28 November 2025

Export Price Index (IPRIX) and Import Price Index (IPRIM) of Industrial Products. Base 2021

October 2025. Provisional data

Main results

- The annual rate of the IPRIX stood at -0.1% in October, the same recorded for the month of September.
- The annual variation of the IPRIM was -2.4%, seven tenths lower than that registered the previous month.

More information

- Tables annex
- Detailed monthly results
- Annual averages

Annual evolution of export prices

The annual rate of the Export Price Index (IPRIX) in October was -0.1%, the same recorded for the month of September.

Among the industrial sectors with a positive influence on the evolution of the annual rate of the IPRIX by economic use of the goods worth noting are:

- **Energy**, which increased its annual rate by 5.5 points to -2.0%, as a result of the rise in prices for *Electricity production, transmission and distribution* and, to a lesser extent, *Oil refining*, which was greater than in October 2024.

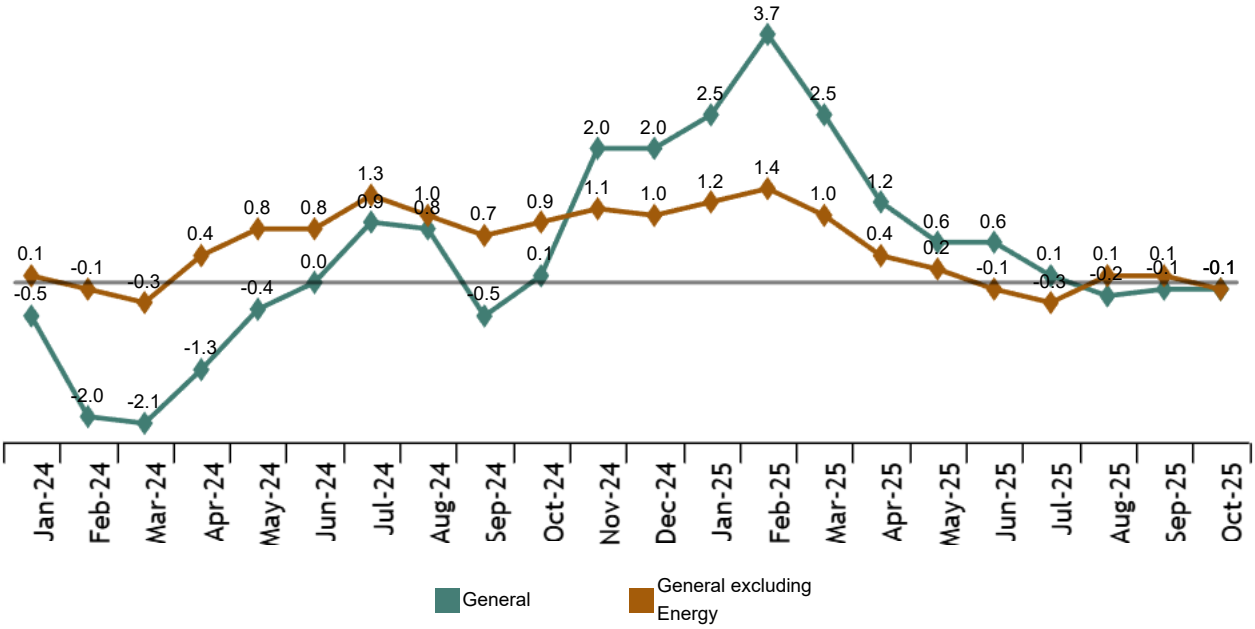
On the other hand, the industrial sectors which had a markedly negative influence are:

- **Capital goods,** with a rate of 1.4%, nine tenths of a percentage point lower than in September. This was due to the fall in the prices of the *Manufacture of motor vehicles,* which rose in the same month last year. And, to a lesser extent, prices in the *Manufacture of metal components for construction* rose less than in October last year.

The annual variation of the general index excluding Energy decreased by two tenths to -0.1%, the same figure as that of the general IPRIX.

Current press release at:https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/IPRIX-IPRIM1025.htm

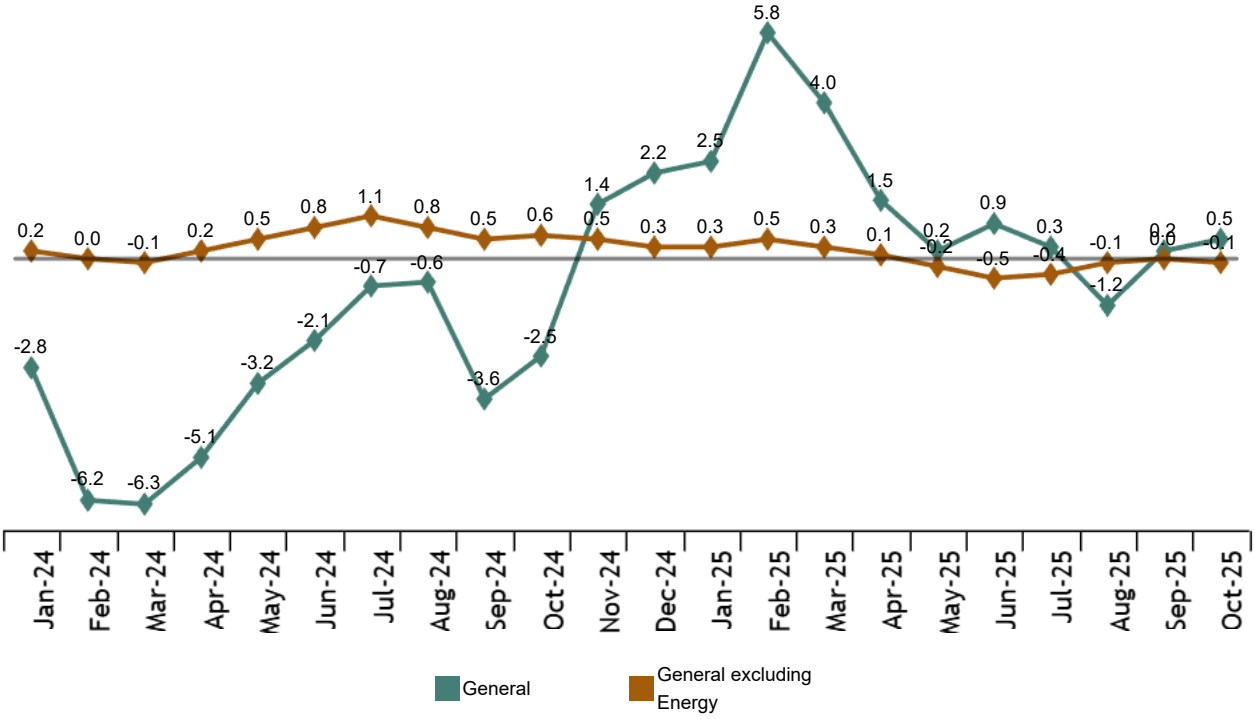
Annual evolution of the IPRIX
General index and general index without Energy. Percentage



Evolution of industrial prices, combining domestic and foreign markets

The Industrial Price Index of the domestic and foreign market, which is obtained as an aggregation of the IPRI and the IPRIX, rose in terms of its annual rate by three tenths in October to 0.5%. As for the annual variation of the general index without Energy, it decreased by one tenth to -0.1%.

Annual evolution of the IPRI+IPRIX
General index and general index without Energy. Percentage



Current press release at:https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/IPRIX-IPRIM1025.htm

Monthly evolution of export prices

Industrial export prices recorded a monthly rate of 0.4% in October compared with September.

A more detailed analysis shows the activities that most affected the monthly rate of the IPRIX in October.

Activities with the greatest positive impact on the monthly rate of the IPRIX. October 2025

Activity (CNAE 2009 groups)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Electric power generation. transmission and distribution	14.7	0.263
Manufacture of basic precious and other non-ferrous metals	3.2	0.100
Manufacture of refined petroleum products	3.5	0.088
Mining of non-ferrous metal ores	9.4	0.043
Casting of metals	2.7	0.026

Activities with the greatest negative impact on the monthly rate of the IPRIX. October 2025

Activity (CNAE 2009 groups)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Manufacture of motor vehicles	-0.5	-0.083
Processing and preserving of meat and production of meat products	-1.3	-0.052
Manufacture of other food products	-1.1	-0.023

Annual evolution of import prices

The Import Price Index (IPRIM) recorded an annual rate of -2.4% in October, seven tenths lower than in September.

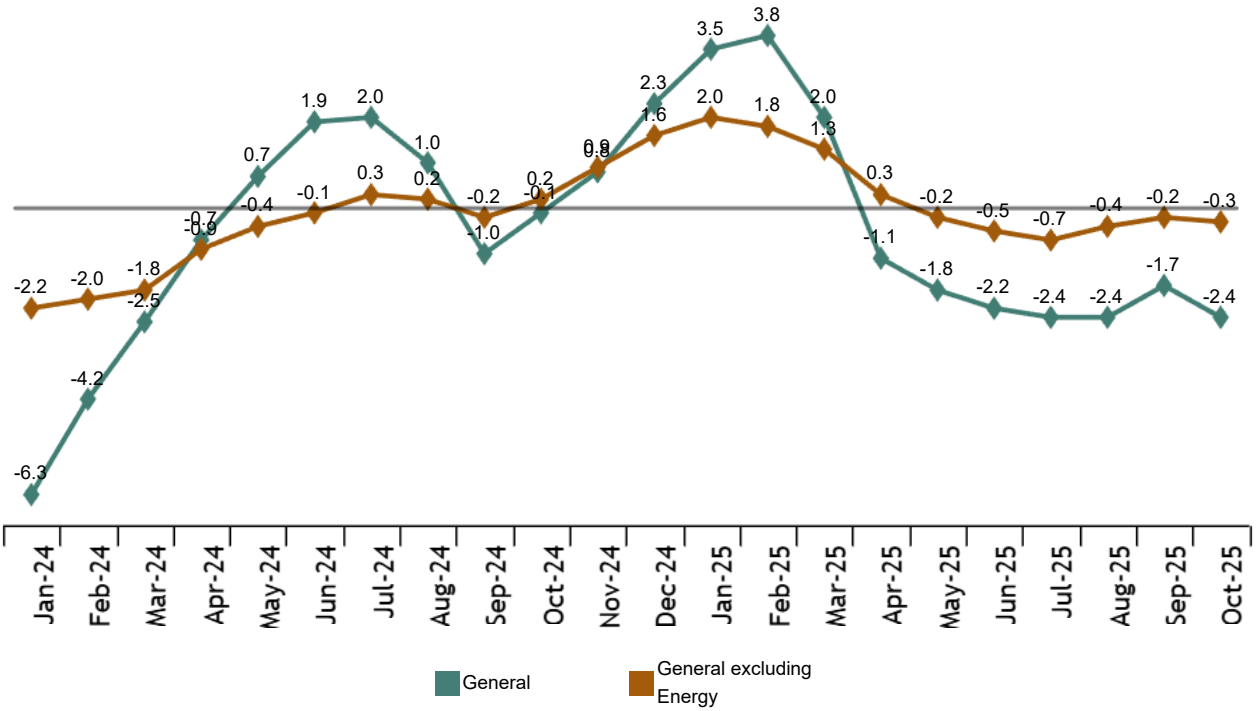
By economic use, among the industrial sectors with a negative influence on the variation of the annual rate of the IPRIM, the following stood out:

- **Energy**, which had an annual variation of -11.5%, 2.9 points below that of the previous month, resulting from the fall in prices of *Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas*, in contrast with the increase in the same month in 2024. And, to a lesser extent, *coke ovens and oil refining,* whose prices rose less than in October of the previous year.
- **Intermediate goods**, which registered a rate of -0.6%, three tenths below that of September, due to the fall in prices in the *Chemical industry*, which increased in October 2024.

The annual variation rate of the overall index excluding Energy decreased one tenth, to -0.3%, which is 2.1 points above the rate of the general IPRIM.

Current press release at:https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/IPRIX-IPRIM1025.htm

Annual evolution of the IPRIM
General index and general index without Energy. Percentage



Monthly evolution of import prices

In October, the monthly variation of the Import Price Index was 0.1%.

A more detailed analysis shows the activities that most affected the monthly rate of the IPRIM in October.

Activities with the greatest positive impact on the monthly rate of the IPRIM. October 2025

Activity (CNAE 2009 divisions)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Mining of metal ores	5.9	0.075
Manufacture of basic metals	1.3	0.068
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	43.4	0.061
Manufacture of food products	0.7	0.051
Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations	0.5	0.030

Activities with the greatest negative impact on the monthly rate of the IPRIM. October 2025

Activity (CNAE 2009 divisions)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	-1.6	-0.226
Manufacture of wearing apparel	-0.4	-0.022
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	-0.2	-0.022

Current press release at:https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/IPRIX-IPRIM1025.htm

Data revisions and updates

The INE has updated the IPRIX and IPRIM data for the last three months, making the July 2025 data final. All the results of this operation are available at INEbase.

In accordance with the Commission's Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/137, the INE has begun to work on incorporating the new National Classification of Economic Activities CNAE-2025 in all its statistical operations.

In the case of IPRIX and IPRIM, the first publication of results with CNAE-2025 will take place in February 2028.

Methodological note

The Export Price Index (IPRIX) is a short-term indicator that measures the monthly evolution of the prices of industrial products manufactured in the domestic market and sold in the foreign market.

On the other hand, the Import Price Index (IPRIM) is a short-term indicator that measures the monthly evolution of the prices of industrial products from the rest of the world.

In order to obtain them, a continuous monthly survey is conducted, which every month investigates industrial establishments that carry out operations in the foreign market.

Type of survey: monthly continuous survey.

Base year: 2021.

Reference period of the weightings: the year preceding the current year.

Population scope: industrial establishments.

Sample size: 4,100 industrial establishments for the IPRIX and 5,200 for the IPRIM.

Number of observations: In the IPRIX approximately 15,000 monthly prices of 1,700 products and in the IPRIM about 19,000 prices of 2,100 products.

General calculation method: Laspeyres' Chain Index.

Collection method: internet (IRIA system), e-mail, fax, telephone or postal mail.

For more information you can access the methodologies (IPRIX and IPRIM) and the standardised methodological report.

INE statistics are produced in accordance with the Code of Good Practice for European Statistics. More information on Quality at INE and the Code of Best Practices.

Current press release at:https://www.ine.es/dyngs/Prensa/en/IPRIX-IPRIM1025.htm

For further information see INEbase

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