

30 October 2023

**Flash estimate of the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and
of the Harmonised Consumer Price Index (HCPI)
October 2023**

**The annual change in the flash estimate of the CPI remains at 3.5%
in October**

**The annual rate of the flash indicator of underlying inflation
decreases six tenths, to 5.2%**

The annual rate of the flash indicator of the HCPI is 3.5%

Annual rate evolution

The estimated annual inflation of the CPI in October 2023 is 3.5%, according to the flash indicator prepared by the NSI.

This indicator provides a preview of the CPI which, if confirmed, would mean that the annual rate remains stable, since in September this variation was also 3.5%.

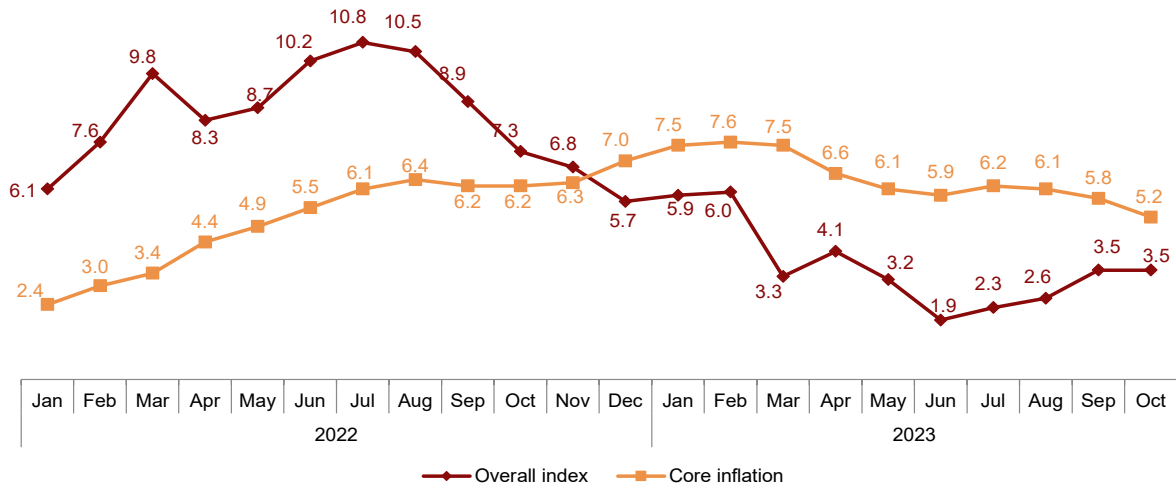
This behaviour is mainly due to the upward influence of *electricity*, whose prices fell less than in October 2022.

On the other hand, the declining influence of *fuels* is also noteworthy, whose prices fell, and of *food and non-alcoholic beverages*, whose prices increased less significantly than in the previous year.

The estimated annual variation rate of underlying inflation (general index excluding non-processed food and energy products) decreases six tenths, to 5.2%.

Annual evolution of the CPI¹

General and underlying index. Percentage



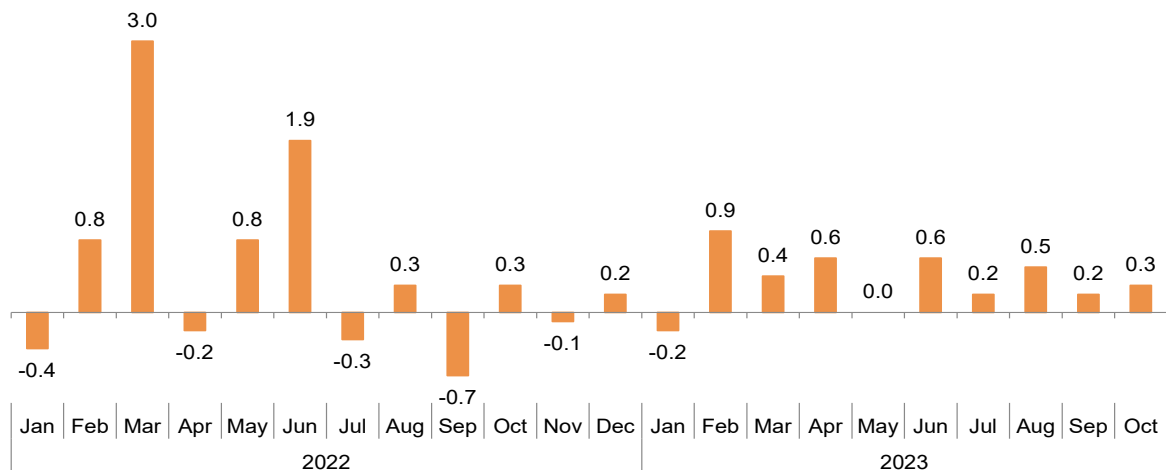
¹ The last data refers to the flash estimate

Monthly rate evolution

Consumer prices registered a rate of 0.3% in October compared to September, according to the leading indicator of the CPI.

Monthly rate of CPI¹

General index. Percentage



¹ The last data refers to the flash estimate

Harmonized Consumer Price Index (HCPI)

In October, the estimated annual variation rate of the HCPI stood at 3.5%, two tenths more than the one registered in the previous month.

For its part, the estimated monthly variation of the HCPI is 0.3%.

Data reviews and updates

The data released today is a preview of the final CPI and HCPI data to be released next month. Until then, the results are available at INEbase.

Methodological note

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a statistical measure of the evolution of the prices of goods and services consumed by the population that reside in family dwellings in Spain.

In turn, the Harmonised Consumer Price Index (HCPI) is a statistical indicator whose objective is to provide a common average of the inflation that allows conducting international comparisons.

Type of survey: continuous on a monthly basis

Base period: 2021 (CPI) and 2015 (HCPI)

Reference period of weightings: year prior to the current year

Sample of municipalities: 177

Number of items: 462 (CPI) y 461 (HCPI), traditionally collected, and 493 scanner data.

Number of observations: approximately 210,000 prices per month.

Functional classification: ECOICOP.

General method of calculation: chained Laspeyres

Collection method: interviewers in establishments, *scanner data* and centralised collection for special items

For further information, please consult the methodology of both indicators in the following link:

https://ine.es/metodologia/t25/principales_caracteristicas_base_2021.pdf

The CPI standardised Methodological report:

<https://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30138>

And the HCPI standardised Methodological report:

<https://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30180>

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Press office: Telephone numbers: (+34) 91 583 93 63 /94 08 – gprensa@ine.es

Information Area: Telephone number: (+34) 91 583 91 00 – www.ine.es/infoine/?L=1
