

Statistics on R&D Activities 2012



Identification of the u	ıniversity			
A I				
Amendments to the ide	ntification particulars (Com	plete only those se	ctions subject to variation	1)
University name			NIF	
University name			NIF	
Registered address (street, square, avenue, etc	.)			
Postal code Municipality				
Province	Code Province Telephone	Fax	E-mail	
Details of the person to be com	tooted if managemy for		CIONATURE	00.0541
	cations regarding this questionna	aire.	SIGNATURE (UR SEAL
Mr./Ms.:				
Post held:				
	Fax:			
	T ux			
Website:				

Nature, characteristics and purpose

These statistics are within the framework of the General plan for statistics on science and technology promoted by the Statistics Office of the European Union (Eurostat). They have the main objective of ascertaining the resources that universities spend on R&D, for the purpose of estimating the national effort in research.

They are conducted following recommendations of the OECD (Frascati Manual).

Statistical Legislation of compulsory compliance

Statistical Secrecy

The personal information obtained by the statistical services, both directly from the informants and from administrative sources, shall be subject to protection, and covered by **statistical secrecy** (article 13.1 of the Law on Public Statistical Services, of 9 May 1989, (LFEP)). All statistical staff will be obliged to maintain statistical secrecy (article 17.1 of the LFEP).

Obligation to provide data

Laws 4/1990 and 13/1996 establish the obligation to provide the data that is requested for the compilation of these Statistics.

The statistical services may request data from all individuals and companies, regardless of whether they are Spanish or foreign, resident in Spain (Article 10.1 of the LFEP).

All individuals and legal entities that provide data, regardless of whether their collaboration is compulsory or voluntary, must respond in a true, exact and comprehensive manner within the stipulated deadline to the questions outlined in due form by the statistical services (art. 10.2 of the LFEP).

In order to monitor compliance with these regulation, the LFEP (art. 48) grants the INE sanctioning capacity.

Failure to comply with the obligations envisaged in this Law, as related to statistics for state purposes, shall be sanctioned in accordance with the terms established in the regulations contained in this Heading (art. 48.1 of the LFEP).

Very serious infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 3,005.07 to 30,050.61 euros€. Serious infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 300.52 to 3,005.06 euros€. Minor infringements shall be sanctioned with fines ranging from 60.10 to 300.51 euros€ (art. 51.1, 51.2 and 51.3 of the LFEP).

General considerations

For the purposes of these statistics, the following are regarded as R&D activities: "the group of creative activities undertaken systematically, in order to increase the flow of scientific and technical knowledge and use them to introduce new applications. This activity comprises basic research, applied research and experimental development. The latter leads to new devices, products, materials, processes, services or systems".

The following are not included as R&D activities: education, scientific and technical information, collection of data of a general nature, routine trials, everyday standardisation work or other technological activities relating to production or use of known products or processes. Mineral exploration is not included either, when it is aimed at discovering exploitable reserves and not essentially an increase in basic geological knowledge.

The criterion distinguishing R&D from other activities is the presence or lack of a notable degree of creativity or innovation.

General instructions

Information unit: The information that is requested in this questionnaire refers to the university whose identification data appears on the front cover. The data requested refers to all of the schools, institutes, etc., of the university in Spain, which shall be included in a single questionnaire.

Reference period: The data must refer to the target year of the statistics, otherwise to the 2011-2012 academic year.

Structure of the questionnaire: the questionnaire consists of six sections:

- 1. General data for the university
- 2. Staff employed in internal R&D activities in 2012
- 3. Expenditure on R&D activities in 2012
- 4. Activities based on biological sciences and technologies in 2012
- 5. In 2012, did the organisation carry out any internal R&D activity using or containing free software?
- 6. How long did it take to complete this questionnaire?

Form of recording the data: Write down the data clearly. Please do not write in the shaded areas. The financial data is requested in euros with no decimals

Consignment term: This questionnaire, duly completed with the required information, must be returned within a term not exceeding 15 days from time of receipt.

1. General data for the university

1.1 Please list the research centres, foundations and university institutes (their own, attached, mixed or interuniversity) whose research data is in this questionnaire

Please enter the name and Tax Identification Number (NIF)	
1	21
	22
	23
	24
	25
	26
	27
	28
	29
	30
	31
	32
	33
	34
	35
16	36
17	37
10	20

19 39 _					
20 40					
1.2 Please list the rest of the research centres dependent on this questionnaire	the univers	ity whose	re	esearch data is	not included
Please enter the name, Tax Identification Number (NIF) and full address.					
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					
6					
7					
8					
9					
10					
11					
12					
13 14					
1.3 Budget of the university				Amount (euros wit	
1.4 General university expenditure in 2012 Budget paid in 2012				Amount (euros wit	uh a ut da a ima a la\
1. Even diture on too ships staff			1		
0.5					
2. Expenditure on non-teaching staff 3. Expenditure on goods and services					
A law and the consideration and the demonstrate			ر ا		
			5		
b. Investment in land and buildings Cther expenses			6		
TOTAL (1+2+3+4+5+6)			Ü		
2. Staff employed in internal R&D activities in 20	12				
2.1 Staff employed in internal R&D, according to occupation The full-time equivalent (FTE) is the sum of the staff that works full-time and	the fractions	of time that	+h	a part time staff w	orke on P&D
activities. (See instruction sheet attached).	i tile iractions	or time that	LI	ie part-tillie stall w	orks on nad
				Total on FTE *	Women on FTE*
Occupation	Total	Women		(1 decimal)	(1 decimal)
1. Researchers (including interns in research)				<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2. Technicians				<u> </u>	· · ·
3. Assistants	-	_			
TOTAL STAFF (1+2+3) Out of the researchers from point 1, please indicate the interns in research		_			
Out of the researchers from point 1, please indicate the interns in research		_		<u> </u>	·
Hiring of external consultants to carry out internal R&D activities in 2012 Out of the TOTAL STAFF, please indicate the number of external consultants Out of the TOTAL FTE STAFF, please indicate the number of external consulta			y)		

2.2 Staff employed in internal R&D, according to qualification

	Staff in F	R&D		Research	ers (including i	nterns)
Qualification	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)
1. University doctorate-holders						
2. University graduates, degrees, architects, engineers and the like						
Diploma students, technical architects and engineers and the like						
4. Advanced training cycles.						
(Specific Vocational Training) 5. Intermediate training cycles, Post-Secondary						•
qualifications and the like						
6. Other studies			<u> </u>			
TOTAL (1+2+3+4+5+6)						<u> </u>

2.3. Distribution of staff in internal R&D, by Autonomous Cities and Communities in which the university carries out R&D activities in 2012

	Staff in	R&D			Research	ners (including	g interns)	
Autonomous Cities and Communities	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Women on FTE*(1 decimal)	Total	Women	Total on FTE * (1 decimal)	Women or FTE* (1 decimal)
1. Andalucía		_		•				
2. Aragón								
3. Asturias, Principado de								
4. Balears, Illes			<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
5. Canarias						<u> </u>		
6. Cantabria			<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
7. Castilla y León				<u> </u>				
				•				
				•				
10. Comunitat Valenciana				•				
11. Extremadura								
12. Galicia								
13. Madrid, Comunidad de								
14. Murcia, Región de								
15.Navarra, Comunidad Foral de								
16. País Vasco			•	•	· ·			
17. Rioja, La								
18. Ceuta								•
19. Melilla								
TOTAL			•				-	

^(*) FTE: Full-time equivalent.

	All ages	Under 25 years of age	25 to 34 years old	35 to 44 years old	45 to 54 years old	55 to 64 years old	65 years old or over
Total researchers					<u> </u>		_
Of them, women							
2.5 Researchers by	nationality and	d sex (including	interns in re	esearch)			
				To	otal researchers	Of the	m, women
Spain							
Rest of the EU ¹							
Other European countri	es						
North America							
Central America							
South America							
Asia							
Africa							
Oceania							
TOTAL							

¹ Rest of the European Union: Germany, Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Denmark, Slovakia, Slovenia, Estonia, Finland, France, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, United Kingdom, Czech Republic, Romania and Sweden.

		Staff in R&D		Researchers (including interns)		;)
		Total	Women	Total	Wom	
. Exact and natural sciences	1. University professors and emeritus professors					
	2. Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers					
	 Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors, etc. 					
	5. Other		_			
. Engineering and technology	1. University professors and emeritus professors		_			
	Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers		_			
	 Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors, 					
	5. Other					
. Medical sciences	1. University professors and emeritus professors					
	2. Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers					
	3. Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders4. University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors,					
	5. Other		_			
. Agrarian sciences	1. University professors and emeritus professors		_			
	2. Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers				_	
	3. Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders4. University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors,					
	5. Other					
5. Social sciences	University professors and emeritus professors					
	Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers					
	3. Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders4. University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors,					
	5. Other					
6. Humanities	University professors and emeritus professors					
	2. Lecturers, university school professors and visiting lecturers					
	3. Doctoral assistants and hired doctorate-holders4. University school degree-holders, associates, assistants, collaborators, workshops supervisors,					
	5. Other					
TOTAL (1+2+3+4+5+6)						
3. Expenditure on	R&D activities in 2012					
	ternal R&D activities in 2012					
	ons shall be those corresponding to the total paid to in 2.1. For the rest of the parts, expenditure shall be o					
io nab.				mount ecimals)	(euros	witho
 Remunerations of research Remunerations of techn 	chers on FTE (including the remuneration of interns) icians and assistants_		1 2			
3. Other current expenses (without VAT or amortizations)		3			

Α _

working "in situ" to carry out internal R&D activities

A. Total current expenditure on R&D (1+2+3)

2.6 Staff dedicated to internal R&D activities, by scientific field or discipline and category

4. Equipment and instruments (without VAT)	1			
5. Land and buildings (without VAT)	- 1 5			
6. Acquisition of specific software for R&D (including licences) (without VAT)	6			
B. Total capital expenses on R&D (4+5+6) C. Total internal expenditure on R&D (A+B)	_ C			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_			
3.2 Financing of internal R&D expenditure in 2012 Breakdown of the total internal expenditure on R&D according to the original source of the funds rec	oivo	d for D9.D A	diatination a	hould
be made between general university funds (that is, the part earmarked by the university for R&D of the General Administration of the State (Ministry of Education, Social Policy and Sport) or from the funds generated by the university (from allocation income, share and asset portfolios, as well as services that are not R&D, such as academic fees, magazine subscriptions, sale of serum or agrefundable loans) and specific funds received for carrying out R&D. In the case of specific funds fro out R&D, a distinction will be made between subsidies (including non-refundable loans) and contract	the Auto inconticultion put	general subsi nomous Adm ne stemming ural products ıblic organisa	dy received inistrations from the s , etc., as w tions for ca	from , own ale of rell as
Source of the funds		Amount decimals)	(euros	without
1. General university funds earmarked for R&D	_	acciliato,		
- General subsidy received from the General Administration of the State (Ministry of Education, etc.)	1			
- General subsidy received from the Autonomous Administration				
2. Own funds (including refundable loans, and the sale of goods and services other than R&D)				
3. Specific funds for carrying out R&D				
A. Public financing				
- R&D subsidies from the State Administration and Social Security	1	-		
- R&D contracts with the State Administration and Social Security				
- R&D subsidies with the Autonomous Administrations	_ 3			
- R&D contracts with the Autonomous Administrations				
- Subsidies for R&D from the Local Administrations - Contracts for R&D from the Local Administrations	5 6			
B. Other domestic sources to carry out R&D	0	·		
Frame mubble communica	1			
From private companies and research associations	·			
- From other public universities	3			
- From other private universities	4			
- From Private Non-Profit Institutions	5			
C. Funds from abroad for carrying out R&D				
- From foreign companies	1			
- From European Union programmes	2	. <u> </u>		
- From foreign public administrations	3			
- From foreign universities	4	·		
- From foreign Private Non-Profit Institutions	_ 5			
- From other international organisations Total internal expenditure on R&D (this must coincide with 3.1.C)	6	· -		-
Total internal expenditure on has falls must conficide with 3.1.0/				
3.3 Expenditure on internal R&D by Autonomous Cities and Communities in 201	2			
Please distribute the total internal expenditure on R&D indicated in question 3.1, according Community in which the R&D activities have been carried out.	ng to	the Autono	omous City	/ and
Autonomous Cities and Communities		Amount decimals)	(euros	without
1. Andalucía	1			
2. Aragón	2			
3. Asturias, Principado de	3			
4. Balears, Illes	4			
5. Canarias	5			
6. Cantabria	6			
7. Castilla y León	7			
8. Castilla – La Mancha	8			
9. Cataluña	9			
10. Comunitat Valenciana	10			
11. Extremadura	11	-		
19 Califaia	·· 12			
	'2 13			
13. Madrid, Comunidad de	13 14			
15. Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	' 4 15	-		
io. Navaira, Comunicau Forai de	ıo			

	18			
19. Melilla	19			
Total internal expenditure on R&D (this must coincide with 3.1.C)				
3.4 Socio-economic objective Please break down, as a percentage, the internal expenditure on R&D that the	university has incurred in	2012, ad	ccordin	a to 1
socio-economic purpose or objective of the research (do not write decimals), and				
Exploration and exploitation of the land media and of the atmosphere		1		
2. Control and care of the environment		2		
3. Exploration and exploitation of space		3		
4.1 Transport and telecommunications systems		4.1		
4.2 Other infrastructures		4.2		<u> </u>
5. Production, distribution and rational use of energy		5	İ	i l
6. Industrial production and technology		6	İ	 I
7. Protection and improvement of human health				<u></u>
3. Development of agriculture, livestock breeding, forestry and fishing		_	<u>_</u>	<u></u> i
		_	<u>_</u> i	<u> </u>
9. Education			<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		10		<u> </u>
11. Political and social systems, structures and processes		_ 11 [
12. Unguided research		_ 12 [
13. Defence		13	1 0	0
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percen	tage of internal expenditur			
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percen Protection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out.	tage of internal expenditur according to the Autonomou	us City a	ind Con	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percen Protection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure,	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomou multiplied by the total resea	us City a	ind Con	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement.	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health)	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentroction and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement. Autonomous Cities and Communities	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. (The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure of	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. (The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. (The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, and alternative control of the expenditure of	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. (The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure of human	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	ind Con enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expenditured in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expended in the protection and improvement of human health, it can be expe	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvant on the protection and improvan	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on researc	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of fin the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, nowhich the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure, and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, prentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health,	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation and improvat	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, nick which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, please the protection and improvement of human health, please	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of f in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percent protection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, resenter, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of human health, research in the protection and improvation of human health, research in the protection and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the protection and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expenditure, and improvation of human health, research in the expension of	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of f in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percen Protection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation and improvation of the protection and improvation of the pr	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of f in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percent protection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, it is centre, must be expenditure, and improvement of human health, it is a percent of human health, it i	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, in which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, it is entire, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation on the protection and improvation of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of the expenditure on research in the protection and improvation of the protection and improvation o	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
3.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, nich which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvant on the protection and improvement on the protection and improvant on the protection and improvement on the	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
8.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, not be protected and in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protec	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur	nmun
8.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of finithe previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, night which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, in the protection and improvement of human should be proved to the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by the protection and improvement of human should be protected by t	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount	us City a	enditur without	nmun decin
8.5 Research expenditure on the protection and improvement of in the previous question (3.4 Socio-economic objective) there is a percentrotection and improvement of human health, please indicate the expenditure, n which the health research is carried out. The percentage from point 7. Protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, must be equal to the expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human health, pentre, not be protected and in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protection and improvement of human fortal expenditure on research in the protec	tage of internal expenditure according to the Autonomous multiplied by the total reseasovement of human health) Amount in health The health is search interns listed in sections.	us City a arch exp t (euros	enditur without	decin

Susei valio	7113					
Observatio	ne					Hours
Including the tim	e required to	collect the inform	nation neces	sary to do so		
6. How long	_	to complete	this que	estionnaire?		
YES		NO [
Free software refers freely used, copied,		•		sers over the acquire	ed product, and th	erefore, once obtained, it can be
software?						g 3. ccgg
5. In 2012. die	d the univ	ersitv carry	out anv i	nternal R&D a	ctivity usin	g or containing free
Resources used:			_	· · ·	_	
_	Total	Women	Total	Women	<u>—</u> .	
	Staff		Staff on I	TE (1 decimal)	Total expend	diture (euros without decimals)
The full-time equiv activities based on				full-time and the fra	actions of time th	nat the part-time staff works on
				gical sciences and te		
If the answer is YES	, please comple	te the Biotechnolo	gy Use Modul	е		
living organisms or over a living or over the living or over the living of the living	•	•		•	\downarrow	5
1. Does the centre ca					YES N	IO → Go to section
				ving organisms, as v wledge, goods and/o		arts, products or models, in orde
4. Activities k	oased on I	oiological sc	iences an	d technologie	es in 2012	
C. Total purchase o	_					
- From foreign Priv - From other intern					4 5	
- From foreign univ - From foreign Priv		Institutions			3	
- From foreign pub		ions			2	
- From foreign com					1	
B. Purchase of R&D)			
- From Private Non		ons			4	
- From universities						
- From companies - From Public Admi	inistration had	ies			1	
A. Purchase of R&D	Services in S	pain (without VAT	")		1	
institutional fees to	o finance othe	r public or private,	or internatio	nal bodies, etc. not i		purchase of R&D. nount (euros without decimals)
This is caused by	the acquisition	on of R&D service	s outside of			ent, etc. Please do not include
(*) FTE: Full time equi		&D services in	2012			
Resources anticipa		ar 2013				
				Staff in R&I), on FTE* (1	Internal expenditure on R&D (euros with no decimals)
3.8 Internal R&	D activities	anticipated fo	r 2013			
T OTAL						1 0 0 %
3. Experimental re	search					3
2. Applied researc	h					2%
1. Fundamental or	basic researcl	n				1%
				ne sum of the colum		
Please break down	n, as a percent	age, the CURREN	T internal exp	enditure that the ur	niversity has incu	irred in 2012, according to the