

Press Release

24 October 2013

### **Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS)**

Third quarter of 2013

#### Main results

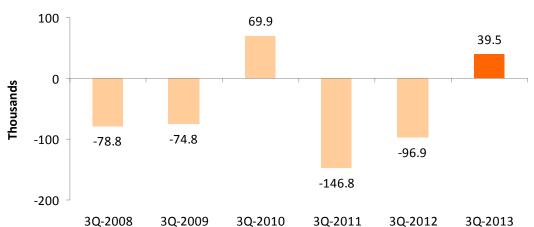
- Employment in the third quarter of 2013 registers an increase of 39,500 persons, reaching a total of 16,823,200 employed persons. The quarterly employment variation rate stands at 0.24% and the annual rate stands at -2.87%. Employment increases by 52,000 employed persons in the private employment and it decreases by 12,600 in the public employment.
- The number of self-employed workers increases by 15,200 and that of wage earners by 23,200. The number of employers increases by 20,300. The total number of wage earners with a permanent contract decreases by 146,300, and that of wage earners with a temporary contract increase by 169,500.
- Employment increases in Services (123,900 more). In turn, it decreases in Agriculture (55,000 less), in Industry (19,700) and in Construction (9,700).
- The Autonomous Communities with the greatest increases in employment, as compared with the previous quarter, are: Cataluña (52,300 more employed persons), Illes Balears (23,900) and Aragón (11,600). The greatest decreases are registered in Andalucía (52,300 less), Comunidad de Madrid (43,800) and País Vasco (17,700).
- Illes Balears registers the greatest increase in the interannual variation rate for employment (1.58%). In turn, the greatest decreases are registered in Comunidad de Madrid (-5.45%), Comunidad Foral de Navarra (-5.30%) and Cantabria (-5.18%).
- The number of unemployed persons decreases by 72,800 and reaches the figure of 5,904,700. The unemployment rate decreases 28 hundredths, standing at 25,98%.
- The greatest decreases in unemployment, as compared with the previous quarter, affect Cataluña (32,500 less unemployed persons), Illes Balears (25,100) and Comunitat Valenciana (22,600). The greatest increases are registered in Canarias (22,000 more unemployed persons) and Comunidad de Madrid (10,900).
- The number of economically active persons decreases by 33,300, indicating a total of 22,728,000 active persons and an activity rate of 59.59%.
- The greatest increase in the number of economically active persons is registered in Cataluña (19,700 more) and Canarias (17,900). The greatest decrease is registered in Andalucía (45,400 less employed persons), Comunidad de Madrid (32,900) and País Vasco (16,600).

#### Employment

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The number of employed persons increased by 39,500 persons in the third quarter of 2013, standing at 16,823,200. The quarterly variation rate of employment stood at 0.24%.

It was the first time that we observed a quarterly increase of the employment in the third quarter since 2010.

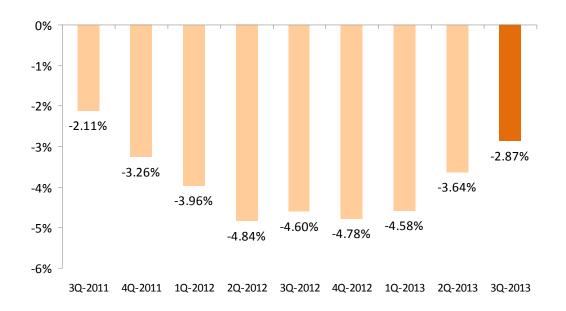


Quarter-on-quarter employment evolution, in thousands (variation of 3Q-2013 as compared with 2Q-2013)

The increase in employment was registered among both men (24,700 more) and women (14,800). By nationality, employment increased by 99,500 among the Spaniards, whereas it decreased by 60,000 among foreign nationals.

The increase in employment was registered, essentially, among the younger age group, below 29 years old (99,000 more employed persons). The employment also increased among the group aged over 55 years old (25,600 more). In turn, the number of employed persons decreased by 54,300 among the group aged 30 to 34 years old.

In the last 12 months, employment has dropped by 497,100 persons, (299,300 men and 197,800 women). The annual variation rate of employment was -2.87%, 77 hundredths higher, as compared with the previous quarter.



#### Total evolution of employed persons, as an annual rate

This quarter, the number of employed persons increased in *Services* by 123,900. In turn, it decreased in *Agriculture* by 55,000, in *Industry* by 19,700 and in *Construction* by 9,700.

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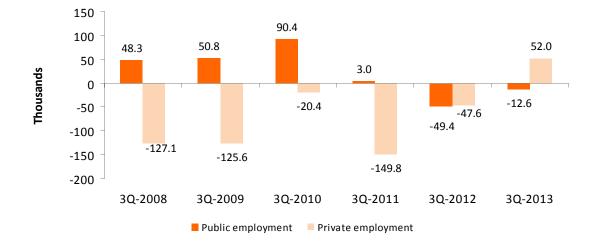
Full-time employment increased by 207,700 persons this quarter, whilst part-time employed persons decreased by 168,200. The percentage of persons working part time decreased more than one point, reaching 15.37%.

The total number of self-employed workers increased by 15,200 persons the third quarter of 2013. Employers increased by 20,300, whereas family assistance decreased by 14,700.

The number of wage earners increased by 23,200. Those with a permanent contract decreased by 146,300, and those with a temporary contract increased by 169,500. The temporary employment rate increased more than one point, reaching 24.31%.

The number of wage earners dropped by 485,500 over the last 12 months and the number of self-employed workers did so 12,800.

Private employment<sup>1</sup> increased by 52,000 persons this quarter, and stood at 13,992,600. This increase between the third and second quarter of the year was the first increase registered since 2007. In turn, public employment registered a decrease of 12,600 persons.

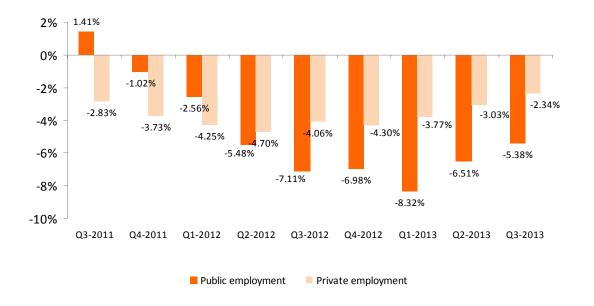


# Quarter-on-quarter employment evolution by nature of the employer, in thousands (variation of 3Q-2013, as compared with 2Q-2013)

Both public and private employment showed negative annual variations. Public employment registered a -5.38% rate, while employment decreased at a rate of 2.34% in the private sector.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Employment in the private sector includes: wage earners from the private sector, employers, independent workers and businesspersons without wage earners, members of a cooperative, family assistance and other professional situations. Employment in the public sector includes all the wage earners of public enterprises and of the National and Regional Administrations, including both workers contributing to the SS and those attached to an Insurance society.

Employment evolution by nature of the employer, as an annual rate



#### Unemployment and unemployment rate

Unemployment decreased by 72,800 persons this quarter, standing at 5,904,700. Over the last year, the total figure of unemployed persons increased by 126,700 persons.

Comparing the evolution of unemployment this quarter to the same period in previous five years, it is worth noting that the quarterly decrease of unemployment was the highest of this period. Regarding the EAPS historical series, this is the highest unemployment decrease in the third quarter since 2005.



#### Quarter-on-quarter unemployment evolution, in thousands (variation of 3Q-2013, as compared with 2Q-2013)

The unemployment rate decreases 28 hundredths, as compared with the second quarter, standing at 25,98%.

By sex, unemployment decreased by 68,700 among women and by 4,100 among men. The women unemployment rate decreased more than a half point, reaching 26.55%, whilst the men rate decreased eight hundredths, and stood at 25.50%. The composition of unemployment observed since the year 2008 remained practically unaltered, with relatively little distance between the male and female rates, and a greater number of unemployed men than unemployed women.

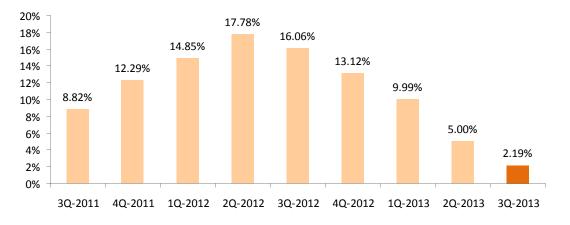
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By nationality, unemployment decreased by 94,200 among the Spaniards and increased by 21,400 among the foreign nationals. The unemployment rate for the foreign population was 36.82%, more than 12 points higher than that of persons with Spanish nationality (24.20%).

Unemployment decreased in *Services* (117,500 fewer unemployed persons), *Construction* (28,600) and *Industry* (28,400). In turn, it increased in *Agriculture* by 16,100 persons. Unemployment increased among those persons seeking their first job by 84,300. In turn, the number of unemployed persons who lost their job over a year ago remained practically unaltered.

The number of unemployed persons decreased in *Services* (89,000 less), in *Construction* (83,000) in *Industry* (57,400) and in *Agriculture* (10,200) in the last 12 months. In turn, the number of unemployed persons who lost their job over a year ago increased by 322,800 and by 43,500 among those persons seeking their first job.

Regarding the annual evolution, the rate of increase in unemployment (2.19%) was less than half the rate recorded the previous quarter.

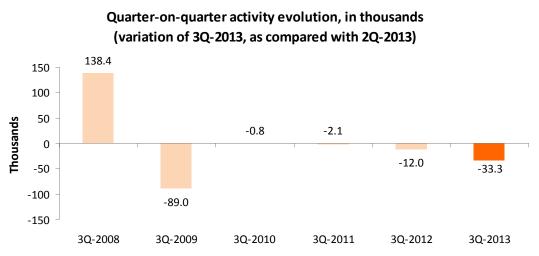


#### Total evolution of unemployed persons, as an annual rate

#### Economically active population and activity rate

The economically active population experienced a decrease of 33,300 persons in the third quarter of 2013, standing at 22,728,000 persons. In annual terms the number of economically active persons was reduced by 370,400.

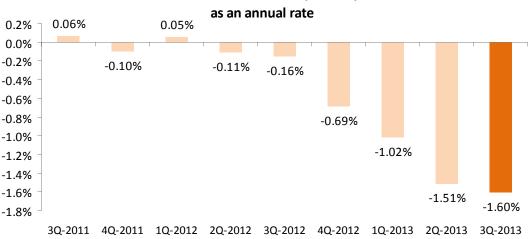
The decrease in the number of economically active persons in the third quarter of 2013 highlighted the downward trend observed since 2008.



The economic activity rate increased five hundredths, reaching 59.59%. The female activity rate decreased 19 hundredths (53.13%), while the male rate increased 31 hundredths and stood at 66.42%.

The activity rate of Spaniards increased four hundredths this quarter, reaching 57.75%. That of foreign nationals increased three tenths, standing at 73.98%. The distance between both rates is more than 16 points in favour of foreign nationals, this circumstance being explained mainly by the different age structures of the two population groups.

The annual variation rate of economically active persons this quarter stood at -1.60%, slightly below that registered the previous quarter.



#### Total evolution of economically active persons,

#### Mobility as related to economic activity

The percentage of employed persons who were unemployed in the previous quarter was now 5.71%, which was 34 hundredths more than that recorded in the second quarter of 2013.

The proportion of unemployed persons who were employed three months ago increased by 2.2 points, reaching 13.18%. The percentage of unemployed persons who were already

unemployed three months ago decreased 4.26 points, standing at 69.96%. The percentage of unemployed persons who were economically inactive three months ago increased more than two points, reaching 16.86%.

#### Households

In the third quarter, there were 17,391,900 households in Spain, experiencing a decrease of 48,800, as compared with the second quarter 2012.

The number of households in which all economically active members were unemployed, decreased by 13,400, standing at 1,807,700.

The number of households in which all of the economically active members were employed increased by 26,700, reaching 8,293,100.

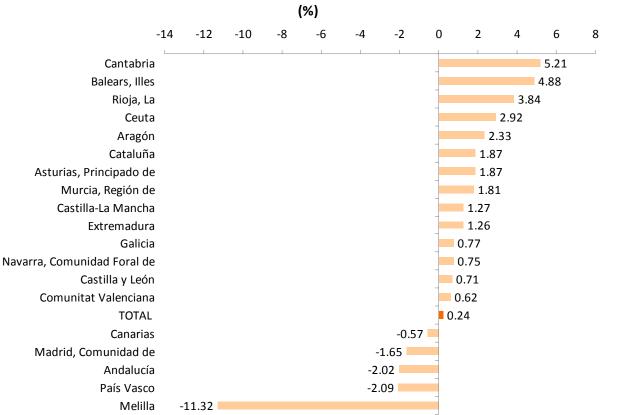
In an interannual comparison, the number of households in which all economically active persons were unemployed increased by 69.800, and the number of those in which all economically active members were employed decreased by 228,500.

#### **Results by Autonomous Community**

Most part of the Autonomous Communities registered increases in employment this quarter. Those registering the greatest increases were Cataluña (52,300 more employed persons), Illes Balears (23,900) and Aragón (11,600). In turn, the greatest decreases were registered in Andalucía (52,300 less), Comunidad de Madrid (43,800) and País Vasco (17,700).

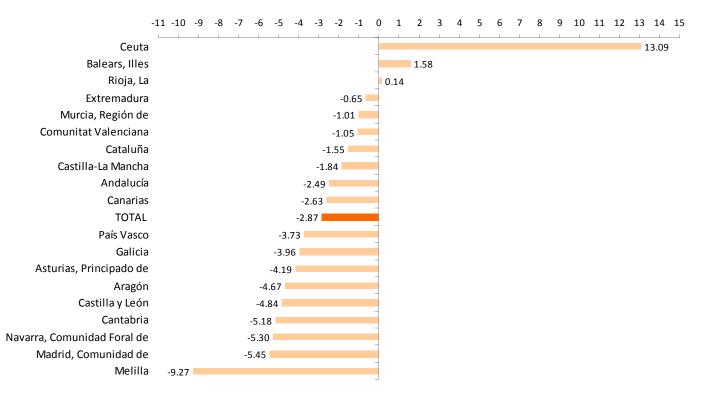
In relative terms, the Autonomous Communities with a favourable quarterly employment evolution were Cantabria (5.21% more), Illes Balears (4.88%) and La Rioja (3.84%). Conversely, those registering a greater decrease in employment were País Vasco (-2.09%), Andalucía (-2.02%) and Comunidad de Madrid (-1.65%).

#### Quarter-on-quarter employment variation rate by Autonomous Community



During the last year, Illes Balears registered an increase of 8,000 in the number of employed persons. In turn, the greatest decreases in employment were registered in Comunidad de Madrid (150,100 fewer employed persons), Andalucía (64,700) and Castilla y León (46,400).

Illes Balears (1.58%) and La Rioja (0.14%) are the only Autonomous Communities with a positive employment interannual variation rate. In turn, Comunidad de Madrid (-5.45%), Comunidad Foral de Navarra (-5.30%) and Cantabria (-5.18%) registered the greatest decreases.



#### Annual variation rate of employment by Autonomous Community (%)

The greatest decreases in the number of unemployed persons this quarter were registered in Cataluña (32,500 less unemployed persons), Illes Balears (25,100) and Comunitat Valenciana (22,600). In turn, the greatest increases in unemployment were registered in Canarias (22,000 unemployed persons more), Comunidad de Madrid (10,900) and Andalucía (6,900).

As for the annual variation rate, unemployment decreases in Illes Balears by 17,000 persons. The greatest increases of unemployment were registered in Comunidad de Madrid (25,400 unemployed persons more) and Andalucía (23,100).

País Vasco maintained the lowest unemployment rate in Spain (15.84%). At the other end of the spectrum, Andalucía registered a 36.37% rate.

The greatest increases of economically active persons in the third quarter were registered in Cataluña (19,700 more), Canarias (17,900) and Región de Murcia (11,900). In turn, the greatest decreases were registered in Andalucía (45,400 less), Comunidad de Madrid (32,900) and País Vasco (16,600).

In the last 12 months, the number of economically active persons decreased almost in all the Autonomous Communities. The greatest decreases were registered in Comunidad de Madrid (124,800 less), Cataluña (44,700) and Andalucía (41,700).



The economic activity rates this quarter ranged between the 67,25% recorded in Illes Balears, and the 52,62% registered in Principado de Asturias.

#### **Results by province**

The provincial results summary of the EAPS may be accessed via the following link:

http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/daco4211/epapro0313\_en.pdf

All of the provincial information from this survey may be accessed via the following link:

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#### Seasonally adjusted series

In order to contribute to a better interpretation of the EAPS results from a short-term point of view, in line with the rest of short-term statistics, it is available for the labour market analysts the quarterly evolution of the main seasonally adjusted variables.

http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/daco4211/epadesestacional0313\_en.pdf

For further information see INEbase-www.ine.es/en/

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## Methodological note

#### **General features**

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The Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) is a continuous sample-based study aimed at family dwellings, and which has been conducted since 1964.

The additional sample collected by the *Galician Statistics Institute* (IGE) has been incorporated as of the third quarter of 2009, using the same fieldwork system and identical methodology to that of the INE. Therefore, apart from the 3,588 census sections that have made up the sample for the whole of Spain since 2005, we must take into account the 234 additional sections in the Autonomous Community of Galicia. Since the third quarter of 2009, the EAPS sample is made up of 3,822 census sections from the more than 30,000 census sections into which Spain is divided. An average of 18 households are surveyed in each one, except in the provinces of Barcelona, Madrid, Sevilla, Valencia and Zaragoza, where the number of households surveyed is 22. Thus, the sample size is approximately 65,000 dwellings, providing information on some 180,000 persons. The data is collected via personal and telephone interviews. The information is carefully filtered and computer-processed. Results are obtained within the month following the end of the reference quarter for the data.

#### **Main definitions**

**(Economically) Active persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week (the week prior to that when the interview is held), supplied labour for the production of goods and services, or were available to do so and in conditions to incorporate themselves into said production. They are divided into employed and unemployed persons.

**Employed persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week, worked for at least one hour in exchange for payment (salary, wage, business benefit, etc.) in cash or in kind. Persons who, being employed, had been temporarily absent from their job due to illness, holidays, etc., are also considered employed persons.

Employed persons are classified, considering their professional status, as non-wage earners (employers, businesspersons without wage earners and independent workers, cooperative members, family assistance) and wage earners (public or private).

Considering the length of the working day, employed persons are classified as full-time and part-time employed persons. The usual working week may not be shorter than 30 hours in the first case, nor exceed 35 hours in the second.

Wage earners are classified as permanent and temporary. For the latter, the end of their contract or work relationship is set by means of objective conditions, such as the expiry of a certain period of time, the completion of a specific task, etc.

A significant category within employment is that of **time-related underemployment**, defined in the 16th International Labour Statisticians Conference (Geneva, 1998). The EAPS considers persons suffering time-related underemployment as employed persons who would like to work more hours, who are available to work more hours and whose effective working hours in the reference week are less than the number of hours usually worked by employed persons working full-time in the same branch of activity as that in which the underemployed person develops his/her main job.



**Unemployed persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over who, during the reference week, were jobless, available for work, and actively looking for a job. Persons who might have already found a job and are waiting to start are also considered to be unemployed, provided that they meet the first two conditions.

According to European Commission Regulation 1897/2000, the following are considered to be active search methods, in the four weeks prior to the interview:

-Being in contact with a public employment office for the purpose of finding work, whatever part they play in the initiative (the renewal of registration due to purely administrative reasons does not constitute active planning).

-Being in contact with a private office (temporary employment agency, specialised hiring agency, etc.) with the objective of finding work.

-Having sent an application directly to employers.

-Having searched via personal relations and trade unions, etc.

-Having advertised oneself or responded to newspaper advertisements.

-Having studied job vacancies.

-Having taken part in a test, public exam or interview in the framework of a contracting procedure.

-Having looked for land, premises or material.

-Having taken steps to obtain permits, licences or financial resources.

**(Economically) Inactive persons:** persons aged 16 years old and over not included in any of the above categories.

# Economically Active Population Survey Third Quarter 2013

National results			(Continues)	
	Current	Variation on	Variation on same	
	quarter	previous quartei	quarter, previous yea	
		Difference Percentage	Difference Percentage	

#### 1. Population aged 16 years and over by sex and labour status

BOTH SEXES					
Population aged 16 years and over	38,141.1	-85.2	-0.22	-279.2	-0.73
Active population	22,728.0	-33.3	-0.15	-370.4	-1.60
- Employed	16,823.2	39.5	0.24	-497.1	-2.87
- Unemployed	5,904.7	-72.8	-1.22	126.7	2.19
Inactive	15,413.1	-51.9	-0.34	91.2	0.60
Activity rate	59.59	0.05	-	-0.53	-
Unemployment rate	25.98	-0.28	-	0.97	-
Population aged 16 to 64 years	30,050.9	-118.4	-0.39	-406.3	-1.33
Activity rate (16-64)	75.14	0.20	-	-0.14	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	26.11	-0.30	-	0.94	-
Employment rate (16-64)	55.53	0.38	-	-0.81	-
MALES					
Population aged 16 years and over	18,529.4	-55.0	-0.30	-183.0	-0.98
Active population	12,307.9	20.5	0.17	-263.9	-2.10
- Employed	9,169.2	24.7	0.27	-299.3	-3.16
- Unemployed	3,138.7	-4.1	-0.13	35.4	1.14
Inactive	6,221.5	-75.6	-1.20	80.9	1.32
Activity rate	66.42	0.31	-	-0.76	-
Unemployment rate	25.50	-0.08	-	0.82	-
Population aged 16 to 64 years	15,044.5	-70.4	-0.47	-244.0	-1.60
Activity rate (16-64)	81.25	0.52	-	-0.36	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	25.63	-0.09	-	0.79	-
Employment rate (16-64)	60.43	0.46	-	-0.91	-
FEMALES					
Population aged 16 years and over	19,611.7	-30.2	-0.15	-96.2	-0.49
Active population	10,420.1	-53.9	-0.51	-106.5	-1.01
- Employed	7,654.0	14.8	0.19	-197.8	-2.52
- Unemployed	2,766.0	-68.7	-2.42	91.3	3.41
Inactive	9,191.6	23.7	0.26	10.3	0.11
Activity rate	53.13	-0.19	-	-0.28	-
Unemployment rate	26.55	-0.52	-	1.14	-
Population aged 16 to 64 years	15,006.4	-48.0	-0.32	-162.2	-1.07
Activity rate (16-64)	69.02	-0.11	-	0.12	-
Unemployment rate (16-64)	26.67	-0.55	-	1.11	-
Employment rate (16-64)	50.61	0.30	-	-0.68	-

#### 2. Spanish population<sup>(1)</sup> aged 16 years and over by labour status

SPANISH POPULATION AGED 16 YEARS AND OVER	33,815.4	-15.4	-0.05	-59.6	-0.18
Active population	19,527.8	5.2	0.03	-176.7	-0.90
- Employed	14,801.5	99.5	0.68	-307.4	-2.03
- Unemployed	4,726.3	-94.2	-1.96	130.6	2.84
Inactive	14,287.6	-20.6	-0.14	117.1	0.83
Activity rate	57.75	0.04	-	-0.42	-
Unemployment rate	24.20	-0.49	-	0.88	-

<sup>(1)</sup> including dual nationality

#### EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (1/7)

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#### National results

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#### 3. Foreign population aged 16 years and over by labour status

FOREIGN POPULATION AGED 16 YEARS AND OVER	4,325.7	-69.9	-1.59	-219.6	-4.83
Active population	3,200.2	-38.6	-1.19	-193.7	-5.71
- Employed	2,021.8	-60.0	-2.88	-189.7	-8.58
- Unemployed	1,178.4	21.4	1.85	-4.0	-0.34
Inactive	1,125.5	-31.3	-2.71	-25.9	-2.25
Activity rate	73.98	0.30	-	-0.69	-
Unemployment rate	36.82	1.10	-	1.98	-

#### 4. Employed by sex, age group and economic sector

BOTH SEXES	16,823.2	39.5	0.24	-497.1	-2.87
16 to 19 years	87.5	13.0	17.40	-6.3	-6.70
20 to 24 years	703.5	48.9	7.48	-86.0	-10.90
25 to 29 years	1,611.2	37.1	2.36	-110.5	-6.42
30 to 34 years	2,303.7	-54.3	-2.30	-174.4	-7.04
35 to 39 years	2,716.1	-12.1	-0.44	-83.0	-2.97
40 to 44 years	2,564.8	-4.1	-0.16	-9.0	-0.35
45 to 49 years	2,351.0	-4.2	-0.18	-22.2	-0.93
50 to 54 years	2,043.1	-10.5	-0.51	12.4	0.61
55 and over	2,442.4	25.6	1.06	-18.1	-0.74
MALES	9,169.2	24.7	0.27	-299.3	-3.16
16 to 19 years	50.0	-0.8	-1.66	-3.9	-7.20
20 to 24 years	374.3	32.8	9.60	-36.9	-8.98
25 to 29 years	811.9	3.2	0.40	-58.6	-6.74
30 to 34 years	1,219.7	-23.0	-1.85	-101.0	-7.65
35 to 39 years	1,491.5	-6.6	-0.44	-44.3	-2.89
40 to 44 years	1,405.6	-2.5	-0.18	-18.6	-1.31
45 to 49 years	1,286.8	4.3	0.33	-23.2	-1.77
50 to 54 years	1,135.1	-1.2	-0.10	7.1	0.63
55 and over	1,394.3	18.6	1.35	-19.8	-1.40
FEMALES	7,654.0	14.8	0.19	-197.8	-2.52
16 to 19 years	37.6	13.8	58.20	-2.4	-6.04
20 to 24 years	329.2	16.2	5.16	-49.1	-12.98
25 to 29 years	799.3	33.9	4.44	-51.9	-6.09
30 to 34 years	1,084.0	-31.4	-2.81	-73.4	-6.35
35 to 39 years	1,224.6	-5.4	-0.44	-38.7	-3.06
40 to 44 years	1,159.2	-1.5	-0.13	9.6	0.84
45 to 49 years	1,064.2	-8.5	-0.79	1.1	0.10
50 to 54 years	907.9	-9.3	-1.02	5.3	0.59
55 and over	1,048.1	7.0	0.67	1.7	0.17
TOTAL EMPLOYED	16,823.2	39.5	0.24	-497.1	-2.87
Agriculture	705.6	-55.0	-7.23	-14.7	-2.04
Industry	2,280.2	-19.7	-0.85	-161.7	-6.62
Construction	1,013.5	-9.7	-0.95	-123.2	-10.84
Services	12,823.8	123.9	0.98	-197.4	-1.52

#### EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (2/7)

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# National results (Continuation) Current quarter Variation on Variation on same quarter, previous quarter quarter, previous yea Difference Percentage Difference Percentage

#### 5. Employed by professional status, type of contract,

#### public / private sectors and working hours

public / private sectors a	na working no	uis			
TOTAL EMPLOYED	16,823.2	39.5	0.24	-497.1	-2.87
BY PROFESSIONAL STATUS					
Self-employed workers	3,064.6	15.2	0.50	-12.8	-0.42
- Employers	885.5	20.3	2.34	-48.4	-5.19
<ul> <li>Independent workers</li> </ul>	2,042.0	4.5	0.22	55.3	2.78
- Cooperatives members	25.3	5.2	25.56	1.1	4.71
- Family workers	111.8	-14.7	-11.63	-20.8	-15.68
Employees	13,747.7	23.2	0.17	-485.5	-3.41
- With a permanent job	10,405.2	-146.3	-1.39	-406.2	-3.76
- With a temporary job	3,342.5	169.5	5.34	-79.3	-2.32
Others	11.0	1.1	11.67	1.2	11.95
BY PUBLIC / PRIVATE SECTORS					
Employed by public sector	2,830.6	-12.6	-0.44	-161.1	-5.38
Employed by private sector	13,992.6	52.0	0.37	-336.0	-2.34
BY WORKING HOURS					
Full-time employed	14,237.2	207.7	1.48	-594.6	-4.01
Males	8,457.6	71.7	0.85	-372.5	-4.22
Females	5,779.7	136.0	2.41	-222.0	-3.70
Part-time employed	2,586.0	-168.2	-6.11	97.5	3.92
Males	711.6	-47.0	-6.20	73.2	11.47
Females	1,874.4	-121.2	-6.07	24.2	1.31

\*) Private employment are all persons in employment other than public employees. Namely: private employees, employers, independent workers, cooperative members, family workers and other professional status.

#### 6. Unemployed by sex, age group, and economic sector

BOTH SEXES	5,904.7	-72.8	-1.22	126.7	2.19
16 to 19 years	234.6	30.7	15.06	-7.0	-2.89
20 to 24 years	708.5	-20.9	-2.86	-20.1	-2.75
25 to 54 years	4,386.0	-90.9	-2.03	82.0	1.91
55 and over	575.5	8.2	1.45	71.7	14.22
MALES	3,138.7	-4.1	-0.13	35.4	1.14
16 to 19 years	125.7	13.7	12.19	-7.5	-5.65
20 to 24 years	375.1	-18.4	-4.67	-14.7	-3.78
25 to 54 years	2,300.1	-10.6	-0.46	9.0	0.39
55 and over	337.8	11.2	3.44	48.6	16.82
FEMALES	2,766.0	-68.7	-2.42	91.3	3.41
16 to 19 years	108.9	17.0	18.55	0.5	0.51
20 to 24 years	333.5	-2.5	-0.73	-5.3	-1.58
25 to 54 years	2,085.9	-80.3	-3.71	73.0	3.63
55 and over	237.7	-3.0	-1.25	23.0	10.72
TOTAL UNEMPLOYED	5,904.7	-72.8	-1.22	126.7	2.19
Agriculture	288.2	16.1	5.92	-10.2	-3.43
Industry	251.7	-28.4	-10.15	-57.4	-18.58
Construction	322.8	-28.6	-8.14	-83.0	-20.46
Services	1,548.4	-117.5	-7.06	-89.0	-5.44
Lost their job more than 1 year ago	2,898.9	1.3	0.05	322.8	12.53

EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (3/7)

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National results					(Conclusion)
	Current quarter	Variation on previous quarte		Variation on same quarter, previous yea	
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage

#### 7. Unemployment rate by relationship with the reference person

TOTAL	25.98	-0.28	-	0.97	-
Reference person	21.39	-0.43	-	1.00	-
Spouse or partner	21.64	-0.14	-	0.75	-
Child	42.88	-0.49	-	1.25	-
Other relatives	35.96	-1.43	-	2.49	-
Unrelated persons	22.66	-2.08	-	-2.50	-

#### 8. Household data

TOTAL HOUSEHOLDS	17,391.9	-48.8	-0.28	-79.8	-0.46
Households with at least one active mem	12,842.0	-60.9	-0.47	-162.9	-1.25
- All member employed	8,293.1	26.7	0.32	-228.5	-2.68
- All member unemployed	1,807.7	-13.4	-0.74	69.8	4.02
Households without any active populatio	n 4,550.0	12.0	0.27	83.2	1.86

# Mobility according to activity in current and previous quarter

Classification in previous quarter	Classification in current quarter					
	Total	Employed	Unemployed	Inactive		
BOTH SEXES						
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Employed	44.20	92.01	13.18	3.17		
Unemployed	15.01	5.71	69.96	5.12		
Inactive	40.78	2.28	16.86	91.71		
MALES						
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Employed	49.85	92.53	13.69	3.06		
Unemployed	16.22	5.82	73.18	4.47		
Inactive	33.93	1.65	13.13	92.47		
FEMALES						
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Employed	38.91	91.39	12.63	3.24		
Unemployed	13.89	5.58	66.41	5.55		
Inactive	47.21	3.04	20.96	91.21		

Grossing up factors of current quarter (forward analysis)

EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (4/7)

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Results by Autonomous Communities and Cities (Continues)										
	Current quarter	Variation on previous qua	rtei	Variation on same quarter, previous yea						
		Difference	Percentage	Difference	Percentage					
1. Population aged 16 years and over										
TOTAL	38,141.1	-85.2	-0.22	-279.2	-0.73					
Andalucía	6,797.6	-1.4	-0.02	-6.1	-0.09					
Aragón	1,095.3	-2.0	-0.18	-8.4	-0.76					
Asturias, Principado de	910.6	-1.9	-0.21	-9.6	-1.05					
Balears, Illes	922.4	5.4	0.59	12.2	1.34					
Canarias	1,792.4	4.1	0.23	15.9	0.90					
Cantabria	488.1	-0.5	-0.11	-3.8	-0.77					
Castilla y León	2,097.8	-4.7	-0.22	-21.7	-1.02					
Castilla-La Mancha	1,679.6	-3.8	-0.23	-18.1	-1.07					
Cataluña	5,916.6	-35.7	-0.60	-76.0	-1.27					
Comunitat Valenciana	4,148.3	-8.6	-0.21	-27.3	-0.65					
Extremadura	905.1	-0.2	-0.03	-2.2	-0.24					
Galicia	2,347.5	-3.8	-0.16	-16.5	-0.70					
Madrid, Comunidad de	5,199.8	-24.3	-0.47	-82.8	-1.57					
Murcia, Región de	1,189.4	1.0	0.08	-4.9	-0.41					
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	508.6	-1.0	-0.19	-4.1	-0.79					
País Vasco	1,767.3	-6.5	-0.36	-22.2	-1.24					
Rioja, La	255.5	-1.3	-0.51	-3.9	-1.49					
Ceuta	60.4	0.0	-0.02	-0.1	-0.18					
Melilla	58.7	0.0	-0.08	0.3	0.48					

#### 2. Active population

TOTAL	22,728.0	-33.3	-0.15	-370.4	-1.60
Andalucía	3,979.6	-45.4	-1.13	-41.7	-1.04
Aragón	641.6	3.1	0.49	-17.0	-2.59
Asturias, Principado de	479.1	7.4	1.58	-6.0	-1.23
Balears, Illes	620.4	-1.2	-0.19	-9.0	-1.43
Canarias	1,120.0	17.9	1.62	-4.5	-0.40
Cantabria	273.2	2.4	0.90	-3.6	-1.29
Castilla y León	1,154.9	3.4	0.30	-31.7	-2.67
Castilla-La Mancha	991.5	1.2	0.12	2.6	0.26
Cataluña	3,680.2	19.7	0.54	-44.7	-1.20
Comunitat Valenciana	2,479.1	-11.6	-0.46	-19.7	-0.79
Extremadura	512.4	2.9	0.57	1.1	0.21
Galicia	1,283.2	-3.4	-0.27	-28.4	-2.17
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,259.6	-32.9	-1.00	-124.8	-3.69
Murcia, Región de	742.8	11.9	1.62	-5.5	-0.74
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	304.3	1.9	0.64	-4.7	-1.51
País Vasco	985.1	-16.6	-1.65	-33.8	-3.32
Rioja, La	151.5	3.9	2.67	-0.8	-0.50
Ceuta	34.1	-0.6	-1.78	-0.7	-2.14
Melilla	35.4	2.5	7.48	2.4	7.20

\* Data below 5000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling error

EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (5/7)

# 

	Current	Variation on	same			
	quarter	previous qua	rtei	quarter, previous yea		
	Difference Percentage		Percentage	Difference	Percentage	
3. Employed						
TOTAL	16,823.2	39.5	0.24	-497.1	-2.87	
Andalucía	2,532.3	-52.3	-2.02	-64.7	-2.49	
Aragón	510.2	11.6	2.33	-25.0	-4.67	
Asturias, Principado de	363.3	6.7	1.87	-15.9	-4.19	
Balears, Illes	514.8	23.9	4.88	8.0	1.58	
Canarias	726.6	-4.1	-0.57	-19.7	-2.63	
Cantabria	221.2	11.0	5.21	-12.1	-5.18	
Castilla y León	913.1	6.5	0.71	-46.4	-4.84	
Castilla-La Mancha	699.2	8.8	1.27	-13.1	-1.84	
Cataluña	2,839.7	52.3	1.87	-44.8	-1.5	
Comunitat Valenciana	1,777.8	11.0	0.62	-18.9	-1.0	
Extremadura	342.1	4.3	1.26	-2.2	-0.6	
Galicia	1,006.2	7.7	0.77	-41.5	-3.9	
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,606.0	-43.8	-1.65	-150.1	-5.4	
Murcia, Región de	527.3	9.4	1.81	-5.4	-1.0	
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	248.8	1.9	0.75	-13.9	-5.3	
País Vasco	829.1	-17.7	-2.09	-32.1	-3.7	
Rioja, La	121.4	4.5	3.84	0.2	0.14	
Ceuta	23.3	0.7	2.92	2.7	13.0	
Melilla	20.8	-2.7	-11.32	-2.1	-9.27	

#### 4. Unemployed

TOTAL	5,904.7	-72.8	-1.22	126.7	2.19
Andalucía	1,447.3	6.9	0.48	23.1	1.62
Aragón	131.4	-8.5	-6.09	7.9	6.42
Asturias, Principado de	115.9	0.8	0.66	9.9	9.35
Balears, Illes	105.6	-25.1	-19.23	-17.0	-13.87
Canarias	393.4	22.0	5.93	15.2	4.02
Cantabria	52.0	-8.5	-14.08	8.5	19.56
Castilla y León	241.8	-3.1	-1.25	14.7	6.48
Castilla-La Mancha	292.3	-7.6	-2.54	15.7	5.68
Cataluña	840.5	-32.5	-3.72	0.1	0.01
Comunitat Valenciana	701.3	-22.6	-3.12	-0.8	-0.11
Extremadura	170.3	-1.3	-0.78	3.3	1.98
Galicia	277.1	-11.1	-3.85	13.1	4.95
Madrid, Comunidad de	653.6	10.9	1.70	25.4	4.04
Murcia, Región de	215.5	2.5	1.18	-0.1	-0.07
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	55.5	0.1	0.13	9.3	20.06
País Vasco	156.0	1.1	0.73	-1.7	-1.07
Rioja, La	30.0	-0.6	-1.84	-0.9	-3.00
Ceuta	10.9	-1.3	-10.53	-3.4	(:)
Melilla	14.6	5.1	54.08	4.5	(:)

\* Data below 5,000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling error

(:) The variation percentages calculated from low figures with high sampling errors are not significant

EAPS - (ANNEXE TO THE TABLES) Third Quarter 2013 (6/7)

#### **Results by Autonomous Communities and Cities**

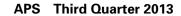
(Absolute figures in thousands and rates in percentage)

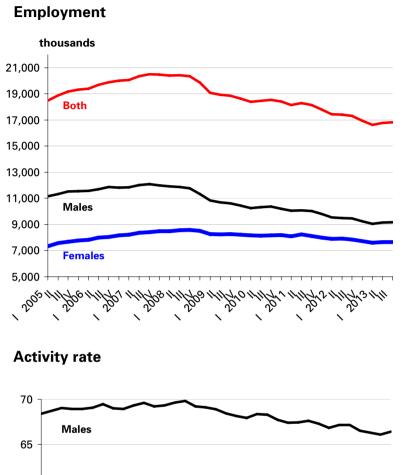
#### 5. Employed and unemployed by sex. Activity and unemployment rates

	Both sexes				Males	\$			Females			
	Employed	Unemployed	Activity	Unem.	Employed	Unemployed	Activity rate	Unem.	Employed	Unemployed	Activity rate	Unem.
			rate	rate				Rate				Rate
TOTAL	16,823.2	5,904.7	59.59	25.98	9,169.2	3,138.7	66.42	25.50	7,654.0	2,766.0	53.13	26.55
Andalucía	2,532.3	1,447.3	58.54	36.37	1,431.1	770.7	66.13	35.00	1,101.2	676.6	51.26	38.06
Aragón	510.2	131.4	58.58	20.48	282.4	67.7	65.03	19.33	227.8	63.7	52.34	21.86
Asturias, Principado de	363.3	115.9	52.62	24.18	192.4	59.4	58.54	23.58	170.9	56.5	47.32	24.84
Balears, Illes	514.8	105.6	67.25	17.02	276.6	58.8	73.27	17.53	238.2	46.8	61.32	16.41
Canarias	726.6	393.4	62.49	35.12	389.1	219.1	68.72	36.02	337.5	174.2	56.40	34.05
Cantabria	221.2	52.0	55.97	19.03	118.9	28.7	62.61	19.47	102.3	23.2	49.76	18.52
Castilla y León	913.1	241.8	55.05	20.94	519.6	119.6	62.03	18.71	393.5	122.3	48.32	23.71
Castilla-La Mancha	699.2	292.3	59.03	29.48	412.2	154.1	67.45	27.21	287.0	138.2	50.62	32.51
Cataluña	2,839.7	840.5	62.20	22.84	1,481.3	453.2	68.07	23.43	1,358.4	387.3	56.77	22.18
Comunitat Valenciana	1,777.8	701.3	59.76	28.29	980.8	379.0	66.79	27.87	797.0	322.3	52.99	28.79
Extremadura	342.1	170.3	56.61	33.24	194.3	90.2	63.73	31.71	147.7	80.1	49.68	35.14
Galicia	1,006.2	277.1	54.66	21.59	532.6	148.4	60.80	21.80	473.6	128.6	49.07	21.36
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,606.0	653.6	62.69	20.05	1,378.8	332.1	69.28	19.41	1,227.3	321.4	56.72	20.76
Murcia, Región de	527.3	215.5	62.45	29.01	303.2	120.7	71.22	28.47	224.2	94.8	53.67	29.72
Navarra, Comunidad Foral	248.8	55.5	59.83	18.23	138.8	29.3	67.36	17.43	110.0	26.2	52.57	19.22
País Vasco	829.1	156.0	55.74	15.84	444.4	78.3	62.18	14.98	384.8	77.7	49.90	16.81
Rioja, La	121.4	30.0	59.27	19.82	65.5	15.9	65.26	19.51	56.0	14.1	53.57	20.17
Ceuta	23.3	10.9	56.50	31.85	15.2	4.8	66.73	24.12	8.0	6.0	46.37	42.86
Melilla	20.8	14.6	60.32	41.20	12.2	8.7	72.03	41.65	8.6	5.9	48.89	40.55

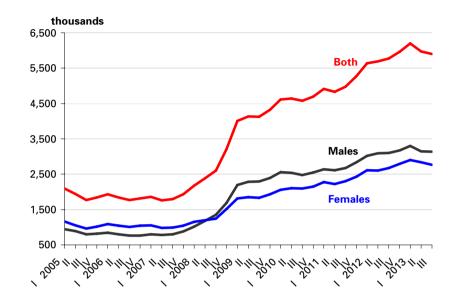
\* Data below 5,000 are subject to strong variations, due to sampling errors

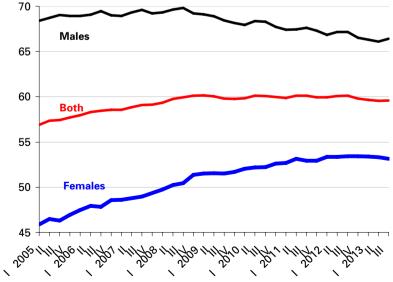
### Employed and unemployed by sex



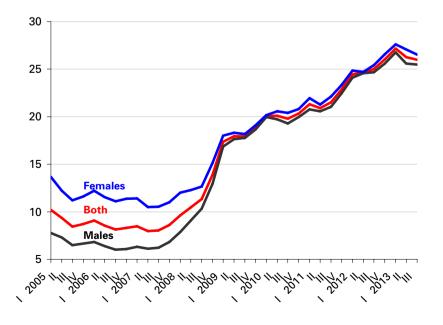


#### Unemployment



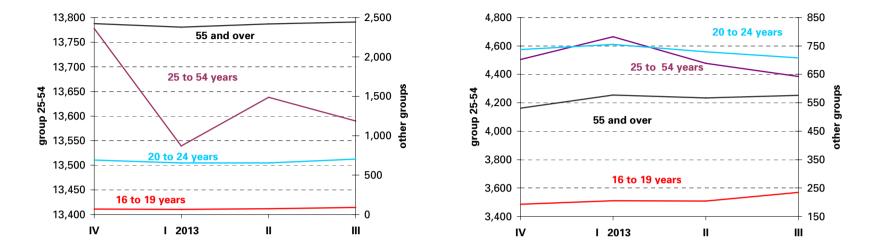


#### Unemployment rate



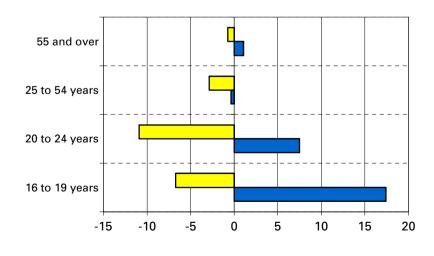
### Employed and Unemployed by age

#### **Employment (thousands)**



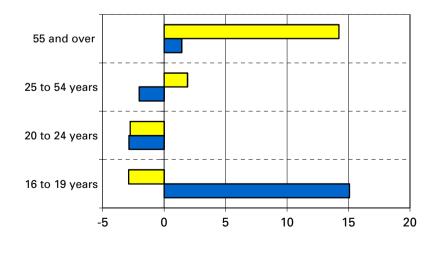
Variation percentages over the previous quarter and over the same quarter of the previous year

#### Employment



# Unemployment

**Unemployment (thousands)** 



previous quarter same quarter, previous year

previous quarter same quarter, previous year

## Employment variation percentages over the previous quarter and over the same quarter of the previous year Third Quarter 2013

