

26 July 2018

**Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS)  
Second Quarter 2018****Main results**

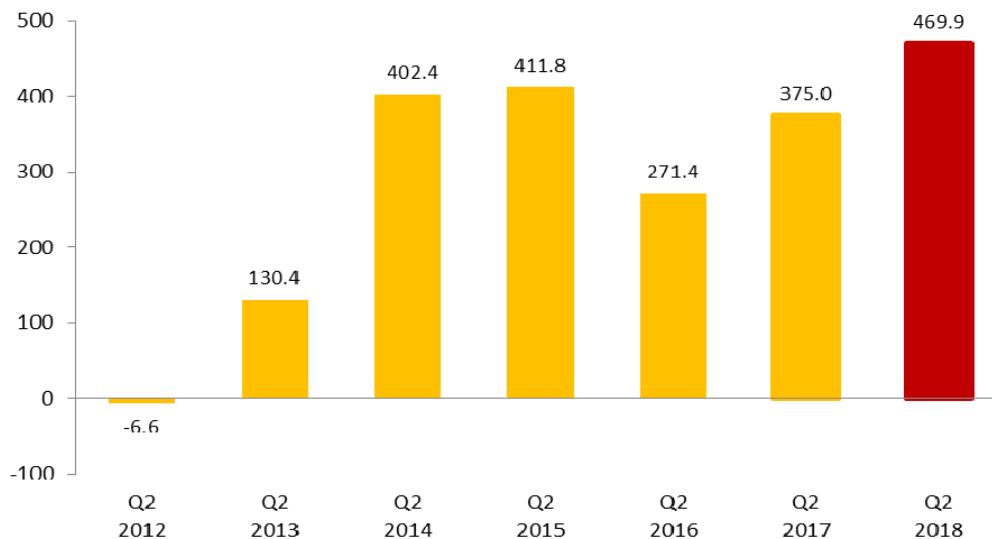
- Employment registers an increase of 469,900 persons in the second quarter of 2018 as compared with the previous quarter (2.49%), standing at 19,344,100 employed persons. This is the largest quarterly increase of employed persons observed in the historical series of the EAPS. In seasonally adjusted terms, the quarterly variation was 1.00%. Employment has grown by 530,800 persons (2.82%) in the last 12 months.
- Employment increased this quarter by 12,100 people in the public sector and 457,800 in the private sector. In the last twelve months, employment has increased by 416,700 persons in the private sector and 114,100 in the public sector.
- Salaried employees increased this quarter by 465,100. This increase is almost equally divided between temporary (233,700 more) and permanent (231,400 more) contracts. The number of salaried employees increased by 567,000 in the annual rate (permanent employment increased by 416,200 persons and temporary employment by 150,800). The number of self-employed workers increased by 3,500 this quarter and decreased by 35,900 in the last 12 months.
- Employment increased this quarter in *Services* (371,400 more), *Construction* (63,400) and *Industry* (46,400), and fell in *Agriculture* (11,300 less). In the last year in *Services* there were 373,000 more employed persons, in *Industry* 86,200 and in *Construction* 81,600. In turn, in *Agriculture* there were 10,100 fewer.
- This quarter there were employment increases in all the Autonomous Communities. The greatest increases were recorded in Illes Balears (85,400 more), Andalucía (64,700) and Cataluña (57,200). Within the last year, the highest increases in the number of employed persons were observed in Cataluña (89,900), Comunidad de Madrid (85,200) and Comunitat Valenciana (84,900). On the other hand, in Principado de Asturias, employment has dropped by 6,700 in the last 12 months.
- The number of unemployed persons decreased by 306,000 this quarter (-8.06%), standing at 3,490,100. In seasonally adjusted terms, the quarterly variation was -4.09%. Over the last 12 months, unemployment has decreased by 424,200 persons (-10.84%).
- The unemployment rate stood at 15.28%, 1.46 points below that of the previous quarter. Over the last year, this rate has decreased by 1.94 points.
- By Autonomous Community, the quarterly unemployment drop was general. The greatest decreases were recorded in Andalucía (65,400 less unemployed persons), Comunidad de Madrid (-45,900) and Comunitat Valenciana (-32,600). In annual terms, the greatest decreases in the number of unemployed persons occurred in Andalucía (89,900 fewer), Comunitat Valenciana (-71,400) and Cataluña (-65,500).
- This quarter, the number of economically active persons increased by 163,900, up to 22,834,200. The activity rate increased by 34 hundredths standing at 58.80%. Over the last year, the economically active population has increased by 106,600 persons.

## Employment

The number of employed persons increased by 469,900 persons in the second quarter of 2018 and stood at 19,344,100. This is the largest quarterly increase in the historical series of the EAPS. The quarterly employment variation rate stood at 2.49%.

The employment rate (percentage of employed persons with respect to the population aged 16 and over) was 49.81%, representing an increase of 1.14 points as compared to the previous quarter. In annual variation, this rate rose by 1.11 points.

**Quarterly variation of employment. Thousands  
(Q2 compared with Q1 of the same year)**



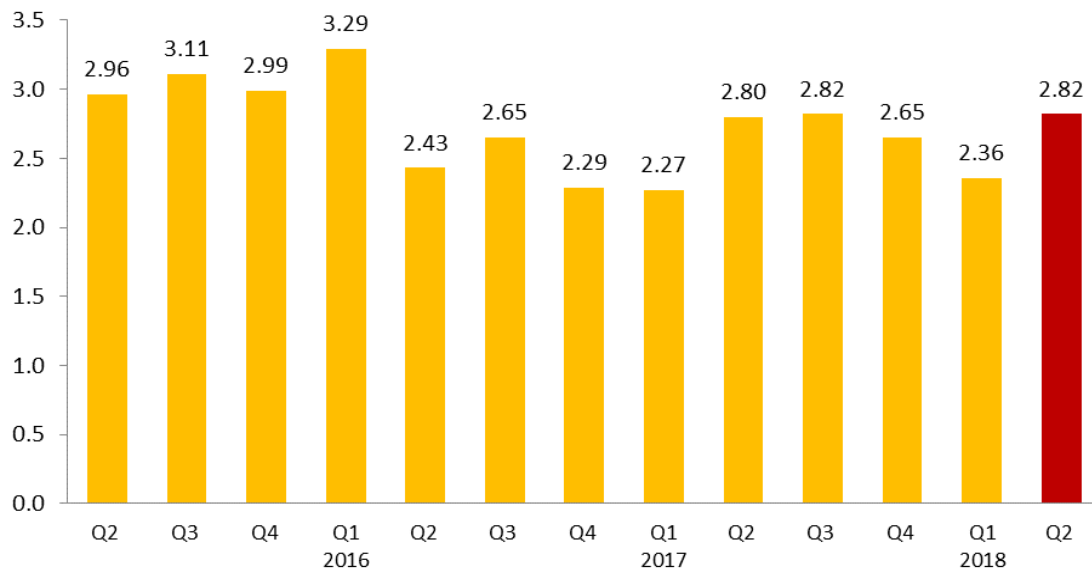
By sex, employment increased this quarter by 244,300 men and 225,500 women.

By nationality, employment increased by 358,900 persons among Spaniards and by 110,900 among foreign nationals.

By age, the employment growth this quarter was also general, with the age group of 55 and over increasing the most (93,700 more).

In the past twelve months, employment has increased by 530,800 persons (271,500 men and 259,300 women). The annual variation rate of employment was 2.82%, representing an increase of 46 hundredths compared to the previous quarter.

Annual variation rate of employment. Percentage



Employment increased this quarter in *Services* (371,400 more employed persons), *Construction* (63,400) and *Industry* (46,400 more). In turn, it decreased in *Agriculture* (-11,300).

In the last year employment has risen in *Services* (373,000 more employed persons), *Industry* (86,200) and *Construction* (81,600). In turn, in *Agriculture* there were 10,100 fewer employed persons than a year ago.

Full-time employment increased this quarter by 384,400 people. Part-time employment increased by 85,400. The percentage of employed persons working part-time increased by eight hundredths to 14.99%.

Over the last 12 months, full-time employment has increased by 501,100 persons and part-time employment by 29,700.

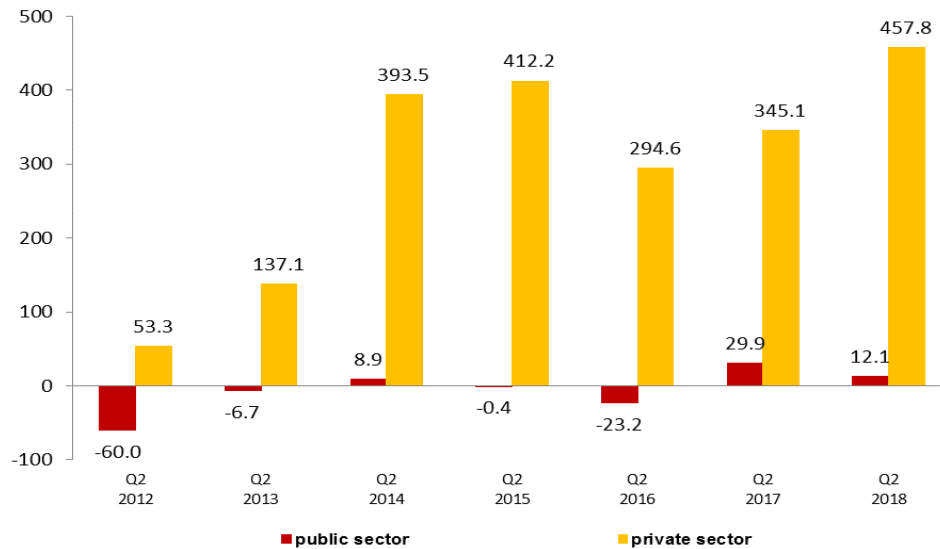
The number of salaried employees increased this quarter by 465,100. This increase is shared almost equally between those with temporary contracts (233,700) and those with permanent contracts (231,400). The temporary employment rate increased 69 hundredths, up to 26.80%.

Over the last 12 months, the number of salaried employees has increased by 567,000. Permanent employment increased by 416,200 persons and temporary employment did so by 150,800.

The number of self-employed persons increased by 3,500 persons in quarterly variation. However, it has dropped by 35,900 in the last year.

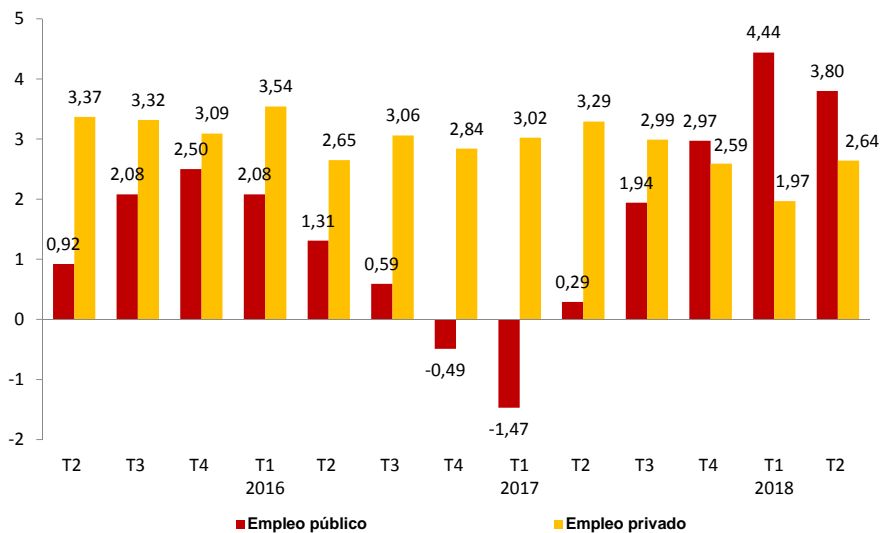
This quarter, private employment<sup>1</sup> increased by 457,800 persons, standing at 16,226,200. Public employment<sup>2</sup> increased by 12,100, up to 3,117,800.

**Quarterly variation of employment by nature of employer. Thousands (Q2 compared with Q1 of the same year)**



Employment in the private sector showed an annual variation of 2.64%, while public employment of 3.80%. In the past twelve months, employment has increased by 416,700 persons in the private sector and by 114,100 in the public sector.

**Annual variation rate of employment by nature of employer. Percentage**



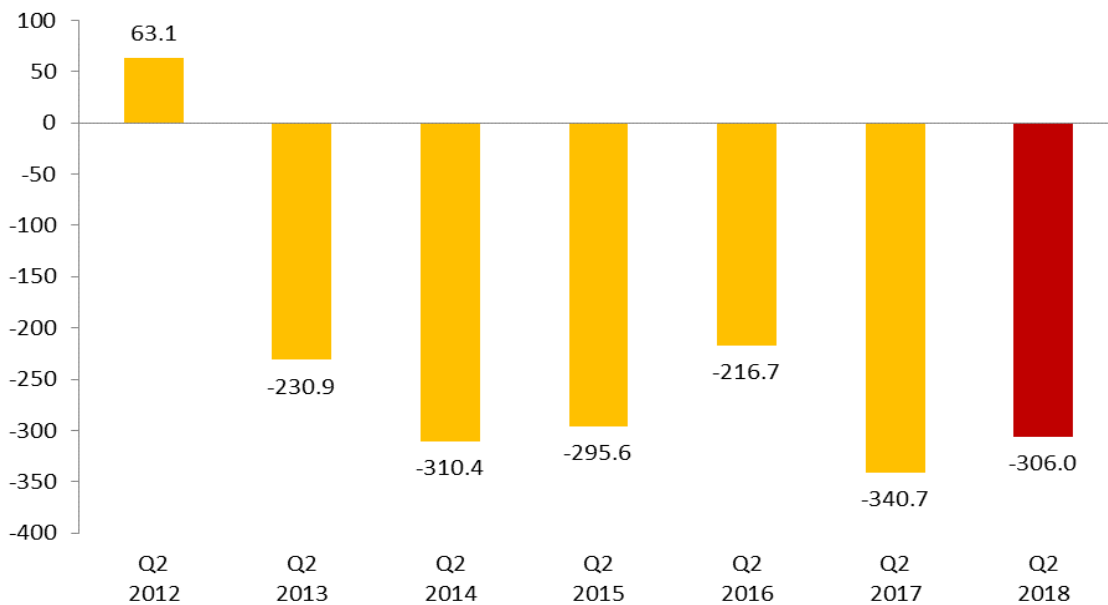
<sup>1</sup> Employment in the private sector includes: salaried employees from the private sector, employers, self-employed workers and employers without employees, members of cooperatives, contributing family workers and other professional situations.

<sup>2</sup> Employment in the public sector includes all salaried employees of public companies and of the National and Regional Administrations, including both workers contributing to the General Social Security System and those affiliated to the Special Civil Service System.

## Unemployment and unemployment rate

Unemployment decreased by 306,000 persons this quarter. The total number of unemployed persons stood at 3,490,100. In relative terms, the quarterly variation of unemployment was -8.06%.

Quarterly variation of employment. Thousands  
(Q2 compared with Q1 of the same year)



The unemployment rate decreased 1.46 points and stood at 15.28%. In the last 12 months, this rate has decreased by 1.94 points.

By sex, the number of unemployed men decreased by 166,800 this quarter, standing at 1,673,900. Among women, unemployment decreased by 139,200, reaching 1,816,200.

Female unemployment rate decreased by 1.46 points and stood at 17.08%. The male figure was the same and stood at 13.72%.

By age, unemployment fell this quarter among those aged 25 to 54 (271,600 fewer unemployed persons) and among those aged 55 and over (-41,800). In turn, the number of unemployed persons increased by 7,400 among persons aged 16 to 24 years old.

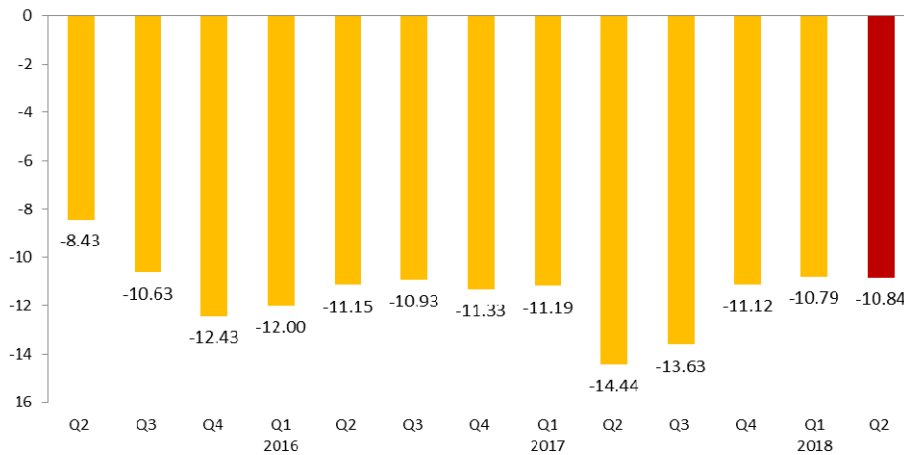
By nationality, unemployment decreased this quarter among Spaniards by 253,500 and among foreigners by 52,400. The unemployment rate of the Spanish population was 14.35%, while that of the foreign population was 21.92%.

Unemployment has dropped this quarter in all sectors: in *Services* it fell by 181,100, in *Construction* by 31,500, in *Agriculture* by 20,000 and in *Industry* by 19,200.

Unemployment decreased by 62,500 persons among those who lost their job over a year ago and by 8,300 among those who are seeking their first job.

The evolution of unemployment in the annual rate was -10.84%. The total number of unemployed persons has decreased by 424,200 persons in one year, with a decrease of 227,500 for men and 196,700 for women.

**Annual variation rate of unemployment. Percentage.**



By age, the annual decrease of unemployment took place in all groups. The largest decrease was in the 25-54 age group (332,500 fewer unemployed persons).

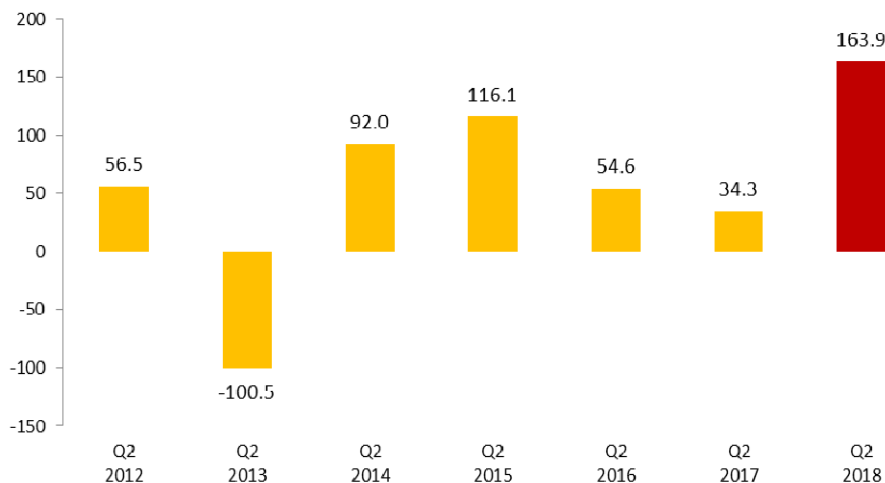
In the last 12 months unemployment has fallen in all sectors: in *Services* (114,800 less unemployed persons), *Agriculture* (-19,500), *Construction* (-13,300) and *Industry* (-7,900). On the other hand, the number of unemployed persons who lost their jobs over a year ago has decreased by 215,700 and the number of unemployed persons looking for their first job by 53,000.

**Economically active population and activity rate**

The economically active population has increased by 163,900 in the second quarter to 22,834,200. The number of economically active women increased by 86,400, whereas the number of active men did so by 77,500.

By nationality, the number of economically active persons increased in this quarter by 105,400 among Spaniards and 58,500 among foreign nationals.

**Quarterly variation of activity. Thousands (Q2 compared with Q1 of the same year)**

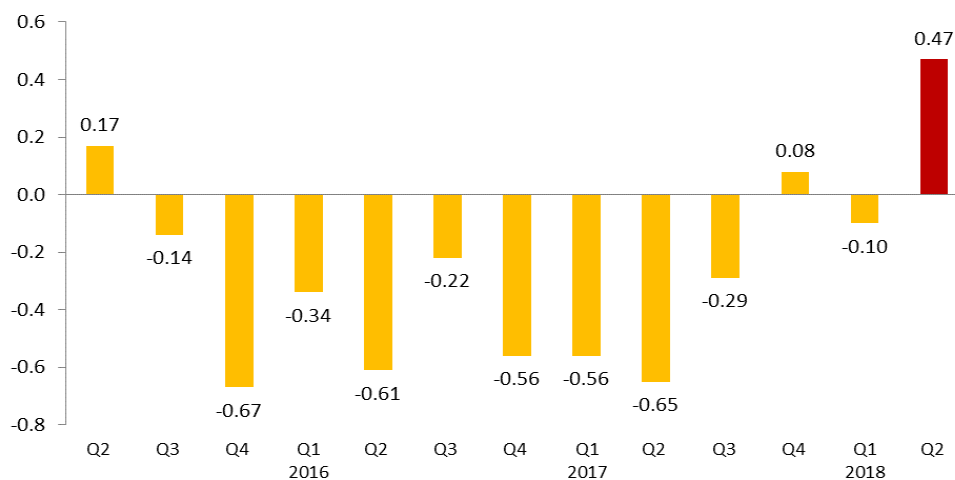


The activity rate increased 34 hundredths this quarter to 58.80%. The male rate increased by 33 hundredths to 64.62% and the female rate increased by 35 hundredths to 53.29%.

The economic activity rate of Spaniards increased 30 hundredths as compared with the previous quarter, standing at 57.29%. Foreign national activity rate increased by half a point to 72.30%. The difference of almost 15 points between both rates is mainly explained by the different age structures for both populations.

In annual terms, the economically active population has increased by 106,600 persons. The annual variation rate of economically active persons was 0.47%.

Annual variation rate of activity. Percentage.



## Households

The number of households increased by 16,200 this quarter, standing at 18,562,200. Of these, 4,741,000 were single-person households.

Households in which all economically active members were unemployed decreased by 128,700 this quarter, reaching a total of 1,113,100. Of these, 277,600 were single-person households.

On the other hand, the number of households in which all of the economically active members were employed increased by 242,400, standing at 10,411,700. Of these, 1,904,900 were single-person households.

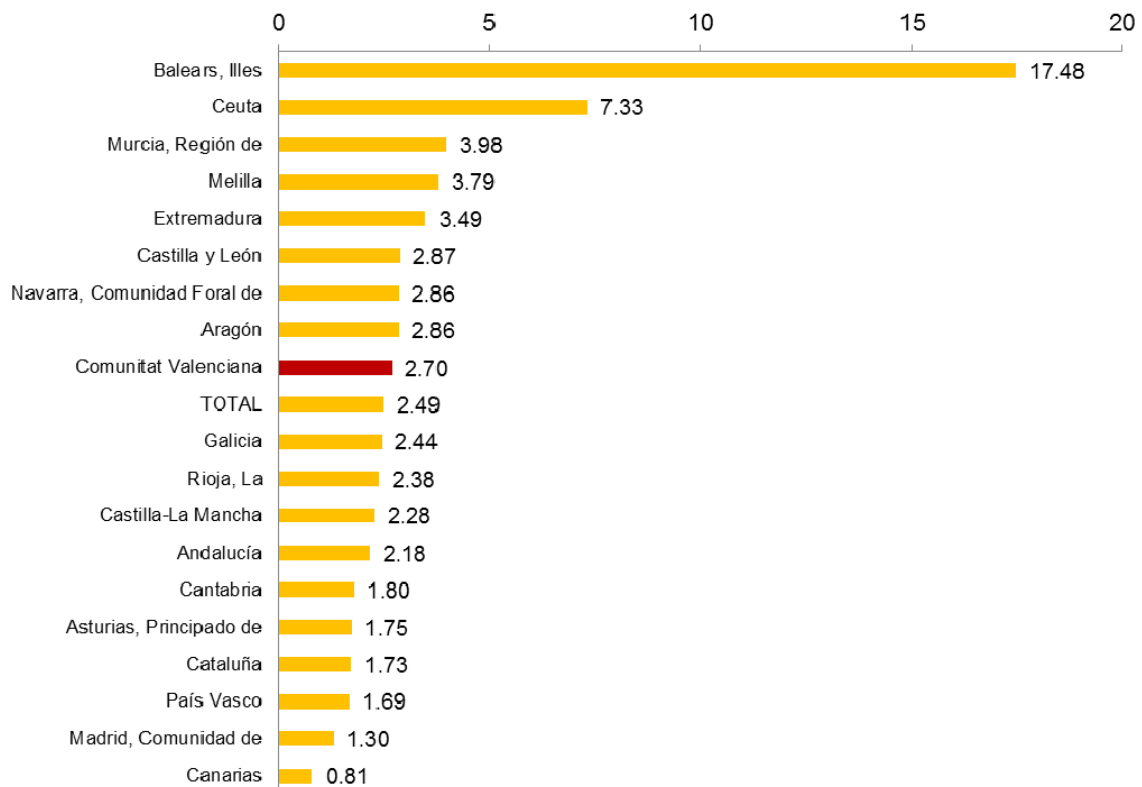
In annual comparison, the number of households with at least one economically active member in which those members were unemployed has decreased by 164,500, while those where all active members were employed has increased by 310,500.

### Results by Autonomous Communities<sup>3</sup>

Employment increased this quarter in all the Autonomous Communities. Illes Balears (85,400 more employed persons), Andalucía (64,700) and Cataluña (57,200) registered the greatest increases.

In relative terms, the Autonomous Communities with the highest quarterly employment increase were Illes Balears (17.48%), Región de Murcia (3.98%) and Extremadura (3.49%).

**Quarterly variation rate of employment by Autonomous Community. Percentage.**



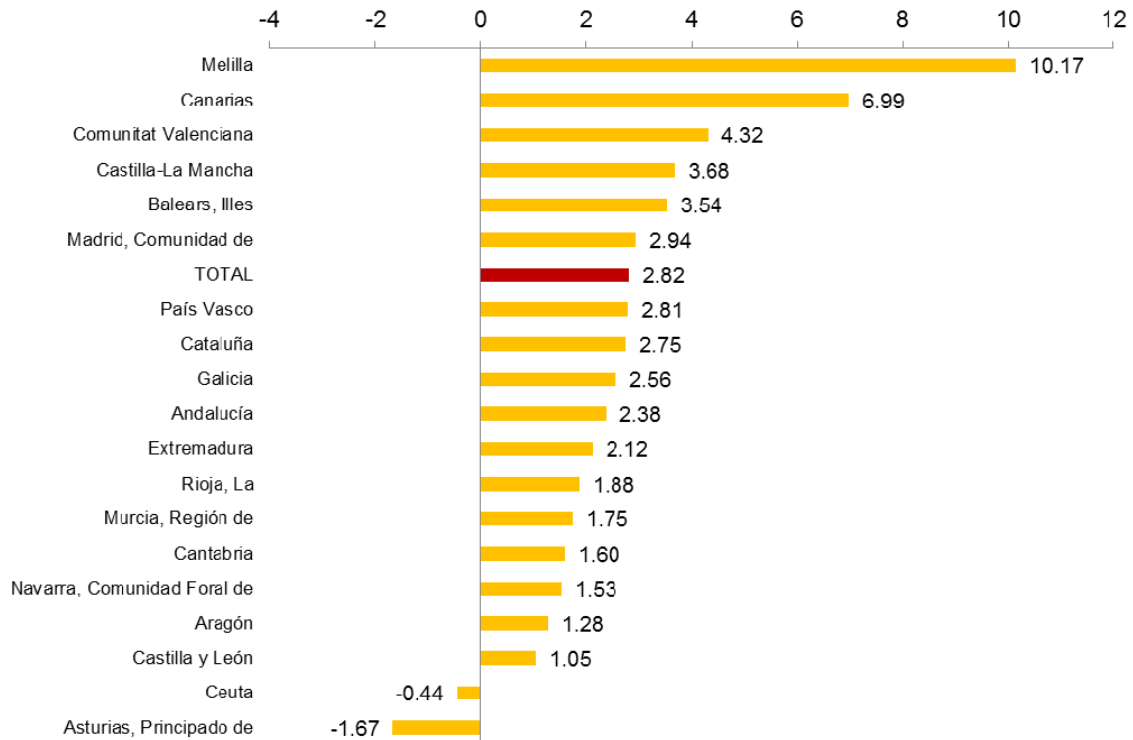
In annual variation, the largest employment increases were observed in Cataluña (89,900), Comunidad de Madrid (85,200) and Comunitat Valenciana (84,900). In Principado de Asturias the number of employed persons decreased by 6,700.

In relative terms, the Autonomous Communities with the greatest annual increases in employment were Canarias (6.99%), Comunitat Valenciana (4.32%) and Castilla–La Mancha (3.68%). In turn, Principado de Asturias presented an annual variation in employment of -1.67%.

<sup>3</sup> As with the rest of the EAPS data, employment results in this section are presented according to the Autonomous Community of residence of those persons interviewed in the survey, and not according to where their work centre is.



Annual variation rate of employment by Autonomous Community. Percentage.



Employment decreased this quarter in all the Autonomous Communities. The greatest decreases were recorded in Andalucía (-65,400 less unemployed persons), Comunidad de Madrid (-45,900) and Comunitat Valenciana (-32,600).

In annual variation, unemployment decreased in almost all Autonomous Communities. The greatest decreases were observed in Andalucía (-89,900), Comunitat Valenciana (-71,400) and Cataluña (-65,500).

Comunidad Foral de Navarra (9.93%), Aragón (9.97%) and País Vasco (10.12%) recorded the lowest unemployment rates this quarter. At the other extreme, Extremadura (23.85%), Andalucía (23.09%) and Canarias (20.06%) showed the highest rates.

The highest activity rates in this quarter were registered in Illes Balears (54,900 more economically active persons), Cataluña (30,500) and Comunitat Valenciana (21,300). The highest decrease was registered in Comunidad de Madrid (-7,400).

In the last 12 months, Comunidad de Madrid (60,300 more economically active persons), Cataluña (24,500) and Illes Balears (20,200) registered the greatest increases in the number of economically active persons. In turn, the greatest decreases were registered in Castilla y León (-20,100), Andalucía (-19,400) and Principado de Asturias (-7,400).

This quarter, the activity rates fluctuated between 66.07% for Illes Balears and 50.81% for Principado de Asturias.

**Seasonally adjusted series**

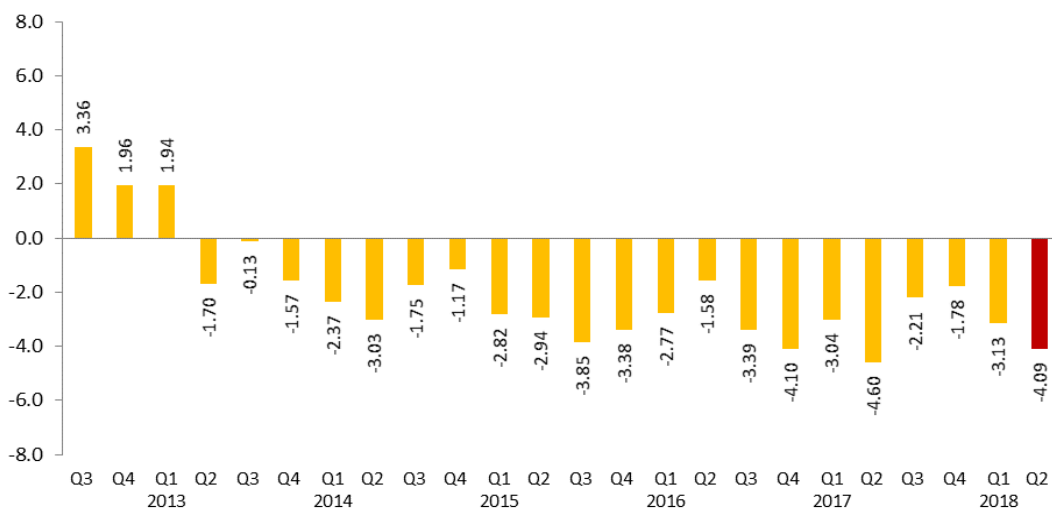
In the second quarter of 2018, the quarterly variation rate of employment adjusted for seasonal effects was 1.00%.

**Quarterly variation rate of seasonally adjusted employment. Percentage.**



As regards seasonally-adjusted unemployment results, a decrease of 4.09% was observed.

**Quarterly variation rate of seasonally adjusted unemployment. Percentage.**



The series adjusted for seasonal and calendar effects are obtained with the JDemetra+ software (version 2.2.0), as from the publication of data referring to 2018. The change of software from TRAMO/SEATS to JDemetra+ does not affect the seasonal adjustment methodology in the INE series, as the TRAMO/SEATS seasonal adjustment method is still used.

As explained in the methodology used for seasonal adjustment, the seasonal adjustment model is maintained for a year, with the first quarters corresponding to the time of the model's re-identification, but the coefficients are recalculated quarterly, so that each quarter the previous results are reviewed (either by re-identification or by revision of coefficients) and therefore the latest series available must always be consulted. The series of the quarterly variation rates of the seasonally adjusted results of employment and unemployment since 2005 and the description of the method used can be found in:

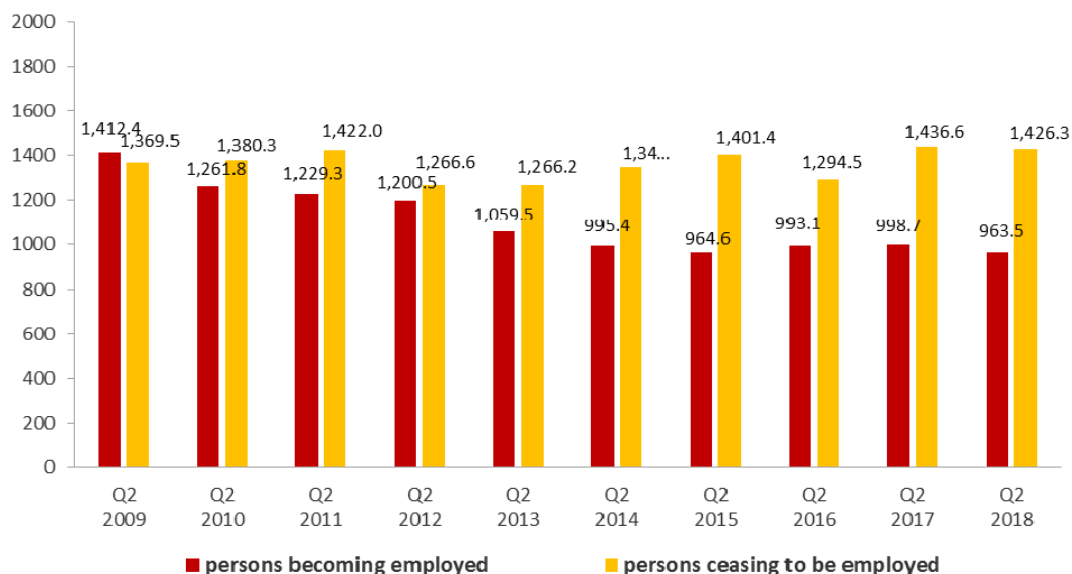
[http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/epa\\_desestacional.xlsx](http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/epa_desestacional.xlsx)

## Flows in absolute values with respect to the previous quarter<sup>4</sup>

The total inflow to employment in the second quarter of 2018 was 1,426,300 people, a figure 10,300 lower than that registered in the same quarter of the previous year.

On the other hand, the outflow from employment was 963,500 people, which is 35,200 less than in the same quarter of 2017.

Flows of persons becoming and ceasing to be employed each quarter. Thousands.

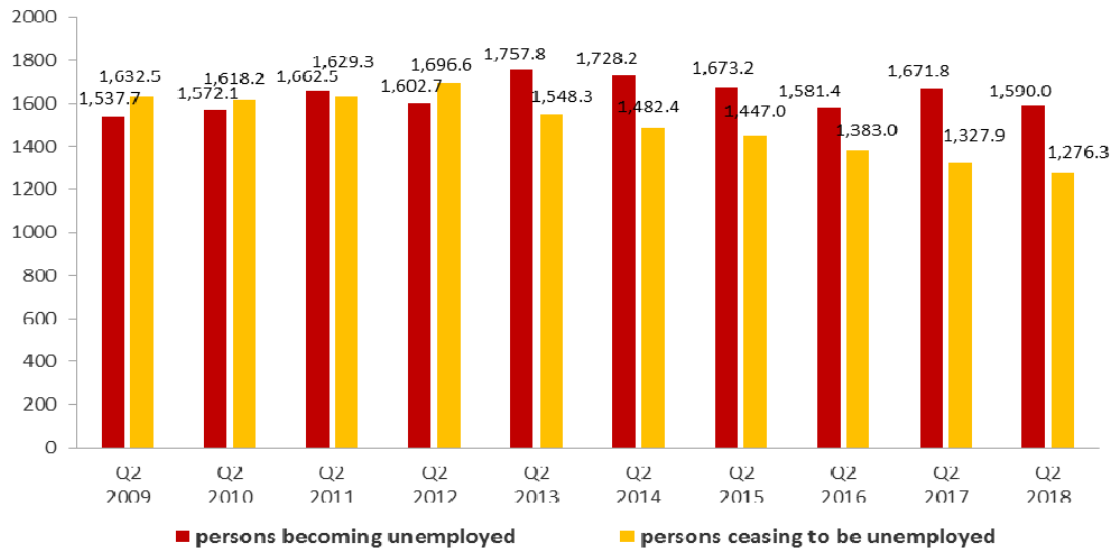


The number of persons who were unemployed three months ago but are not currently unemployed stood at 1,590,000, which is 81,800 fewer persons than in the same period in 2017.

However, the total inflow to unemployment reached 1,276,300 people, which is 51,600 fewer persons than in the same quarter of 2017.

<sup>4</sup> This section compiles the results of the *Economically Active Population Flow Statistics*. Due to the methodology used when preparing it, the results might not match the net balances of quarterly EAPS. The differences are caused by the "no data recorded" groups (persons turning 16 years old in the change between one quarter and the next who did not live in Spain in the previous quarter).

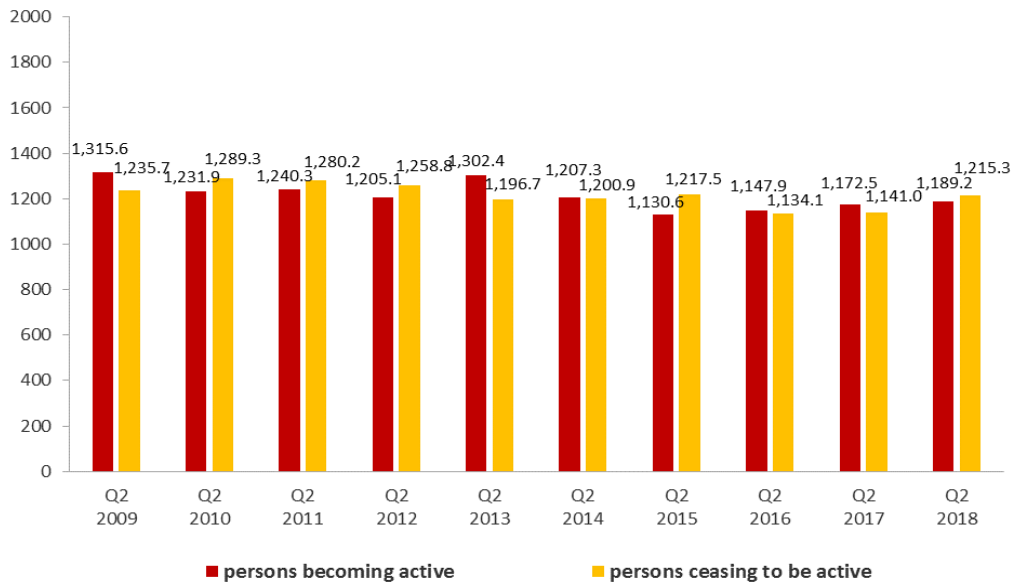
**Flows of persons becoming and ceasing to be unemployed each quarter. Thousands.**



The inflow to activity in this second quarter was 1,215,300, a figure 74,300 higher than that of the same period in 2017.

Meanwhile, a total of 1,189,200 people have left the activity this quarter, compared to 1,172,500 who did so during the same quarter in the previous year (that is, 16,700 more).

**Flows of persons becoming and ceasing to be active each quarter. Thousands.**



The outflow from employment to inactivity of people aged 60 and over was 95,600 this quarter. This figure is 15,900 higher than the one observed in the second quarter of 2017.

The number of people under 25 who have been entering employment directly from inactivity this quarter stood at 141,700, a figure 16,800 higher than that observed in the second quarter of 2017.

The flow data on which these comments are based can be found in the annex to this press release <http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/epafluj0218.xls>

## **EAPS results by province**

The provincial results summary of the EAPS may be accessed via the following link:

<http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/epapro0218.pdf>

All the provincial information can also be accessed from the INEbase database:

<http://www.ine.es/dynt3/inebase/index.html?padre=996>

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## Methodological note

### General characteristics of the Economically Active Population Survey

The Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) is a continuous sample-based study aimed at family dwellings, and which has been conducted since 1964. Its main objective is to obtain data on the labour force and on its different categories (employed, unemployed), as well as on the population outside of the labour force (inactive).

A stratified two stage sample has been used, in which first stage units are census tracts. There are 3,588 tracts in the sample, to which 234 tracts in the Autonomous Community of Galicia are added starting the third quarter of 2009. The additional sample is collected by the Gallician Statistics Institute (IGE) using the same fieldwork system and identical methodology to that of the INE. Therefore, the EAPS sample is made up of 3,822 census tracts from the more than 36,000 census tracts into which Spain is divided. Taking a minimum theoretical sample of 20 households by tract, which implies a theoretical size of 76,000 households, an effective sample size of approximately 63,000 dwellings is reached, providing information on some 163,000 persons.

The data is collected via personal and telephone interviews. Interviews are evenly distributed throughout the 13 weeks of the quarter. Following Eurostat's guidelines<sup>5</sup>, the first week of the year is that which has the first Thursday of said year. The first quarter has 13 consecutive weeks which start in the first week of the year. The following 13 weeks are attributed to the second quarter, and so on.

The information is carefully cleaned and computer-processed. Results are obtained in the month following the end of the reference quarter of the data and are published on the appointed date, as set out in INE's Short-term Statistics Availability Calendar.

### Main definitions

**Economically Active persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week (the week prior to that when the interview is held), supplied labour for the production of goods and services, or were available to do so and in conditions to incorporate themselves into said production. They are divided into employed and unemployed persons.

**Employed persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week, worked for at least one hour in exchange for payment (salary, wage, business benefit, etc.) in cash or in kind. Persons who, being employed, had been temporarily absent from their job due to illness, holidays, etc. are also considered employed persons.

Employed persons are classified, considering their professional status, as non-salaried workers (employers, employers without employees and self-employed workers, cooperative members, contributing family workers) and salaried employees (public or private).

Considering the length of the working day, employed persons are classified as full-time and part-time employed persons. The usual working week may not be shorter than 30 hours in the first case, nor exceed 35 hours in the second. Part-time employment rate is calculated as the proportion of part-time employed persons compared with the total of employed persons.

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<sup>5</sup> See Regulation (CE) No 377/2008 from the Commission.

Salaried employees are classified as permanent and temporary. For the latter, the end of their contract or work relationship is set by means of objective conditions, such as the expiry of a certain period of time, the completion of a specific task, etc. Temporary employment rate is calculated as the proportion of employed persons with a temporary contract compared with the total of salaried employed persons.

A significant category within employment is that of time-related underemployment, defined in the 16th International Labour Statisticians Conference (Geneva, 1998). In the EAPS, time-related underemployed persons are persons who wish to work more hours, who are available to do so and whose actual working hours during the reference week are less than the weekly hours usually worked by full-time employees in the branch of activity in which the unemployed person has their main job.

**Unemployed persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week, were unemployed, available for work and actively looking for a job. Persons who might have already found a job and are waiting to start are also considered to be unemployed, provided that they meet the first two conditions.

According to European Commission Regulation 1897/2000, the following are considered to be active search methods, in the four weeks prior to the interview:

- Being in contact with a public employment office for the purpose of finding work, whatever part they play in the initiative (the renewal of registration due to purely administrative reasons does not constitute active approach).
- Being in contact with a private office (temporary employment agency, specialised hiring agency, etc.) with the objective of finding work.
- Sending an application directly to employers.
- Exploring via personal relations and trade unions, etc.
- Advertising or replying to newspaper advertisements.
- Studying job offers.
- Participating in a test, competition or interview as part of a recruitment procedure.
- Finding land, premises or materials.
- Carrying out arrangements to obtain permits, licenses or financial resources.

**Economically Inactive persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over not included in any of the above categories.

## **Economically Active Population Flow Statistics: Quarterly changes in the labour situation**

The Flows Statistics estimates the magnitude of all the movements that have taken place regarding employment, unemployment and economically inactive situations between the current and the previous quarter. In order to do so, a longitudinal monitoring of the persons interviewed in the EAPS over time is conducted.

Therefore, results are calculated from the common sample interviewed effectively in both periods, adding the sample of the persons who have turned 16 years of age during the current quarter and the sample of the persons who have arrived in Spain from abroad during that same period.

The rotation established for the EAPS, which consists in renovating one-sixth of the households in the sample each quarter, implies that the maximum available sample to calculate the estimates based on the common sample is 5/6. Nevertheless, incidences regarding information collection in one quarter or the next cause a greater decrease in the proportion of the sample used to estimate flows. Therefore, if the complete sample of persons aged 16 and over of a quarter is around 140,000 persons, the sample that holds flow estimates is a bit more than 100,000.

Elevation factors are calculated in the same way as they are calculated for the quarterly EAPS, but adding an additional measure to the total amount of employed, unemployed and economically inactive persons by Autonomous Community, with the intention that both samples (flow and complete EAPS samples) offer the same results for the main magnitudes in the current quarter.

This procedure, however, does not allow adjusting EAPS flow estimates with the results of previous quarters. This information must always be used in relation with the results of the current quarter. Any accounting exercise involving the addition or subtraction of flow figures to/from the current quarter figures will have discrepancies with the results of the previous quarter, due to the weighting procedure used and the presence in the current quarter of population that was not considered in the previous one (persons arrived from abroad and persons who have turned 16 years of age in the last three months).

A full overview of the results regarding flows may be accessed via the following link:

[http://www.ine.es/inebaseDYN/flujs30310/docs/metoflujs\\_valores\\_absolutos.pdf](http://www.ine.es/inebaseDYN/flujs30310/docs/metoflujs_valores_absolutos.pdf)



## Economically Active Population Survey Second Quarter 2018

### National results

(Continues)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
<b>1. Population aged 16 years and over by sex and labour status</b>					
BOTH SEXES					
<b>Population aged 16 years and over</b>	38,835.4	55.5	0.14	206.3	0.53
Active population	22,834.2	163.9	0.72	106.6	0.47
- Employed persons	19,344.1	469.9	2.49	530.8	2.82
- Unemployed persons	3,490.1	-306.0	-8.06	-424.2	-10.84
Inactive population	16,001.2	-108.3	-0.67	99.7	0.63
Activity rate	58.80	0.34	-	-0.04	-
Unemployment rate	15.28	-1.46	-	-1.94	-
<b>Population aged 16 to 64 years</b>	30,151.2	36.5	0.12	115.2	0.38
Activity rate (16-64)	75.08	0.43	-	0.02	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	15.38	-1.47	-	-1.96	-
Employment rate (16-64)	63.53	1.46	-	1.49	-
MALES					
<b>Population aged 16 years and over</b>	18,884.1	24.6	0.13	92.9	0.49
Active population	12,202.2	77.5	0.64	44.0	0.36
- Employed persons	10,528.3	244.3	2.38	271.5	2.65
- Unemployed persons	1,673.9	-166.8	-9.06	-227.5	-11.96
Inactive population	6,681.8	-52.9	-0.79	48.9	0.74
Activity rate	64.62	0.33	-	-0.09	-
Unemployment rate	13.72	-1.46	-	-1.92	-
<b>Population aged 16 to 64 years</b>	15,077.4	15.3	0.10	47.5	0.32
Activity rate (16-64)	80.16	0.43	-	-0.02	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	13.80	-1.48	-	-1.95	-
Employment rate (16-64)	69.10	1.55	-	1.55	-
FEMALES					
<b>Population aged 16 years and over</b>	19,951.3	31.0	0.16	113.4	0.57
Active population	10,631.9	86.4	0.82	62.6	0.59
- Employed persons	8,815.7	225.5	2.63	259.3	3.03
- Unemployed persons	1,816.2	-139.2	-7.12	-196.7	-9.77
Inactive population	9,319.4	-55.4	-0.59	50.8	0.55
Activity rate	53.29	0.35	-	0.01	-
Unemployment rate	17.08	-1.46	-	-1.96	-
<b>Population aged 16 to 64 years</b>	15,073.8	21.2	0.14	67.7	0.45
Activity rate (16-64)	70.00	0.43	-	0.07	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	17.18	-1.47	-	-1.97	-
Employment rate (16-64)	57.97	1.37	-	1.44	-

### 2. Spanish population<sup>(1)</sup> aged 16 years and over by labour status

SPANISH POPULATION AGED 16 YEARS AND OVER	34,933.6	1.1	0.00	42.1	0.12
Active population	20,013.0	105.4	0.53	-1.2	-0.01
- Employed persons	17,141.3	358.9	2.14	399.7	2.39
- Unemployed persons	2,871.7	-253.5	-8.11	-400.9	-12.25
Inactive population	14,920.5	-104.3	-0.69	43.2	0.29
Activity rate	57.29	0.30	-	-0.07	-
Unemployment rate	14.35	-1.35	-	-2.00	-

<sup>(1)</sup> including dual nationality

26 July 2018

**National results**

(Continuation)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
<b>3. Foreign population aged 16 years and over by labour status</b>					
FOREIGN POPULATION AGED 16 YEARS AND OVER	3,901.8	54.4	1.41	164.2	4.39
Active population	2,821.1	58.5	2.12	107.7	3.97
- Employed persons	2,202.7	110.9	5.30	131.1	6.33
- Unemployed persons	618.4	-52.4	-7.82	-23.3	-3.64
Inactive population	1,080.7	-4.1	-0.38	56.5	5.52
Activity rate	72.30	0.50	-	-0.29	-
Unemployment rate	21.92	-2.36	-	-1.73	-

**4. Employed persons by sex, age group and economic sector**

BOTH SEXES	19,344.1	469.9	2.49	530.8	2.82
16 to 19 years	130.8	27.1	26.11	19.8	17.86
20 to 24 years	853.5	54.7	6.84	71.6	9.15
25 to 29 years	1,672.4	43.2	2.65	36.6	2.24
30 to 34 years	2,139.5	62.4	3.00	-2.8	-0.13
35 to 39 years	2,751.8	35.7	1.31	-62.6	-2.22
40 to 44 years	3,127.1	43.6	1.41	75.4	2.47
45 to 49 years	2,836.0	43.0	1.54	113.0	4.15
50 to 54 years	2,549.2	66.6	2.68	104.9	4.29
55 and over	3,283.7	93.7	2.94	174.9	5.63
MALES	10,528.3	244.3	2.38	271.5	2.65
16 to 19 years	75.3	16.7	28.62	8.5	12.75
20 to 24 years	453.3	31.7	7.52	49.1	12.16
25 to 29 years	864.1	21.1	2.51	19.1	2.26
30 to 34 years	1,143.4	23.4	2.09	15.1	1.34
35 to 39 years	1,478.5	17.6	1.20	-43.1	-2.83
40 to 44 years	1,714.7	30.8	1.83	43.6	2.61
45 to 49 years	1,553.7	20.4	1.33	44.3	2.93
50 to 54 years	1,408.9	38.9	2.84	42.6	3.12
55 and over	1,836.6	43.7	2.44	92.2	5.28
FEMALES	8,815.7	225.5	2.63	259.3	3.03
16 to 19 years	55.5	10.3	22.86	11.3	25.56
20 to 24 years	400.3	23.0	6.09	22.4	5.94
25 to 29 years	808.4	22.0	2.80	17.5	2.21
30 to 34 years	996.1	39.0	4.08	-17.9	-1.77
35 to 39 years	1,273.4	18.1	1.44	-19.4	-1.50
40 to 44 years	1,412.4	12.8	0.91	31.8	2.30
45 to 49 years	1,282.3	22.6	1.80	68.7	5.66
50 to 54 years	1,140.3	27.6	2.48	62.2	5.77
55 and over	1,447.1	50.0	3.58	82.7	6.06
TOTAL EMPLOYED PERSONS	19,344.1	469.9	2.49	530.8	2.82
Agriculture	822.5	-11.3	-1.36	-10.1	-1.21
Industry	2,722.8	46.4	1.73	86.2	3.27
Construction	1,215.2	63.4	5.50	81.6	7.20
Services	14,583.6	371.4	2.61	373.0	2.62

**National results**

(Continuation)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage

**5. Employed persons by professional status, type of contract, public / private sectors and working hours**

<b>TOTAL EMPLOYED PERSONS</b>	19,344.1	469.9	2.49	530.8	2.82
<b>BY PROFESSIONAL STATUS</b>					
Self-employed persons	3,079.3	3.5	0.11	-35.9	-1.15
- Employers	949.2	-1.4	-0.15	-27.8	-2.85
- Independent workers	2,026.8	7.6	0.37	-6.1	-0.30
- Cooperative members	26.4	-2.9	-9.97	0.5	2.04
- Family workers	76.9	0.3	0.42	-2.5	-3.17
Employees	16,257.3	465.1	2.94	567.0	3.61
- With a permanent job	11,900.3	231.4	1.98	416.2	3.62
- With a temporary job	4,357.0	233.7	5.67	150.8	3.59
Others	7.5	1.3	20.63	-0.4	-5.36
<b>BY PUBLIC / PRIVATE SECTORS</b>					
Public sector employed persons	3,117.8	12.1	0.39	114.1	3.80
Private sector employed persons	16,226.2	457.8	2.90	416.7	2.64
<b>BY WORKING HOURS</b>					
Full-time employed persons	16,444.3	384.4	2.39	501.1	3.14
Males	9,788.2	214.4	2.24	288.9	3.04
Females	6,656.1	170.0	2.62	212.2	3.29
Part-time employed persons	2,899.7	85.4	3.04	29.7	1.03
Males	740.1	29.9	4.21	-17.4	-2.30
Females	2,159.6	55.5	2.64	47.1	2.23

(\*) Private employment includes all persons in employment other than public employees. Namely: private employees, employers, independent workers, cooperative members, family workers and other professional status.

**6. Unemployed persons by sex, age group, and economic sector**

<b>BOTH SEXES</b>	3,490.1	-306.0	-8.06	-424.2	-10.84
16 to 19 years	139.7	6.8	5.14	-1.4	-1.03
20 to 24 years	383.0	0.6	0.15	-59.7	-13.49
25 to 54 years	2,455.8	-271.6	-9.96	-332.5	-11.93
55 and over	511.6	-41.8	-7.55	-30.5	-5.62
<b>MALES</b>	1,673.9	-166.8	-9.06	-227.5	-11.96
16 to 19 years	78.8	2.5	3.23	-1.7	-2.10
20 to 24 years	212.6	-5.0	-2.30	-29.3	-12.13
25 to 54 years	1,112.3	-150.4	-11.91	-179.2	-13.88
55 and over	270.2	-13.9	-4.88	-17.2	-5.99
<b>FEMALES</b>	1,816.2	-139.2	-7.12	-196.7	-9.77
16 to 19 years	60.8	4.4	7.73	0.2	0.40
20 to 24 years	170.4	5.6	3.38	-30.4	-15.13
25 to 54 years	1,343.6	-121.2	-8.27	-153.3	-10.24
55 and over	241.4	-27.9	-10.37	-13.3	-5.22
<b>TOTAL UNEMPLOYED PERSONS</b>	3,490.1	-306.0	-8.06	-424.2	-10.84
Agriculture	186.5	-20.0	-9.69	-19.5	-9.45
Industry	163.6	-19.2	-10.50	-7.9	-4.61
Construction	123.1	-31.5	-20.39	-13.3	-9.75
Services	1,143.9	-181.1	-13.67	-114.8	-9.12
Lost their job more than 1 year ago	1,512.3	-62.5	-3.97	-215.7	-12.48
First job seekers	360.7	8.3	2.37	-53.0	-12.82

## National results

(Conclusion)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage

### 7. Unemployment rate by relationship with the reference person

	Current quarter	Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
TOTAL	15.28	-1.46	-	-1.94	-
Reference person	12.28	-1.33	-	-1.58	-
Spouse or partner	12.87	-1.34	-	-1.68	-
Child	27.13	-2.14	-	-3.51	-
Other relatives	22.54	-3.36	-	-3.05	-
Unrelated persons	14.27	-0.19	-	1.40	-

### 8. Household data

	Current quarter	Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS	18,562.2	16.2	0.09	57.0	0.31
Households with at least one active member	13,373.0	19.5	0.15	-8.7	-0.06
- All members employed	10,411.7	242.4	2.38	310.5	3.07
- All members unemployed	1,113.1	-128.7	-10.36	-164.5	-12.87
Households without any active population	5,189.2	-3.2	-0.06	65.7	1.28

### Mobility according to activity in current and previous quarter

Classification in previous quarter	Total	Classification in current quarter		
		Employed	Unemployed persons	Inactive
<b>BOTH SEXES</b>				
Total	38,835.4	19,344.1	3,490.1	16,001.2
Employed persons	18,881.2	17,917.7	535.8	427.7
Unemployed persons	3,803.8	942.8	2,213.8	647.2
Inactive	16,027.3	479.0	736.3	14,812.0
Not classifiable	123.1	4.6	4.2	114.3
<b>MALES</b>				
Total	18,884.1	10,535.7	1,653.8	6,694.6
Employed persons	10,310.7	9,823.6	290.2	196.9
Unemployed persons	1,827.4	510.1	1,078.0	239.4
Inactive	6,681.3	201.0	284.3	6,196.0
Not classifiable	64.7	1.0	1.4	62.3
<b>FEMALES</b>				
Total	19,951.3	8,808.4	1,836.3	9,306.6
Employed persons	8,570.5	8,094.2	245.6	230.7
Unemployed persons	1,976.4	432.7	1,135.8	407.9
Inactive	9,346.0	278.0	452.0	8,616.0
Not classifiable	58.4	3.5	2.8	52.0

Weighting factors of current quarter (backward analysis)

**Results by autonomous community and autonomous city**

(Continues)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
<b>1. Population aged 16 years and over</b>					
TOTAL	38,835.4	55.5	0.14	206.3	0.53
Andalucía	6,911.0	2.1	0.03	11.2	0.16
Aragón	1,092.8	0.9	0.08	-1.1	-0.10
Asturias, Principado de	893.8	-2.1	-0.23	-8.4	-0.93
Balears, Illes	978.7	5.1	0.52	24.8	2.60
Canarias	1,853.1	7.9	0.43	36.5	2.01
Cantabria	491.8	0.0	0.00	0.3	0.06
Castilla y León	2,050.2	-3.4	-0.17	-17.4	-0.84
Castilla-La Mancha	1,672.5	0.0	0.00	-5.4	-0.32
Cataluña	6,188.1	18.5	0.30	68.7	1.12
Comunitat Valenciana	4,129.5	0.9	0.02	18.4	0.45
Extremadura	897.2	-1.4	-0.15	-8.1	-0.89
Galicia	2,333.5	-1.3	-0.05	-10.4	-0.45
Madrid, Comunidad de	5,406.8	24.6	0.46	78.7	1.48
Murcia, Región de	1,196.7	1.5	0.13	5.6	0.47
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	529.8	1.3	0.25	5.1	0.97
País Vasco	1,821.3	0.8	0.04	5.4	0.30
Rioja, La	260.3	0.2	0.07	1.4	0.53
Ceuta	65.7	-0.1	-0.11	0.5	0.73
Melilla	62.5	0.0	-0.03	0.4	0.66

**2. Active population**

TOTAL	22,834.2	163.9	0.72	106.6	0.47
Andalucía	3,942.7	-0.7	-0.02	-19.4	-0.49
Aragón	641.0	6.5	1.02	-2.1	-0.32
Asturias, Principado de	454.2	-2.3	-0.50	-7.4	-1.59
Balears, Illes	646.7	54.9	9.27	20.2	3.22
Canarias	1,109.0	1.1	0.10	14.4	1.31
Cantabria	271.2	2.1	0.78	-3.4	-1.23
Castilla y León	1,119.7	7.0	0.63	-20.1	-1.76
Castilla-La Mancha	982.8	2.8	0.29	-3.3	-0.33
Cataluña	3,792.4	30.5	0.81	24.5	0.65
Comunitat Valenciana	2,431.9	21.3	0.88	13.6	0.56
Extremadura	498.3	3.2	0.64	-2.2	-0.45
Galicia	1,250.8	14.2	1.15	0.5	0.04
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,397.7	-7.4	-0.22	60.3	1.81
Murcia, Región de	712.1	7.9	1.12	2.2	0.32
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	315.3	6.7	2.16	2.6	0.83
País Vasco	1,033.3	9.8	0.96	15.6	1.54
Rioja, La	154.6	3.0	1.97	2.4	1.60
Ceuta	40.5	1.7	4.32	5.6	16.04
Melilla	40.0	1.8	4.83	2.5	6.72

\* Data below 5000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling error

(-) The variation percentages calculated from low figures with high sampling errors are not significant

## Results by autonomous community and autonomous city

(Conclusion)

	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarter		Variation on same quarter, previous year	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage
<b>3. Employed persons</b>					
TOTAL	19,344.1	469.9	2.49	530.8	2.82
Andalucía	3,032.4	64.7	2.18	70.5	2.38
Aragón	577.1	16.0	2.86	7.3	1.28
Asturias, Principado de	394.7	6.8	1.75	-6.7	-1.67
Balears, Illes	574.2	85.4	17.48	19.6	3.54
Canarias	886.6	7.1	0.81	58.0	6.99
Cantabria	239.9	4.3	1.80	3.8	1.60
Castilla y León	985.4	27.5	2.87	10.2	1.05
Castilla-La Mancha	795.0	17.7	2.28	28.2	3.68
Cataluña	3,360.4	57.2	1.73	89.9	2.75
Comunitat Valenciana	2,051.5	53.9	2.70	84.9	4.32
Extremadura	379.4	12.8	3.49	7.9	2.12
Galicia	1,075.8	25.6	2.44	26.9	2.56
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,987.4	38.5	1.30	85.2	2.94
Murcia, Región de	596.1	22.8	3.98	10.3	1.75
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	284.0	7.9	2.86	4.3	1.53
País Vasco	928.7	15.4	1.69	25.4	2.81
Rioja, La	138.1	3.2	2.38	2.6	1.88
Ceuta	28.6	2.0	7.33	-0.1	-0.44
Meiella	28.8	1.1	3.79	2.7	10.17

## 4. Unemployed persons

TOTAL	3,490.1	-306.0	-8.06	-424.2	-10.84
Andalucía	910.3	-65.4	-6.71	-89.9	-8.99
Aragón	63.9	-9.6	-13.02	-9.3	-12.75
Asturias, Principado de	59.5	-9.1	-13.24	-0.7	-1.10
Balears, Illes	72.5	-30.6	-29.65	0.6	0.77
Canarias	222.4	-6.0	-2.62	-43.6	-16.39
Cantabria	31.4	-2.1	-6.40	-7.2	-18.58
Castilla y León	134.3	-20.5	-13.22	-30.4	-18.43
Castilla-La Mancha	187.8	-14.9	-7.35	-31.5	-14.36
Cataluña	432.0	-26.7	-5.82	-65.5	-13.16
Comunitat Valenciana	380.3	-32.6	-7.90	-71.4	-15.80
Extremadura	118.8	-9.6	-7.49	-10.1	-7.84
Galicia	175.0	-11.5	-6.14	-26.4	-13.11
Madrid, Comunidad de	410.3	-45.9	-10.06	-24.9	-5.72
Murcia, Región de	116.0	-15.0	-11.42	-8.0	-6.47
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	31.3	-1.2	-3.75	-1.7	-5.12
País Vasco	104.5	-5.6	-5.12	-9.8	-8.54
Rioja, La	16.5	-0.2	-1.30	-0.1	-0.66
Ceuta	11.9	-0.3	-2.25	5.7	(:)
Meiella	11.2	0.8	7.60	-0.1	-1.24

\* Data below 5,000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling error

(:) The variation percentages calculated from low figures with high sampling errors are not significant

## Results by autonomous community and autonomous city

(Absolute figures in thousands and rates in percentage)

### 5. Employed and unemployed persons by sex. Activity and unemployment rates

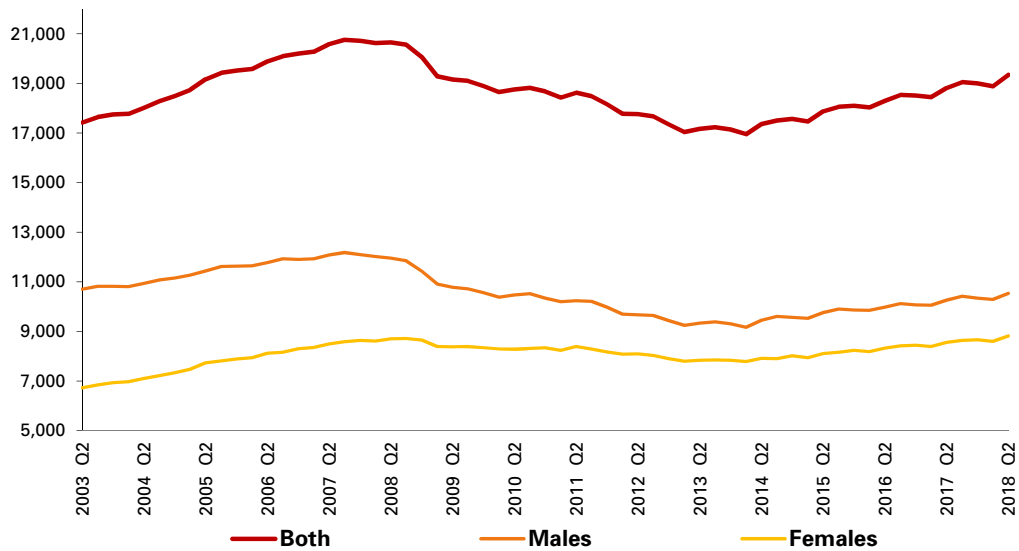
	Both sexes				Males				Females			
	Employed persons	Unemployed persons	Activity rate	Unem. rate	Employed persons	Unemployed persons	Activity rate	Unem. Rate	Employed persons	Unemployed persons	Activity rate	Unem. Rate
TOTAL	19,344.1	3,490.1	58.80	15.28	10,528.3	1,673.9	64.62	13.72	8,815.7	1,816.2	53.29	17.08
Andalucía	3,032.4	910.3	57.05	23.09	1,726.6	435.7	63.93	20.15	1,305.8	474.5	50.45	26.65
Aragón	577.1	63.9	58.66	9.97	314.6	30.9	64.41	8.94	262.5	33.0	53.12	11.17
Asturias, Principado de	394.7	59.5	50.81	13.10	208.1	25.3	55.04	10.82	186.5	34.2	46.99	15.51
Baleares, Illes	574.2	72.5	66.07	11.22	304.8	38.4	70.68	11.20	269.3	34.1	61.54	11.24
Canarias	886.6	222.4	59.84	20.06	485.8	106.9	64.92	18.03	400.8	115.5	54.92	22.38
Cantabria	239.9	31.4	55.15	11.57	130.4	14.2	60.74	9.81	109.5	17.2	49.91	13.57
Castilla y León	985.4	134.3	54.62	12.00	550.0	60.9	60.53	9.97	435.4	73.4	48.88	14.43
Castilla-La Mancha	795.0	187.8	58.76	19.11	475.7	77.5	66.05	14.01	319.3	110.3	51.45	25.68
Cataluña	3,360.4	432.0	61.28	11.39	1,778.1	217.8	66.57	10.91	1,582.4	214.2	56.32	11.92
Comunitat Valenciana	2,051.5	380.3	58.89	15.64	1,131.8	186.3	65.30	14.13	919.7	194.0	52.77	17.42
Extremadura	379.4	118.8	55.53	23.85	224.5	55.0	63.01	19.67	154.9	63.9	48.22	29.19
Galicia	1,075.8	175.0	53.60	13.99	559.2	82.3	57.47	12.82	516.6	92.8	50.05	15.23
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,987.4	410.3	62.84	12.08	1,552.1	199.0	68.40	11.36	1,435.3	211.3	57.85	12.83
Murcia, Región de	596.1	116.0	59.51	16.29	346.6	51.9	67.06	13.03	249.5	64.1	52.06	20.44
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	284.0	31.3	59.52	9.93	151.5	15.2	63.95	9.14	132.5	16.1	55.22	10.82
País Vasco	928.7	104.5	56.73	10.12	479.8	58.6	61.59	10.88	449.0	45.9	52.25	9.28
Rioja, La	138.1	16.5	59.41	10.68	74.4	7.2	63.89	8.78	63.7	9.4	55.11	12.80
Ceuta	28.6	11.9	61.67	29.46	16.7	5.4	69.22	24.33	11.9	6.6	54.54	35.61
Melilla	28.8	11.2	63.88	27.96	17.4	5.5	70.88	24.07	11.4	5.6	56.36	33.22

\* Data below 5,000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling errors

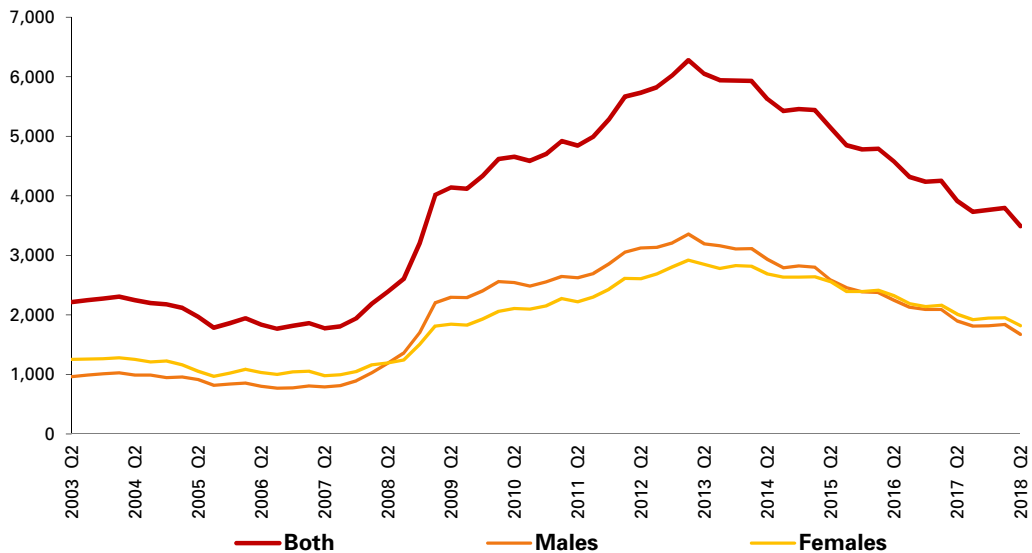
## Employed and Unemployed by sex

APS Second Quarter 2018

### Employed. Thousands



### Unemployed. Thousands

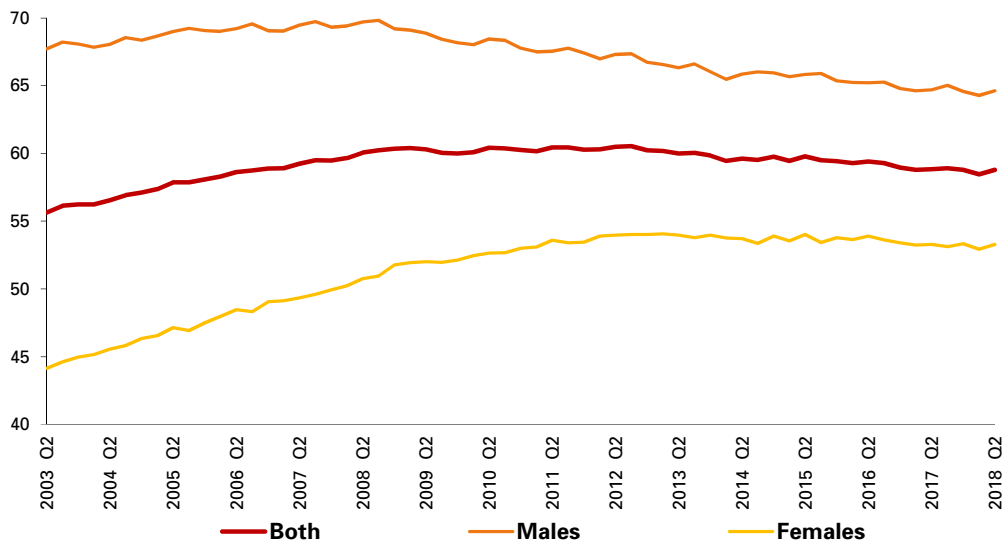




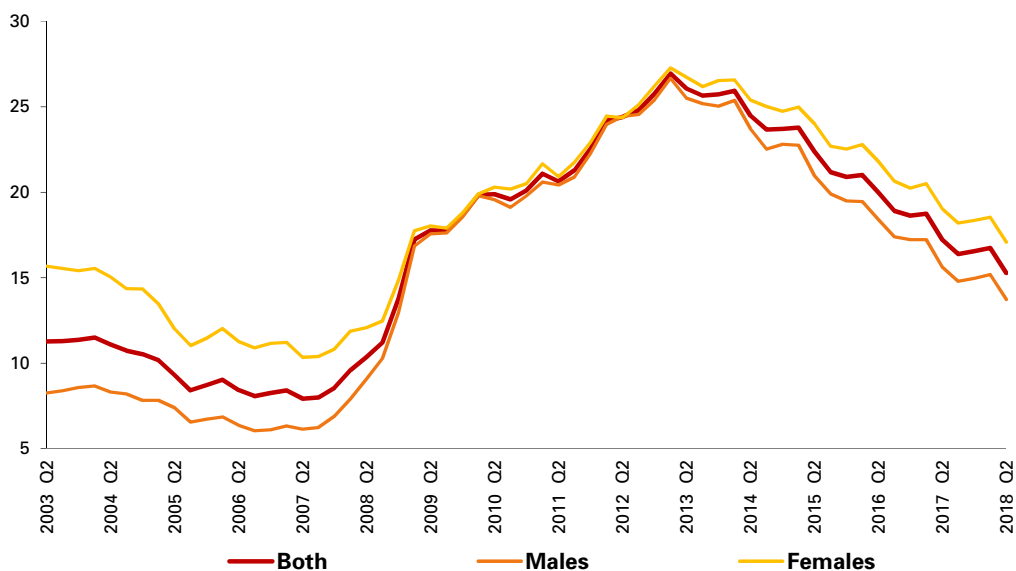
## Activity and unemployment rates by sex

APS Second Quarter 2018

**Activity rate.** Percentage



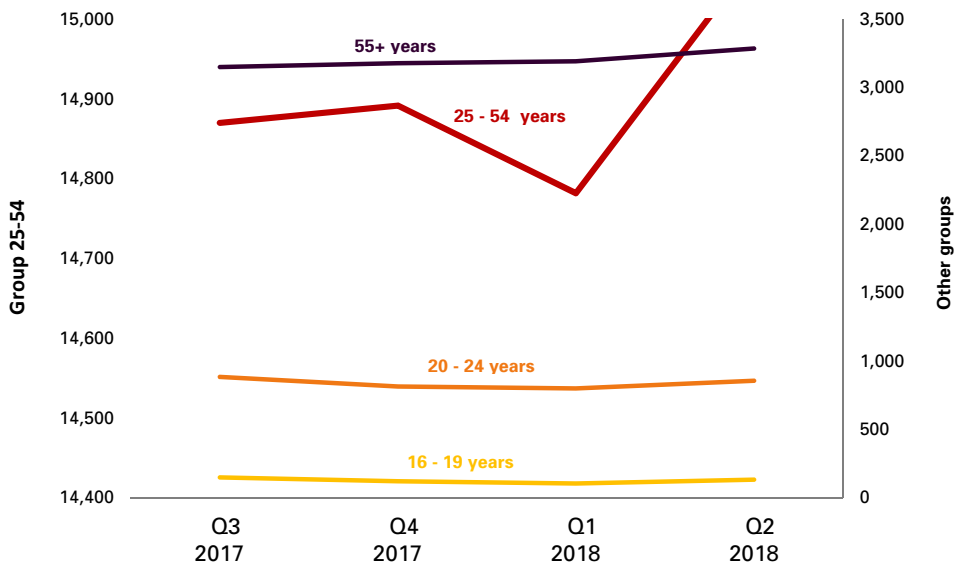
**Unemployment rate.** Percentage



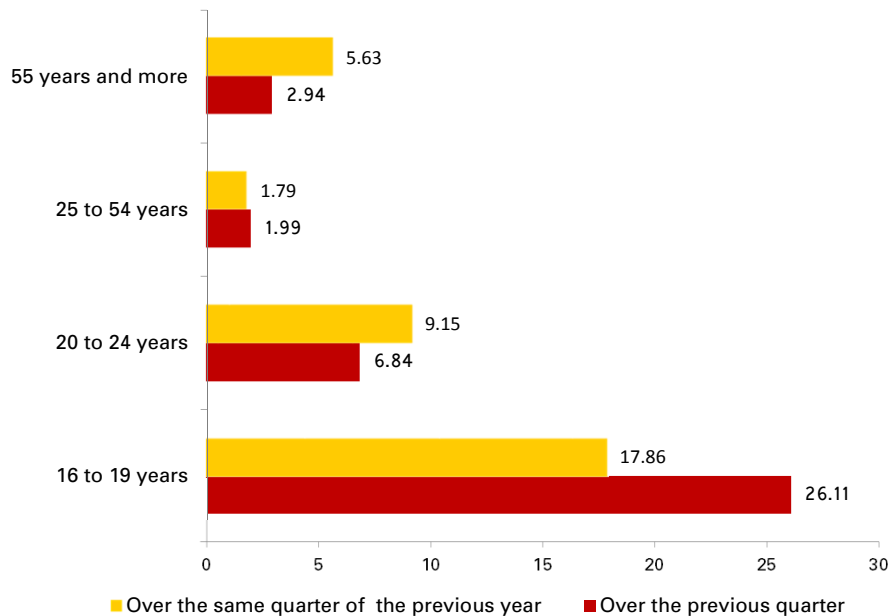
## Employment by age

APS Second Quarter 2018

Employment. Thousands

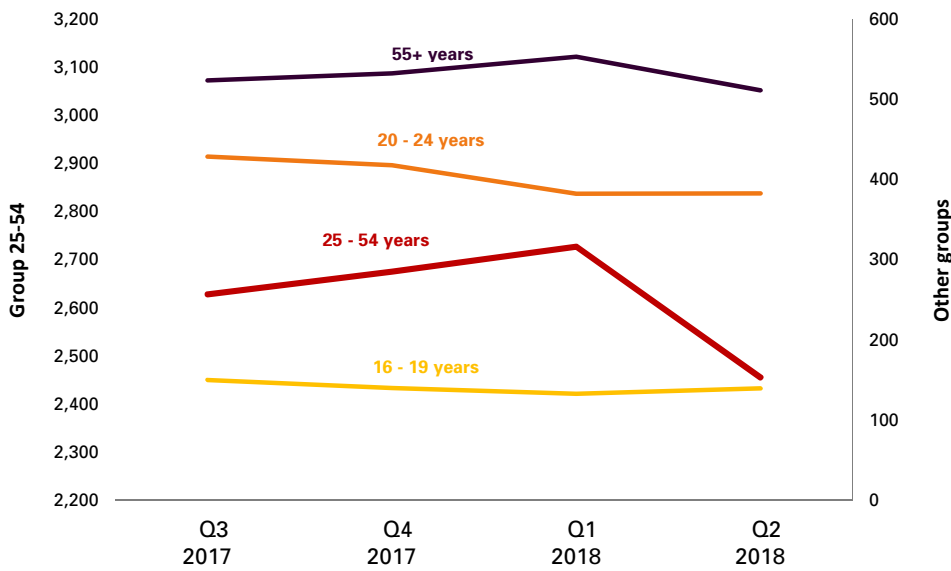


Variation of employment. Percentage

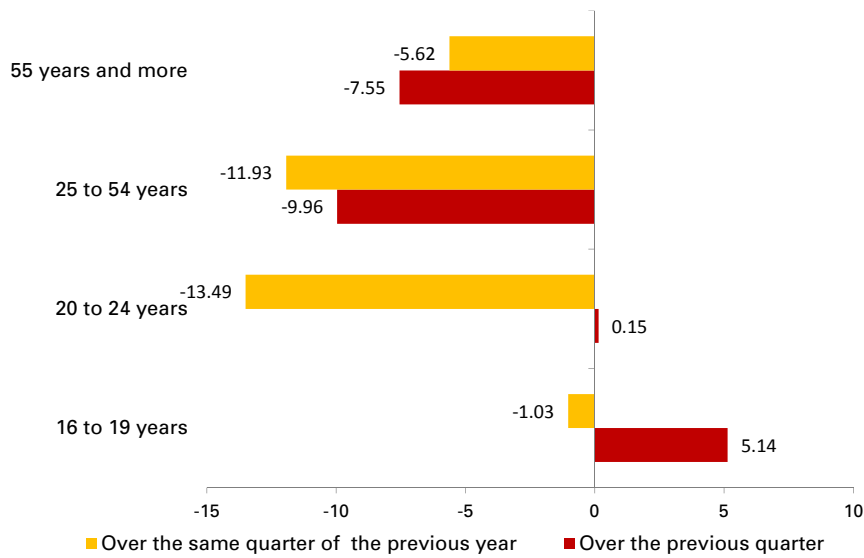


**Unemployment by age**  
 APS Second Quarter 2018

**Unemployment. Thousands**

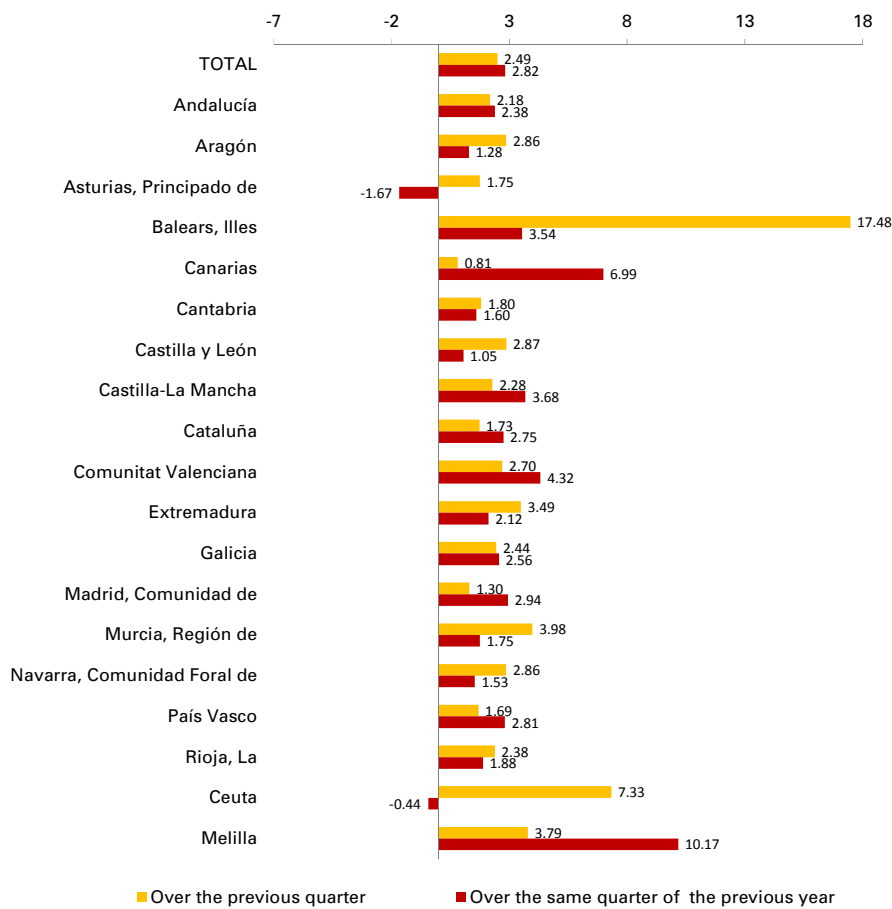


**Variation of employment. Percentage**



APS Second Quarter 2018

**Variation of employment. Percentage**



**Unemployment rate (Spain = 15,28)**

