

1 August 2018

**Tourist expenditure survey**  
June 2018. *Provisional data*

**Total expenditure by international tourists visiting Spain in June increases by 4.5% as compared with the same month of 2017**

**Average daily expenditure stands at 152 euros, 6.2% more than in June 2017**

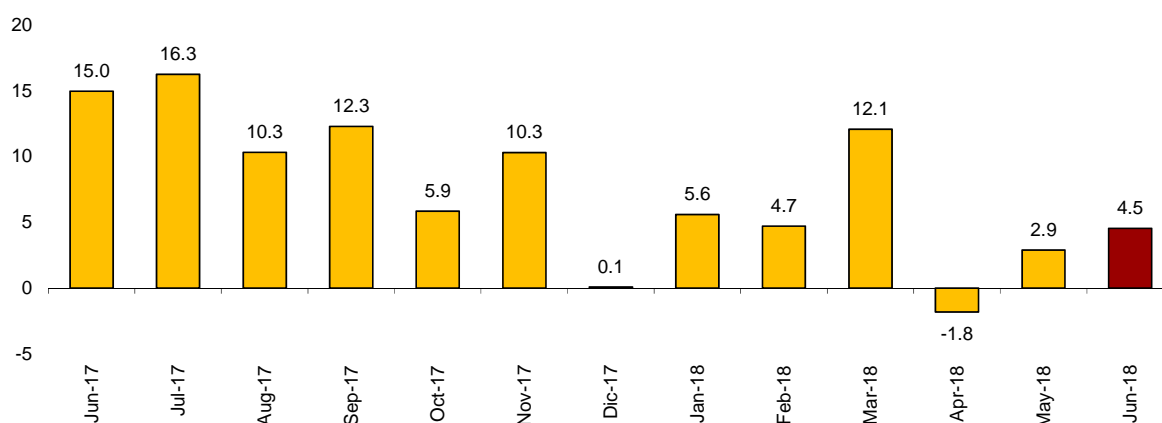
Total expenditure made by international tourists that visited Spain in June reached 9,395 million euros, representing an increase of 4.5% as compared to the same month of 2017.

The average expenditure per tourist stood at 1,100 euros, with an annual increase of 3.2%. In turn, the average daily expenditure increased by 6.2%, up to 152 euros.

The average stay by international tourists was 7.3 days, indicating a decrease of 0.2 days compared to the average registered in June 2017.

During the first half of 2018, total expenditure by international tourists increased by 4.2%, as compared with the same period of the previous year, reaching 38,944 million euros.

**Total annual expenditure rate from international tourist in %**



## Sending countries

The main sending countries in terms of expenditure in June were the United Kingdom (accounting for 21.6% of the total), Germany (13.1%) and France (6.5%).

Expenditure by tourists resident in the United Kingdom increased by 5.2% in the annual rate. The behaviour of the following sending countries was uneven. While expenditure of tourists from Germany fell by 12.3% compared to June 2017, that of tourists from France grew by 14.6%.

### International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	June 2018							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Germany	1,233	-12.3	1,013	2.4	144	16.2	7.0	-11.9
France	612	14.6	678	8.9	94	4.9	7.2	3.8
Italy	302	1.1	718	-1.9	133	15.7	5.4	-15.2
Nordic Countries	551	3.1	1,064	0.3	147	4.3	7.2	-3.8
United Kingdom	2,033	5.2	940	6.3	129	4.9	7.3	1.4
Rest of the world	4,663	8.9	1,405	0.3	187	2.1	7.5	-1.8

During the first six months of 2018, the United Kingdom was the country with the largest cumulative expenditure (19.8% of the total). It was followed by Germany (13.4%) and Nordic countries—Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden—(8.6%).

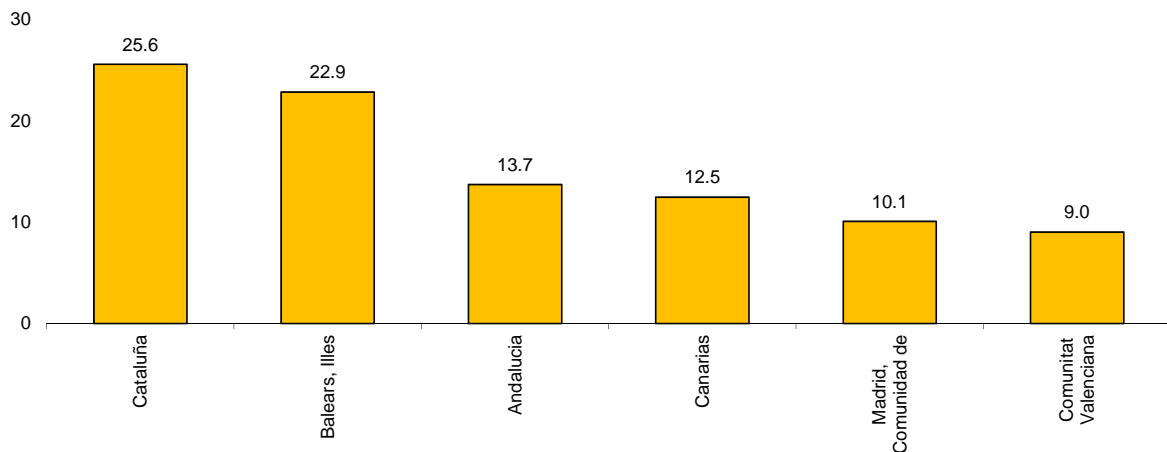
### International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

	Year 2018		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4.2</b>
Germany	5,208	13.4	-3.2
France	2,916	7.5	4.0
Italy	1,298	3.3	2.1
Nordic Countries	3,340	8.6	3.5
United Kingdom	7,693	19.8	1.2
Rest of the world	18,490	47.5	8.2

## Main destination Autonomous Communities

The main destination Autonomous Communities with the largest weight of total tourist expenditure in June were Cataluña (with 25.6% of the total), Illes Balears (22.9%) and Andalucía (13.7%).

Total expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination in %



The annual rate of tourist expenditure rose by 13.6% in Cataluña, and by 0.7% in Illes Balears. In turn, it fell by 2.8% in Andalucía.

The remaining main destination Autonomous Communities of tourists presented positive annual variation rates.

International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	June 2018							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Cataluña	2,402	13.6	1,149	10.2	198	4.6	5.8	5.3
Balears, Illes	2,147	0.7	1,012	-0.3	155	6.8	6.6	-6.6
Andalucía	1,288	-2.8	1,102	-3.1	124	5.1	8.9	-7.8
Canarias	1,171	5.2	1,169	8.7	146	9.5	8.0	-0.8
Madrid, Comunidad de	946	4.5	1,571	3.2	239	14.2	6.6	-9.7
Comunitat Valenciana	847	8.6	939	5.2	92	-6.2	10.2	12.1
Rest of ACs	593	-4.0	906	-6.8	137	14.2	6.6	-18.4

During the first six months of 2018, the main destination Autonomous Communities with the highest cumulative expenditure were Cataluña (with 22.9% of the total), Canarias (20.8%) and Andalucía (14.7%).

### International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Year 2018		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4.2</b>
Cataluña	8,938	22.9	8.5
Canarias	8,114	20.8	2.6
Andalucía	5,707	14.7	1.2
Baleares, Illes	5,310	13.6	2.0
Madrid, Comunidad de	4,399	11.3	3.2
Comunitat Valenciana	3,784	9.7	7.4
Rest of ACs	2,692	6.9	3.6

### Items of expenditure

*Expenditure on tourism packages* was the main item, representing 22.8% of the total expenditure and an increase of 3.3% with respect to June 2017.

The following items were *Expenditure on international transport* (not included in the tourist package) and *Expenditure on activities*, which accounted for 20.1% and 18.5% of the total, respectively. The former rose by 5.7% in the annual rate and the latter by 8.4%.

### International tourist expenditure by expenditure categories

	June 2018		
	Total (millions of euros)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>4.5</b>
Expenditure on tourist package	2,142	22.8	3.3
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	7,252	77.2	4.9
- Expenditure on international transport	1,885	20.1	5.7
- Expenditure on accommodation	1,323	14.1	8.3
- Expenditure on food and drinks	1,379	14.7	1.5
- Expenditure on activities	1,735	18.5	8.4
- Other expenditure	930	9.9	-2.1

### Main type of accommodation, method of organisation and main reason for the trip

Of the total tourist expenditure in June, 65.5% was made by tourists staying at hotels, with an annual rise of 5.2%. In turn, expenditure of those that stayed at non-market accommodation increased by 14.9%.

Expenditure by tourists not travelling with a tourist package (which represented 66.8% of the total) increased by 6.0% in the annual rate. In turn, expenditure by those who hire a tourist package grew by 1.8%.

Regarding the reasons for travel, tourists visiting Spain for leisure in June generated 86.2% of total expenditure (with a disbursement 6.6% larger than in June 2017).

## International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation, type of organization and main purpose of the trip

	June 2018							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL (*)</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Rented accommodation	8,144	7.4	1,135	4.2	174	8.1	6.5	-3.6
- Hotel accommodation	6,153	5.2	1,069	3.5	195	8.6	5.5	-4.7
- Rest rented accommodation	1,991	14.9	1,402	5.1	130	9.6	10.8	-4.1
Non rented accommodation	1,250	-11.0	918	-4.1	83	-6.9	11.0	3.1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Without tourist package	6,272	6.0	1,106	4.6	147	6.2	7.5	-1.5
With tourist package	3,122	1.8	1,087	0.4	162	6.4	6.7	-5.6
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.5</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.2</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.8</b>
Leisure	8,100	6.6	1,081	5.3	153	6.4	7.1	-1.0
Work	531	-20.6	1,074	-19.4	238	19.8	4.5	-32.7
Other motives	764	5.6	1,379	0.7	116	4.8	11.9	-3.9

(\*): It is distinguished two main groups of accommodation, depending on whether there was a monetary transaction or not: rented accommodation (payment accommodation; hotels, renting accommodation, camping site, rural accommodation and other rented accommodation) or non rented accommodation (own dwelling, family or friends dwellings and other non rented accommodation)

## Stopovers on trips and overnight stays by Autonomous Communities

Stopovers<sup>1</sup> on trips by international tourists in June increased by 1.0% in the annual rate. A total of 24.6% were carried out in Cataluña (with an increase of 6.8%).

On the other hand, the total number of overnight stays by international tourists in all types of accommodation (hotels, holiday dwellings, own homes, homes of relatives or friends, rented dwelling, etc.) reached 61.9 million, representing a decrease of 1.6%.

Illes Balears was the Autonomous Community with the most overnight stays (13.9 million, 6.1% less than in June 2017). It was followed by Cataluña (with 12.3 million overnight stays and an increase of 10.7%) and Andalucía (with 10.4 million, 7.7% less).

## Stages and overnight stays by Autonomous Community of destination

	June 2018					
	Number of stages	Percentage	Annual variation	Number of overnight stays	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>10,008,831</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>61,889,363</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-1.6</b>
Cataluña	2,458,267	24.6	6.8	12,279,642	19.8	10.7
Balears, Illes	2,234,829	22.3	-1.3	13,928,000	22.5	-6.1
Andalucía	1,604,626	16.0	0.0	10,446,484	16.9	-7.7
Canarias	1,006,666	10.1	-4.2	8,003,478	12.9	-4.0
Comunitat Valenciana	1,005,323	10.0	2.7	9,183,267	14.8	16.0
Madrid, Comunidad de	701,541	7.0	-2.3	3,665,778	5.9	-11.8
Rest of ACs	997,579	10.0	0.8	4,382,714	7.1	-15.9

## Reviews and data updates

Coinciding with today's publication, the INE has updated the data from the Tourist Expenditure Survey for the month of June 2017, which are now definitive. The results are available at INEBase.

<sup>1</sup> A stopover refers to each overnight stay made during the trip. A trip may have as many stopovers as intermediate destinations where the traveller has stayed at least one night.

## Methodological note

The main objective of the Tourist Expenditure Survey (EGATUR) is to obtain monthly information on the tourist expenditure made by non-residents in Spain in their trips to our country.

For the preparation of EGATUR the international definitions and recommendations of the UNWTO and EUROSTAT in this field are followed.

**Type of operation:** continuous monthly statistics.

**Population scope:** this refers to non-residents of Spain who enter our country, whether or not they have stayed overnight, as well as those who pass through our country in transit.

**Geographical scope:** the entire national territory. The sample is collected at the main access points for non-resident travellers (road, airport, port and rail).

**Reference period of the results:** the month.

**Sample size:** The theoretical annual sample size of EGATUR exceeds 127,000 surveys, which are distributed throughout the year according to the seasonality of the flow of passengers and to the sample design, which is defined for each access road independently, setting a fraction of the sub-sampling from the FRONTUR sample.

**Type of sampling:** Single-stage, where the estimates of the FRONTUR survey are used as the target population to which the EGATUR data are elevated.

**Collection method:** personal interviews when the traveller leaves Spain.

A more complete tabulation plan with the main series of aggregates, as well as the microdata file for the reference month, is available on the INE website.

For more information you can access the methodology at:

[http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur\\_egatur\\_metodologia.pdf](http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur_egatur_metodologia.pdf)

And the standardized methodological report in:

<http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=16029>

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For further information see **INEbase:** [www.ine.es/en/](http://www.ine.es/en/) Twitter: [@es\\_ine](https://twitter.com/es_ine)

All press releases at: [www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa\\_en.htm](http://www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa_en.htm)

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## Tourist Expenditure Survey

### Egatur

June 2018

Provisional data

### 1. International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.19</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.83</b>
Germany	1,233	-12.25	1,013	2.35	144	16.16	7.0	-11.88
France	612	14.63	678	8.86	94	4.87	7.2	3.80
Italy	302	1.13	718	-1.92	133	15.70	5.4	-15.23
Nordic countries	551	3.13	1,064	0.29	147	4.29	7.2	-3.84
United Kingdom	2,033	5.24	940	6.34	129	4.93	7.3	1.35
Rest of the world	4,663	8.86	1,405	0.27	187	2.08	7.5	-1.77

### 2. International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.19</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.83</b>
Andalucía	1,288	-2.76	1,102	-3.09	124	5.06	8.9	-7.76
Balears, Illes	2,147	0.68	1,012	-0.27	155	6.82	6.6	-6.63
Canarias	1,171	5.20	1,169	8.69	146	9.54	8.0	-0.77
Cataluña	2,402	13.64	1,149	10.16	198	4.62	5.8	5.30
Comunitat Valenciana	847	8.57	939	5.20	92	-6.15	10.2	12.10
Madrid, Comunidad de	946	4.47	1,571	3.21	239	14.24	6.6	-9.65
Rest of ACs	593	-4.00	906	-6.84	137	14.19	6.6	-18.42

### 3. International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.19</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.83</b>
Rented accommodation	8,144	7.39	1,135	4.18	174	8.09	6.5	-3.62
- Hotel accommodation	6,153	5.17	1,069	3.45	195	8.55	5.5	-4.69
- Rest rented accommodation	1,991	14.88	1,402	5.11	130	9.55	10.8	-4.05
Non-rented accommodation	1,250	-10.96	918	-4.05	83	-6.92	11.0	3.09

### 4. International tourist expenditure by type of organization

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.53</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>3.19</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>6.19</b>	<b>7.3</b>	<b>-2.83</b>
Without tourist package	6,272	5.95	1,106	4.63	147	6.24	7.5	-1.51
With tourist package	3,122	1.77	1,087	0.41	162	6.37	6.7	-5.60

## Tourist Expenditure Survey

### Egatur

June 2018

Provisional data

### 5. International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>-1.91</b>
Germany	5,208	-3.15	1,010	2.71	130	6.46	7.8	-3.52
France	2,916	3.96	605	2.49	94	2.38	6.4	0.11
Italy	1,298	2.08	691	0.69	122	4.73	5.7	-3.86
Nordic countries	3,340	3.51	1,187	0.19	141	1.60	8.4	-1.39
United Kingdom	7,693	1.16	913	3.23	121	3.52	7.6	-0.28
Rest of the world	18,490	8.19	1,319	0.78	186	3.34	7.1	-2.47

### 6. International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>-1.91</b>
Andalucía	5,707	1.23	1,074	-0.73	114	1.42	9.4	-2.12
Balears, Illes	5,310	2.03	977	1.64	153	6.69	6.4	-4.73
Canarias	8,114	2.60	1,194	4.85	142	5.96	8.4	-1.04
Cataluña	8,938	8.49	1,037	9.41	195	8.69	5.3	0.67
Comunitat Valenciana	3,784	7.39	923	2.14	98	-0.97	9.4	3.14
Madrid, Comunidad de	4,399	3.21	1,269	-1.43	235	6.54	5.4	-7.48
Rest of ACs	2,692	3.55	796	-8.76	118	-0.41	6.8	-8.38

### 7. International tourist cumulated expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>-1.91</b>
Rented accommodation	32,021	5.33	1,089	2.79	172	5.36	6.3	-2.44
- Hotel accommodation	24,464	5.15	1,039	2.94	197	6.08	5.3	-2.96
- Rest rented accommodation	7,557	5.91	1,291	2.07	123	4.12	10.5	-1.97
Non-rented accommodation	6,923	-0.72	897	-0.10	84	-0.36	10.7	0.26

### 8. International tourist cumulated expenditure by type of organization

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>38,944</b>	<b>4.20</b>	<b>1,049</b>	<b>2.35</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>4.34</b>	<b>7.2</b>	<b>-1.91</b>
Without tourist package	26,904	4.11	1,033	2.27	138	4.19	7.5	-1.84
With tourist package	12,040	4.40	1,087	2.53	164	4.70	6.7	-2.08



**Tourist Expenditure Survey**

**Egatur**

**June 2018**

Provisional data

**9. International tourist expenditure by categories**

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	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,395</b>	<b>4.53</b>
Expenditure on tourist package	2,142	3.33
Expenditure excluded on tourist package		
- Expenditure on international transport	1,885	5.66
- Expenditure on accommodation	1,323	8.27
- Expenditure on food and drinks	1,379	1.54
- Expenditure on activities	1,735	8.39
- Other expenditure	930	-2.05

**EGATUR (TABLE ANNEX)**

**June 2018**

**(3/3)**

1 August 2018