,0	0,4	-0,4	2,0	0,0	1,9
No data recorded	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MFUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Continues)

Activity

Code³

(CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
TOTAL	1.213,0	916,1	296,9	1.043,1	782,7	260,4	169,9	133,4	36,6
01	113,0	122,2	-9,2	111,4	121,1	-9,8	1,7	1,1	0,6
02	0,6	1,1	-0,4	0,6	0,8	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2
03	2,4	2,9	-0,5	2,4	2,9	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
05	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,2	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
06	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
09	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
10	39,7	23,4	16,2	38,6	17,9	20,7	1,1	5,5	-4,4
11	2,1	0,7	1,3	2,1	0,7	1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
12	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	1,9	1,8	0,1	1,9	1,7	0,3	0,0	0,1	-0,1
14	6,6	3,9	2,6	3,7	3,2	0,5	2,9	0,8	2,1
15	2,0	1,7	0,3	2,0	1,6	0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
16	4,1	2,0	2,2	4,1	1,9	2,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
17	0,8	0,8	0,0	0,8	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
18	1,6	1,4	0,2	1,6	1,3	0,4	0,0	0,2	-0,2
19	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,3	0,0	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	2,8	1,6	1,2	2,8	1,6	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
21	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
22	3,1	2,7	0,4	3,1	2,6	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
23	1,2	1,9	-0,7	1,2	1,9	-0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
24	2,3	1,3	1,0	2,3	1,3	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
25	6,0	5,8	0,1	6,0	5,6	0,4	0,0	0,3	-0,3
26	0,6	0,3	0,2	0,6	0,3	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
27	0,8	0,5	0,3	0,8	0,5	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
28	2,8	1,9	0,9	2,8	1,8	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
29	5,6	1,7	3,9	5,6	1,6	4,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
30	1,2	0,6	0,6	1,2	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
31	1,2	1,4	-0,2	1,2	1,3	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
32	0,4	1,0	-0,6	0,4	0,9	-0,5	0,0	0,1	-0,1
33	3,6	1,9	1,7	3,2	1,6	1,6	0,4	0,4	0,1
35	0,6	0,2	0,4	0,6	0,2	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
36	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
37	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
38	3,5	2,5	1,0	3,5	2,4	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
39	0,2	0,1	0,1	0,2	0,1	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
41	45,2	23,1	22,1	40,4	20,0	20,5	4,8	3,2	1,7
42	7,1	2,4	4,7	6,4	2,2	4,2	0,7	0,2	0,5
43	39,6	29,6	10,0	28,5	23,5	5,0	11,1	6,1	5,0
45	11,5	9,2	2,3	9,0	7,3	1,7	2,5	1,9	0,5
46	49,5	43,0	6,4	43,5	36,2	7,3	6,0	6,9	-0,9
47	139,2	109,5	29,7	66,9	60,1	6,8	72,3	49,3	22,9
49	18,4	14,0	4,4	13,8	11,4	2,4	4,6	2,6	2,0
50	0,7	0,3	0,4	0,7	0,3	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Conclusion)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
51	0,6	0,4	0,2	0,6	0,4	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
52	8,3	5,1	3,3	8,3	4,8	3,5	0,0	0,2	-0,2
53	6,4	1,6	4,8	6,4	1,3	5,1	0,0	0,3	-0,3
55	61,9	25,9	36,0	61,2	25,6	35,6	0,7	0,4	0,4
56	182,4	155,8	26,6	151,6	127,8	23,8	30,8	28,0	2,7
58	0,2	0,7	-0,5	0,2	0,6	-0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
59	1,4	0,7	0,7	1,4	0,6	0,8	0,0	0,1	-0,1
60	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
61	7,9	4,0	3,9	5,4	2,7	2,8	2,5	1,4	1,1
62	2,9	5,1	-2,2	2,9	4,5	-1,6	0,0	0,6	-0,6
63	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	1,1	-1,1	0,0	0,5	-0,5
64	1,9	1,1	0,8	1,9	1,1	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
65	3,8	0,3	3,5	3,8	0,3	3,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
66	0,9	1,2	-0,2	0,9	0,8	0,2	0,0	0,4	-0,4
68	3,3	5,0	-1,7	1,2	4,0	-2,8	2,2	1,0	1,2
69	1,3	3,4	-2,1	1,3	3,1	-1,8	0,0	0,3	-0,3
70	1,8	1,8	-0,1	1,8	1,5	0,3	0,0	0,4	-0,4
71	4,5	2,9	1,7	3,4	2,6	0,9	1,1	0,3	0,8
72	1,1	2,0	-0,8	1,1	1,9	-0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
73	5,3	3,3	2,0	4,9	2,8	2,1	0,4	0,5	-0,1
74	6,7	4,6	2,1	4,2	3,0	1,2	2,5	1,6	0,9
75	0,5	0,2	0,3	0,5	0,2	0,3	0,0	0,1	-0,1
77	4,6	3,5	1,1	4,6	3,1	1,5	0,0	0,4	-0,4
78	2,4	1,8	0,7	2,4	1,7	0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
79	2,9	2,4	0,4	1,4	1,8	-0,4	1,5	0,6	0,9
80	7,6	0,8	6,8	7,6	0,8	6,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
81	48,6	30,6	18,0	46,6	28,8	17,8	2,0	1,8	0,2
82	3,1	11,7	-8,5	2,1	10,5	-8,4	1,0	1,2	-0,1
84	3,6	10,3	-6,7	3,6	10,3	-6,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	22,1	14,8	7,3	18,0	12,9	5,1	4,1	1,8	2,2
86	12,5	12,6	-0,1	11,8	10,9	1,0	0,6	1,7	-1,1
87	13,1	8,6	4,5	13,1	8,6	4,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
88	7,8	5,5	2,3	7,8	5,5	2,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
90	1,0	2,2	-1,3	0,6	1,6	-1,0	0,4	0,7	-0,3
91	0,2	0,4	-0,2	0,2	0,4	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
92	1,5	0,8	0,7	1,5	0,8	0,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
93	13,8	7,2	6,6	13,0	6,6	6,4	0,8	0,6	0,2
94	3,3	4,1	-0,8	2,2	3,4	-1,2	1,2	0,8	0,4
95	1,7	1,9	-0,2	0,2	1,0	-0,8	1,5	0,9	0,6
96	22,6	18,7	3,8	13,7	11,8	1,9	8,8	6,9	1,9
97	214,9	131,0	83,9	214,9	131,0	83,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
99	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
No data recorded	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.2 Aggregate activities

8.2.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
				Adjusted ¹					
TOTAL	769,5	709,7	59,8	629,9	581,1	48,8	139,6	128,6	11,0
01-15	78,2	103,9	-25,7	75,5	97,0	-21,5	2,7	6,9	-4,2
16-39	50,2	34,4	15,9	46,7	31,0	15,7	3,5	3,3	0,1
41-43	69,2	59,6	9,7	48,2	38,9	9,3	21,0	20,7	0,4
45-47	104,3	91,3	12,9	82,0	68,4	13,6	22,2	22,9	-0,7
49-53	48,6	42,3	6,3	41,6	35,8	5,8	7,0	6,4	0,5
55-56	128,7	125,6	3,0	99,7	103,9	-4,2	29,0	21,8	7,2
58-68	31,8	32,9	-1,1	22,1	23,9	-1,8	9,7	8,9	0,7
69-82	81,2	84,1	-2,9	53,5	64,8	-11,3	27,7	19,4	8,3
84	4,0	4,8	-0,9	4,0	4,8	-0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	45,6	34,9	10,6	37,3	28,7	8,6	8,3	6,2	2,0
86-88	30,5	19,2	11,3	28,7	16,2	12,5	1,8	3,0	-1,2
90-99	97,3	76,6	20,7	90,5	67,6	22,9	6,8	9,0	-2,2
No data recorded	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

8.2 Aggregate activities

8.2.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Conclusion)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09) Community	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹								
TOTAL	1.213,0	916,1	296,9	1.043,1	782,7	260,4	169,9	133,4	36,6
01-15	168,5	158,2	10,3	162,8	150,3	12,5	5,6	7,9	-2,3
16-39	42,8	30,3	12,5	42,3	29,0	13,4	0,4	1,3	-0,9
41-43	91,9	55,1	36,8	75,3	45,6	29,7	16,6	9,4	7,2
45-47	200,2	161,7	38,4	119,4	103,6	15,8	80,8	58,2	22,6
49-53	34,4	21,4	13,0	29,8	18,3	11,6	4,6	3,1	1,5
55-56	244,3	181,8	62,5	212,8	153,4	59,4	31,5	28,4	3,1
58-68	22,4	20,0	2,4	17,7	15,8	1,9	4,7	4,2	0,4
69-82	90,6	69,0	21,6	82,1	61,7	20,4	8,4	7,3	1,1
84	3,6	10,3	-6,7	3,6	10,3	-6,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	22,1	14,8	7,3	18,0	12,9	5,1	4,1	1,8	2,2
86-88	33,4	26,7	6,7	32,8	24,9	7,8	0,6	1,8	-1,1
90-99	259,0	166,8	92,2	246,4	156,9	89,5	12,6	9,9	2,7
No data recorded	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

Annex II

1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference ⁴
		SS AFFI ¹	MI AFFI ²	Adjusted AFFI ³	
TOTAL	16.318,5	15.265,1	878,5	16.143,6	174,8
Andalucía	2.559,9	2.347,2	181,0	2.528,2	31,7
Aragón	481,6	452,5	31,9	484,4	-2,8
Asturias, Principado de	358,4	332,0	19,6	351,5	6,9
Balears, Illes	437,5	391,8	17,1	409,0	28,6
Canarias	661,6	626,9	41,7	668,6	-7,0
Cantabria	212,0	190,9	10,8	201,7	10,3
Castilla y León	893,0	800,8	62,4	863,2	29,8
Castilla-La Mancha	621,0	579,5	42,3	621,8	-0,8
Cataluña	2.780,2	2.681,3	80,3	2.761,7	18,5
Comunitat Valenciana	1.624,0	1.492,5	83,8	1.576,2	47,8
Extremadura	349,2	327,7	25,5	353,2	-4,0
Galicia	989,9	904,0	59,5	963,5	26,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.545,7	2.475,1	149,0	2.624,1	-78,4
Murcia, Región de	489,7	446,2	31,7	477,8	11,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	239,9	235,6	8,6	244,1	-4,2
País Vasco	868,4	842,2	15,6	857,7	10,7
Rioja, La	109,0	104,8	6,0	110,8	-1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	49,2	34,2	11,8	46,0	3,2
Work outside Spain⁴	48,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	48,4

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² MI AFFI = Mutual Insurance Affiliates

³ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

⁴ Difference = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	15.730,7	15.568,4	162,4	13.209,1	13.028,8	180,2
Andalucía	2.387,1	2.347,5	39,6	1.976,5	1.940,4	36,1
Aragón	452,2	459,7	-7,6	380,7	385,8	-5,1
Asturias, Principado de	344,9	340,1	4,8	283,3	278,4	4,9
Balears, Illes	433,8	404,3	29,4	356,3	338,3	18,1
Canarias	648,7	654,1	-5,3	565,4	567,1	-1,7
Cantabria	205,0	195,2	9,7	166,4	161,0	5,4
Castilla y León	829,6	812,1	17,5	671,3	665,2	6,1
Castilla-La Mancha	582,7	579,6	3,2	472,3	465,2	7,1
Cataluña	2.742,0	2.726,6	15,4	2.295,7	2.290,3	5,5
Comunitat Valenciana	1.586,0	1.537,8	48,2	1.315,0	1.261,2	53,8
Extremadura	315,7	310,4	5,3	263,7	250,1	13,6
Galicia	925,6	907,6	18,0	750,4	734,7	15,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.539,6	2.619,2	-79,7	2.246,0	2.311,5	-65,6
Murcia, Región de	451,2	438,1	13,1	368,2	360,7	7,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	232,7	235,9	-3,2	196,8	199,1	-2,3
País Vasco	858,5	849,0	9,5	734,3	694,2	40,1
Rioja, La	100,9	105,0	-4,1	82,4	85,4	-3,1
Ceuta and Melilla	49,2	45,9	3,3	42,6	40,1	2,5
Work outside Spain ²	45,4	0,0	45,4	41,8	0,0	41,8

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference. ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	2.521,7	2.539,6	-17,9
Andalucía	410,6	407,0	3,6
Aragón	71,4	73,9	-2,5
Asturias, Principado de	61,5	61,7	-0,2
Balears, Illes	77,5	66,1	11,4
Canarias	83,4	87,0	-3,6
Cantabria	38,6	34,2	4,3
Castilla y León	158,3	146,9	11,4
Castilla-La Mancha	110,5	114,3	-3,9
Cataluña	446,3	436,4	9,9
Comunitat Valenciana	271,0	276,6	-5,6
Extremadura	52,0	60,3	-8,3
Galicia	175,2	172,9	2,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	293,6	307,7	-14,1
Murcia, Región de	83,0	77,4	5,6
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	35,9	36,8	-0,8
País Vasco	124,2	154,8	-30,6
Rioja, La	18,5	19,6	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	6,6	5,9	0,7
Work outside Spain ²	3,6	0,0	3,6

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The Other Status category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	8.468,8	8.340,0	128,8	6.821,1	6.699,9	121,2
Andalucía	1.330,8	1.301,4	29,4	1.053,7	1.034,9	18,8
Aragón	247,7	247,4	0,3	201,7	200,3	1,5
Asturias, Principado de	173,6	178,6	-5,0	139,2	141,5	-2,3
Balears, Illes	233,9	213,1	20,8	185,7	170,0	15,7
Canarias	348,5	350,1	-1,6	293,9	293,5	0,4
Cantabria	108,4	103,0	5,4	84,5	81,5	3,0
Castilla y León	447,2	440,0	7,2	344,9	343,8	1,1
Castilla-La Mancha	332,0	330,0	2,0	257,9	251,8	6,2
Cataluña	1.446,6	1.419,0	27,6	1.153,8	1.137,7	16,1
Comunitat Valenciana	862,3	835,0	27,4	690,4	657,3	33,2
Extremadura	175,8	169,5	6,3	140,0	129,1	10,8
Galicia	483,9	469,3	14,6	373,7	364,0	9,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.330,2	1.377,2	-47,0	1.129,7	1.174,9	-45,2
Murcia, Región de	250,7	243,2	7,6	195,3	192,8	2,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	125,6	127,1	-1,5	101,8	103,7	-1,8
País Vasco	460,6	453,1	7,5	383,2	356,4	26,9
Rioja, La	52,2	55,2	-3,0	40,4	42,8	-2,5
Ceuta and Melilla	31,4	27,9	3,5	26,3	24,0	2,2
Work outside Spain ²	27,4	0,0	27,4	25,1	0,0	25,1
Women						
TOTAL	7.262,0	7.228,4	33,6	6.387,9	6.328,9	59,0
Andalucía	1.056,3	1.046,1	10,2	922,8	905,5	17,3
Aragón	204,5	212,4	-7,9	179,0	185,6	-6,6
Asturias, Principado de	171,3	161,5	9,8	144,1	136,9	7,2
Balears, Illes	199,9	191,2	8,6	170,6	168,2	2,4
Canarias	300,3	304,0	-3,7	271,5	273,6	-2,1
Cantabria	96,5	92,2	4,3	81,9	79,5	2,4
Castilla y León	382,4	372,1	10,3	326,4	321,4	5,0
Castilla-La Mancha	250,7	249,6	1,2	214,3	213,4	0,9
Cataluña	1.295,4	1.307,7	-12,2	1.141,9	1.152,5	-10,6
Comunitat Valenciana	723,7	702,9	20,8	624,6	604,0	20,6
Extremadura	139,9	140,9	-1,0	123,7	120,9	2,8
Galicia	441,7	438,3	3,4	376,7	370,7	5,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.209,3	1.242,0	-32,7	1.116,3	1.136,7	-20,4
Murcia, Región de	200,5	195,0	5,5	172,9	167,9	5,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	107,1	108,7	-1,6	94,9	95,4	-0,5
País Vasco	397,9	396,0	2,0	351,1	337,9	13,2
Rioja, La	48,7	49,8	-1,1	42,0	42,6	-0,6
Ceuta and Melilla	17,8	18,0	-0,3	16,3	16,0	0,3
Work outside Spain ²	18,0	0,0	18,0	16,7	0,0	16,7

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference. ²
Men			
TOTAL	1.647,6	1.640,1	7,5
Andalucía	277,1	266,5	10,7
Aragón	46,0	47,1	-1,2
Asturias, Principado de	34,4	37,1	-2,7
Balears, Illes	48,2	43,1	5,1
Canarias	54,6	56,6	-2,0
Cantabria	24,0	21,5	2,4
Castilla y León	102,3	96,2	6,1
Castilla-La Mancha	74,1	78,2	-4,1
Cataluña	292,8	281,3	11,5
Comunitat Valenciana	171,9	177,7	-5,8
Extremadura	35,8	40,4	-4,5
Galicia	110,1	105,3	4,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	200,5	202,3	-1,8
Murcia, Región de	55,4	50,3	5,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	23,7	23,5	0,3
País Vasco	77,4	96,7	-19,4
Rioja, La	11,9	12,4	-0,5
Ceuta and Melilla	5,1	3,8	1,3
Work outside Spain ²	2,3	0,0	2,3
Women			
TOTAL	874,0	899,4	-25,4
Andalucía	133,5	140,6	-7,1
Aragón	25,5	26,8	-1,3
Asturias, Principado de	27,1	24,6	2,6
Balears, Illes	29,3	23,0	6,3
Canarias	28,8	30,4	-1,6
Cantabria	14,6	12,7	1,9
Castilla y León	55,9	50,6	5,3
Castilla-La Mancha	36,4	36,1	0,3
Cataluña	153,6	155,1	-1,6
Comunitat Valenciana	99,1	98,9	0,2
Extremadura	16,2	20,0	-3,8
Galicia	65,0	67,6	-2,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	93,1	105,4	-12,3
Murcia, Región de	27,6	27,1	0,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	12,2	13,3	-1,1
País Vasco	46,9	58,1	-11,2
Rioja, La	6,7	7,2	-0,5
Ceuta and Melilla	1,4	2,0	-0,6
Work outside Spain ²	1,3	0,0	1,3

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	587,7	575,3	12,5	305,7	311,2	-5,5
Andalucía	172,8	180,7	-7,9	119,3	133,1	-13,8
Aragón	29,4	24,7	4,8	8,9	7,1	1,8
Asturias, Principado de	13,6	11,5	2,1	2,4	1,8	0,5
Balears, Illes	3,7	4,6	-0,9	2,0	2,1	-0,1
Canarias	12,8	14,5	-1,7	11,0	10,2	0,7
Cantabria	7,0	6,4	0,6	1,1	1,5	-0,4
Castilla y León	63,4	51,1	12,3	17,0	12,1	5,0
Castilla-La Mancha	38,2	42,2	-4,0	16,8	19,5	-2,7
Cataluña	38,2	35,0	3,1	10,3	12,1	-1,8
Comunitat Valenciana	38,0	38,4	-0,4	24,3	25,1	-0,8
Extremadura	33,5	42,8	-9,3	22,0	27,8	-5,7
Galicia	64,3	55,9	8,4	24,4	16,4	8,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	6,1	4,8	1,3	3,1	2,6	0,5
Murcia, Región de	38,5	39,7	-1,2	30,9	31,3	-0,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral d	7,2	8,3	-1,1	2,7	3,3	-0,6
País Vasco	9,8	8,7	1,2	2,8	3,4	-0,6
Rioja, La	8,1	5,7	2,3	3,5	1,7	1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	3,0	0,0	3,0	3,0	0,0	3,0

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The Other Status category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one non-recorded sex that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	282,0	264,0	18,0
Andalucía	53,5	47,6	5,9
Aragón	20,5	17,5	2,9
Asturias, Principado de	11,2	9,6	1,6
Balears, Illes	1,7	2,5	-0,8
Canarias	1,9	4,3	-2,4
Cantabria	5,9	4,9	1,0
Castilla y León	46,4	39,1	7,3
Castilla-La Mancha	21,4	22,7	-1,4
Cataluña	27,9	23,0	4,9
Comunitat Valenciana	13,7	13,3	0,4
Extremadura	11,5	15,0	-3,6
Galicia	39,9	39,5	0,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,0	2,2	0,8
Murcia, Región de	7,6	8,4	-0,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	4,5	4,9	-0,4
País Vasco	7,0	5,3	1,7
Rioja, La	4,5	4,1	0,5
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	448,8	410,4	38,5	241,3	225,1	16,1
Andalucía	128,7	121,2	7,4	89,6	87,4	2,2
Aragón	24,2	19,3	4,9	7,5	5,9	1,6
Asturias, Principado de	7,7	6,6	1,1	1,7	1,6	0,2
Balears, Illes	3,5	3,5	0,0	1,8	1,7	0,0
Canarias	10,3	10,8	-0,4	8,5	7,6	0,9
Cantabria	4,5	4,2	0,3	0,8	1,4	-0,5
Castilla y León	53,5	41,3	12,1	13,7	10,3	3,5
Castilla-La Mancha	32,9	34,8	-1,9	14,8	16,5	-1,7
Cataluña	28,9	27,1	1,8	7,5	9,6	-2,1
Comunitat Valenciana	31,8	30,0	1,8	20,4	20,1	0,4
Extremadura	28,5	32,4	-4,0	18,9	20,7	-1,9
Galicia	38,9	32,8	6,1	19,0	13,8	5,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,5	3,7	-0,2	1,9	2,0	-0,1
Murcia, Región de	30,1	25,3	4,9	25,0	19,7	5,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,6	6,3	-0,7	2,1	2,5	-0,4
País Vasco	7,1	6,4	0,7	2,6	3,0	-0,4
Rioja, La	6,9	4,5	2,3	3,1	1,3	1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	2,5	0,0	2,5	2,5	0,0	2,5
Women						
TOTAL	141,8	164,9	-23,1	66,2	86,1	-19,9
Andalucía	45,4	59,5	-14,1	35,7	45,7	-10,0
Aragón	3,8	5,4	-1,6	1,0	1,3	-0,3
Asturias, Principado de	7,0	4,9	2,1	0,6	0,2	0,4
Balears, Illes	1,2	1,1	0,1	0,5	0,4	0,1
Canarias	4,5	3,7	0,8	3,6	2,7	0,9
Cantabria	2,2	2,2	0,0	0,5	0,2	0,4
Castilla y León	11,0	9,8	1,2	1,2	1,8	-0,6
Castilla-La Mancha	4,5	7,4	-2,9	0,6	3,0	-2,5
Cataluña	5,4	8,0	-2,5	1,6	2,5	-0,9
Comunitat Valenciana	6,4	8,4	-2,0	4,3	5,0	-0,7
Extremadura	8,1	10,4	-2,3	4,7	7,1	-2,4
Galicia	25,7	23,1	2,6	4,0	2,6	1,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	0,5	1,2	-0,6	0,0	0,6	-0,6
Murcia, Región de	7,9	14,4	-6,5	5,8	11,6	-5,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	3,1	1,9	1,1	0,8	0,8	0,0
País Vasco	3,2	2,3	0,9	0,3	0,4	-0,1
Rioja, La	1,1	1,2	-0,1	0,2	0,3	-0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,7	0,0	0,7	0,7	0,0	0,7

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

2.2 Agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Men			
TOTAL	207,6	185,2	22,4
Andalucía	39,0	33,8	5,2
Aragón	16,7	13,4	3,3
Asturias, Principado de	6,0	5,0	1,0
Balears, Illes	1,7	1,8	0,0
Canarias	1,9	3,2	-1,3
Cantabria	3,7	2,9	0,8
Castilla y León	39,7	31,1	8,6
Castilla-La Mancha	18,1	18,4	-0,3
Cataluña	21,5	17,5	4,0
Comunitat Valenciana	11,4	10,0	1,4
Extremadura	9,6	11,7	-2,1
Galicia	19,9	19,0	0,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,5	1,7	-0,1
Murcia, Región de	5,2	5,5	-0,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	3,5	3,8	-0,3
País Vasco	4,5	3,4	1,1
Rioja, La	3,7	3,2	0,5
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,0	0,0	0,0
Women			
TOTAL	74,4	78,8	-4,4
Andalucía	14,5	13,8	0,6
Aragón	3,8	4,1	-0,4
Asturias, Principado de	5,2	4,6	0,6
Balears, Illes	0,0	0,7	-0,7
Canarias	0,0	1,1	-1,1
Cantabria	2,2	2,0	0,2
Castilla y León	6,7	8,0	-1,3
Castilla-La Mancha	3,3	4,4	-1,1
Cataluña	6,5	5,5	1,0
Comunitat Valenciana	2,3	3,4	-1,1
Extremadura	1,9	3,3	-1,4
Galicia	20,0	20,5	-0,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,5	0,6	0,9
Murcia, Región de	2,4	2,9	-0,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,0	1,1	-0,1
País Vasco	2,5	1,9	0,6
Rioja, La	0,8	0,9	-0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.1 Non-agricultural sector

3.1.1. Paid employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	13.209,1	13.028,8	180,2	6.821,1	6.699,9	121,2
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
16-19 years old	58,4	69,7	-11,4	33,2	39,5	-6,3
20-24 years old	545,4	599,6	-54,3	284,6	308,6	-24,0
25-29 years old	1.194,1	1.212,2	-18,1	605,2	608,2	-3,0
30-34 years old	1.591,4	1.579,8	11,6	815,8	800,8	15,0
35-39 years old	2.097,6	2.022,5	75,0	1.088,2	1.032,1	56,1
40-44 years old	2.107,3	2.057,4	50,0	1.085,5	1.057,6	28,0
45-49 years old	1.906,1	1.832,0	74,0	1.009,5	943,8	65,7
50-54 years old	1.699,2	1.641,7	57,5	865,5	843,5	21,9
55-59 years old	1.313,1	1.272,0	41,1	681,3	666,7	14,6
60-64 years old	638,6	676,9	-38,3	325,5	367,1	-41,6
65 years old and over	57,8	64,6	-6,8	26,8	32,0	-5,1
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI ¹
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	6.387,9	6.328,9	59,0	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0
16-19 years old	25,2	30,3	-5,1	0,0
20-24 years old	260,8	291,0	-30,2	0,0
25-29 years old	588,9	604,0	-15,1	0,0
30-34 years old	775,6	779,0	-3,4	0,0
35-39 years old	1.009,4	990,4	19,0	0,0
40-44 years old	1.021,8	999,8	22,0	0,0
45-49 years old	896,6	888,2	8,3	0,0
50-54 years old	833,8	798,2	35,6	0,0
55-59 years old	631,9	605,3	26,5	0,0
60-64 years old	313,1	309,9	3,3	0,0
65 years old and over	31,0	32,6	-1,6	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.1 Non-agricultural sector

3.1.2 Self-employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men			Difference ²
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹		
TOTAL	2.521,7	2.539,6	-17,9	1.647,6	1.640,1		7,5
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0		0,0
16-19 years old	5,4	5,0	0,4	4,1	3,4		0,6
20-24 years old	31,2	43,6	-12,4	18,3	28,6		-10,3
25-29 years old	114,5	119,8	-5,3	66,0	72,7		-6,8
30-34 years old	205,2	213,1	-7,9	128,9	131,4		-2,5
35-39 years old	321,4	331,3	-9,9	208,3	212,5		-4,2
40-44 years old	409,7	408,8	0,9	270,4	266,7		3,7
45-49 years old	434,9	407,9	27,0	274,6	265,8		8,7
50-54 years old	367,3	387,8	-20,5	256,5	254,2		2,4
55-59 years old	331,3	323,8	7,5	224,9	213,5		11,4
60-64 years old	222,9	222,8	0,1	146,2	145,1		1,1
65 years old and over	77,8	75,5	2,3	49,6	46,1		3,5
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0		0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI ¹
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	874,0	899,4	-25,4	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	1,4	1,6	-0,2	0,0
20-24 years old	12,9	15,0	-2,1	0,0
25-29 years old	48,5	47,0	1,4	0,0
30-34 years old	76,4	81,7	-5,4	0,0
35-39 years old	113,1	118,8	-5,7	0,0
40-44 years old	139,3	142,1	-2,8	0,0
45-49 years old	160,4	142,1	18,3	0,0
50-54 years old	110,8	133,7	-22,8	0,0
55-59 years old	106,4	110,3	-3,9	0,0
60-64 years old	76,7	77,7	-1,0	0,0
65 years old and over	28,2	29,4	-1,2	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

3.2. Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	587,7	575,3	12,5	448,8	410,4	38,5
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	5,4	5,3	0,0	5,0	0,0	5,0
20-24 years old	30,4	27,7	2,7	26,2	4,2	22,0
25-29 years old	42,1	41,6	0,5	32,9	21,6	11,3
30-34 years old	50,2	50,2	0,0	42,4	31,7	10,7
35-39 years old	63,6	65,0	-1,4	46,1	37,2	8,9
40-44 years old	73,2	74,5	-1,3	56,4	47,0	9,4
45-49 years old	83,3	85,1	-1,8	61,8	52,9	8,8
50-54 years old	97,0	87,7	9,4	74,7	60,3	14,4
55-59 years old	77,6	72,4	5,2	55,5	62,8	-7,3
60-64 years old	52,4	54,8	-2,4	38,7	50,6	-11,9
65 years old and over	12,6	11,1	1,6	9,2	35,3	-26,1
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	6,6	-6,6

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex SS AFFI ¹
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²	
TOTAL	138,9	164,9	-26,0	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	0,3	1,1	-0,8	0,0
20-24 years old	4,3	6,1	-1,9	0,0
25-29 years old	9,2	9,9	-0,7	0,0
30-34 years old	7,8	13,0	-5,2	0,0
35-39 years old	17,5	18,0	-0,5	0,0
40-44 years old	16,8	21,6	-4,8	0,0
45-49 years old	21,5	24,8	-3,3	0,0
50-54 years old	22,3	24,8	-2,6	0,0
55-59 years old	22,1	21,8	0,3	0,0
60-64 years old	13,7	19,4	-5,7	0,0
65 years old and over	3,4	4,4	-1,0	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Continues)

Activity

Code³

(CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹			Adjusted ¹			Adjusted ¹		
TOTAL	16.318,5	16.143,6	174,8	13.514,8	13.340,0	174,8	2.803,7	2.803,6	0,1
01	529,9	528,2	1,7	261,4	282,2	-20,8	268,6	246,0	22,6
02	21,6	18,0	3,5	18,0	13,7	4,3	3,6	4,4	-0,8
03	36,2	34,2	2,1	26,4	20,5	5,9	9,9	13,7	-3,8
05	4,0	3,1	1,0	4,0	2,9	1,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
06	2,1	0,2	1,9	2,1	0,2	1,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	2,3	2,7	-0,4	2,3	2,7	-0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	17,1	14,5	2,7	15,5	13,2	2,3	1,7	1,3	0,4
09	1,1	1,4	-0,3	0,7	1,3	-0,6	0,4	0,1	0,3
10	371,2	330,5	40,7	330,2	293,2	37,0	41,0	37,3	3,7
11	47,4	44,2	3,1	44,3	41,3	3,0	3,1	3,0	0,1
12	3,7	2,2	1,6	3,7	2,1	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	39,0	43,4	-4,3	35,6	38,1	-2,5	3,5	5,2	-1,8
14	49,7	44,0	5,7	36,9	33,4	3,5	12,8	10,6	2,3
15	50,8	42,9	7,9	42,2	37,9	4,2	8,6	4,9	3,7
16	49,7	54,5	-4,9	36,0	40,0	-3,9	13,6	14,6	-0,9
17	49,7	41,5	8,2	47,2	40,1	7,2	2,4	1,4	1,1
18	70,8	68,5	2,3	56,8	53,7	3,1	14,1	14,8	-0,7
19	13,1	8,6	4,4	13,1	8,6	4,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	101,7	87,2	14,4	97,8	84,2	13,6	3,8	3,0	0,8
21	70,5	46,4	24,1	68,3	46,3	22,0	2,2	0,1	2,1
22	80,4	92,9	-12,5	77,8	88,0	-10,2	2,6	4,9	-2,3
23	93,4	90,0	3,4	81,5	80,8	0,7	11,8	9,1	2,7
24	78,3	77,5	0,8	76,3	70,2	6,1	2,1	7,3	-5,3
25	216,7	232,3	-15,5	178,2	197,2	-19,1	38,6	35,0	3,5
26	32,0	29,9	2,0	30,7	27,8	2,9	1,2	2,1	-0,9
27	67,7	45,4	22,3	60,9	42,5	18,4	6,8	2,9	3,9
28	133,4	115,8	17,6	125,7	103,4	22,4	7,7	12,5	-4,8
29	219,7	160,6	59,1	217,2	158,6	58,6	2,4	2,0	0,5
30	54,9	52,8	2,1	54,0	51,6	2,5	0,9	1,3	-0,4
31	70,0	57,7	12,4	51,3	43,6	7,7	18,7	14,1	4,6
32	45,6	33,1	12,5	34,2	26,1	8,1	11,4	7,0	4,4
33	100,8	76,0	24,8	78,0	58,1	19,9	22,8	17,9	4,9
35	79,9	36,8	43,0	77,5	35,6	41,9	2,4	1,3	1,1
36	42,8	40,5	2,3	42,7	40,1	2,6	0,1	0,4	-0,3
37	7,2	5,2	2,0	4,4	5,0	-0,5	2,7	0,3	2,5
38	59,8	81,7	-22,0	56,7	80,3	-23,7	3,1	1,4	1,7
39	3,4	1,8	1,6	3,4	1,6	1,8	0,0	0,2	-0,2
41	314,9	317,2	-2,3	226,5	224,5	2,0	88,5	92,7	-4,2
42	91,1	45,7	45,5	87,7	38,1	49,6	3,4	7,6	-4,1
43	510,0	575,8	-65,7	314,9	350,2	-35,2	195,1	225,6	-30,5
45	293,7	295,2	-1,5	223,3	213,5	9,9	70,4	81,7	-11,4
46	655,8	834,4	-178,5	520,3	675,9	-155,7	135,6	158,4	-22,8
47	1.681,8	1.670,1	11,7	1.238,5	1.198,1	40,4	443,2	472,0	-28,7
49	526,2	497,9	28,3	375,5	328,8	46,7	150,7	169,1	-18,4
50	21,6	11,4	10,2	21,2	10,8	10,4	0,3	0,6	-0,2

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Conclusion)

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
51	29,5	30,8	-1,3	29,5	30,6	-1,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2
52	170,8	178,9	-8,0	162,8	173,3	-10,5	8,0	5,6	2,5
53	101,1	62,3	38,7	94,2	57,5	36,7	6,9	4,8	2,1
55	325,7	274,8	50,9	302,8	259,2	43,6	22,9	15,6	7,3
56	946,1	973,5	-27,5	690,4	718,2	-27,8	255,7	255,3	0,3
58	54,4	50,4	4,0	46,9	42,8	4,1	7,6	7,6	-0,1
59	33,0	37,2	-4,3	29,0	30,7	-1,7	3,9	6,5	-2,6
60	41,9	22,8	19,2	39,3	21,9	17,3	2,7	0,8	1,8
61	110,9	72,1	38,9	104,2	68,6	35,6	6,8	3,5	3,3
62	246,6	231,0	15,6	213,1	207,9	5,3	33,5	23,2	10,3
63	11,6	25,8	-14,2	9,8	19,8	-10,0	1,8	6,0	-4,2
64	253,8	219,9	33,8	250,6	216,2	34,3	3,2	3,7	-0,5
65	138,4	57,4	80,9	120,2	54,3	65,9	18,2	3,1	15,0
66	46,7	96,8	-50,1	31,7	50,5	-18,8	15,0	46,3	-31,3
68	99,2	100,4	-1,3	59,7	69,3	-9,7	39,5	31,1	8,4
69	314,2	275,4	38,8	181,0	201,0	-20,0	133,2	74,4	58,8
70	108,0	87,9	20,1	74,9	67,2	7,7	33,1	20,7	12,3
71	202,0	204,4	-2,5	128,8	154,2	-25,5	73,2	50,2	23,0
72	55,9	73,8	-17,9	53,5	64,4	-10,9	2,4	9,3	-7,0
73	71,0	95,4	-24,4	57,9	72,5	-14,7	13,2	22,9	-9,7
74	83,5	97,0	-13,6	41,4	56,1	-14,6	42,0	40,9	1,1
75	21,3	21,2	0,1	13,4	11,5	1,8	7,9	9,6	-1,8
77	39,4	87,6	-48,2	29,5	64,0	-34,5	9,9	23,6	-13,7
78	16,7	28,7	-11,9	15,9	27,0	-11,1	0,8	1,7	-0,9
79	54,7	48,2	6,6	40,9	37,5	3,4	13,9	10,7	3,2
80	131,5	114,5	17,0	128,8	112,6	16,1	2,7	1,8	0,9
81	500,1	464,1	36,0	460,6	426,0	34,5	39,6	38,1	1,5
82	90,2	261,1	-170,9	79,6	233,1	-153,5	10,6	28,0	-17,4
84	1.252,4	1.459,5	-207,1	1.252,4	1.458,9	-206,5	0,0	0,6	-0,6
85	1.239,8	1.146,3	93,5	1.177,1	1.081,1	96,0	62,7	65,2	-2,4
86	986,5	946,8	39,7	894,9	872,3	22,6	91,6	74,6	17,1
87	251,6	227,5	24,1	248,3	225,2	23,1	3,3	2,2	1,0
88	192,1	209,5	-17,4	185,6	205,5	-20,0	6,6	4,0	2,6
90	55,9	53,1	2,8	29,5	29,7	-0,3	26,4	23,4	3,0
91	34,2	15,6	18,5	33,9	14,4	19,5	0,3	1,2	-1,0
92	69,2	30,6	38,7	62,7	25,2	37,4	6,6	5,3	1,3
93	188,6	158,2	30,4	161,0	136,7	24,4	27,6	21,5	6,0
94	106,1	113,6	-7,6	104,2	108,9	-4,7	1,8	4,7	-2,9
95	46,7	73,2	-26,5	18,9	26,0	-7,1	27,7	47,1	-19,4
96	239,8	263,5	-23,6	111,9	143,1	-31,2	127,9	120,4	7,6
97	343,1	255,1	87,9	343,1	254,8	88,3	0,0	0,3	-0,3
99	1,5	2,5	-1,0	0,0	2,4	-2,4	1,5	0,1	1,4
No data recorded	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

(*) In the second quarter of 2016, there were 122,633 and 77,961 persons in the Armed Forces and the Civil Guard, respectively, in a situation equivalent to the EAPS definition of employed persons; the EAPS estimate for the same groups residing in family dwellings amounted to 82,883 and 64,647 respectively. This would mean 53,064 employed persons in branch 84 who would be in collective establishments for Adjusted Affiliation.

4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

4.2 Aggregate activities

Activity Code ³ (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. ²
	Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹		Adjusted ¹	Adjusted ¹	
TOTAL	16.318,5	16.143,6	174,8	13.514,8	13.340,0	174,8	2.803,7	2.803,6	0,1
01-15	1.176,2	1.109,3	66,9	823,2	782,8	40,5	353,0	326,5	26,4
16-39	1.741,4	1.536,8	204,6	1.569,8	1.383,3	186,5	171,6	153,5	18,1
41-43	916,1	938,6	-22,5	629,1	612,7	16,4	287,0	325,9	-38,9
45-47	2.631,3	2.799,6	-168,3	1.982,1	2.087,5	-105,4	649,2	712,1	-62,9
49-53	849,2	781,3	67,9	683,3	601,1	82,2	165,9	180,2	-14,3
55-56	1.271,8	1.248,3	23,4	993,2	977,4	15,8	278,6	270,9	7,7
58-68	1.036,5	913,8	122,6	904,4	782,0	122,5	132,0	131,9	0,2
69-82	1.688,5	1.859,1	-170,6	1.306,1	1.527,2	-221,1	382,4	331,9	50,5
84	1.252,4	1.459,5	-207,1	1.252,4	1.458,9	-206,5	0,0	0,6	-0,6
85	1.239,8	1.146,3	93,5	1.177,1	1.081,1	96,0	62,7	65,2	-2,4
86-88	1.430,2	1.383,8	46,4	1.328,8	1.303,1	25,7	101,5	80,8	20,7
90-99	1.085,1	965,4	119,7	865,2	741,2	124,0	219,8	224,2	-4,3
No data recorded	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

³ ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continues)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Both sexes						
TOTAL	3.903,1	4.048,0	-144,9	2.975,3	3.064,9	-89,6
Andalucía	687,7	689,0	-1,3	505,3	505,3	0,0
Aragón	99,5	104,2	-4,8	72,5	76,8	-4,3
Asturias, Principado de	86,6	90,0	-3,4	61,8	64,6	-2,8
Balears, Illes	157,7	153,6	4,1	129,1	128,2	0,9
Canarias	238,0	231,9	6,1	208,3	196,4	11,9
Cantabria	54,6	50,9	3,7	39,5	36,9	2,6
Castilla y León	199,7	193,0	6,7	132,1	129,7	2,4
Castilla-La Mancha	126,4	137,4	-11,1	84,8	91,0	-6,2
Cataluña	603,3	685,8	-82,5	470,4	536,6	-66,2
Comunitat Valenciana	436,9	442,0	-5,1	339,0	330,5	8,5
Extremadura	75,4	78,7	-3,3	54,3	50,4	3,9
Galicia	219,6	237,0	-17,4	149,4	165,0	-15,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	523,2	564,7	-41,5	435,6	475,1	-39,5
Murcia, Región de	135,3	125,5	9,8	96,6	93,1	3,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	44,9	47,7	-2,9	32,6	34,6	-2,0
País Vasco	170,7	182,0	-11,4	132,4	127,9	4,6
Rioja, La	20,3	24,5	-4,2	13,5	16,7	-3,2
Ceuta and Melilla	11,1	9,9	1,3	6,3	6,2	0,0
Work outside Spain ²	12,1	0,0	12,1	11,7	0,0	11,7

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women. not relevant in this sector.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Both sexes			
TOTAL	927,8	983,0	-55,3
Andalucía	182,4	183,7	-1,3
Aragón	27,0	27,5	-0,5
Asturias, Principado de	24,7	25,4	-0,7
Balears, Illes	28,6	25,4	3,2
Canarias	29,8	35,6	-5,8
Cantabria	15,1	14,1	1,1
Castilla y León	67,6	63,3	4,3
Castilla-La Mancha	41,6	46,5	-4,9
Cataluña	132,8	149,2	-16,4
Comunitat Valenciana	98,0	111,6	-13,6
Extremadura	21,1	28,3	-7,1
Galicia	70,2	72,0	-1,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	87,6	89,6	-2,0
Murcia, Región de	38,7	32,4	6,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	12,3	13,1	-0,8
País Vasco	38,2	54,1	-15,9
Rioja, La	6,9	7,8	-1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	4,9	3,7	1,2
Work outside Spain ²	0,4	0,0	0,4

¹ SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The "Other Status" category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one "non-recorded sex" that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women

- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Diff. ²
Men						
TOTAL	1.922,3	2.039,6	-117,3	1.379,1	1.468,9	-89,9
Andalucía	370,2	367,1	3,1	255,6	255,4	0,2
Aragón	46,9	49,0	-2,1	31,9	33,7	-1,8
Asturias, Principado de	34,7	40,7	-6,0	22,8	27,4	-4,6
Balears, Illes	76,6	74,7	1,9	61,2	60,3	0,8
Canarias	117,7	118,6	-0,9	100,3	96,8	3,5
Cantabria	24,5	23,6	0,8	17,8	15,9	1,9
Castilla y León	94,8	95,3	-0,5	58,0	58,9	-0,8
Castilla-La Mancha	67,2	75,6	-8,4	43,9	47,2	-3,3
Cataluña	276,3	338,1	-61,7	200,0	253,6	-53,6
Comunitat Valenciana	218,7	218,4	0,2	160,2	153,2	7,1
Extremadura	41,2	44,1	-2,9	28,3	27,1	1,3
Galicia	102,9	110,8	-8,0	65,2	73,1	-7,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	256,7	298,5	-41,8	200,5	242,0	-41,5
Murcia, Región de	67,8	64,0	3,8	44,4	44,5	-0,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	19,5	21,9	-2,4	12,4	14,7	-2,3
País Vasco	80,9	82,1	-1,3	59,4	54,9	4,5
Rioja, La	10,4	11,5	-1,1	5,9	7,0	-1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	7,3	5,6	1,7	3,6	3,1	0,4
Work outside Spain ²	8,1	0,0	8,1	7,7	0,0	7,7
Women						
TOTAL	1.980,8	2.008,4	-27,6	1.596,2	1.596,0	0,2
Andalucía	317,5	321,9	-4,4	249,8	250,0	-0,2
Aragón	52,5	55,2	-2,7	40,6	43,1	-2,5
Asturias, Principado de	51,9	49,3	2,6	39,0	37,2	1,8
Balears, Illes	81,2	78,9	2,3	67,9	67,8	0,1
Canarias	120,3	113,4	7,0	107,9	99,5	8,4
Cantabria	30,2	27,3	2,9	21,7	21,0	0,8
Castilla y León	104,9	97,7	7,2	74,1	70,8	3,3
Castilla-La Mancha	59,2	61,9	-2,7	40,9	43,8	-2,9
Cataluña	326,9	347,7	-20,8	270,4	283,0	-12,5
Comunitat Valenciana	218,3	223,6	-5,3	178,7	177,3	1,4
Extremadura	34,2	34,6	-0,4	26,0	23,4	2,6
Galicia	116,8	126,1	-9,4	84,3	91,9	-7,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	266,5	266,2	0,3	235,1	233,1	2,0
Murcia, Región de	67,5	61,5	6,0	52,3	48,6	3,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	25,4	25,9	-0,5	20,2	19,9	0,3
País Vasco	89,8	99,9	-10,1	73,0	73,0	0,0
Rioja, La	10,0	13,1	-3,1	7,6	9,7	-2,1
Ceuta and Melilla	3,8	4,3	-0,5	2,7	3,1	-0,4
Work outside Spain ²	4,0	0,0	4,0	4,0	0,0	4,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Conclusion)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI ¹	Difference ²
Men			
TOTAL	543,2	570,6	-27,4
Andalucía	114,6	111,7	2,9
Aragón	15,0	15,3	-0,3
Asturias, Principado de	11,9	13,2	-1,4
Balears, Illes	15,4	14,4	1,0
Canarias	17,4	21,8	-4,4
Cantabria	6,7	7,7	-1,1
Castilla y León	36,8	36,4	0,4
Castilla-La Mancha	23,3	28,4	-5,1
Cataluña	76,3	84,4	-8,1
Comunitat Valenciana	58,4	65,2	-6,8
Extremadura	12,9	17,0	-4,1
Galicia	37,7	37,8	-0,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	56,2	56,5	-0,3
Murcia, Región de	23,5	19,5	4,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	7,0	7,1	-0,1
País Vasco	21,4	27,2	-5,8
Rioja, La	4,5	4,4	0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	3,8	2,4	1,3
Work outside Spain ²	0,4	0,0	0,4
Women			
TOTAL	384,6	412,4	-27,9
Andalucía	67,8	72,0	-4,2
Aragón	11,9	12,1	-0,2
Asturias, Principado de	12,9	12,2	0,7
Balears, Illes	13,2	11,1	2,2
Canarias	12,4	13,8	-1,4
Cantabria	8,4	6,3	2,1
Castilla y León	30,8	26,8	4,0
Castilla-La Mancha	18,3	18,1	0,2
Cataluña	56,5	64,8	-8,3
Comunitat Valenciana	39,5	46,3	-6,8
Extremadura	8,2	11,2	-3,0
Galicia	32,5	34,2	-1,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	31,4	33,0	-1,7
Murcia, Región de	15,2	12,9	2,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,2	6,0	-0,8
País Vasco	16,8	26,9	-10,1
Rioja, La	2,4	3,4	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	1,1	1,2	-0,1
Work outside Spain ²	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Permanent		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²
TOTAL	13.514,8	13.340,0	174,8	10.228,3	9.907,0	321,4
Andalucía	2.095,8	2.073,5	22,3	1.399,0	1.325,0	74,0
Aragón	389,7	392,9	-3,3	310,2	304,0	6,1
Asturias, Principado de	285,7	280,2	5,5	215,3	202,5	12,8
Balears, Illes	358,4	340,4	18,0	266,0	249,1	17,0
Canarias	576,3	577,3	-1,0	407,9	416,0	-8,2
Cantabria	167,5	162,5	5,0	133,2	124,4	8,8
Castilla y León	688,3	677,3	11,1	520,9	504,1	16,8
Castilla-La Mancha	489,1	484,7	4,4	364,7	346,4	18,3
Cataluña	2.306,0	2.302,3	3,7	1.854,8	1.814,3	40,5
Comunitat Valenciana	1.339,3	1.286,3	53,0	1.008,6	968,1	40,4
Extremadura	285,7	277,9	7,9	196,3	176,5	19,7
Galicia	774,8	751,1	23,7	582,0	557,0	25,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.249,1	2.314,2	-65,1	1.856,6	1.878,1	-21,5
Murcia, Región de	399,1	392,0	7,1	276,9	276,5	0,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	199,4	202,4	-3,0	151,0	150,1	0,9
País Vasco	737,1	697,6	39,5	567,0	518,5	48,5
Rioja, La	85,9	87,1	-1,2	69,5	68,1	1,4
Ceuta and Melilla	42,6	40,1	2,4	33,6	28,2	5,4
Work outside Spain²	44,8	0,0	44,8	14,9	0,0	14,9

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Temporary		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	3.286,5	3.433,1	-146,6
Andalucía	696,8	748,5	-51,8
Aragón	79,5	88,9	-9,4
Asturias, Principado de	70,4	77,7	-7,4
Balears, Illes	92,3	91,4	1,0
Canarias	168,4	161,3	7,2
Cantabria	34,3	38,2	-3,8
Castilla y León	167,4	173,2	-5,7
Castilla-La Mancha	124,5	138,3	-13,9
Cataluña	451,2	488,0	-36,9
Comunitat Valenciana	330,7	318,2	12,6
Extremadura	89,5	101,4	-11,9
Galicia	192,8	194,2	-1,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	392,5	436,1	-43,6
Murcia, Región de	122,3	115,5	6,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	48,5	52,3	-3,9
País Vasco	170,1	179,1	-9,0
Rioja, La	16,4	19,0	-2,6
Ceuta and Melilla	9,0	12,0	-2,9
Work outside Spain ²	29,9	0,0	29,9

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.2 Type of working day

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Complete		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted ¹	Diff. ²
TOTAL	13.233,6	13.002,7	230,9	11.174,1	9.414,6	1.759,6
Andalucía	2.045,9	2.019,2	26,7	1.670,2	1.427,8	242,4
Aragón	382,4	385,8	-3,4	320,8	275,5	45,3
Asturias, Principado de	284,5	277,4	7,1	238,8	200,2	38,6
Balears, Illes	318,1	286,2	31,8	272,1	209,7	62,4
Canarias	564,9	565,7	-0,8	487,0	421,8	65,1
Cantabria	165,6	159,4	6,3	142,1	111,9	30,2
Castilla y León	681,5	668,9	12,5	567,7	478,7	88,9
Castilla-La Mancha	481,1	477,7	3,4	414,5	347,0	67,4
Cataluña	2.280,7	2.252,9	27,8	1.948,3	1.652,7	295,6
Comunitat Valenciana	1.281,0	1.230,5	50,5	1.038,4	858,9	179,5
Extremadura	282,4	273,9	8,6	233,3	190,6	42,7
Galicia	766,8	738,7	28,1	649,6	537,4	112,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.225,4	2.288,0	-62,6	1.960,5	1.726,2	234,3
Murcia, Región de	377,5	367,2	10,3	313,1	261,3	51,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	195,7	198,5	-2,9	167,3	144,2	23,1
País Vasco	728,7	687,5	41,3	603,0	480,4	122,6
Rioja, La	84,0	85,5	-1,5	70,6	62,0	8,6
Ceuta and Melilla	42,5	39,6	2,9	36,8	28,1	8,7
Work outside Spain ²	44,8	0,0	44,8	40,1	0,0	40,1

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated full-time employees.

6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2016. Figures in thousands

6.2 Type of working day (Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Partial		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI ¹	Difference ²
TOTAL	2.059,4	3.588,1	-1.528,7
Andalucía	375,7	591,4	-215,7
Aragón	61,7	110,4	-48,7
Asturias, Principado de	45,7	77,2	-31,5
Balears, Illes	45,9	76,5	-30,6
Canarias	77,9	143,8	-66,0
Cantabria	23,5	47,5	-24,0
Castilla y León	113,8	190,2	-76,4
Castilla-La Mancha	66,7	130,7	-64,0
Cataluña	332,4	600,2	-267,8
Comunitat Valenciana	242,6	371,6	-129,0
Extremadura	49,1	83,3	-34,2
Galicia	117,3	201,3	-84,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	264,8	561,8	-296,9
Murcia, Región de	64,4	105,8	-41,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	28,3	54,3	-26,0
País Vasco	125,8	207,1	-81,3
Rioja, La	13,5	23,5	-10,0
Ceuta and Melilla	5,7	11,5	-5,8
Work outside Spain ²	4,7	0,0	4,7

¹ Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

² Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

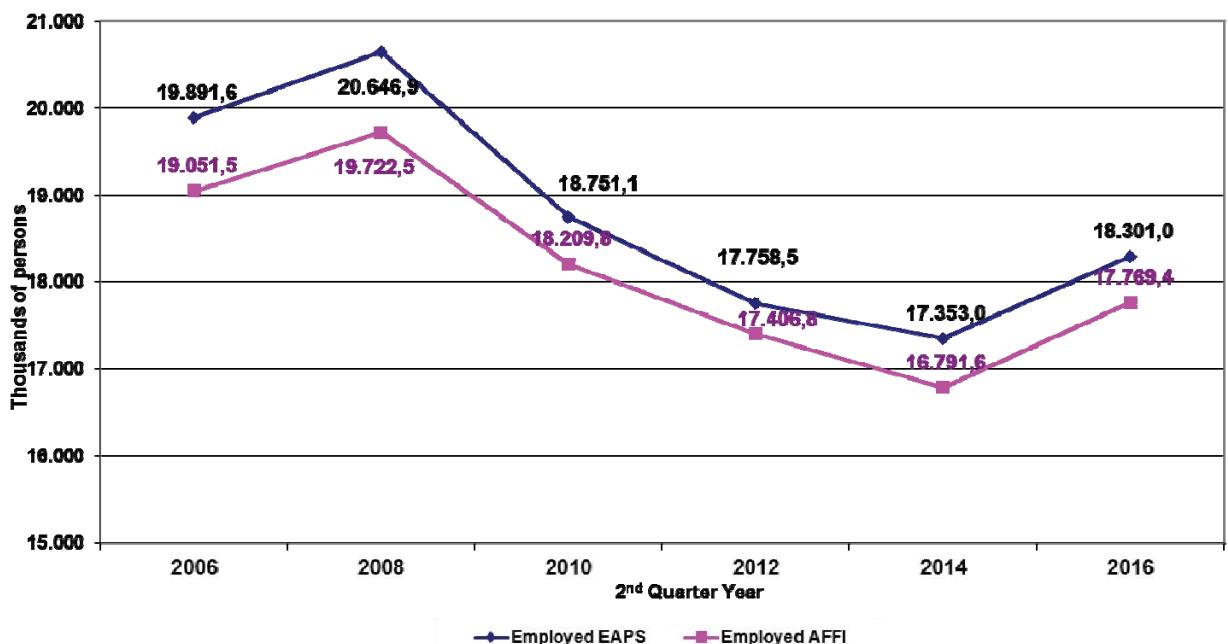
- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.

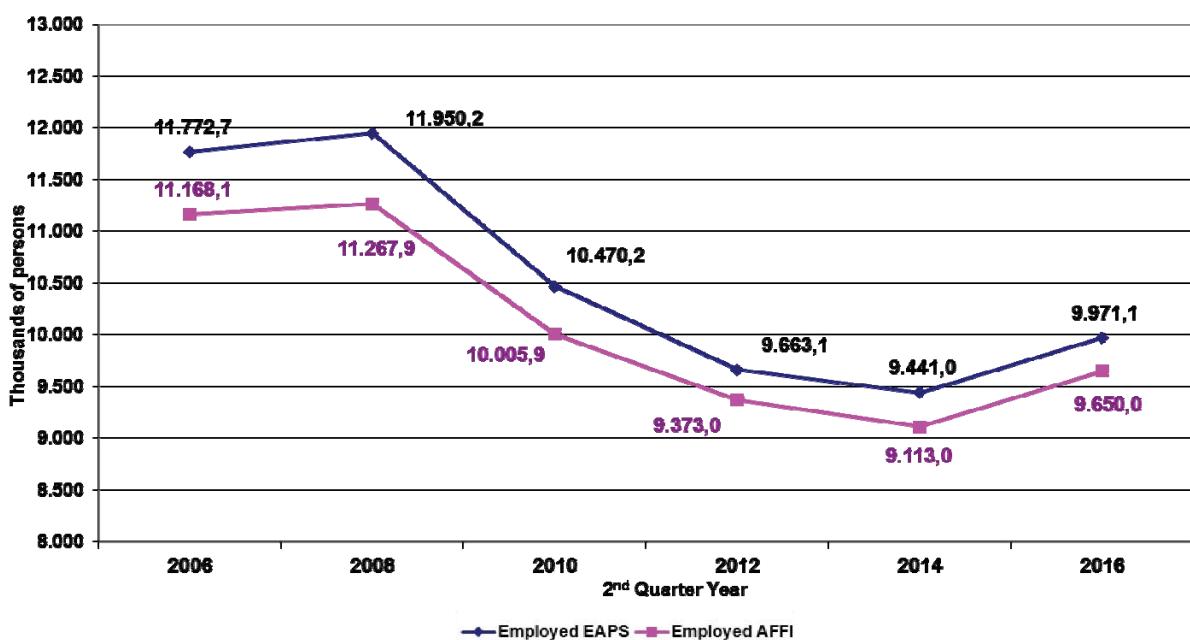
Annex III

COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI



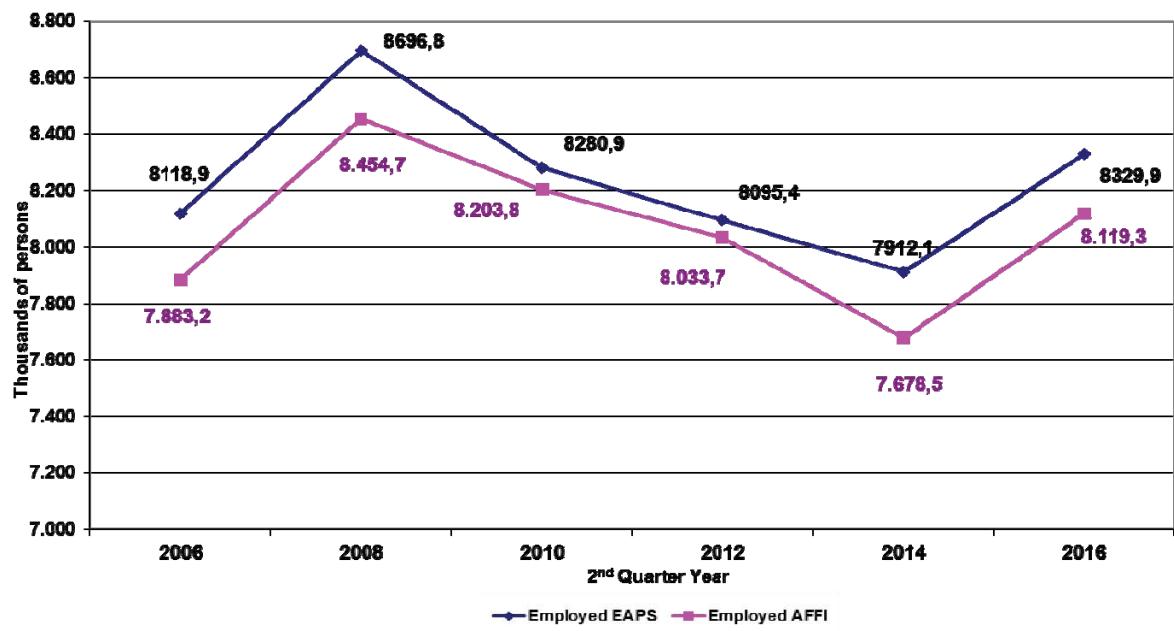
COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

MEN



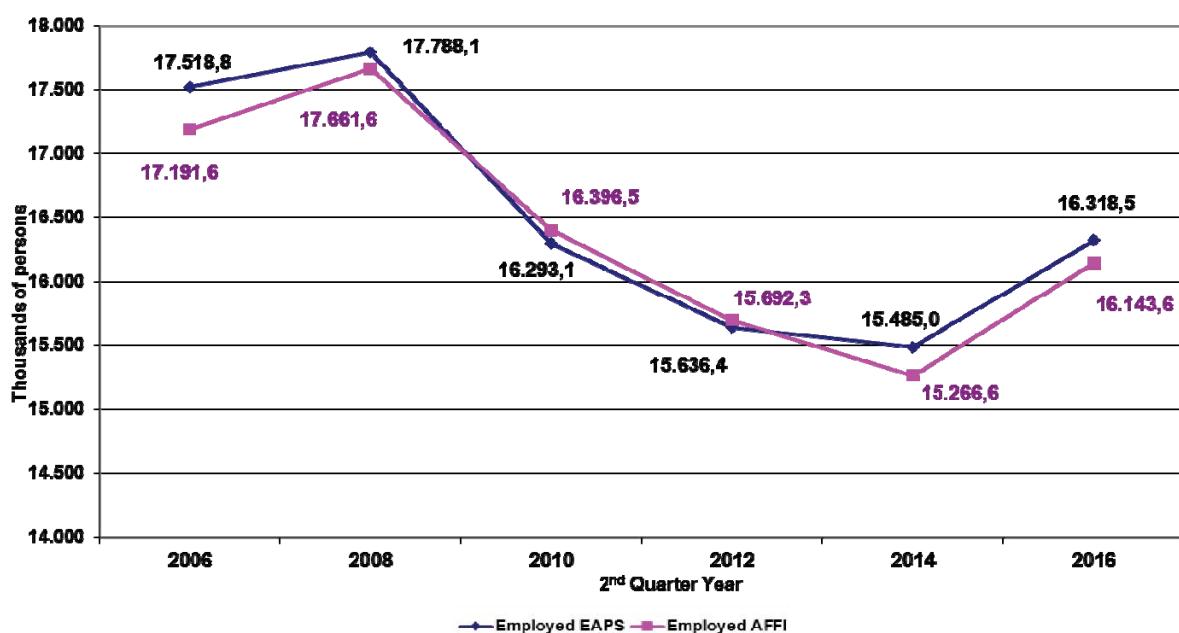
COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

WOMEN



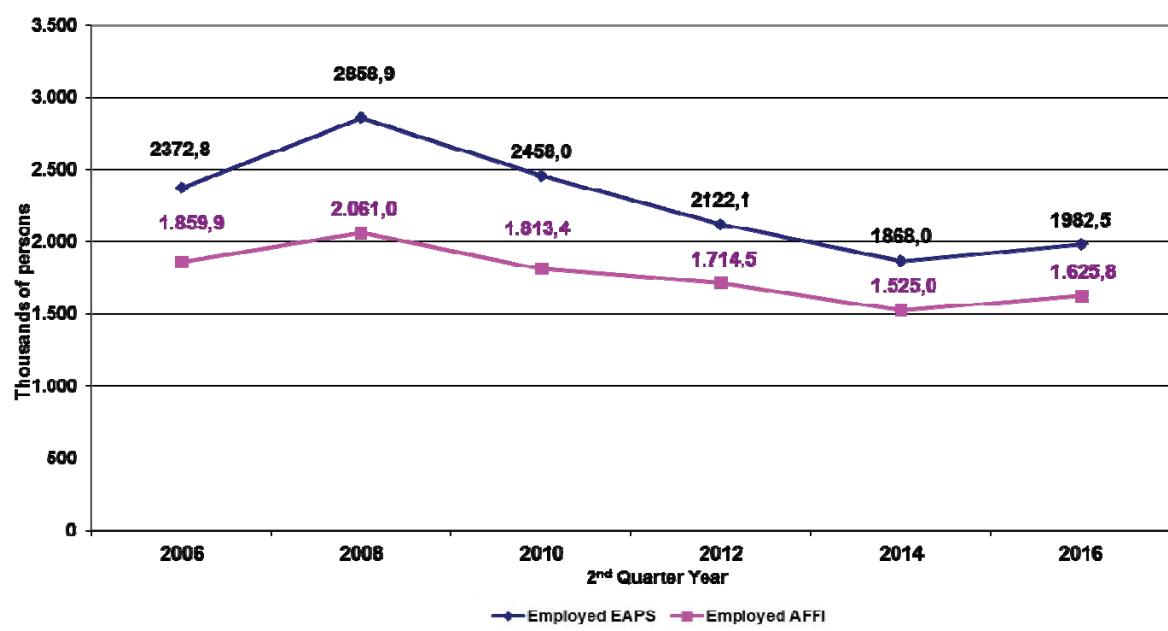
COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

SPANIARDS



COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

FOREIGNERS



ANNEX IV

CLASSIFICATION OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES 2009: CNAE-09

SECTION A: AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY AND FISHING

01. Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities
02. Forestry and logging
03. Fishing and aquaculture

SECTION B: MINING AND QUARRYING

05. Mining of coal and lignite
06. Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
07. Mining of metal ores
08. Other mining and quarrying
09. Mining support service activities

SECTION C: MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY

10. Manufacture of food products
11. Manufacture of beverages
12. Manufacture of tobacco products
13. Manufacture of textiles
14. Manufacture of wearing apparel
15. Manufacture of leather and related products
16. Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials
17. Manufacture of paper and paper products
18. Printing and reproduction of recorded media
19. Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
20. Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products
21. Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations
22. Manufacture of rubber and plastic products
23. Manufacture of other non-metallic ore products.

24. Manufacture of basic metals
25. Manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipment
26. Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products
27. Manufacture of electrical equipment
28. Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
29. Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers
30. Manufacture of other transport equipment
31. Manufacture of furniture
32. Other manufacturing
33. Repair and installation of machinery and equipment.

SECTION D: ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND AIR CONDITIONING SUPPLY

35. Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply

SECTION E: WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

36. Water collection, treatment and supply
37. Sewerage
38. Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery
39. Remediation activities and other waste management services

SECTION F: CONSTRUCTION

41. Construction of buildings
42. Civil engineering
43. Specialised construction activities

SECTION G: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES

45. Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles

46. Wholesale trade and trade intermediaries, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
47. Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles

SECTION H: TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

49. Land transport and transport via pipelines
50. Water transport
51. Air transport
52. Warehousing and support activities for transportation
53. Postal and courier activities

SECTION I: ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES

55. Accommodation services
56. Food and beverage service activities

SECTION J: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

58. Edition
59. Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities
60. Programming and broadcasting activities
61. Telecommunications
62. Computer programming, consultancy and related activities
63. Information service activities

SECTION K: FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

64. Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding
65. Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding, except compulsory Social Security
66. Activities related to financial services and insurance

SECTION L: REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES

68. Real estate activities

SECTION M: PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES

- 69. Legal and accounting activities
- 70. Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities
- 71. Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis
- 72. Scientific research and development
- 73. Advertising and market research
- 74. Other professional, scientific and technical activities
- 75. Veterinary Activities

SECTION N: ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES ACTIVITIES

- 77. Rental and leasing activities
- 78. Employment activities
- 79. Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation services and related activities
- 80. Safety and research activities
- 81. Services to buildings and landscape activities
- 82. Administrative activities of the office and other ancillary activities to the companies

SECTION O: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE, COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY

84. Public Administration and defence, compulsory Social Security

SECTION P: EDUCATION

85. Education

SECTION Q: Human health and social work activities

86. Human health activities
87. Residential care activities
88. Social work activities without accommodation

SECTION R: ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION

90. Creative, arts and entertainment activities
91. Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
92. Gambling and betting activities
93. Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities

SECTION S: OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES

94. Activities of membership organisations
95. Repair of computers and personal and household goods
96. Other personal service activities

SECTION T: ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS AS EMPLOYERS; UNDIFFERENTIATED GOODS-AND SERVICES-PRODUCING ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR OWN USE

97. Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel
98. Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of private households for own use

SECTION U: ACTIVITIES OF EXTRATERRITORIAL ORGANISATIONS AND BODIES

99. Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies