





27 – Big Data & Web Scraping 3rd June 2016

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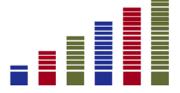






Introduction







New data sources to measure social variables:

Twitter to contact politicians

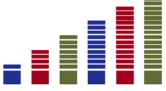




Introduction



OECD, 2013





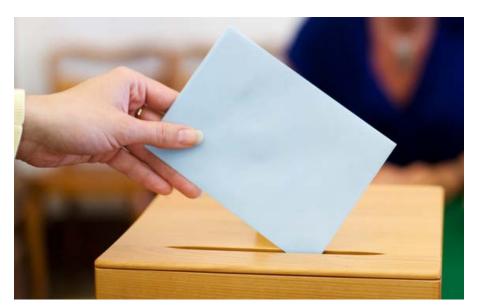




Introduction



www.dse.vic.gov.au > Effective Engagement > Introduction to Engagement



https://www.aegee.org/yvote2014/voting-guide/

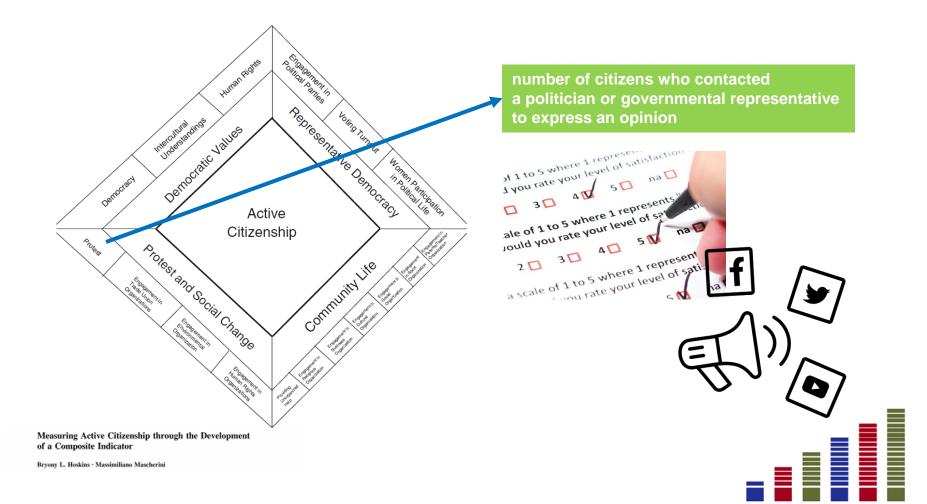








Introduction









Research Objectives









Research Outlines

Aim -> Measuring the indicator:

number of citizens who contacted a politician or governmental representative to express an opinion

Case study: Spain

Madrid with 3,165,235 inhabitants (INE 2014), Seville with 696,676 inhabitants Cádiz with 121,739 inhabitants

Twitter data

Number and con represe







#thedress RT @cnnhealth A scientific tale of 2 dresses: Why some see blue and others gold cnn.it/1wuGn6R

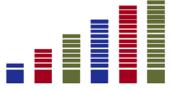
Survey

Classical so

- Access to anonymized microdata via <u>cis website</u>
- Data from barometer 3080, April 2015





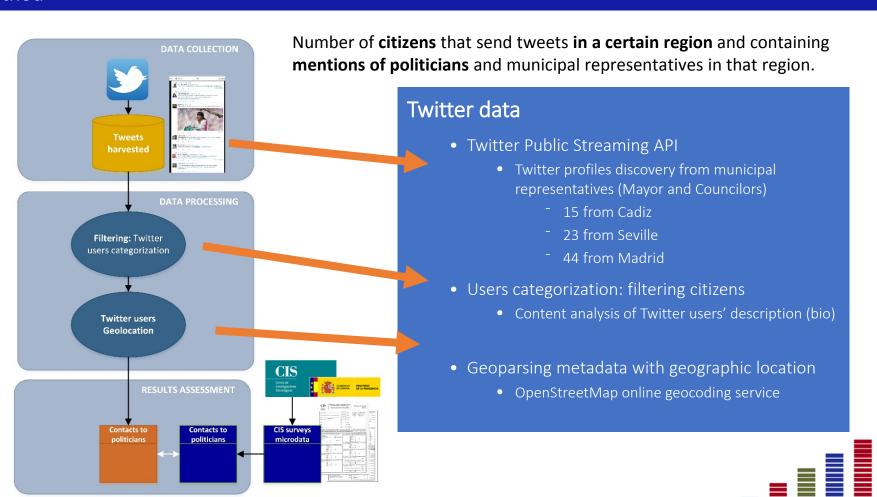








Method

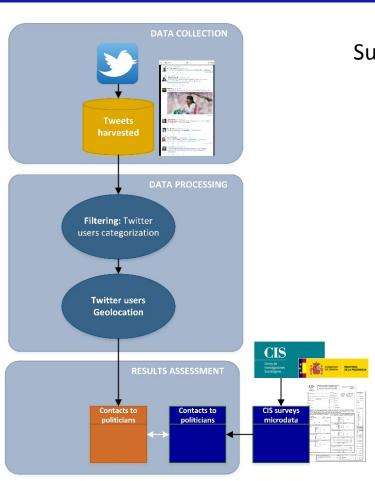








Method

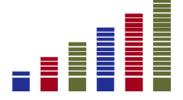


Survey data:

- Selection of microdata from Madrid, Seville and Cadiz
- Inferences from sample:

```
Contacts to politicians (city) = Contacts * Inhab / Interviewees

Where:
Contacts = # interviewees that contacted a politician (city)
Interviewees = # interviewees (city)
Inhab = # inhabitants (city)
```





New data sources to measure social variables:

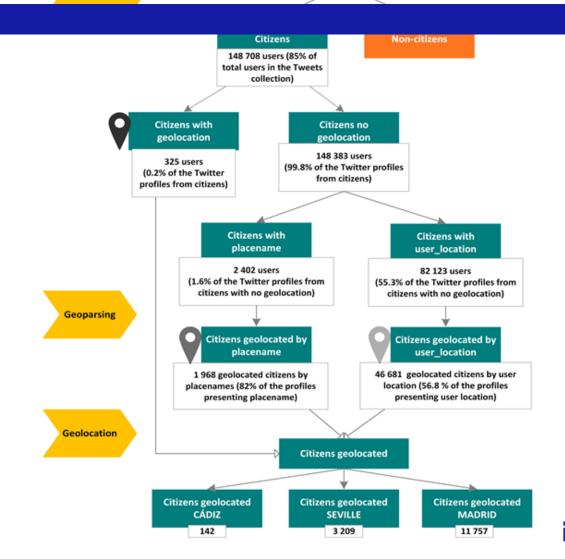
Tweets data





Twitter to contact of iticians

Results



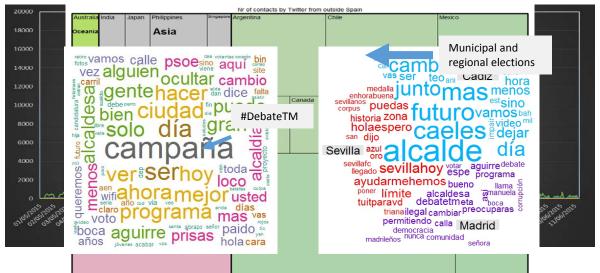






Results

	CÁDIZ		SEVILLE		MADRID	
	contacts	%	contacts	%	contacts	%
Official data source (CIS, 2015)	0	0.0	17,417	2.5	73,750	2.3
Unofficial data source (Twitter, 2015)	1,205	1.0	27,239	3.9	99,798	3.2











Conclusions

EVALUATION	OFFICIAL DATA SOURCE	UNOFFICIAL DATA SOURCE			
CRITERIA	(CIS survey)	(Twitter)			
Accuracy	High	Very low			
Scope and coverage	Defined target universe	Demographics of Twitter users are unknown			
Spatial dimension	Country level	Municipal level			
Timeliness	Yearly	Almost real-time			
Cost	High	Very low			
Flexibility	Fixed questionnaire	Flexible method			
Method feasibility	Data is accesible after user registration and signature of stricts terms and conditions	Twitter data is accessible by Oauth authentication, and depends on continuous electricity supply, adequate internet connection and storage capacity			

The developed method:

needs to address scalability, and determine the impact of the number of politicians considered, and the influence of location and temporal aspects.

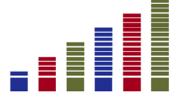
Results from Twitter data:

- offers more timely and less costly information, with higher spatial and temporal resolution
- are independent of the scale and the population density of the area targeted
- provides added insights on the main concerns expressed by users over time
- BUT, presents several biases

Data from official surveys:

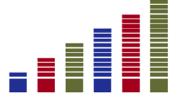
- are statistically robust and representative of a total population, usually just at a national/regional level
- BUT, are costly and time-consuming

Each data source presents its own strengths and weakness -> best results may be achieved by the combination of both.





Thanks for your attention!





Stay in touch

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