

Statistics on R&D Activities 2010



Identification of the organization	ganisation or centre			
Amendments to the ident	ification particulars (Con	nplete only those se	ctions subject to variatior	1)
Name of the organisation or centre			NIF	
Registered address (street, square, avenue, etc.)				
Postal code Municipality				
Province	Provincial code Telephone	Fax	E-mail	
Details of the person to be contact queries, clarifications or modifications		aire.	SIGNATURE	OR SEAL
Mr./Ms.:				
Post held:				
Telephone	Fax:			
E-mail:				
Website:				

Nature, characteristics and purpose

These statistics are within the framework of the General plan for statistics on science and technology promoted by the Statistics Office of the European Union (Eurostat). They have the main objective of ascertaining the resources that research organisations and centres spend on R&D, for the purpose of estimating the national effort in research.

They are conducted following recommendations of the OECD (Frascati Manual).

Statistical Legislation of compulsory compliance

Statistical Secrecy

The personal information obtained by the statistical services, both directly from the informants and from administrative sources, shall be subject to protection, and covered by **statistical secrecy** (article 13.1 of the Law on Public Statistical Services, of 9 May 1989, (LFEP)). All statistical staff will be obliged to maintain statistical secrecy (article 17.1 of the LFEP).

Obligation to provide data

Laws 4/1990 and 13/1996 establish the obligation to provide the data that is requested for the compilation of these Statistics.

The statistical services may request data from all individuals and companies, regardless of whether they are Spanish or foreign, resident in Spain (Article 10.1 of the LFEP).

All individuals and companies that provide data, regardless of whether their collaboration is compulsory or voluntary, must respond in a true, exact and comprehensive manner within the stipulated deadline to the questions outlined in due form by the statistical services (art. 10.2 of the LFEP).

In order to monitor compliance with these regulations, the LFEP (art. 48) grants the INE sanctioning capacity.

Failure to comply with the obligations envisaged in this Law, as related to statistics for state purposes, shall be sanctioned in accordance with the terms established in the regulations contained in this Heading (art. 48.1 of the LFEP).

Very serious infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 3,005.07 to 30,050.61 euros. Serious infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 300.52 to 3,005.06 euros. Minor infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 60.10 to 300.51 euros (art. 51.1, 51.2 and 51.3 of the LFEP).

General considerations

For the purposes of these statistics, the following are regarded as R&D activities: the group of creative activities undertaken systematically, in order to increase the flow of scientific and technical knowledge and use them to introduce new applications. This activity comprises basic research, applied research and experimental development. The latter leads to new devices, products, materials, processes, services or systems.

The following are not included as R&D activities: education, scientific and technical information, collection of data of a general nature, routine trials, everyday standardisation work or other technological activities relating to production or use of known products or processes. Mineral exploration is not included either, when it is aimed at discovering exploitable reserves and not essentially an increase in basic geological knowledge.

The criterion distinguishing R&D from other activities is the presence or lack of a notable degree of creativity or innovation.

General instructions

Information unit: The information that is requested in this questionnaire refers to the unit, organisation or centre whose identification data appears on the front cover. The data requested refers to all of the units dependent on this.

Reference period: Data must refer to the target year of the statistics.

Form of recording the data: Write down the data clearly. Please do not write in the shaded areas. The financial data is requested in euros with no decimals.

Consignment term: This questionnaire, duly completed with the required information, must be returned within a term not exceeding 15 days from

Please carefully read the annex before completing this questionnaire.

1.	General	data f	for the	organisation	or centre
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1.1 List of centres whose research data is included in this questionnaire	
Please enter the name, Tax Identification Number (NIF) and full address	
1	
23	
4	
5	
6	
8	
9	
1.2 Type of Administration on which it depends	
Please mark where appropriate with an 'X':	
State Administration	5
Autonomous Administration	6
Local Administration (Regional Council, Municipal Council and the like)	7
PNPI* mainly controlled and/or financed by the Administration	8
(*) PNPI: Private Non-Profit Institutions.	
1.3 Institution type	
Please mark where appropriate with an 'X':	
Administrative service (of a ministry, department, regional council, municipal council, etc.)	1
Administrative autonomous organisation	2
Trade, industrial, financial or similar autonomous organisation	3
Other public law entity Specify:	4
1.4 Administrative unit immediately above, to which it responds	
Please write the full name of the administrative unit immediately above	
1.5 Functional dependency of health establishments	
Only answer this question where the research body or centre identified on the cover of the questionnal (hospital, clinic, sanatorium, hospital complex, etc.). Please mark the dependency of the centre with an	
National Health Management Institute	1
Health Service of the Autonomous Community	2
Regional or Municipal Council (including Insular Council, Inter-island Council and the like)	3
Other State Administration and Social Security units	4
Other Autonomous Administration units	5
Another entity (Please specify: other jointly-managed public bodies, private charitable, private non-cl	6

2. Staff employed in internal R&D activities in 2010

									1
21	Staff	amnia	ni haı	internal	R&D	according	too	occupation	
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The full-time equivalent (FTE) is the sum of the staff that works full-time and the fractions of time that the part-time staff works on R&D activities. (See annex at the end of the questionnaire).

Occupation	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Women on FTE * (1 decimal)
Researchers (including interns in research)				
2. Technicians			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
3. Assistants				<u> </u>
TOTAL STAFF (1+2+3)				

Out of the researchers from point 1, please indicate the interns in research

2.2 Staff employed in internal R&D, according to qualification

	Staff in R&D			Researchers (including interns)			
Qualification	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	
University doctorate-holders			·				
2. University graduates, architects, engineers and the like							
3. Diploma students, technical architects and							
engineers and the like			<u> </u>		-		
4. Advanced training cycles (Specific							
Vocational Training)	-						
5. Intermediate training cycles, Post-Secondary qualification							
and the like							
6. Other studies			<u> </u>				
TOTAL (1+2+3+4+5+6)							

2.3 Distribution of staff in internal R&D, by Autonomous Community in which the organisation or centre carries out R&D activities

	Staff in R&D			Researchers (including interns)				
Autonomous Community	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Women on FTE* (1 decimal)	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Women on FTE* (1 decimal)
1. Andalucía		_						
2. Aragón			<u> </u>					
3. Asturias (Principado de)								
4. Balears (Illes)			. <u> </u>					
5. Canarias								
6. Cantabria								
. Castilla y León								
3. Castilla-La Mancha								
). Cataluña								
I0. Comunitat Valenciana			<u> </u>					
2. Galicia								
3. Madrid (Comunidad de)								
4. Murcia (Región de)								
5.Navarra(Comunidad Foral de)								
6. País Vasco		_						
7. Rioja (La)								
8. Ceuta					<u>-</u>			
I9. Melilla					= -			

TOTAL			,			,	
(*) FTE: Full-time equivalent.							
2.4 Researchers, by sex and age	aroup (includ	ina interns i	in researc	h)			
2.4 Hoodardhold, by dox and ago	All ages	Under	25 to 34	35 to 44	45 to 54	55 to 64	65 years old
		25 years of age	years old	years old	years old	years old	or over
Total researchers			-	<u> </u>			
Of them, women				-			
2.5 Researchers, by nationality a	nd sex (inclu	dina interns	in resear	ch)			-
2,0 1,00001011010, 27 1,01101101111, 0	na cox (mora	anig micorno	mroodar	Total rese	archers	Of them	ı, women
Spain							•
Rest of the EU ¹							
Other European countries							
North America						<u> </u>	
Central America							
South America							
Asia							
Africa							
Oceania							
TOTAL							
¹ Rest of the European Union: Germany, Austri							
Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, No					e Czech Repub	lic, Romania ar	nd Sweden.
2.6 Staff dedicated to internal R8	&D activities,	-		iscipline			
		Sta Tot	ff in R&D	Women	<u>Researc</u> Total	hers (includir	Momen
Exact and natural sciences		100	.aı	women	Total		vvoirieii
Engineering and technology Medical seigness							
5. Social sciences							
0.11							
6. Humanities							
6. Humanities TOTAL							
6. Humanities							
6. Humanities TOTAL	tivities in 2	010					
6. Humanities TOTAL 3. Expenditure on R&D act	tivities in 2 activities in 2 be those corre	010 2010 esponding to	the total ;	paid to the	researchers	on FTE an	d the total
6. Humanities TOTAL 3. Expenditure on R&D act 3.1 Expenditure on internal R&D Expenditure on remunerations shall	tivities in 2 activities in 2 be those correcified in 2.1. For	010 2010 esponding to	the total ;	paid to the	researchers	on FTE an	d the total culated as a
6. Humanities TOTAL 3. Expenditure on R&D act 3.1 Expenditure on internal R&D Expenditure on remunerations shall technicians and assistants on FTE spe	tivities in 2 activities in 2 be those correcified in 2.1. For	010 2010 esponding to	the total ;	paid to the	researchers expenditure	on FTE an	d the total culated as a
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6. Humanities TOTAL 3. Expenditure on R&D act 3.1 Expenditure on internal R&D Expenditure on remunerations shall technicians and assistants on FTE spe percentage of the part that correspondent of the part that cor	activities in 2 be those correcified in 2.1. For les to R&D. E (including the sistants or amortization	010 2010 esponding to r the rest of the remuneration	the total page parts of to	paid to the	researchers expenditure Am dec 1 2 3 A 4	on FTE an shall be cald nount (eu imals)	d the total culated as a uros without

B Total capital expenditure on R&D		В		
C. Total internal expenditure on R&D		С		
3.2 Financing of internal R&D expenditure in 2010				
Breakdown of the total internal expenditure on R&D from question 3.1, according to the for R&D. In section B. Public financing should differentiate between the origin of funds, including within it the budgetary resources of the organisation, subsidies, loans, contadministration on which it depends.	by type of	Financing A	dministr	ation,
Source of the funds		Amount decimals)	(euros	without
A. Financed by the actual organisation or centre				
- (This includes inheritance income, refundable loans and income from sales or provision of services)	1			
B. Public financing				
- From the State Administration and its Autonomous Institutions (AI)	1			
- From the State Administration to which it belongs (where appropriate) and its Al	1			
- From other Autonomous administrations and their Al	2			
- From local administrations	4			
C. Other domestic sources to carry out R&D From public - From public	1			
From private companies and research associations	2	-		
From public universities	3			
- From private universities	4			
- Private Non-Profit Institutions	5			
D. Funds from abroad for carrying out R&D				
From foreign companies	1			
- From European Union	2			
From foreign public administrations				
From foreign universities	4			
From foreign Private Non-Profit Institutions	· 5			
From other international organisations	6			
Total internal expenditure on R&D (this must coincide with 3.1.C)		-		
•				
3.3 Regionalisation of internal R&D expenditure in 2010			•	
Please distribute the total internal expenditure on R&D indicated in question 3.1, accordir which the R&D activities have been carried out.	ig to the A	utonomous	Commur	nity in
A		Amount	(euros	withou
Autonomous Community		decimals)		
1. Andalucía	2			
2. Aragón	3			
3. Asturias (Principado de)	3			
4. Balears (Illes)				
5. Canarias	5	-		
6. Cantabria	6			
7. Castilla y León	7			
8. Castilla-La Mancha	8			
9. Cataluña	9			
10. Comunitat Valenciana	10			
11. Extremadura	11 			
12. Galicia	12			
13. Madrid (Comunidad de)	13	1		
14. Murcia (Región de)	14	·		
15. Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	15	;		
16. País Vasco	16	;		
17. Rioja (La)	17			

18. Ceuta

18

Total internal expenditure on R&D (this must coincide				
3.4 Socio-economic objective				
lease break down, as a percentage, the R&D expenditure that the organisation or centre ocio-economic purpose or objective of the research (do not write decimals), and check that	at the sum of percentages i			the
I. Exploration and exploitation of the land media and of the atmosphere	1			
2. Control and care of the environment				- '
B. Exploration and exploitation of space I.1 Transport and telecommunications systems	3 4.1	-	_	┥,
I.2 Other infrastructures	4.1			-
5. Production, distribution and rational use of energy	4.2 5	-		-
5. Industrial production and technology	6			_ ,
7. Protection and improvement of human health	7	i		-
3. Development of agriculture, livestock breeding, forestry and fishing	8	i	Ì	•
P. Education	9			•
10. Culture, leisure, religion and communication	10			•
11. Political and social systems, structures and processes	11			
12. Unguided research	12	L		
13. Defence	13			
TOTAL		1	0	0
If in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentage of expending improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, according to the Autonomeresearch is carried out. (The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, multiplied is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement or Autonomous Community.	omous Community in whi by the total research exper f human health)	ch th	re o	ealth f the
mprovement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, according to the Autonoresearch is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, multiplied beentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement or	omous Community in whi by the total research exper f human health)	ch th	re o	ealth f the
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1. Research grants

decimals)

3.7 Type of res		d CURREN	IT:	l'i De D						
Please break dow 2010, according to									curre	ed in
1. Fundamental o	r basic research						_ 1			%
2. Applied research	:h						2			%
3. Experimental re	esearch						3			%
TOTAL								1	0	0 %
3.8 Evolution of	the annual re	cources in sei	iontific roces	rch and tachnol	logical dove	lonment act	ivitio			
3.8 Evolution of	tile allitual le	Sources in Sci	ientinic resea	Total staff on FTE		Total in			endi	ture on
				(1 decimal)		R&D (e		•		
Resources anticipa	ated for the year 2	2011				<u>. </u>				
(*) FTE: Full-time equi	valent.									
3.9 Purchase of	ovtornal PS-D	corvious in 20	110							
				organisation or o	ontro vio con	traat agraama	nt oto	l+ /	4000	not
This is caused by include institution									oes	s not
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						decimals)	,,,,			
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- From companies						1				
- From Public Adm		s				2				
- From universities - From Private Nor						3				
B. Purchase of R&										
- From foreign cor		a (without taxes	5)			1				
- From foreign pub		ns				2				
- From foreign uni						3				
- From foreign Priv						4				
- From other interi	national organisa	tions				5				
C. Total purchase	of R&D services ((A+B)								
4. Activities										
Biotechnology is to order to alter living							ducts	and	mo	dels, in
1. Does the centre o	arry out any activi	itv based on scier	nce and technologic	ogy applied to living	a YES	NO	Go	o to s	secti	on
organisms or comp	•	•		·	•				5	
products of value (i	ncluding biocomp	uting and nanobi	iotechnology)?			\				
If the answer is YES	S, please complete	the Biotechnolo	ogy Use Module							
2. Please indicate th	-			ical sciences and to	echnologies					
The full-time equi				•		me that the nar	t-time	sta	ff w	orks or
activities based or						сас со ра.		010		
					Т	otal expendit	ure (eurc	s	withou
	Staff		Staff on F	TE (1 decimal)	<u>d</u>	lecimals)				
	Total	Women	<u>Total</u>	Women						
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5. Activities	for Large S	<u>cientific an</u>	<u>id Technol</u>	<u>ogical Instal</u>	lations					
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technology labor		_	supercomputa	tion centres, astro	onomy obser	valories, resea	ircii s	nips	an	a nign-
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1. Does the centre	carry out any activ	ity for Spanish La	arge Scientific a	nd Technological Ir	nstallations?	YES	<u>ا</u>	NC	, [
2. Does the centre	carry out any activ	ity for internation	nal Large Scient	ific and Technologi	cal Installation	s? YES	S	NC)	
6. <mark>In 2010, d</mark> i	d the organ	isation car	rry out any	internal R&	D activity	using or	cont	tair	nin	g
free softwar	e?									

Free software refers to that software that respects the freedom of users over the acquired product, and therefore, once obtained, it can be

NO

freely used, copied, studied, exchanged and redistributed.

YES

7. How long did it take to complete this questionnaire?

Including the time required to collect the information necessary to do so

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Hours

The National Statistics Institute would like to thank you for your cooperation

Annex

1 Scientific Research and Experimental Development (R&D) Activities

1.1 Basic definitions

Scientific research and experimental development (R&D) is comprised of the creative work carried out systematically in order to increase the volume of knowledge, including the knowledge of man, culture and society, and the use of this knowledge to create new applications.

The criterion referring to creative work carried out systematically is met by projects with specific objectives and a budget.

The term R&D comprises three activities: basic research, applied research and experimental research:

- Basic research consists of experimental or theoretical work that is mainly undertaken to obtain new knowledge on the essentials of observable phenomena and facts, without considering giving them any particular application or use whatsoever.
- Applied research also consists of the original work carried out to acquire new knowledge; however, it is mainly directed towards a specific practical objective.
- Experimental development consists of systematic work based on existing knowledge, obtained from the research and/or practical experience, aimed at the production of new materials, products or devices; at the establishment of new processes, systems and services, or at the substantial improvement of those already existing.

A **criterion** that allows R&D to be distinguished from other related activities is the existence, within the core of R&D, of an appreciable element of innovation and the resolution of a scientific and/or technological uncertainty; in other words, R&D appears when the solution to a problem is not evident to someone who is perfectly aware of the set of knowledge and basic techniques customarily used in the sector at hand.

Not constituting R&D are those activities that do not contain an appreciable element of innovation, as well as those routine activities that do not imply the resolution of a scientific or technological uncertainty.

1.2 Staff in R&D

All staff directly employed in R&D must be accounted for. as well as those persons who provide services directly related to R&D activities, such as directors, administrators and office staff.

Researchers are professionals who work on the conception or creation of new knowledge, products, processes, methods and systems, and on the management of their respective projects (it includes postgraduate students and interns who carry out R&D activities).

Technicians and/or similar personnel are persons whose main tasks require technical knowledge and experience in one or various fields of engineering, physical and life sciences, or social sciences and humanities. They participate in R&D, carrying out scientific and technical tasks that require the application of operational methods and principles, generally under the supervision of researchers.

Assistants (remaining staff) include workers, both qualified and unqualified, and secretaries and office staff, who participate in the execution of the R&D projects, or who are directly related to the execution of said projects.

1.3 Staff in R&D on FTE

The staff on full-time equivalent (FTE) is the sum of the staff that works full-time and the fractions of time that the part-time staff works on R&D activities. Therefore, a person dedicated

full-time to R&D shall be counted as 1, and a person who dedicates 20% of their time to R&D shall be counted as 0.2. If someone works for three months full-time during the year, s/he will be counted as 0.25, as this is one-quarter of the year. If a person works for part of the year full-time, and part of the year part-time, an estimation of the annual dedication to R&D will be calculated with a weighting (if s/he is, for example, 3 months full-time and 9 months 20% dedicated to R&D, then we calculate: 0.25*1 + 0.75*0.2 = 0.4).

1.4 Examples of R&D in exact and natural sciences and engineering

- The study of chemical reactions. The attempt to optimise one of these reactions. The experimental development for a "greater scale" repetition of the process optimised in the laboratory.
- Determining the sequences of amino acids of a molecule. The research undertaken in order to distinguish between the antibodies of different illnesses. The experimental development for searching for a method of synthesising the antibody of a given illness.
- -The activities of scientific and technical services and integrated libraries in research laboratories when they are predominantly aimed at researchers in those laboratories.
- The production of new theorems or algorithms in the theoretical field of Computational Sciences.
- The development of Information technologies at a level of operative systems, data processing programming languages, communications software and software development or Internet technology development tools
- The researching of methods for the design, development, effective use and maintenance of the software. The development of software that causes advances in general approximations of the collection, transmission, storage, recovery, handling or visualisation of information.
- R&D on tools or technologies in specific computational areas (image processing, geographical representation of data, character recognition, artificial intelligence and other areas).

1.5 Examples of R&D in agrarian sciences

The research in agrarian sciences encompasses the promotion of agriculture, forests, fishing and food production.

- The research in chemical fertilisers, biological pest control and the mechanisation of agriculture.
- The research on the impact of agricultural and forestry activities on the environment.
- The research in the development of food productivity and technology

1.6 Examples of R&D in social sciences and humanities

- The study of the variables that influence the school results of children belonging to different social and ethnic groups. The study of the reading process in adults and children, in order to develop a new method for teaching adults and children to read
- The study of the structure and socio-occupational mobility of a society. The development of a model that uses the data obtained for the purpose of foreseeing the future consequences of recent trends in social mobility.
- The research of new types of insurance contract to cover market risks. The research into new types of means for saving. The development of a new method for managing an investment fund.
- The analysis of regional variations or other types existing in the use of a language, for the purpose of determining the

influence of geographical or social variables in its development.

- The study of specific aspects of a particular language, such as syntax, semantics, phonetics, phonology, social or regional variations, etc.
- The study of sources of all types (manuscripts, monuments, art works, buildings, etc.) in order to gain a better understanding of historical phenomena
- The statistics institutes carry out research activities on the conceptual and methodological work regarding the development of completely new or substantially modified statistical surveys and systems. The modifications to established methodologies, or the development of new methodologies, often requires a considerable amount of research.