

30 July 2026

Flash estimate of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) Flash estimate of the Harmonised Consumer Price Index (HCPI) July 2026

Main results

- The annual change in the flash estimate of the CPI stands at 3,5% in July, three tenths higher than the figure recorded in June.
- The annual rate of the core inflation flash estimate increases one tenth to 3,0%.
- The annual variation of the HICP flash estimate is 3,8%.

More information

- [Detailed CPI results](#)
- [Detailed HCPI results](#)

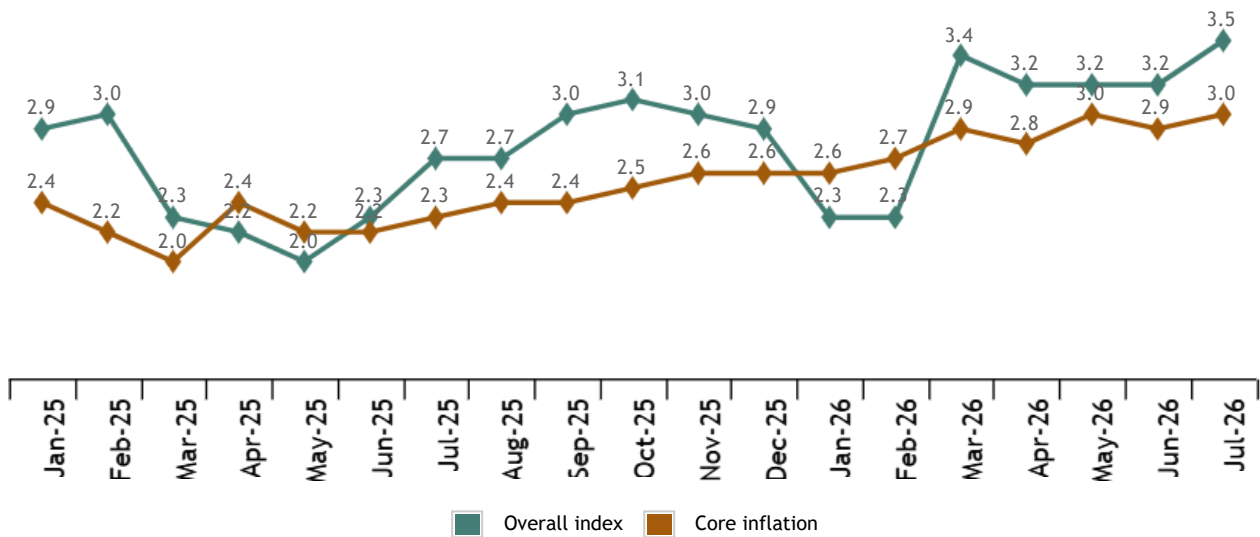
According to the flash estimate issued by the INE, the annual inflation of the CPI in July 2026 is 3,5%.

This indicator provides an advance in the CPI which, if confirmed, would mean an increase of three tenths in the annual rate, following a year-on-year rate of 3.2% in June.

This development was mainly driven by higher prices for *fuels* and *lubricants for personal transport equipment* and *electricity*, which increased more than in July of last year.

The estimated annual variation rate of core inflation (general index without unprocessed food or energy products) increases one tenth to 3,0%.

Annual CPI Rate¹
Overall and core index. Percentage

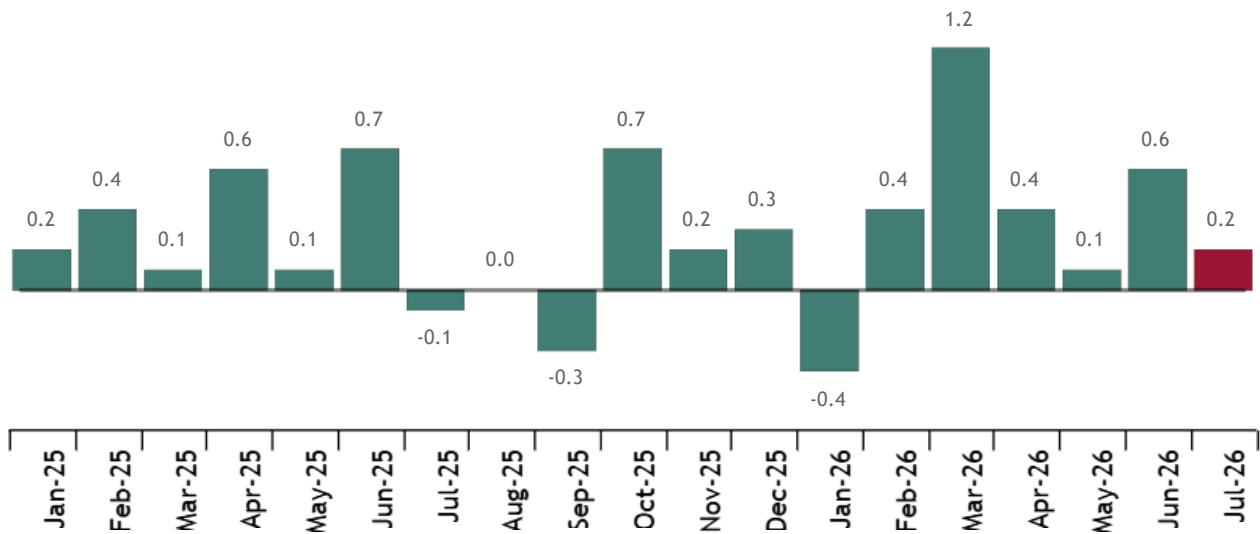


¹ The latest data refer to the flash estimate.

Evolution of the monthly rate

According to the advanced estimate of the CPI, consumer prices registered a 0.2% variation in July, as compared with June.

Monthly CPI Rate¹
General index. Percentage



¹ The latest data refer to the flash estimate.

Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP)

In June, the estimated annual rate of change of the HICP increases in two tenths to 3.8%.

The annual rate of core inflation in the HICP stood at 3.4%.

In turn, the estimated monthly variation rate of the HICP was -0,1%.

Data revisions and updates

The data released today is a preview of the final data that will be published next month. All the results of this operation are available at [INEBase](#).

Methodological note

The **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** is a short-term indicator that measures the evolution of the prices of consumer goods and services acquired by households resident in Spain.

On the other hand, the Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is an indicator whose objective is to provide a common inflation measure that allows international comparisons.

Type of survey: continuous monthly survey.

Base period: 2025.

Reference period of weightings: year prior to the current year.

Sample of municipalities: 177.

Number of products: 487 for traditional collection and 263 for scanner data.

Number of observations: approximately 200,000 monthly prices of traditionally collected items.

Functional classification: 13 groups, 45 subgroups, 108 classes and 196 subclasses; 55 headings and 32 special groups

General calculation method: Laspeyres' Chain Index.

Collection method: personal visits to establishments, e-mail, telephone and internet and scanner data.

For more information you can access the [methodology](#) and the standardised methodology report ([CPI](#) y [HICP](#)).

INE statistics are produced in accordance with the Code of Good Practice for European Statistics. More information on [Quality at INE](#) and [Code of Best Practices](#).

For further information see [INE base](#)

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 Press office: (+34) 91 583 93 63 / (+34) 661 944 540 / (+34) 678 168 837 – gprensa@ine.es

 Information area: (+34) 91 583 91 00 – www.ine.es/infoine/?L=1