

14 July 2020

# Consumer Price Index (CPI). Base 2016 Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP). Base 2015 June 2020

#### COVID-19's Effects on the May CPI

- The state of alarm came to an end on June 22 and most commercial establishments have restarted their activity. However, since restrictions on movement and capacity limitations were enforced for most of the month, collection of prices by telematic means was maintained.
- In June, most of the CPI product basket was available for purchase by households, with
  the exception of tourism-related items and attendance at sports and cultural events. Price
  estimation methods are no longer used and the usual methods have been returned to,
  except for said articles, where an adequate estimate has been made to adapt to situational
  needs.
- To calculate the CPI for the month of June, 12.4% of prices had to be estimated. This corresponds to 13.0% of the weight.
- The effect the high alert period has had on CPI preparation can be consulted in greater detail in the annex on page 8 of this press release.

#### Main results

- The annual variation rate of the June CPI stood at –0.3%, six tenths above that registered in May.
- The annual change of core inflation decreased one tenth, reaching 1.0%.
- The monthly variation of the overall index is 0.5%.
- The annual rate of the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) stood at 0,3%, six tenths higher than the month of May.

#### **COVID-19 Special Groups**

- The prices of the products in the COVID-19 Special Goods Group registered an annual rate of 2.3% in June, five tenths less than the previous month. The annual variation of COVID-19 Services increased more than one and a half points, to –2.4%.
- Among these goods and services, particularly notable was the behaviour of the prices of food and non-alcoholic beverages, whose annual rate went from 3.5% in May to 2.8% in June, and of electricity, which registered an annual variation of 10.8%, more than six points above that of the previous month.

#### **Annual evolution of consumer prices**

The evolution of the annual rate of the general CPI for June is representative of price behaviour as a whole. However, we cannot determine the effect of COVID-19 based on the intensity of the rise in fuel prices.

The declaration of the state of alarm had an immediate impact on household consumption patterns, due to the limitations placed on market access. While commercial activity resumed starting on June 22, this opening took place with capacity restrictions.

As this could have an effect on the prices of the most-consumed goods and services, in order to facilitate the analysis of said effect, the INE has calculated two special aggregations - *COVID-19 Goods* and *COVID-19 Services* - that show the evolution of the goods and services that households acquired most frequently during the month of May.

COVID-19 Goods include food, beverage, tobacco, cleaning and non-durable household items, pharmaceuticals, pet food, and personal care items.

On the other hand, *COVID-19 Services* include housing and garage rental services, water distribution, waste water management, garbage collection, community expenses, electricity, gas, heating oil, telephone, music and streaming television services, insurance, banking commissions, and funeral services.

#### **Analysis of the COVID19 Effect**

The annual rate of *COVID-19 Goods* stood at 2.3% in June, five tenths less than the previous month. In turn, the annual variation of *COVID-19 Services* increased more than a point and a half, standing at -2.4%.

Products that were notable for their influence on COVID-19 Goods were unprocessed foods, whose rate came to 4.1%, almost one and a half points less than that registered in May. Among them, behaviour of the prices of *fresh fruits*, which increased less than last year, and the decrease *of pork*, *poultry meat and fresh vegetables*, were notable.

For its part, the increase in the annual rate of *COVID-19 Services* is due to the increase in *electricity* prices this month, which fell in 2019.

#### **General CPI analysis**

The annual rate of the overall Consumer Price Index (CPI) June was -0.3%, six tenths above that registered in the previous month.

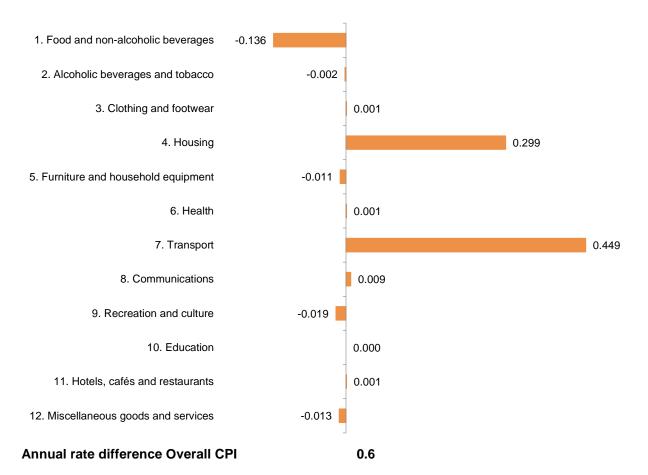
The groups which most influenced this increase in the annual rate were:

- **Transport**, with a variation of -5.2%, almost three tenths above that of the previous month, due to the fact that the price of *fuel and lubricants for personal transportation* increased this month, whilst they decreased in June of 2019.
- **Housing**, which increased its rate more than two points down to -3.8%, due to the rise in the prices of *electricity* and *diesel for heating* this month as compared to the previous year's decrease.

On the other hand, the group with the greatest negative impact was:

• **Food and non-alcoholic beverages**, whose rate decreased by seven tenths, standing at 2.8%.

#### Contribution of groups to the annual rate of the CPI

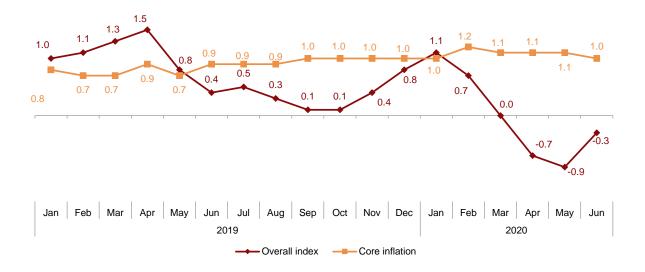


The annual variation rate of core inflation (general index excluding unprocessed food and energy products) decreased by one tenth of a point to 1.0%, standing more than one point above that of the general CPI.

Press Relian

#### **Annual CPI Rate**

Overall and core index. Percentage



### Monthly evolution of consumer prices

In June, the monthly change of the overall CPI was 0.5%.

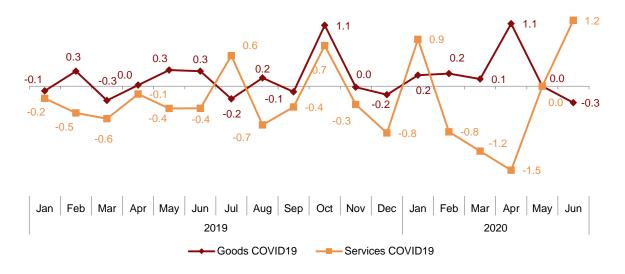
In turn, the monthly variation rate of *COVID-19 Goods* was -0.3% in June. Among the products of this aggregation, *legumes and vegetables* stand out, whose prices decreased by 2.5% compared to May, *meat*, which fell by 0.3%, and *milk*, *cheese and eggs*, with a decrease of 0 ,5%.

COVID-19 Services showed a monthly rate of 1.2% in June. Worth noting are the increases in *electricity* prices, with a variation of 5.8% compared to May, as well as *diesel for heating*, which rose by 9.4%.

In addition to personal consumption resulting from the state of alarm, as of June it was possible to acquire other goods and services that could not be purchased previously. Those with the most influential price variations were *clothing*, with a decrease of 1.5%, and *restaurant services*, which increased by 0.1%.



## Monthly CPI Rate COVID19 Services. Percentage



The products consumed in June with the most influence on the general monthly CPI rate were:

## Goods and services consumed in June with the greatest positive impact on the general CPI

Classes	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Food		
Fruit	1.9	0,039
Others		
Electricity	5.8	0,185
Liquid fuels	9.4	0,032
Restaurants, cafés and the like	0.1	0,014

## Goods and services consumed in June with the greatest negative impact on the general CPI

Classes	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Food		
Vegetables	-2.5	-0,050
Meat	-0.3	-0,013
Milk, cheese and eggs	-0.5	-0,011
Others		
Garments	-1.5	-0,069

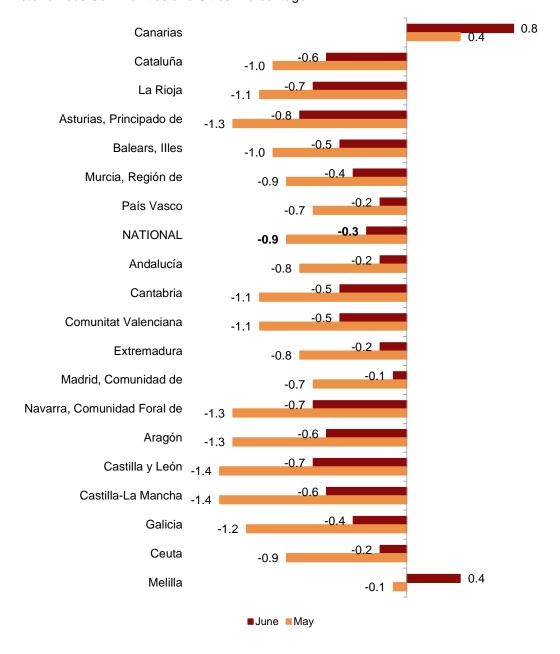
#### Results by Autonomous Communities. Annual variation rates

The annual rate of the CPI increased in all Autonomous Communities in June, as compared with May. The greatest increases occurred in Castilla-La Mancha and Galicia, with an increase of eight tenths in both.

The annual rate increased the least in Canarias, Cataluña and La Rioja, with an increase of four tenths in all three.

#### Annual rates of CPI

Autonomous Communities and Cities. Percentage



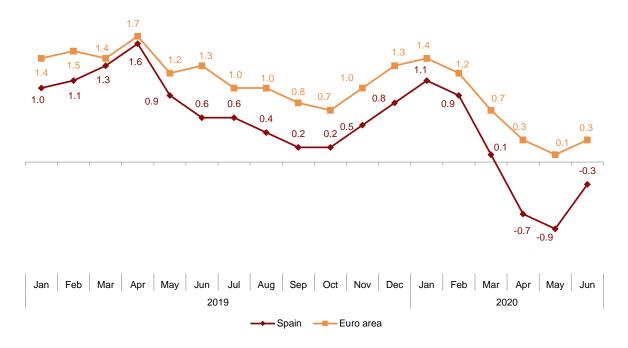
#### **Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP)**

In June, the annual change of the HICP stood at -0.3%, six tenths over than that registered in the previous month.

The monthly change of HICP was 0.4%.

#### Annual evolution of HICP. Base 2015

Overall index Spain and Monetary Union<sup>1</sup>



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The latest data from the Monetary Union refers to the flash estimate

#### **Consumer Price Index at Constant Taxes**

In June, the annual rate of the Consumer Price Index at Constant Taxes (CPI-CT) stood at - 0.3%, remaining the same as that of the overall CPI.

The monthly variation of the CPI-CT was 0.5%.

In turn, the HICP-CT registered an annual rate of -0.3%, the same as that of the HICP.

The monthly change of the HICP-CT was 0.4%.

#### Review and update of data

The data published today is final and is not subject to further revision. All results are available on INEBase.

#### **Informative Annex**

### Note regarding COVID-19's impact on the CPI

The declaration of the high alert period due to the health crisis caused by COVID-19 creates an unprecedented challenge in calculating the Consumer Price Index (CPI), since it assumes that part of the shopping basket used for this indicator will cease to be available starting on March 15, 2020. Likewise, the population's confinement prevents INE interviewers from carrying out their price collection work through visits to the establishments in the sample.

All of this has forced INE to change its way of working in record time, with the aim of continuing to provide society with the highest quality indicator possible, even during the exceptional period we are currently experiencing.

Since COVID-19's effect on CPI production is being felt in the majority of European Union countries, the INE is working in conjunction with Eurostat and the statistical offices of the Member States in order to adopt common methodological measures that allow for a quality indicator to be obtained<sup>1</sup>,

The basic lines that make up the new work model are founded on four fundamental elements: telematic price collection (by telephone interview and access to websites), complete coverage of the shopping basket, stability of the weighting structure, and the implementation of statistical methods to estimate the prices of non-commercialized products.

#### **Collection of prices**

The collection of prices by visits to establishments has been suspended. In a normal situation, most of the prices that serve to calculate the CPI are collected through visits by INE surveyors to the establishments that form part of the sample. Since the declaration of the high alert period —which implies the closure of establishments and the population's confinement— it has been necessary to adapt the system and carry out collection by **telephone contact with informants**, or by **obtaining the information over the Internet**.

It is important to note that the change in procedure has required an additional effort by the IPC interviewers, who carried out operations from their homes, as well as a greater degree of involvement by the informants, whom the INE would like to thank for their collaboration.

#### **CPI Coverage**

The CPI is calculated from a basket of 479 items, grouped into 221 subclasses. These are then summed to obtain the general CPI, the variation rates of which are presented in this press release.

Most of these items remained available for purchase even during the exceptional situation of confinement caused by COVID-19. During the month of June, many of the products not available for sale in May also began to be consumed again. However, there is a small part of the basket services are still unavailable for consumption, due to their special characteristics. These are, for example, sports events, accommodation services (campsites, hotels, apartments), flights, and travel packages.

In these cases, the ECOICOP consumption categories that represent these services have also been kept in the calculation of the CPI, but their prices were estimated such that the annual rate for the general CPI is only slightly altered.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The guide prepared by Eurostat can be found at the following link: https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/documents/10186/10693286/HICP\_guidance.pdf

#### Weightings

Just as all the CPI consumption categories have been maintained, regardless of whether the goods and services in question were consumed June, the weighting structure, which is set at the beginning of the year, has also remained unchanged.

#### **Price Estimation**

Prices are estimated for the subclasses that have not been commercialized due to the exceptional market situation.

In accordance with Eurostat recommendations, this month a specific methodology has thus been added to the estimation methods commonly used when a price is lacking in the CPI. The objective is to obtain a price for these categories that interferes as little as possible in the annual variation rate for the items that have been consumed.

The proportion of prices estimated over the total is 12.4%. Of the 221 maximum disaggregation categories for which data is published, in 10, more than half of the prices had to be estimated.

#### **Interpretation of Results**

The annual CPI rate published today shows the evolution of the prices for goods and services available in the month of June, compared to the previous year. It is unaffected by the goods and services unavailable due to COVID-19.

#### **COVID-19 Special Groups**

In order to offer information that allows for analysis of the reality resulting from the effects of health regulations, the INE has developed two indicators to determine price evolution for a group of products preferentially consumed by the society during confinement.

These aggregations, called the *COVID-19 Goods Special Group* and the *COVID-19 Services Special Group*, were calculated to allow for analysis of the behaviour of the prices of goods and services consumed most frequently during the confinement period.

The products included in the *COVID-19 Goods* are food, beverage, tobacco, cleaning and non-durable household items, pharmaceuticals, pet food, and personal care items.

On the other hand, the *COViD-19 Services* include housing and garage rental services, water distribution, sewerage, garbage collection, community expenses, electricity, gas, heating oil, telephone, music and streaming television services, insurance, banking commissions and funeral services.

In order to gain a more complete temporal picture, the *COVID-19 Special Groups* were calculated since 2017. These can be consulted on the INE website.

### Methodological note

The **Consumer Price Index (CPI)** is a short-term indicator that measures the evolution of the prices of consumer goods and services acquired by households resident in Spain.

On the other hand, the Harmonized Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is an indicator whose objective is to provide a common inflation measure that allows international comparisons.

**Type of survey:** continuous monthly survey.

Base period: 2016 (CPI) and 2015 (HICP).

Reference period for the weightings: year prior to the present year.

Sample of municipalities: 177.

Number of products: 479 (CPI) and 478 (HICP).

**Number of observations:** Approximately 220,000 monthly prices.

Functional classification: ECOICOP.

General calculation method: Chained Laspeyres.

**Collection method:** interviewing agents in establishments, *data scanner* and centralized collection for special items.

For more information, the methodology of both indicators can be consulted in the following link:

http://www.ine.es/en/metodologia/t25/t2530138 16 en.pdf

The CPI standardised methodological report on:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30138

And the HICP standardised methodological report on:

http://www.ine.es/dvnt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30180

For further information see INEbase: www.ine.es/en/ Twitter: @es\_ine

All press releases at: www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa\_en.htm

Press office: Telephone numbers: (+34) 91 583 93 63 /94 08 – gprensa@ine.es
Information Area: Telephone number: (+34) 91 583 91 00 – www.ine.es/infoine/?L=1

## Consumer Price Index. Base 2016 June 2020

#### 1. National indices: overall index and divisions

Division	Index	% Change			Contribution	
		Monthly	Year to date	Annual	Monthly	Year to date
ALL ITEMS	104.5	0.5	-0.7	-0.3		
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.9	-0.3	1.7	2.8	-0.062	0.340
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	105.0	-0.2	1.0	0.7	-0.005	0.028
3. Clothing and footwear	108.8	-1.3	-2.9	0.9	-0.081	-0.187
4. Housing	100.2	1.7	<b>-</b> 2.5	-3.8	0.219	-0.337
5. Furniture and household equipment	101.0	-0.1	0.2	0.2	-0.005	0.013
6. Health	102.2	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.001	0.005
7. Transport	103.5	1.6	<b>-</b> 5.9	-5.2	0.227	-0.908
8. Communications	104.9	0.0	0.9	0.7	0.000	0.034
9. Recreation and culture	100.5	1.4	-0.7	-0.3	0.120	-0.058
10. Education	103.3	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.000	0.000
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.4	0.3	2.3	1.8	0.042	0.276
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	104.9	0.1	1.0	1.4	0.006	0.069

2. National indices:special aggregates

Special aggregate	Index	% Change		
		Monthly	Year to date	Annual
Processed food, beverages and tobacco	103.9	-0.3	1.4	1.7
Unprocessed food	112.5	-0.3	2.2	4.1
Food, beverages and tobacco	106.6	-0.3	1.6	2.5
Unprocessed food and energy	104.5	2.1	-5.8	-5.8
Industrial goods	101.0	0.9	-4.2	-3.8
Durable industrial goods	98.5	-0.1	-0.7	-0.8
Energy products	99.2	4.0	-10.9	-11.9
Fuels	102.1	3.2	-13.3	-12.7
Industrial goods excluding energy	102.0	0.4	-4.1	-3.2
Industrial goods excluding energy products	102.0	-0.4	-1.0	0.1
Services	106.2	0.5	1.1	1.3
Services without rentals for housing	106.3	0.5	1.1	1.3
Overall index excluding food, beverages and tobacco	103.8	0.7	-1.4	-1.2
Overall index excluding rentals for housing	104.5	0.5	-0.8	-0.4
Overall index excluding energy products	105.2	0.1	0.7	1.3
CORE INFLATION (Overall index excluding unprocessed food				
and energy products)	104.5	0.1	0.5	1.0
Overall index excluding tobacco	104.5	0.5	-0.7	-0.4
Overall index excluding services	103.2	0.4	-2.0	-1.4
Overall index excluding liquid fuels	104.7	0.2	0.4	8.0

## 3. National indices: headings

	Index	Monthly		Year to date	)	Annual
		% Change	Contribution	% Change	Contribution	% Change
01. Cereals and by-products	102.9	-0.5	-0.009	1.9	0.032	2.1
02. Bread	103.1	-0.1	-0.001	0.1	0.001	0.5
03. Bovine meat	104.5	-0.2	-0.001	0.6	0.004	1.6
04. Sheep meat	106.0	1.8	0.004	-5.8	-0.013	2.9
05. Swine meat	110.6	-0.9	-0.007	0.2	0.001	3.5
06. Poultry meat	105.7	-0.7	-0.005	1.2	0.010	1.6
07. Other meats	108.5	-0.1	-0.003	2.2	0.048	5.0
08. Fresh and frozen fish	108.3	-0.3	-0.003	-2.9	-0.033	3.4
09. Crustaceans, molluscs and processed fish	109.7	0.0	0.000	2.1	0.026	1.7
10. Eggs	105.8	-0.9	-0.002	-0.7	-0.002	-0.1
11. Milk	99.4	-0.4	-0.003	0.5	0.004	0.8
12. Dairy products	103.6	-0.4	-0.006	1.4	0.020	2.1
13. Oils and fats	84.5	-0.7	-0.003	-1.8	-0.009	-4.4
14. Fresh fruits	124.0	2.2	0.039	11.7	0.187	12.4
15. Canned and dried fruit	100.7	-0.1	0.000	2.4	0.007	2.1
16. Fresh pulses and vegetables	114.3	-3.6	-0.040	0.1	0.001	2.0
17. Processed pulses and vegetables	105.4	0.0	0.000	1.5	0.009	0.8
18. Potatoes and their preparations	110.4	-3.0	-0.010	1.8	0.006	-2.0
19. Coffee, cocoa and infusions	101.9	-0.5	-0.002	1.8	0.007	0.9
20. Sugar	106.3	-0.5	0.000	4.0	0.002	7.9
21. Other food products	102.3	-0.1	-0.002	0.9	0.011	0.8
22. Mineral water, soft drinks and juices	108.5	-0.6	-0.006	2.3	0.021	2.2
23. Alcoholic beverages	108.0	-0.6	-0.005	2.9	0.025	1.7
24. Tobacco	103.8	0.0	0.000	0.2	0.003	0.2
25. Clothing for men	103.4	-1.2	-0.018	-9.1	-0.147	0.8
26. Clothing for women	111.6	-1.8	-0.042	-2.4	-0.055	0.9
27. Chlothing for children and babies	114.6	-1.0	-0.009	5.9	0.050	1.1
28. Clothing accesories and repair of clothing	104.3	-0.8	-0.001	-7.5	-0.015	1.2
29. Footwear for men	107.8	-0.8	-0.005	-0.1	-0.001	0.8
30. Footwear for women	108.0	-0.5	-0.003	-1.8	-0.013	1.0
31. Footwear for children	102.8	-1.0	-0.003	-2.5	-0.007	0.6
32. Repair of footwear	106.8	0.2	0.000	0.9	0.000	1.8
33. Rental housing	104.4	0.1	0.003	0.5	0.015	1.1
34. Heating, lighting and water supply	96.1	3.6	0.217	-5.7	-0.374	-8.9
35. Maintenance of the dwelling	103.3	0.0	-0.001	0.6	0.023	0.9
36. Furniture and floor coverings	101.6	0.0	0.000	0.1	0.001	-0.1
37. Household textiles and decorations	96.9	0.1	0.001	-1.7	-0.009	-2.3
38. Household appliances including repair	96.3	-0.2	-0.002	-0.6	-0.005	-0.8
39. Household utensils and tools	99.0	-0.1	0.000	-0.6	-0.003	-0.7
40. Non-durable household goods	101.4	-0.4	-0.005	1.1	0.016	1.2
41. Household services	107.9	0.1	0.001	1.5	0.025	2.0
42. Medical and a like services	106.4	0.1	0.002	1.3	0.022	1.8
43. Medicaments and therapeutic equipment	100.2	0.0	0.000	-0.3	-0.007	-0.3
44. Personal transport	103.5	1.4	0.190	-6.5	-0.921	-5.8
45. Public urban transport	102.3	0.0	0.000	0.7	0.006	0.8
46. Public intercity transport	101.8	3.3	0.030	0.0	0.000	1.1
47. Communications	104.9	0.0	0.000	0.9	0.034	0.7
48. Recreational items	89.5	-0.3	-0.006	-1.8	-0.038	-3.3
49. Publications	108.0	-0.1	-0.001	0.3	0.002	2.1
50. Recreation	102.2	-0.1	-0.001	0.3	0.002	0.9
51. Infant and primary education	105.0	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.9
52. Secondary education	106.4	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	2.0
53. Tertiary education	100.4	0.0	0.000	0.0	0.000	0.4
54. Other educational costs	101.3	0.0	0.000	0.6	0.000	1.2
55. Personal effects	98.9	0.3	0.001	0.6	0.003	0.8
	108.4	1.3	0.003	1.8	0.008	1.5
56. Tourism and catering						
57. Other goods and services	105.9	0.2	0.011	1.1	0.046	1.7



## 4. Autonomous communities: overall index and divisions

(Continues)

Divisions	Index	% Chan	ge		Index	% Chan	ge		Index	% Chan	nge	
		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual
	Andal	ucía			Aragó	n			Asturi	as, Prir	ncipado	de
ALL ITEMS	104.3	0.4	-0.5	-0.2	104.0	0.6	-1.0	-0.6	103.6	0.3	-1.1	-0.8
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.7	-0.5	1.9	2.8	105.9	-0.2	1.4	2.1	105.4	-0.4	1.1	2.1
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	104.3	-0.1	1.2	8.0	104.0	-0.3	0.8	0.4	104.4	-0.6	1.5	0.7
3. Clothing and footwear	109.1	-1.3	-2.4	1.0	108.4	-1.8	-1.9	0.8	108.9	-1.9	-3.5	0.8
4. Housing	100.1	1.8	-1.5	-3.4	99.7	2.1	-3.8	-5.0	99.5	1.9	-3.2	-4.7
5. Furniture and household equipment	99.8	-0.1	-0.2	0.0	99.1	0.0	0.0	-0.3	100.8	0.0	0.4	0.6
6. Health	102.3	0.1	0.7	1.0	103.0	0.1	1.2	1.4	100.4	-0.3	0.4	0.5
7. Transport	103.0	1.7	-5.8	-5.2	102.7	1.7	-6.4	-5.7	102.4	1.2	-6.4	-6.2
8. Communications	105.1	0.0	0.9	0.7	105.2	0.0	0.9	0.7	104.2	0.0	0.8	0.5
9. Recreation and culture	99.9	1.2	-0.4	-0.4	99.2	1.6	-0.9	-0.5	98.4	1.3	-1.3	-1.5
10. Education	104.7	-0.1	-0.1	0.9	103.9	0.0	0.0	1.4	99.6	0.0	0.0	-1.3
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	107.9	0.3	2.2	1.8	109.8	0.3	2.0	2.3	107.0	0.4	2.2	1.6
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	104.2	0.3	1.1	1.5	104.8	0.4	1.0	2.4	106.3	0.3	1.1	1.3
	Balear	s, Illes			Canarias			Cantabria				
ALL ITEMS	104.0	0.4	-0.8	-0.5	104.9	0.4	0.2	0.8	104.2	0.4	-1.2	-0.5
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	105.5	-0.7	0.8	2.4	106.3	0.1	1.1	2.7	106.2	-0.5	1.6	2.9
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	103.3	-0.1	1.0	0.4	118.9	0.2	2.5	2.7	104.4	0.2	1.1	0.7
3. Clothing and footwear	108.8	-1.3	-2.3	1.1	109.1	-1.8	-0.5	1.0	107.7	-1.0	-4.7	1.0
4. Housing	101.7	1.4	-1.7	-3.0	100.6	1.3	-0.8	-2.0	99.3	1.6	-2.6	-4.2
5. Furniture and household equipment	100.3	-0.1	-0.3	-0.2	98.9	0.2	0.2	0.4	100.6	0.3	0.0	0.4
6. Health	101.1	-0.1	0.9	-1.5	100.2	-0.1	0.1	0.5	103.8	0.0	0.5	1.1
7. Transport	102.2	1.8	-5.0	-3.8	107.2	1.3	-1.6	-0.4	105.2	1.2	-7.1	-6.5
8. Communications	106.1	0.0	1.0	0.9	104.9	0.0	0.9	0.6	106.6	0.0	1.0	0.9
9. Recreation and culture	100.4	1.5	-0.7	0.9	98.6	1.0	-1.0	-1.3	97.9	1.3	-0.5	-0.6
10. Education	105.1	0.0	0.0	1.9	101.0	0.1	-0.1	0.1	102.5	0.0	0.2	1.7
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.6	0.1	1.4	-1.2	108.5	0.4	1.9	3.3	107.9	0.3	1.4	1.9
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	105.3	0.0	0.9	1.1	103.9	0.1	1.5	1.5	104.3	0.1	1.3	2.0



### 4. Autonomous communities: overall index and divisions

(Continuation)

Divisions	Index	% Chan	ge		Index	% Chan	nge		Index	% Chan	ge	
		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual
	Castill	la y Leó	n		Castil	la-La M	ancha		Catalu	ıña		
ALL ITEMS	104.4	0.5	-1.2	-0.7	104.4	0.7	-1.2	-0.6	104.9	0.4	-0.8	-0.6
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	107.3	-0.1	1.9	3.0	108.3	0.3	2.4	3.4	108.1	-0.5	1.6	2.3
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	104.6	-0.2	1.2	0.9	104.7	-0.1	8.0	0.7	105.1	-0.4	1.0	0.5
3. Clothing and footwear	107.9	-1.4	-4.1	0.9	108.1	-1.1	-4.0	8.0	109.6	-1.1	-3.4	0.9
4. Housing	98.9	2.2	-4.9	-6.3	98.6	2.6	-5.9	-7.3	100.4	1.5	-2.6	-3.5
5. Furniture and household equipment	101.6	-0.2	0.4	0.5	100.2	-0.1	0.1	0.2	102.6	-0.1	0.2	0.5
6. Health	102.3	0.0	-0.5	-0.1	102.0	0.0	0.6	0.7	102.8	-0.1	-0.2	-0.3
7. Transport	104.7	1.3	-6.5	-5.9	102.9	1.5	-6.2	-5.4	103.2	1.6	-6.4	-5.8
8. Communications	105.0	0.0	0.9	0.7	105.8	0.0	1.0	0.8	104.6	0.0	0.8	0.6
9. Recreation and culture	100.1	1.5	-0.7	-0.5	98.5	1.4	-1.3	-1.1	101.4	1.7	-0.8	-0.6
10. Education	100.4	0.0	0.0	-1.2	103.9	-0.1	-0.1	1.3	103.6	0.0	0.0	1.1
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.3	0.4	2.4	2.4	108.2	0.4	2.2	2.8	109.0	0.4	2.8	1.5
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	103.9	-0.2	0.8	1.0	104.5	0.2	1.0	1.6	106.5	0.0	1.0	1.5
	Comu	nitat Va	lenciar	na	Extremadura				Galicia			
ALL ITEMS	104.2	0.4	-0.8	-0.5	104.2	0.4	-0.5	-0.2	104.4	0.6	-0.9	-0.4
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.8	-0.5	1.5	2.7	106.6	0.0	2.2	3.5	107.1	-0.1	2.6	3.3
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	104.0	0.0	0.6	0.6	104.7	0.0	1.1	0.8	104.9	-0.5	0.9	0.6
3. Clothing and footwear	109.7	-1.9	-1.5	0.7	108.6	-1.2	-2.4	1.0	108.3	-0.7	-4.2	1.0
4. Housing	99.3	2.0	-2.1	-3.9	98.8	1.9	-2.2	-4.2	99.7	2.0	-3.7	-5.2
5. Furniture and household equipment	100.7	0.1	-0.1	-0.1	100.5	0.0	0.2	0.0	101.8	0.0	0.7	0.4
6. Health	102.7	0.1	0.2	0.6	101.0	0.0	0.3	0.2	103.6	0.0	0.2	0.4
7. Transport	102.6	1.6	-6.3	-5.7	102.8	1.3	-6.6	-5.6	102.0	1.7	-6.5	-6.0
8. Communications	103.6	0.0	0.7	0.4	104.1	0.0	8.0	0.5	104.8	0.0	0.9	0.6
9. Recreation and culture	100.8	1.3	-1.1	-0.3	99.4	1.3	-0.6	-1.4	99.2	1.4	-0.6	-0.8
10. Education	102.3	0.0	0.0	1.7	105.1	0.0	0.0	1.6	105.4	0.0	0.0	1.8
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.4	0.3	1.9	1.2	108.4	0.4	2.4	1.5	109.6	0.3	2.2	2.5
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	104.4	0.2	1.2	1.4	103.5	-0.3	1.3	1.0	103.9	0.3	1.3	1.5



Divisions	Index	% Chan	ge		Index	% Char	nge		Index	% Chan	ige	
		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual		Monthly	Year to date	Annual
	Madrid	l, Comı	ınidad (	de	Murcia	a, Regio	ón de		Navarı	ra, C. F	oral de	
ALL ITEMS	104.6	0.5	-0.6	-0.1	103.6	0.5	-0.6	-0.4	104.4	0.6	-1.0	-0.7
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.0	-0.3	1.5	2.8	106.3	-0.3	2.0	3.0	106.9	0.1	1.7	2.9
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	104.8	-0.2	0.6	0.4	105.0	0.0	1.2	1.3	103.9	-0.1	0.2	0.3
3. Clothing and footwear	107.3	-0.6	-3.3	0.9	110.2	-1.6	-1.7	1.1	109.7	-1.0	-2.3	1.2
4. Housing	101.8	1.3	-1.8	-2.5	98.8	1.5	-1.6	-3.3	99.8	2.1	-4.6	-5.7
5. Furniture and household equipment	101.6	-0.4	0.8	0.6	99.8	0.1	1.1	-0.1	100.2	-0.4	-0.2	-0.4
6. Health	101.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.3	102.5	0.2	1.0	1.6	104.2	0.1	0.0	-0.1
7. Transport	104.3	1.6	-5.6	-4.8	101.4	1.9	-6.8	-6.3	103.3	1.6	-6.7	-5.9
8. Communications	106.0	0.0	1.0	0.8	104.7	0.0	0.8	0.6	103.3	0.0	0.7	0.4
Recreation and culture	101.8	1.3	0.0	1.0	98.8	2.1	-1.0	-0.8	100.6	1.9	-0.8	-0.6
10. Education	102.7	0.0	0.1	0.2	105.2	0.0	0.0	1.5	102.7	0.0	0.0	0.2
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.4	0.3	2.5	2.0	106.7	0.2	1.7	1.9	109.0	0.6	2.8	2.0
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	105.8	0.0	0.8	1.6	103.4	-0.2	0.5	0.4	104.0	0.1	1.4	1.6
<u> </u>	País V				Rioja,				Ceuta			
ALL ITEMS	104.9	0.5	-0.5	-0.2	104.6	0.4	-0.9	-0.7	102.9	0.2	-0.5	-0.2
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	107.4	0.3	2.5	3.6	106.4	-0.9	0.7	2.0	104.7	-0.5	1.6	4.0
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	104.2	-0.3	0.9	-0.1	105.1	0.7	1.8	0.7	103.8	-0.8	-0.4	-0.4
3. Clothing and footwear	108.6	-1.8	-3.1	0.9	114.4	-1.3	-1.3	1.1	112.2	-0.9	1.4	1.1
4. Housing	100.5	1.7	-2.2	-3.6	98.6	2.1	-3.5	-5.2	101.0	1.3	-0.9	-2.4
Furniture and household equipment	101.7	0.1	-0.1	0.2	102.9	0.2	-0.3	-0.2	97.2	0.3	-1.5	-3.4
6. Health	102.2	0.1	-0.2	0.6	101.2	0.0	-0.8	0.4	101.4	0.0	0.1	0.1
7. Transport	105.0	1.4	-5.8	-5.1	105.0	1.4	-5.7	-4.8	100.3	1.7	-7.2	-6.8
8. Communications	105.3	0.0	0.9	0.7	104.5	0.0	0.8	0.6	108.5	0.0	1.3	1.2
Recreation and culture	100.9	1.6	-1.2	-1.1	100.1	1.9	-0.8	-0.7	98.5	0.9	-0.7	-1.6
10. Education	104.6	0.0	0.0	1.4	104.8	0.0	0.0	1.8	104.7	0.0	0.0	1.6
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	107.7	0.3	2.3	1.4	107.4	0.4	2.5	1.4	103.2	0.3	1.3	1.3
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	104.1	0.0	0.6	0.7	103.1	-0.2	0.6	0.7	101.3	-0.1	0.1	0.1
12. Missoliarissus goods drid solvious												
ALL ITEMS	Melilla 103.6	0.5	-0.3	0.4								
Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.2	-0.7	2.8	4.9								
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	103.1	-0.4	-0.4	-0.4								
Clothing and footwear	109.2	-1.4	-2.4	0.8								
4. Housing	102.3	1.7	-1.1	-2.9								
Furniture and household equipment	103.6	0.5	0.8	0.6								
6. Health	102.6	0.0	0.2	0.4								
7. Transport	98.4	3.1	-5.9	-5.0								
8. Communications	104.3	0.0	0.8	0.5								
9. Recreation and culture	98.9	1.5	-0.9	-0.3								

101.9

106.3

101.7

10. Education

11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants

12. Miscellaneous goods and services

0.0

0.2

0.6

0.0

1.6

1.4

0.4

1.7

1.3

## **Consumer Price Index at Constant Tax Rates**

Base 2016

## **June 2020**

### 1. National indices at constant tax rates: overall index and divisions

Division	Index	% Change	
		Monthly	Annual
OVERALL INDEX AT CONSTANT TAX RATES	104.4	0.5	-0.3
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	106.9	-0.3	2.8
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	105.0	-0.2	0.7
3. Clothing and footwear	108.8	-1.3	0.9
4. Housing	100.2	1.7	-3.8
5. Furniture and household equipment	101.0	-0.1	0.2
6. Health	102.2	0.0	0.3
7. Transport	102.9	1.6	-5.2
8. Communications	104.9	0.0	0.7
9. Recreation and culture	101.1	1.4	-0.3
10. Education	103.3	0.0	0.8
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	108.4	0.3	1.8
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	104.9	0.1	1.4

## 2. National indices at constant tax rates: overall index and special aggregates

Special aggregate	Índice	% Variación	)
		Mensual	Anual
OVERALL INDEX AT CONSTANT TAX RATES	104.4	0.5	-0.3
Processed food, beverages and tobacco	103.9	-0.3	1.7
Unprocessed food	112.5	-0.3	4.1
Food, beverages and tobacco	106.6	-0.3	2.5
Unprocessed food and energy	104.0	2.1	-5.8
Industrial goods	100.8	0.9	-3.8
Durable industrial goods	98.5	-0.1	-0.8
Energy products	98.4	4.0	-11.9
Fuels	101.0	3.2	-12.7
Industrial goods excluding energy	101.7	0.4	-3.2
Industrial goods excluding energy products	102.0	-0.4	0.1
Services	106.3	0.5	1.3
Services without rentals for housing	106.5	0.5	1.3
Overall index excluding food, beverages and tobacco	103.8	0.7	-1.2
Overall index excluding rentals for housing	104.4	0.5	-0.4
Overall index excluding energy products	105.2	0.1	1.3
CORE INFLATION (Overall index excluding unprocessed food			
and energy products)	104.6	0.1	1.0
Overall index excluding tobacco	104.4	0.5	-0.4
Overall index excluding services	103.1	0.4	-1.5
Overall index excluding liquid fuels	104.7	0.2	0.8
OVERALL INDEX AT CONSTANT TAX RATES AND SUBSIDIES	104.4	0.5	-0.3

## Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices, 2015=100 September 2020

#### 1. National indices: overall index and divisions

Division	Index	% Change		
		Monthly	Annual	
ALL ITEMS	104.87	0.4	-0.3	
1. Food and non-alcoholic beverages	108.39	-0.3	2.8	
2. Alcoholic beverages and tobacco	105.53	-0.2	0.7	
3. Clothing and footwear	116.73	-1.9	0.3	
4. Housing	96.13	1.7	-3.7	
5. Furniture and household equipment	101.12	-0.1	0.2	
6. Health	102.59	0.0	0.3	
7. Transport	100.47	1.6	-5.0	
8. Communications	107.70	0.0	0.7	
9. Recreation and culture	99.22	1.8	-0.4	
10. Education	103.97	0.0	0.8	
11. Hotels, cafés and restaurants	110.87	0.5	1.9	
12. Miscellaneous goods and services	106.37	0.1	1.5	

## 2. National indices: HICP and HICP at Constant Tax Rates

All items	Index	% Change	
		Monthly	Annual
HICP at Constant Tax Rates	104.82	0.4	-0.3
HICP	104.87	0.4	-0.3