

31 January 2020

Flash estimate of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and of the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP)) January 2020

The annual change in the flash estimate of the CPI stands at 1.1% in January, three tenths higher than that registered in December

The annual rate of the flash estimate of the HICP is 1.1%

According to the flash estimate issued by the INE, the annual inflation of the CPI in January 2019 was 1.1%.

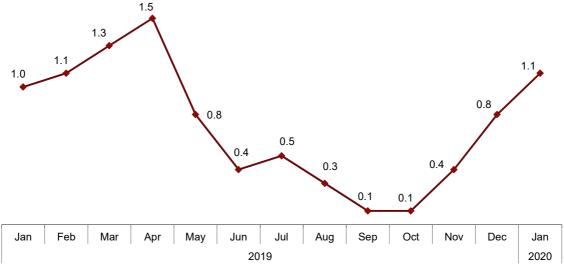
This indicator provides a preview of the CPI that, if confirmed, would imply an increase of three tenths in the annual rate, since in December this change was 0.8%.

This behaviour highlights the increase in the prices of fuels, compared to the decrease experienced in 2018. Also influences, although in the opposite direction, the declines in electricity prices.

This behavior highlights the increase in the prices of *electricity and food and no alcoholic drinks*, compared to the decreases recorded in 2019.

Annual evolution of the CPI¹

Overall index. Percentage



¹ The last data refers to the flash estimate

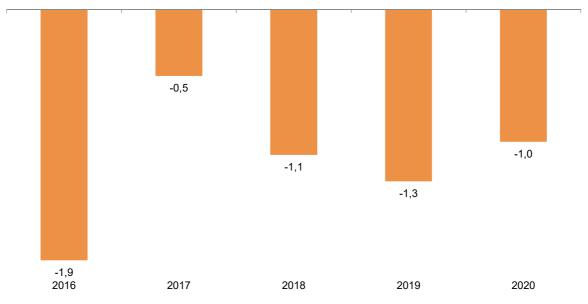
In turn, the annual variation of the flash estimate of the HICP in January stands at 1.1%. If confirmed, the annual rate of the HICP would increase three tenths with respect to the previous month.

Monthly rate trend

According to the flash estimate of the CPI, consumer prices registered a variation of -1.0% as compared with December.

Evolution of the monthly rate of the CPI in January¹

Overall Index. Percentage



¹ The last data refers to flash estimate

In turn, the monthly change of the HICP flash estimate in January stood at -1.4%.

Revisiones y actualización de datos

The data released today is an advance of the final CPI and HICP data, which will be published next month. Until then, the results are available in INEbase.

Metodological note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a statistical measure of the evolution of the prices of goods and services consumed by the population that reside in family dwellings in Spain.

In turn, the Harmonised Index of Consumer Prices (HICP) is a statistical indicator whose objective is to provide a common average of the inflation that allows conducting international comparisons

Type of survey: continuous on a monthly basis

Base period: 2016 (CPI) and 2015 (HICP)

Reference period of weightings: year prior to the current year

Sample of municipalities: 177

Number of items: 480 (CPI) y 479 (HICP).

Number of observations: approximately 220,000 prices per month.

Functional classification: ECOICOP.

General method of calculation: chained Laspeyres

Collection method: interviewers in establishments and centralised collection for special items

For further information, please consult the methodology of both indicators in the following link:

http://www.ine.es/metodologia/t25/t2530138 16.pdf

The CPI standardised Methodological report:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30138

And the HICP standardised Methodological report:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30180

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