

**High Council on  
Statistics**

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**Working Group on  
Short-Term Labour  
Market Statistics**

**Comparison of  
the statistical  
magnitudes of  
Employment according  
to the  
Economically Active  
Population Survey  
and the Affiliation  
data.  
Second quarter of 2018**



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## 1 Objective and general approach

The aim of this report is to compare, in the most homogeneous terms possible, the employment data obtained from the Affiliation to Social Security and the Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) in order to analyse the coherence of both sources of information. The reference period for the data covered by this study is the second quarter of 2018.

This report is the third prepared with the Census 2011 population base, currently in force, for the EAPS data. Its results are therefore fully comparable with those for the second quarter of 2012 (Q2-2012) the second quarter of 2014 and the second quarter of 2016 (Q2-2016) and are available on the INE website<sup>1</sup>.

The data on affiliation to Social Security comes from the statistical use of the databases maintained by the General Social Security Treasury (Ministry of Employment and Social Security-MEYSS). The estimates provided by the Economically Active Population Survey (EAPS) are obtained from the information, collected through personal or telephone interviews with the households selected in the survey sample. The EAPS is the source of reference statistical information comparable at the international level.

Both the Affiliation and the EAPS have their own particularities, derived from their own methodology and purposes, and reflect the evolution of employment in Spain filtered through their respective specificities. For a comparison of results, it is necessary to make adjustments to the groups covered in each case and to homogenise the reference period of the data.

Broadly speaking, the methodology of the comparison consists of adjusting the Affiliation information so that it is as close as possible to the concepts measured in the EAPS. For this purpose, data are obtained on the natural persons affiliated<sup>2</sup> to the Social Security who have been registered at some point in time for each of the thirteen weeks of the calendar that constitutes the reference period of the comparison, in this case the Q2-2018, and then the average of these thirteen weeks is calculated.

To this new average, it has been added the figures provided by the Mutual Insurance Societies for Public Employees (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS), corresponding to the second quarter of 2018, since they are workers not included in the Affiliation (as long as they did not have another job for which they

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<sup>1</sup>[https://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa\\_empleo\\_bp11\\_2016\\_microdatos\\_en.pdf](https://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa_empleo_bp11_2016_microdatos_en.pdf), [http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa\\_empleo\\_bp11\\_2014.pdf](http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa_empleo_bp11_2014.pdf) , report corresponding to Q2-2014 and [http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa\\_empleo\\_bp11\\_2012.pdf](http://www.ine.es/daco/daco42/daco4211/compa_empleo_bp11_2012.pdf), report corresponding to Q2-2012.

There are previous reports, but the results of the EAPS are calculated on the basis of the population base prior to the current one.

<sup>2</sup> Some groups are not taken into consideration, precisely to get closer to the EAPS concept. For a complete list of the adjustments made, see Section 3.

contributed to Social Security). This magnitude is called Adjusted Affiliation and is the one that is compared in the annex results with the estimates of the EAPS.

This document shows, together with a brief overview of the definitions and main characteristics of the two statistical sources, the results obtained from the process of comparing the employment data from the two operations relating to Q2-2018 and a descriptive commentary on them.

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## 2 Definitions and peculiarities of the sources of information on EAPS employment

### EAPS Employed persons

The definition of the **employed population according to the EAPS** follows the methodology of the International Labour Organization (ILO). Employed persons are all those persons aged 16 years old or over who, during the reference week, have been employed or self-employed, according to the definitions given below.

• **Persons employed by others or salaried employees** are all those who fall into the following categories:

- *Working*: persons who, during the reference week, have worked, even sporadically or occasionally, for at least one hour in exchange for a salary, wage or other form of related payment, in cash or in kind.
- *Employed but not working*: persons who, having already worked in their current job, are absent from it during the reference week and have a close link with it.

Salaried employees may carry out their work in public or private companies or bodies.

• **Self-employed persons** are all those included in the following categories:

- *Working*: persons who, during the reference period, have worked, even sporadically or occasionally, for at least one hour in exchange for a benefit or a family earning, in cash or in kind.
- *Employed but not working*: persons who during the reference period had to perform some work in exchange for a family benefit or earning but were temporarily absent from it due to illness or accident, vacations, holidays, bad weather or other similar reasons.

Self-employed workers include employers, employers without employees and own-account workers, members of cooperatives and contributing family workers.

Considering the length of the working day, employed persons are classified as *full-time* and *part-time* employed persons. The usual working week may not be shorter than 30 hours in the first case, nor exceed 35 hours in the second.

Salaried employees are classified as *permanent* and *temporary*. For the latter, the end of their contract or work relationship is set by means of objective conditions, such as the expiry of a certain period of time, the completion of a specific task, etc.

***Peculiarities of the employment estimation provided by the EAPS:*** The employment figures of the EAPS are representative of the average situation during the reference quarter of the survey. The data is assigned to the central point of this period.

It should be borne in mind that it does not include persons employed in collective establishments. Nor does it adequately reflect temporary workers who do not have their habitual residence in a family dwelling in our country.

The EAPS data refer to the population resident in Spain.

For this study, the results of the EAPS have been calculated based on the location of the establishment where the person works.

## **Affiliation**

• **Social Security Affiliates:** The Affiliation data reflects the number of registered workers who carry out a work activity as such (neither unemployed nor students are included), so they are obliged to contribute to the public system for the protection of, at least, retirement, disability and death situations.

The number of affiliates corresponds to those who are registered in the different Social Security systems.

***Peculiarities of Social Security Affiliation:*** The Affiliation data, like all those coming from administrative registers, is sensitive to the legislative variations that affect it. The Social Security Affiliation file may also contain fictitious contributors seeking to obtain a retirement pension in the future (Special Agreements) or the right to receive unemployment benefit. These groups cannot be considered as registered workers and, therefore, are not employed persons. They have not been taken into account in the Affiliation data used in this comparison.

There are employed persons according to the EAPS who are not obliged to contribute to Social Security, as is the case with some contributing family workers (this category of workers must be affiliated to Social Security only when they work in a regular, fundamental and direct manner). There may also be people who are required to be affiliated and they are not.

The Social Security Affiliation file does not include public employees who are members of their own Mutual Insurance Societies as long as they do not carry out any other activity that determines their inclusion in any of the Social Security System schemes.

It also does not include students who do not carry out a work activity.

The papal clergy (contemplative orders) is registered in the Affiliation but does not carry out an economic activity in the strict sense, as considered in the EAPS.

For this reason, they have been excluded from the calculation of affiliates, as well as workers in Penitentiary Centres, because their residence does not correspond to a family household.

- **Mutual Insurance Affiliates:** These are people who are affiliated to one of the Mutual Insurance Societies for public employees (MUFACE, MUGEJU or ISFAS).
- **Affiliates:** In this document, the term Affiliates is used to refer to all persons who are affiliated to the Social Security or to any of the Mutual Insurance Societies for public employees. Those who possess both situations are counted only once.

The Affiliation data refers to the population working in Spain, whether or not they are resident in our country.

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### 3 Methodology of the comparative study of employment

To carry out this comparative study with the employment data from the EAPS and Affiliation, taking into account the aforementioned definitions and observations, the following operations are conducted:

- **EAPS Employment** is obtained directly from the survey. It therefore refers to the employment of persons residing in family households (reference scope of the survey). In addition, it has been selected those persons whose place of work is located in Spain.
- The number of registered affiliates for at least one day for each of the 13 reference weeks of the second quarter of the EAPS is extracted from the Social Security databases and the arithmetic mean of the 13 figures is calculated. This arithmetic mean is considered as the quarterly data of the Social Security affiliates for the purposes of this study. This figure does not include the following groups:
  - Special Agreements and beneficiaries of unemployment benefits, not considered in the data extraction.
  - The papal clergy.
  - Employees in Mutual Insurance Societies who are simultaneously affiliated with the Social Security.
  - Convicted persons in Penitentiary Institutions who carry out work for which they are required to register with the Social Security Administration.

All of them have been deducted from the Social Security Affiliation data.

- To this arithmetic mean is added the employees affiliated to their own Mutual Insurance Societies (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS), thus obtaining the **adjusted Affiliation** figure - quarterly data to carry out the comparison with the EAPS Employment.



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## 4 Comments on the results

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### 4.1 Comparison of employment data by Autonomous Community

The employment figure obtained from the Economically Active Population Survey exceeded the data derived from the adjusted Affiliation by 409.200 people. The Autonomous Communities with the greatest differences and with the highest number of EAPS employed persons, in absolute terms, were: Comunitat Valenciana and Canary Islands, with 146.900 and 66.900 people respectively. In turn, Comunidad de Madrid presented higher adjusted affiliation figures with a difference in their favour of 84.000 people. The rest of the Autonomous Communities that were in this same case had differences that were not statistically significant (see Table 1).

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### 4.2 Comparison of employment data by professional status, sex, age and Autonomous Community. Agricultural and non-agricultural sectors

The comparison includes the *group of public employees affiliated to the different Mutual Societies among employed workers in the non-agricultural sector*.

#### **Non-agricultural sector**

It can be seen that, within the non-agricultural sector, the EAPS estimate was higher than the adjusted Affiliation figure for the national total, a situation that prevailed for both employed workers (449.200 persons), while in the self-employed, the adjusted Affiliation figure exceeds the EPA estimate by 27.400 people (see table 2.1).

By professional status, in the case of men, the difference between employed and self-employed workers showed figures in favour of the EAPS (183.900 and 29.000 persons respectively). For women, there was the same situation as for employed workers (266.500 people), exceeding the affiliation data to that of self-employed workers in the EAPS (56.400 people) (see table 2.1).

With regard to age, for salaried employees in the non-agricultural sector, the differences between EAPS employment and the adjusted Affiliation in favour of the EAPS were observed between 25 and 59 years of age (considering both sexes), while at older ages (60 or over), as well as in the 16-24 age group, discrepancies in favour of adjusted Affiliation were observed (see table 3.1.1). With respect to the self-employed in the non-agricultural sector, in all age groups the EAPS estimate exceeded the adjusted Affiliation estimate, except for the age groups of 20 to 29, 35 to 39 and 60 to 64 years (see table 3.1.2).

#### **Agricultural sector**

As regards the agricultural sector, the EAPS figure was lower than the Affiliation figure<sup>3</sup>. However, this pattern which remained unchanged for employed workers (46.200 persons of difference) changed when the study was carried out on self-employed workers (33.500 persons of difference in favour of EAPS employment) (see table 2.2).

If we consider the sex variable, in the case of women, in the situation of both employed and self-employed workers, the adjusted Affiliation figure exceeded EAPS employment in both cases (45.100 and 1.100 persons, respectively). On the other hand, for men, the adjusted Affiliation figures were lower than EAPS employment in both cases (4.700 and 28.800 persons) (see Table 2.2).

When considering the distribution of employed workers in the agricultural sector by age group, it was observed that the greatest discrepancies between EAPS employment and Affiliation, in favour of the latter, were found in the 20 to 24 age group, while the greatest difference in favour of EAPS employment was observed in the 55 to 59 age group (see table 3.2).

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#### 4.3 Comparison of employment data by economic activity and professional status

When carrying out this comparison, it should be borne in mind that the group of public employees affiliated to Mutual Societies has been assigned to the following activities of NACE-09: activity 84 (Public administration and defence; compulsory social security), 85 (Education), 86 (Human health activities), 87 (Residential care activities) and 88 (Social work activities without accommodation). The assignment has been made based on the body to which they belong.

It is also necessary to take into account in this comparison that the economic activity of the EAPS refers to the establishment where the interviewee works and the one recorded in Affiliation is the one declared by the company.

The branches of activity that contribute most to the difference in favour of the EAPS employment were those corresponding to Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel (branch 97, 222.400 persons), Education (branch 85, 72.000 persons), Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding (branch 65, 65,900 persons), Human health activities (branch 86, 60.900 persons, Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (branch 29, 58.300 persons) and Accommodation services activities (branch 55, 54.800 persons) among others (see table 4.1).

The greatest differences in favour of adjusted Affiliation were concentrated in to a lesser extent in the branch that encompasses Wholesale trade (branch 46, 225.800 persons), Office administrative, office support and other business support activities (branch 82, 199.500 persons), Public Administration (branch 84,

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<sup>3</sup> In Affiliation (agricultural sector), public employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance societies were not included, as they were not relevant in this sector.

193.500 persons of difference) and, among others (see table 4.1). In the case of branch 84, the most likely reason was the non-inclusion in the EAPS of the Armed Forces resident in barracks and the under-representation of civilian and military officials posted abroad.

With regard to Education (branch 85) and Public Administration (branch 84), the incorporation of MUFACE data assigning the different bodies of public employees by branches makes it difficult to differentiate the various general bodies that work in teaching institutions of Primary, Secondary or University Education and classify them in branch 85. This may partly explain the differences in these branches of activity.

With regard to domestic service (branch 97, 635.300 employed in the EAPS compared to 412.900 in adjusted Affiliation), there was a difference of about 222,400 persons. It should be recalled that, in the same way as in the 2016 and 2014 edition, the EAPS estimate for domestic service, which usually works 20 hours or less per week, has not been added to the Social Security figure as it had usually been done in previous studies - according to current legislation - (see table 4.1).

If economic activities are considered in aggregate, it can be observed that the greatest positive differences in favour of the EAPS were found in the branches corresponding to industry (branches 16-39) and to the same extent in the branches corresponding to Other services (mainly in the Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel, branch 97). On the other hand, the highest discrepancies in favour of adjusted Affiliation were observed in Public Administration and Defence; Compulsory Social Security (branch 84), in other business activities (branches 69-82) and in the branches of Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles and Wholesale and retail trade (branches 45-47) (see table 4.2).

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#### 4.4 Comparison of employment data in trade and accommodation by professional status, sex and Autonomous Community

The comparisons of the branches of activity of Trade and Accommodation (branches 55-56) should not be affected by the group of employees in the Mutual Societies (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS).

In Trade and Accommodation the EAPS employment was lower at the national level than that obtained from Affiliation. The same behaviour was also seen mainly in Cataluña and Comunidad de Madrid, where the figures for Affiliation were higher than those of the EAPS by 96.500 and 93.100 people respectively. However, the Autonomous Community of Canarias did not follow this pattern. In the latter, the EAPS estimated a higher level of employment in Trade and Accommodation (54.100 persons) (see table 5.1).

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## 4.5 Comparison of employment data by characteristics of the contract and Autonomous Community

In order to carry out the comparison of employment data according to the characteristics of the contract, only the group of salaried employees has been considered and it has been studied whether their employment relationship was permanent or temporary. It should be noted that ***the group of public employees affiliated to the Mutual Societies has been assimilated to employed workers whose employment relationship is permanent and whose working hours are full-time.***

### Type of employment relationship

The number of salaried employees obtained from the EAPS was higher than that obtained from adjusted Affiliation by 395.700 people (see table 6.1). This situation was the same for personnel with temporary contracts where the difference amounted to 273.400 people, observing a change in trend compared to 2016, and in the case of permanent contracts the EAPS employment figure was lower than the adjusted affiliation figure by 123.600 people.

The Autonomous Communities with the greatest differences and the highest number of EAPS salaried employees, in absolute terms, were Comunitat Valenciana and, to a lesser extent, Canarias with 121.600 and 60.800 people respectively. On the other hand, only Comunidad de Madrid had a significantly lower number of EAPS salaried employees than that obtained in the Adjusted Affiliation (52.500 people) (see table 6.1).

Within permanent contracts, the greatest discrepancies were in favour of adjusted Affiliation in Comunidad de Madrid (82.200 people), and in favour of the EAPS figures in Andalucía (52.100 people). In temporary contracts, the greatest discrepancies were in favour of the EAPS in Comunitat Valenciana and Canarias (93.200 and 45.200 respectively) (see table 6.1).

### Type of working day

In order to compare the type of working day in both sources, the group formed by fixed-discontinuous employees has been excluded from the adjusted Affiliation data as well as from the figures estimated by the EAPS. This exclusion was due to the fact that the categories considered in the Social Security Affiliation do not coincide with those of the EAPS, so that if this group were not excluded, both sources of information would not be comparable. Specifically, for Social Security, the type of working day for employed workers may be full-time, partial or fixed discontinuous. However, in the EAPS, it can only be full-time or partial, and the fixed discontinuous ones may have any of these two types of working days. This is therefore the reason why it has been decided to exclude the fixed discontinuous employees and to carry out the comparison for the rest of the employed workers.

At the national level, the difference between full-time employees (excluding fixed-discontinuous) was 2.231.200 persons in favour of the EAPS, while in the case of part-time employees, the difference was 1.736.400 persons in favour of adjusted Affiliation. The Autonomous Communities that contribute most to these differences were, in the first case, Cataluña, Comunidad de Madrid, Comunitat Valenciana and Andalucía and (343.300, 307.200, 281.300 and 278.300 people of difference respectively). In the case of the part-time working day, the greatest discrepancies were found in Comunidad de Madrid, followed by Cataluña and Andalucía (362.500, 314.200 and 231.400 people in favour of adjusted Affiliation) (see table 6.2).

It should also be borne in mind, in order to explain these discrepancies, the fact that concepts of part-time and full-time working hours do not coincide in the two sources.

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#### 4.6 Comparison of employment data for foreign nationals by professional status, economic activity and Autonomous Community

The analysis of the differences in the employment of foreigners was practically unaffected by the group of **employees in Mutual Societies** (MUFACE, MUGEJU and ISFAS). In the case of MUFACE, the nationality of mutual insurance affiliates is recovered from the type of identification document they have, assimilating all those who identify with the NIE as **foreigners from the European Union**. In the case of MUGEJU and ISFAS, the study is carried out under the hypothesis that all the mutual insurance affiliates are Spaniards. In the EAPS, when a person has dual nationality (Spanish and foreign), he or she is considered to be a Spaniard.

From the figures obtained, we can observe the following:

- The EAPS estimated 39.800 **foreigners from the European Union** more than the Adjusted Affiliation. This difference in favour of the EAPS was almost entirely concentrated in employed workers (35.300 persons) (see table 7.1).

The branches of activity that contributed most to the difference in favour of the EAPS were: Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel (branch 97; 32.000 persons of difference), Construction of buildings (branch 41; 18.500 persons of difference) and Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation services and related activities (branch 79; 11.000 persons of difference) (see table 8.1).

- When considering **foreign nationals from the rest of the world**, the EAPS exceeded the data derived from the adjusted Affiliation by 345.100 persons. The EAPS figure was higher for both employed workers (difference of 304.800 persons) and self-employed workers (difference of 40.300 persons). Comunitat Valenciana, Cataluña, Canarias, Comunidad de Madrid and Andalucía were the Autonomous Communities that contributed most to these differences (see table 7.2). The largest differences in employed persons in favour of the EAPS were concentrated in the activities of households as employers of domestic personnel

(branch 97, 96.900 persons), in food and beverage service activities (branch 56, 85.400 persons) and in retail trade (branch 47, 48.300 persons) (see table 8.1).

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## 5 General conclusions

- As can be seen, the EAPS employment figure was still higher than the Adjusted Affiliation data (409.200 people in favour of the EAPS employment). This situation was maintained when analysing the figures by nationality, both for Spaniards and for foreign nationals (24.300 and 384.900 persons of difference respectively). In the case of Spaniards, a difference of only 24.300 people in 2018, compared to 174.900 people in 2016.
- The differences by sex indicated that there were 240.700 more men employed according to the EAPS and 169.700 women.
- The differences between the figures provided by the EAPS and those obtained through Adjusted Affiliation could be explained by the fact that the EAPS may include unregistered employment.
- It may also be influenced by the fact that the EAPS seeks to obtain the "de-facto" professional status. Consequently, those independent workers who work as salaried employees would be considered in the EAPS as employed workers.
- Discrepancies by economic activity could result from the different way of classifying them in the sources of information. In the EAPS, the activity is assigned by coding what is declared by the respondent and in Affiliation, by the code corresponding to the activity declared by the company.
- The employment in the EAPS was 273.400 higher for salaried employees with temporary employees, observing a remarkable change in trend compared to that of 2016. In addition, employment in the EAPS is higher than Adjusted Affiliation's presenting 123.600 more permanent contracts (see table 6.1).
- The large differences by type of working day were explained by the fact that, in Affiliation, work below the threshold of 40 hours per week is considered, usually, part-time (see table 6.2).
- The highest employment in the EAPS among foreigners was observed both in the EU (39.800) and in the rest of the countries (345.100) (see tables 7.1 and 7.2).

# ANNEX I





# 1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and sex

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

## 1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference <sup>4</sup>
		SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	MI AFFI <sup>2</sup>	Adjusted AFFI <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Both sexes</b>					
TOTAL	19.344,1	18.075,4	859,5	18.934,9	409,2
Andalucía	2.995,7	2.779,6	182,0	2.961,6	34,1
Aragón	576,7	546,3	30,6	576,9	-0,1
Asturias, Principado de	392,0	353,7	19,0	372,7	19,3
Balears, Illes	582,1	524,5	16,3	540,8	41,3
Canarias	880,7	774,1	39,7	813,8	66,9
Cantabria	227,3	210,7	10,4	221,1	6,2
Castilla y León	964,3	874,2	62,7	936,9	27,3
Castilla-La Mancha	719,8	665,5	42,0	707,5	12,4
Cataluña	3.362,2	3.273,7	74,1	3.347,8	14,4
Comunitat Valenciana	2.031,9	1.803,7	81,3	1.885,0	146,9
Extremadura	376,3	352,3	26,7	379,0	-2,7
Galicia	1.060,6	974,6	58,6	1.033,2	27,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	3.075,8	3.015,4	144,4	3.159,8	-84,0
Murcia, Región de	596,8	564,0	31,1	595,0	1,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	289,0	270,8	8,1	278,8	10,2
País Vasco	943,5	925,8	13,6	939,4	4,2
Rioja, La	130,1	123,5	5,8	129,3	0,8
Ceuta and Melilla	57,9	43,3	11,4	54,7	3,2
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	81,3	0,0	0,5	0,5	80,8
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	1,2	1,2	-1,2

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> MI AFFI = Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>3</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>4</sup> Difference = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The total Adjusted AFFI does not coincide with the sum of their totals by sex, since the 1,97 registrations of foreigners in mutual societies have not been classified by this variable for reasons of confidentiality (data protection). All of them are employed persons.

## 1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and sex

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference <sup>4</sup>
		SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	MI AFFI <sup>2</sup>	Adjusted AFFI <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Men</b>					
TOTAL	10.528,3	9.812,5	475,1	10.287,6	240,7
Andalucía	1.701,0	1.550,0	108,1	1.658,1	42,9
Aragón	314,4	301,1	18,2	319,3	-5,0
Asturias, Principado de	205,1	184,7	10,3	194,9	10,2
Balears, Illes	309,5	280,7	8,3	289,0	20,5
Canarias	484,0	416,2	23,5	439,7	44,3
Cantabria	121,7	112,1	5,6	117,7	4,0
Castilla y León	538,1	480,9	37,5	518,4	19,7
Castilla-La Mancha	430,6	392,2	23,8	416,0	14,6
Cataluña	1.779,0	1.750,9	27,3	1.778,3	0,7
Comunitat Valenciana	1.120,3	993,8	42,1	1.035,9	84,4
Extremadura	223,2	200,0	16,4	216,5	6,8
Galicia	548,8	508,7	31,8	540,6	8,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.602,8	1.581,2	81,2	1.662,4	-59,6
Murcia, Región de	345,4	324,8	17,8	342,6	2,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	154,1	149,2	4,0	153,3	0,9
País Vasco	493,9	496,2	6,7	502,8	-9,0
Rioja, La	68,1	66,6	3,2	69,8	-1,7
Ceuta and Melilla	34,9	23,0	9,0	32,0	2,9
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	53,4	0,0	0,4	0,4	53,1
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>					
TOTAL	8.815,7	8.262,9	383,2	8.646,0	169,7
Andalucía	1.294,7	1.229,6	73,9	1.303,5	-8,8
Aragón	262,4	245,1	12,4	257,5	4,9
Asturias, Principado de	186,9	169,0	8,8	177,8	9,1
Balears, Illes	272,6	243,7	8,0	251,7	20,8
Canarias	396,7	357,9	16,2	374,1	22,6
Cantabria	105,6	98,6	4,8	103,4	2,2
Castilla y León	426,2	393,3	25,3	418,5	7,7
Castilla-La Mancha	289,2	273,3	18,2	291,5	-2,2
Cataluña	1.583,2	1.522,8	46,8	1.569,6	13,6
Comunitat Valenciana	911,6	809,9	39,2	849,1	62,5
Extremadura	153,0	152,2	10,3	162,5	-9,5
Galicia	511,8	465,8	26,8	492,6	19,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.473,0	1.434,2	63,2	1.497,4	-24,4
Murcia, Región de	251,4	239,1	13,3	252,4	-1,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	134,9	121,5	4,0	125,5	9,3
País Vasco	449,7	429,6	6,9	436,5	13,2
Rioja, La	62,0	56,9	2,6	59,4	2,5
Ceuta and Melilla	23,0	20,3	2,4	22,7	0,3
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	27,9	0,0	0,1	0,1	27,7
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 1.1)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFF Diff. <sup>2</sup>		EAPS	Adjusted AFF Diff. <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Both sexes</b>						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>18.521,6</b>	<b>18.099,8</b>	<b>421,8</b>	<b>15.733,8</b>	<b>15.284,5</b>	<b>449,2</b>
Andalucía	2.752,9	2.676,8	76,1	2.301,1	2.224,2	76,9
Aragón	536,7	535,6	1,2	461,3	455,1	6,2
Asturias, Principado de	374,6	361,2	13,4	313,6	298,8	14,7
Balears, Illes	572,5	534,2	38,3	473,0	447,3	25,7
Canarias	855,8	795,5	60,3	742,3	684,6	57,8
Cantabria	221,6	214,4	7,1	186,1	179,0	7,1
Castilla y León	902,0	878,6	23,4	756,0	730,6	25,4
Castilla-La Mancha	665,2	646,8	18,4	538,6	527,7	10,9
Cataluña	3.301,4	3.292,5	8,9	2.798,6	2.798,9	-0,3
Comunitat Valenciana	1.972,1	1.825,2	146,9	1.630,2	1.508,0	122,1
Extremadura	324,5	331,3	-6,8	263,4	269,1	-5,7
Galicia	997,1	975,4	21,6	827,6	801,3	26,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	3.068,8	3.153,3	-84,5	2.741,6	2.792,9	-51,2
Murcia, Región de	510,5	506,6	3,9	435,3	421,6	13,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	275,6	267,4	8,3	241,5	228,1	13,4
País Vasco	932,9	928,7	4,1	801,9	769,0	32,9
Rioja, La	121,9	120,0	1,9	100,7	99,2	1,5
Ceuta and Melilla	57,8	54,6	3,2	48,9	47,4	1,5
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	77,8	0,5	77,3	72,1	0,5	71,5
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- The total Adjusted AFFI does not coincide with the sum of their totals by sex, since the 1,197 registrations of foreigners in mutual societies have not been classified by this variable for reasons of confidentiality (data protection). All of them are employed persons.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector (Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	2.787,8	2.815,3	-27,4
Andalucía	451,8	452,7	-0,8
Aragón	75,4	80,5	-5,1
Asturias, Principado de	61,1	62,4	-1,3
Balears, Illes	99,6	86,9	12,7
Canarias	113,5	110,9	2,6
Cantabria	35,5	35,5	0,0
Castilla y León	145,9	148,0	-2,0
Castilla-La Mancha	126,6	119,1	7,5
Cataluña	502,8	493,6	9,3
Comunitat Valenciana	341,9	317,1	24,8
Extremadura	61,0	62,1	-1,1
Galicia	169,4	174,1	-4,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	327,2	360,4	-33,3
Murcia, Región de	75,2	85,0	-9,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	34,2	39,3	-5,1
País Vasco	131,0	159,7	-28,7
Rioja, La	21,1	20,8	0,4
Ceuta and Melilla	8,8	7,2	1,6
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	5,7	0,0	5,7
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
TOTAL	9.904,0	9.691,1	213,0	8.070,1	7.886,2	183,9
Andalucía	1.527,6	1.476,4	51,3	1.229,4	1.183,6	45,8
Aragón	283,3	287,0	-3,7	233,4	236,0	-2,6
Asturias, Principado de	194,1	188,0	6,1	160,1	150,5	9,6
Balears, Illes	301,6	283,8	17,8	237,0	227,7	9,3
Canarias	465,7	426,0	39,7	390,4	355,0	35,3
Cantabria	117,7	113,1	4,6	96,3	90,9	5,4
Castilla y León	487,3	471,8	15,6	389,0	375,9	13,1
Castilla-La Mancha	384,8	367,2	17,6	298,1	286,6	11,5
Cataluña	1.731,3	1.733,3	-2,0	1.396,0	1.415,9	-19,9
Comunitat Valenciana	1.067,7	988,5	79,3	849,8	786,1	63,7
Extremadura	180,5	180,2	0,2	138,8	139,5	-0,7
Galicia	511,1	504,5	6,7	407,9	399,0	8,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.597,5	1.657,5	-60,0	1.369,0	1.423,7	-54,8
Murcia, Región de	277,0	279,9	-3,0	226,8	225,2	1,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	143,5	144,3	-0,8	119,7	119,0	0,7
País Vasco	485,1	494,6	-9,5	405,9	394,4	11,4
Rioja, La	62,6	62,7	-0,1	47,8	49,6	-1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	34,8	31,9	2,9	28,6	26,9	1,6
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	50,8	0,4	50,4	46,4	0,4	46,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>						
TOTAL	8.617,6	8.407,5	210,1	7.663,6	7.397,1	266,5
Andalucía	1.225,3	1.200,5	24,8	1.071,7	1.040,6	31,2
Aragón	253,4	248,5	4,9	227,9	219,1	8,8
Asturias, Principado de	180,5	173,2	7,3	153,5	148,3	5,1
Balears, Illes	270,9	250,4	20,5	235,9	219,6	16,4
Canarias	390,1	369,4	20,7	352,0	329,5	22,5
Cantabria	103,9	101,3	2,6	89,8	88,0	1,7
Castilla y León	414,6	406,8	7,8	367,1	354,7	12,3
Castilla-La Mancha	280,4	279,6	0,8	240,5	241,1	-0,6
Cataluña	1.570,1	1.559,1	11,0	1.402,5	1.383,0	19,6
Comunitat Valenciana	904,4	836,7	67,7	780,3	721,9	58,4
Extremadura	144,0	151,1	-7,0	124,7	129,7	-5,0
Galicia	485,9	471,0	15,0	419,7	402,4	17,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.471,3	1.495,8	-24,5	1.372,7	1.369,1	3,5
Murcia, Región de	233,5	226,6	6,9	208,5	196,4	12,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	132,2	123,1	9,0	121,7	109,0	12,7
País Vasco	447,8	434,2	13,6	396,0	374,6	21,5
Rioja, La	59,3	57,3	1,9	53,0	49,6	3,3
Ceuta and Melilla	23,0	22,7	0,3	20,4	20,5	-0,1
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	27,0	0,1	26,8	25,7	0,1	25,6
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	1.833,9	1.804,8	29,0
Andalucía	298,3	292,7	5,5
Aragón	49,9	51,0	-1,1
Asturias, Principado de	34,0	37,5	-3,5
Balears, Illes	64,6	56,1	8,5
Canarias	75,4	71,0	4,3
Cantabria	21,4	22,2	-0,8
Castilla y León	98,4	95,9	2,5
Castilla-La Mancha	86,7	80,7	6,1
Cataluña	335,3	317,4	17,9
Comunitat Valenciana	217,9	202,3	15,6
Extremadura	41,7	40,8	0,9
Galicia	103,2	105,5	-2,3
Madrid, Comunidad de	228,5	233,7	-5,2
Murcia, Región de	50,2	54,7	-4,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	23,7	25,2	-1,5
País Vasco	79,2	100,1	-20,9
Rioja, La	14,9	13,1	1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	6,2	4,9	1,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	4,5	0,0	4,5
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	954,0	1.010,4	-56,4
Andalucía	153,6	159,9	-6,4
Aragón	25,5	29,5	-4,0
Asturias, Principado de	27,1	24,9	2,2
Balears, Illes	34,9	30,8	4,1
Canarias	38,1	39,9	-1,8
Cantabria	14,1	13,3	0,8
Castilla y León	47,6	52,1	-4,5
Castilla-La Mancha	39,9	38,5	1,4
Cataluña	167,5	176,2	-8,6
Comunitat Valenciana	124,0	114,8	9,2
Extremadura	19,3	21,4	-2,1
Galicia	66,2	68,6	-2,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	98,7	126,7	-28,0
Murcia, Región de	25,0	30,3	-5,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	10,4	14,1	-3,7
País Vasco	51,7	59,6	-7,9
Rioja, La	6,3	7,7	-1,4
Ceuta and Melilla	2,6	2,3	0,4
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	1,3	0,0	1,3
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>						
<b>TOTAL</b>	822,5	835,1	-12,6	523,5	569,7	-46,2
Andalucía	242,7	284,8	-42,0	187,9	232,3	-44,4
Aragón	40,0	41,3	-1,3	20,0	23,9	-4,0
Asturias, Principado de	17,3	11,5	5,8	3,6	2,5	1,1
Balears, Illes	9,6	6,6	3,0	6,7	4,0	2,8
Canarias	24,9	18,3	6,6	17,1	13,8	3,3
Cantabria	5,7	6,6	-0,9	1,4	2,0	-0,6
Castilla y León	62,3	58,4	3,9	21,6	20,6	1,0
Castilla-La Mancha	54,6	60,7	-6,0	27,1	37,4	-10,3
Cataluña	60,8	55,4	5,4	34,0	32,9	1,1
Comunitat Valenciana	59,8	59,8	0,0	46,1	46,3	-0,2
Extremadura	51,8	47,7	4,1	33,5	32,3	1,1
Galicia	63,6	57,7	5,8	22,2	20,4	1,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	7,0	6,5	0,5	4,9	4,1	0,8
Murcia, Región de	86,4	88,5	-2,1	76,7	79,6	-2,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral	13,4	11,4	1,9	6,3	6,6	-0,4
País Vasco	10,7	10,6	0,1	5,0	5,5	-0,5
Rioja, La	8,2	9,3	-1,1	5,9	5,2	0,7
Ceuta and Melilla	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	3,5	0,0	3,5	3,5	0,0	3,5

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	298,9	265,4	33,5
Andalucía	54,8	52,4	2,4
Aragón	20,1	17,3	2,7
Asturias, Principado de	13,8	9,0	4,8
Balears, Illes	2,9	2,6	0,2
Canarias	7,8	4,5	3,3
Cantabria	4,3	4,7	-0,3
Castilla y León	40,7	37,7	3,0
Castilla-La Mancha	27,5	23,2	4,3
Cataluña	26,8	22,5	4,3
Comunitat Valenciana	13,7	13,5	0,3
Extremadura	18,3	15,3	3,0
Galicia	41,4	37,3	4,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,1	2,3	-0,3
Murcia, Región de	9,7	8,8	0,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	7,1	4,8	2,3
País Vasco	5,6	5,1	0,5
Rioja, La	2,3	4,1	-1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.



## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>624,3</b>	<b>596,6</b>	<b>27,7</b>	<b>408,1</b>	<b>409,2</b>	<b>-1,1</b>
Andalucía	173,4	181,8	-8,4	132,2	144,9	-12,7
Aragón	31,0	32,3	-1,2	15,8	19,0	-3,2
Asturias, Principado de	11,0	6,9	4,1	3,1	2,1	1,0
Balears, Illes	7,9	5,2	2,6	6,7	3,4	3,4
Canarias	18,3	13,7	4,6	12,3	10,2	2,1
Cantabria	4,0	4,6	-0,6	1,1	1,8	-0,7
Castilla y León	50,7	46,6	4,1	19,2	16,7	2,5
Castilla-La Mancha	45,8	48,8	-2,9	23,1	30,2	-7,1
Cataluña	47,7	45,0	2,8	26,5	27,6	-1,2
Comunitat Valenciana	52,6	47,4	5,2	41,3	37,4	4,0
Extremadura	42,8	36,2	6,6	27,8	24,3	3,5
Galicia	37,6	36,1	1,6	17,0	17,4	-0,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	5,4	4,9	0,4	4,9	3,2	1,7
Murcia, Región de	68,5	62,7	5,8	61,3	56,8	4,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	10,7	9,0	1,7	5,2	5,3	-0,1
País Vasco	8,8	8,3	0,5	4,1	4,9	-0,8
Rioja, La	5,5	7,1	-1,7	3,7	3,9	-0,2
Ceuta and Melilla	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	2,6	0,0	2,6	2,6	0,0	2,6
<b>Women</b>						
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>198,1</b>	<b>238,5</b>	<b>-40,4</b>	<b>115,5</b>	<b>160,5</b>	<b>-45,1</b>
Andalucía	69,4	103,0	-33,6	55,7	87,4	-31,7
Aragón	9,0	9,0	0,0	4,1	5,0	-0,8
Asturias, Principado de	6,3	4,5	1,8	0,4	0,3	0,1
Balears, Illes	1,7	1,4	0,3	0,0	0,6	-0,6
Canarias	6,6	4,7	1,9	4,8	3,6	1,2
Cantabria	1,7	2,1	-0,4	0,3	0,2	0,1
Castilla y León	11,6	11,7	-0,2	2,4	4,0	-1,5
Castilla-La Mancha	8,8	11,9	-3,1	4,0	7,3	-3,3
Cataluña	13,1	10,4	2,7	7,5	5,2	2,3
Comunitat Valenciana	7,3	12,4	-5,1	4,8	9,0	-4,2
Extremadura	9,0	11,5	-2,4	5,7	8,0	-2,3
Galicia	25,9	21,7	4,3	5,2	3,0	2,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,6	1,5	0,1	0,0	0,9	-0,9
Murcia, Región de	17,9	25,8	-7,9	15,4	22,8	-7,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	2,7	2,4	0,3	1,1	1,3	-0,2
País Vasco	1,9	2,3	-0,4	1,0	0,6	0,4
Rioja, La	2,7	2,1	0,6	2,2	1,3	1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,9	0,0	0,9	0,9	0,0	0,9

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector (Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	216,3	187,4	28,8
Andalucía	41,2	36,8	4,4
Aragón	15,2	13,3	1,9
Asturias, Principado de	7,9	4,8	3,1
Balears, Illes	1,1	1,9	-0,7
Canarias	6,0	3,4	2,5
Cantabria	2,9	2,8	0,1
Castilla y León	31,5	29,9	1,6
Castilla-La Mancha	22,7	18,6	4,1
Cataluña	21,2	17,3	3,9
Comunitat Valenciana	11,2	10,0	1,2
Extremadura	15,0	11,9	3,1
Galicia	20,6	18,7	1,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	0,5	1,7	-1,3
Murcia, Región de	7,2	5,8	1,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,5	3,7	1,8
País Vasco	4,7	3,4	1,3
Rioja, La	1,8	3,3	-1,5
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	82,7	78,0	4,7
Andalucía	13,6	15,6	-2,0
Aragón	4,9	4,0	0,8
Asturias, Principado de	5,9	4,2	1,7
Balears, Illes	1,7	0,8	1,0
Canarias	1,8	1,1	0,7
Cantabria	1,4	1,9	-0,4
Castilla y León	9,1	7,8	1,3
Castilla-La Mancha	4,8	4,6	0,2
Cataluña	5,6	5,2	0,4
Comunitat Valenciana	2,5	3,4	-0,9
Extremadura	3,3	3,4	-0,1
Galicia	20,8	18,6	2,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,6	0,6	1,0
Murcia, Región de	2,5	3,0	-0,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,6	1,1	0,5
País Vasco	0,9	1,8	-0,8
Rioja, La	0,5	0,9	-0,4
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector

#### Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.1 Non-agricultural sector

##### 3.1.1. Paid employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	15.733,8	15.284,5	449,2	8.070,1	7.886,2	184,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,2	-0,2
16-19 years old	106,1	128,6	-22,6	56,0	73,8	-17,8
20-24 years old	772,9	821,6	-48,7	394,4	437,2	-42,8
25-29 years old	1.479,4	1.465,9	13,5	742,3	745,9	-3,6
30-34 years old	1.818,0	1.752,6	65,5	934,9	896,4	38,5
35-39 years old	2.316,4	2.201,7	114,7	1.175,3	1.132,9	42,4
40-44 years old	2.557,5	2.436,6	120,9	1.335,4	1.254,3	81,1
45-49 years old	2.255,4	2.156,2	99,2	1.158,4	1.114,1	44,3
50-54 years old	1.999,3	1.911,0	88,2	1.026,5	983,8	42,6
55-59 years old	1.566,9	1.488,1	78,8	810,4	769,6	40,8
60-64 years old	780,5	833,4	-52,8	398,3	435,6	-37,3
65 years old and over	81,4	87,1	-5,7	38,3	42,3	-4,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusión)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>
	EPA	AFI Ajustada <sup>1</sup>	Diferencia <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	7.663,6	7.397,1	266,5	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0
16-19 years old	50,1	54,8	-4,7	0,0
20-24 years old	378,5	384,4	-5,9	0,0
25-29 years old	737,1	720,0	17,0	0,0
30-34 years old	883,1	856,2	27,0	0,0
35-39 years old	1.141,1	1.068,8	72,3	0,0
40-44 years old	1.222,0	1.182,3	39,7	0,0
45-49 years old	1.097,0	1.042,1	54,9	0,0
50-54 years old	972,8	927,2	45,6	0,0
55-59 years old	756,5	718,5	38,0	0,0
60-64 years old	382,2	397,8	-15,5	0,0
65 years old and over	43,1	44,8	-1,7	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

- The total Adjusted AFFI does not coincide with the sum of their totals by sex, since the 1,97 registrations of foreigners in mutual societies have not been classified by this variable for reasons of confidentiality (data protection). All of them are employed persons.

### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector

#### Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.1 Non-agricultural sector

##### 3.1.2 Self-employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	2.787,8	2.815,3	-27,4	1.833,9	1.804,8	29,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	12,0	6,6	5,4	8,9	4,6	4,3
20-24 years old	41,3	49,0	-7,7	26,2	32,2	-6,1
25-29 years old	126,4	129,8	-3,3	69,0	79,0	-10,0
30-34 years old	238,6	229,8	8,8	148,1	138,4	9,7
35-39 years old	326,6	350,0	-23,4	217,8	220,2	-2,4
40-44 years old	449,1	454,2	-5,0	291,6	293,5	-1,9
45-49 years old	463,6	458,8	4,9	304,9	297,4	7,6
50-54 years old	440,4	433,4	6,9	298,5	281,0	17,5
55-59 years old	361,0	360,5	0,5	246,4	237,1	9,3
60-64 years old	234,8	249,4	-14,6	159,7	162,0	-2,3
65 years old and over	93,9	93,7	0,1	62,7	59,3	3,3
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>
	EPA	AFI Ajustada <sup>1</sup>	Diferencia <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	954,0	1.010,4	-56,4	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	3,1	2,0	1,1	0,0
20-24 years old	15,2	16,8	-1,6	0,0
25-29 years old	57,4	50,7	6,7	0,0
30-34 years old	90,5	91,4	-0,9	0,0
35-39 years old	108,7	129,8	-21,1	0,0
40-44 years old	157,6	160,7	-3,1	0,0
45-49 years old	158,7	161,4	-2,7	0,0
50-54 years old	141,9	152,5	-10,6	0,0
55-59 years old	114,6	123,3	-8,7	0,0
60-64 years old	75,1	87,4	-12,3	0,0
65 years old and over	31,2	34,4	-3,2	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.2. Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	822,5	835,1	-12,6	624,3	596,6	27,7
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	12,7	12,7	0,1	10,3	9,6	0,7
20-24 years old	39,3	45,0	-5,7	32,7	33,4	-0,7
25-29 years old	66,7	65,8	0,9	52,7	48,0	4,8
30-34 years old	82,8	83,9	-1,1	60,4	60,7	-0,3
35-39 years old	108,9	110,6	-1,7	85,4	79,5	5,9
40-44 years old	120,5	122,8	-2,3	87,7	86,9	0,8
45-49 years old	116,9	118,5	-1,6	90,4	83,3	7,1
50-54 years old	109,5	112,1	-2,6	84,0	80,8	3,1
55-59 years old	93,9	89,5	4,4	70,9	64,8	6,1
60-64 years old	58,6	60,5	-1,9	40,6	40,8	-0,2
65 years old and over	12,7	13,8	-1,1	9,3	8,9	0,4
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex SS AFFI1
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	174,7	219,9	-45,2	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	1,2	2,3	-1,1	0,0
20-24 years old	5,7	10,4	-4,8	0,0
25-29 years old	15,2	16,6	-1,4	0,0
30-34 years old	14,3	21,3	-7,0	0,0
35-39 years old	24,5	28,7	-4,2	0,0
40-44 years old	22,6	32,0	-9,4	0,0
45-49 years old	27,8	33,0	-5,3	0,0
50-54 years old	23,6	28,3	-4,7	0,0
55-59 years old	22,6	23,0	-0,4	0,0
60-64 years old	14,0	19,8	-5,8	0,0
65 years old and over	3,4	4,5	-1,1	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Continues)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	19.344,1	18.934,9	409,2	16.257,3	15.854,2	403,1	3.086,8	3.080,6	6,1
01	756,3	779,1	-22,8	474,5	531,9	-57,4	281,8	247,2	34,6
02	25,0	24,2	0,7	20,3	19,4	0,9	4,7	4,9	-0,2
03	41,2	36,7	4,6	28,7	23,4	5,4	12,5	13,3	-0,8
05	3,2	2,3	0,9	3,2	2,2	1,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
06	2,3	0,1	2,2	2,3	0,1	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	3,8	3,1	0,7	3,8	3,0	0,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	20,3	15,6	4,8	19,2	14,3	4,9	1,1	1,2	-0,1
09	1,6	1,5	0,1	1,6	1,4	0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
10	446,8	401,6	45,2	402,7	360,3	42,4	44,1	41,3	2,8
11	56,0	48,3	7,7	51,8	45,2	6,6	4,2	3,0	1,1
12	3,7	1,7	2,0	3,7	1,7	2,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	53,9	49,6	4,3	46,9	43,8	3,1	7,0	5,7	1,2
14	51,6	50,1	1,5	41,2	38,3	2,9	10,4	11,7	-1,4
15	58,3	46,0	12,3	50,7	41,0	9,8	7,6	5,0	2,5
16	65,6	62,6	3,0	54,8	48,5	6,4	10,8	14,1	-3,4
17	42,9	46,2	-3,3	42,1	44,8	-2,8	0,8	1,4	-0,5
18	82,4	74,7	7,7	63,2	59,2	3,9	19,2	15,4	3,8
19	21,8	8,5	13,3	21,8	8,5	13,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	135,7	97,3	38,4	133,1	94,4	38,8	2,6	3,0	-0,4
21	70,5	51,7	18,7	70,3	51,6	18,7	0,2	0,1	0,0
22	112,8	104,0	8,7	109,5	99,1	10,4	3,3	5,0	-1,7
23	94,1	100,0	-5,9	86,5	91,2	-4,7	7,6	8,8	-1,2
24	93,0	84,4	8,7	90,0	77,6	12,4	3,1	6,8	-3,7
25	237,9	265,4	-27,5	201,3	229,6	-28,2	36,5	35,9	0,7
26	42,8	30,5	12,3	39,0	28,3	10,7	3,7	2,2	1,5
27	75,3	49,0	26,2	72,7	46,1	26,6	2,6	2,9	-0,3
28	152,7	128,8	23,9	141,1	116,7	24,4	11,6	12,2	-0,6
29	236,9	178,7	58,3	231,4	176,4	55,0	5,5	2,3	3,2
30	75,7	58,4	17,3	75,4	57,0	18,4	0,2	1,4	-1,1
31	98,6	64,8	33,8	71,7	51,3	20,4	26,9	13,6	13,3
32	49,5	38,0	11,5	41,8	30,1	11,7	7,7	7,9	-0,2
33	105,8	95,2	10,6	83,1	75,0	8,0	22,7	20,2	2,6
35	76,6	36,4	40,2	74,1	35,0	39,1	2,4	1,4	1,1
36	53,0	42,6	10,3	52,7	42,3	10,4	0,3	0,4	-0,1
37	7,1	5,2	1,9	5,4	5,0	0,4	1,8	0,3	1,5
38	81,4	90,4	-9,0	76,2	88,9	-12,7	5,2	1,4	3,7
39	9,5	1,9	7,5	8,8	1,8	7,1	0,6	0,2	0,5
41	479,8	434,1	45,6	377,0	323,5	53,5	102,8	110,7	-7,9
42	100,2	51,3	48,9	93,2	43,8	49,4	7,0	7,5	-0,5
43	635,2	701,6	-66,4	415,2	456,7	-41,5	220,0	244,9	-24,9
45	324,1	333,1	-8,9	238,4	246,1	-7,7	85,8	87,0	-1,2
46	741,0	966,7	-225,8	618,3	796,3	-177,9	122,6	170,5	-47,8
47	1.920,4	1.870,9	49,5	1.414,9	1.358,8	56,1	505,5	512,2	-6,6
49	589,9	586,9	2,9	443,6	409,8	33,7	146,3	177,1	-30,8
50	24,7	13,8	10,9	21,3	13,0	8,4	3,4	0,9	2,5

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Conclusion)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
51	44,2	37,9	6,4	43,4	37,5	5,9	0,8	0,4	0,4
52	225,1	219,1	6,0	219,7	212,6	7,0	5,5	6,5	-1,0
53	97,6	76,2	21,4	89,6	70,4	19,2	8,0	5,8	2,2
55	429,0	374,1	54,8	401,5	355,2	46,3	27,5	19,0	8,5
56	1.328,0	1.325,9	2,1	1.020,4	1.025,3	-4,9	307,6	300,6	7,0
58	52,8	48,8	3,9	43,5	41,1	2,4	9,2	7,7	1,5
59	38,2	46,7	-8,6	30,6	38,9	-8,2	7,5	7,9	-0,4
60	46,2	24,6	21,6	43,7	23,7	20,0	2,5	0,9	1,6
61	119,3	77,3	42,0	110,9	72,4	38,5	8,4	4,9	3,5
62	303,7	303,0	0,8	263,5	274,7	-11,2	40,2	28,3	11,9
63	11,2	33,1	-21,9	10,6	26,1	-15,5	0,7	7,1	-6,4
64	238,5	214,3	24,3	235,2	210,1	25,1	3,3	4,2	-0,9
65	126,3	60,5	65,9	111,9	57,4	54,4	14,5	3,0	11,4
66	56,5	105,9	-49,4	35,0	58,0	-23,0	21,4	47,9	-26,4
68	149,1	132,9	16,1	94,0	90,6	3,4	55,0	42,3	12,7
69	336,9	291,1	45,8	190,1	214,0	-23,9	146,7	77,0	69,7
70	130,3	106,4	23,9	93,3	82,2	11,1	37,0	24,2	12,8
71	226,6	232,9	-6,2	152,1	178,8	-26,7	74,5	54,1	20,5
72	53,1	84,8	-31,7	49,2	74,7	-25,5	3,9	10,0	-6,1
73	104,0	111,9	-7,8	77,6	85,5	-8,0	26,5	26,4	0,1
74	113,0	124,4	-11,4	51,4	72,0	-20,6	61,6	52,4	9,2
75	25,1	24,1	1,0	19,4	14,2	5,2	5,7	9,9	-4,2
77	39,8	94,0	-54,3	32,8	71,4	-38,6	6,9	22,6	-15,7
78	34,5	31,4	3,1	32,3	29,5	2,8	2,3	1,9	0,3
79	88,8	64,7	24,1	73,1	49,7	23,4	15,6	15,0	0,6
80	145,6	125,3	20,3	144,1	123,3	20,8	1,5	2,0	-0,5
81	555,5	541,8	13,7	504,4	497,5	7,0	51,1	44,3	6,7
82	124,5	324,0	-199,5	112,7	291,2	-178,5	11,8	32,8	-21,0
84*	1.333,6	1.527,0	-193,5	1.333,6	1.526,2	-192,6	0,0	0,8	-0,8
85	1.336,8	1.264,8	72,0	1.266,6	1.186,6	80,1	70,2	78,3	-8,1
86	1.083,8	1.022,9	60,9	996,2	937,8	58,4	87,5	85,1	2,5
87	294,1	261,1	33,0	293,4	258,9	34,5	0,7	2,2	-1,5
88	216,3	243,8	-27,4	207,4	239,6	-32,1	8,9	4,2	4,7
90	67,3	66,7	0,6	38,2	39,1	-1,0	29,2	27,6	1,5
91	44,2	17,9	26,4	42,3	16,5	25,8	1,9	1,3	0,6
92	66,2	36,3	29,9	62,6	30,6	32,0	3,6	5,8	-2,1
93	197,2	197,2	0,0	176,3	170,8	5,5	20,9	26,4	-5,5
94	103,7	124,5	-20,8	100,7	118,4	-17,6	3,0	6,2	-3,2
95	54,7	67,3	-12,7	26,7	26,0	0,7	28,0	41,4	-13,4
96	304,9	315,6	-10,7	172,8	174,9	-2,1	132,1	140,7	-8,6
97	635,3	412,9	222,4	635,3	412,5	222,7	0,0	0,3	-0,3
99	1,9	3,6	-1,7	0,6	3,4	-2,8	1,3	0,2	1,1
No data recorded	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

- The 1,97 foreign registrations have been incorporated to workers who are employed.

(\*) In the second quarter of 2016, there were 122,633 persons in the Armed Forces and 77,961 in the Civil Guard in an equivalent situation to the EAPS definition of employed persons; the EAPS estimate for the same groups residing in family dwellings amounted to 82,883 and 64,647, respectively. This would mean 53,064 employed persons in branch 84 who would be in collective establishments for Adjusted Affiliation.

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.2 Aggregate activities

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	19.344,1	18.934,9	409,2	16.257,3	15.854,2	403,1	3.086,8	3.080,6	6,1
01-15	1.523,9	1.459,7	64,2	1.150,7	1.126,0	24,7	373,2	333,7	39,5
16-39	2.021,4	1.714,9	306,4	1.846,0	1.558,2	287,8	175,4	156,7	18,7
41-43	1.215,2	1.187,1	28,1	885,4	824,0	61,4	329,9	363,1	-33,2
45-47	2.985,5	3.170,7	-185,2	2.271,6	2.401,1	-129,6	713,9	769,6	-55,7
49-53	981,5	933,9	47,6	817,6	743,3	74,3	164,0	190,7	-26,7
55-56	1.757,0	1.700,1	56,9	1.421,9	1.380,5	41,5	335,1	319,6	15,5
58-68	1.141,8	1.047,1	94,7	979,0	892,9	86,1	162,8	154,2	8,6
69-82	1.977,7	2.156,7	-179,0	1.532,5	1.784,2	-251,6	445,2	372,6	72,6
84	1.333,6	1.527,0	-193,5	1.333,6	1.526,2	-192,6	0,0	0,8	-0,8
85	1.336,8	1.264,8	72,0	1.266,6	1.186,6	80,1	70,2	78,3	-8,1
86-88	1.594,2	1.527,8	66,4	1.497,1	1.436,3	60,8	97,1	91,5	5,6
90-99	1.475,4	1.242,0	233,4	1.255,4	992,1	263,3	220,0	249,9	-29,9
No data recorded	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	1,6	-1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

- The 1,197 foreign registrations have been incorporated to workers who are employed.



## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continues)

Sex/Aut. Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>						
TOTAL	4.742,5	4.870,8	-128,3	3.693,5	3.781,6	-88,1
Andalucía	802,2	802,6	-0,4	609,1	601,0	8,1
Aragón	118,1	123,9	-5,8	89,8	93,9	-4,1
Asturias, Principado de	91,2	97,4	-6,2	69,3	72,0	-2,7
Balears, Illes	221,6	215,8	5,8	179,6	183,0	-3,4
Canarias	354,8	300,6	54,1	309,3	255,2	54,1
Cantabria	56,0	57,2	-1,2	44,3	43,0	1,2
Castilla y León	209,2	211,5	-2,3	150,6	148,2	2,4
Castilla-La Mancha	150,1	155,8	-5,7	96,9	107,3	-10,4
Cataluña	769,5	866,0	-96,5	596,6	694,4	-97,7
Comunitat Valenciana	555,1	548,7	6,5	423,3	419,6	3,7
Extremadura	90,2	84,8	5,3	61,5	55,8	5,7
Galicia	263,0	253,4	9,6	189,4	181,9	7,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	612,2	705,3	-93,1	523,6	596,8	-73,2
Murcia, Región de	148,5	150,5	-2,1	114,9	114,6	0,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	52,6	54,1	-1,5	42,2	40,1	2,2
País Vasco	191,5	201,6	-10,1	149,4	145,8	3,6
Rioja, La	25,4	28,7	-3,4	18,3	20,5	-2,2
Ceuta and Melilla	12,6	12,8	-0,2	7,6	8,4	-0,8
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	18,8	0,0	18,8	17,8	0,0	17,8

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	1.049,0	1.089,2	-40,2
Andalucía	193,0	201,6	-8,5
Aragón	28,3	30,0	-1,6
Asturias, Principado de	21,9	25,4	-3,5
Balears, Illes	42,0	32,8	9,2
Canarias	45,4	45,4	0,0
Cantabria	11,7	14,2	-2,4
Castilla y León	58,6	63,3	-4,7
Castilla-La Mancha	53,3	48,5	4,8
Cataluña	172,9	171,7	1,2
Comunitat Valenciana	131,9	129,1	2,8
Extremadura	28,7	29,0	-0,3
Galicia	73,6	71,5	2,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	88,6	108,5	-19,8
Murcia, Región de	33,6	35,9	-2,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	10,3	14,0	-3,6
País Vasco	42,1	55,8	-13,7
Rioja, La	7,1	8,3	-1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	5,0	4,4	0,6
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	1,0	0,0	1,0

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The "Other Status" category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one "non-recorded sex" that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women

- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
TOTAL	2.336,0	2.459,1	-123,1	1.725,0	1.826,2	-101,3
Andalucía	412,1	422,8	-10,7	299,4	300,7	-1,3
Aragón	53,1	57,1	-4,1	36,5	40,7	-4,2
Asturias, Principado de	39,4	44,0	-4,6	29,7	30,7	-1,0
Balears, Illes	105,7	106,0	-0,3	81,5	87,3	-5,7
Canarias	190,0	154,5	35,5	160,6	126,9	33,7
Cantabria	25,7	26,5	-0,8	19,4	18,7	0,7
Castilla y León	102,2	102,7	-0,5	69,6	66,5	3,1
Castilla-La Mancha	78,4	83,2	-4,8	45,4	53,9	-8,6
Cataluña	372,8	439,1	-66,4	270,1	340,6	-70,5
Comunitat Valenciana	274,0	270,5	3,5	199,5	194,8	4,7
Extremadura	51,2	46,9	4,3	33,2	29,6	3,5
Galicia	115,4	118,1	-2,7	77,6	80,3	-2,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	313,2	373,5	-60,2	254,9	306,3	-51,4
Murcia, Región de	67,5	76,2	-8,7	49,2	54,7	-5,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	22,6	24,6	-2,0	16,3	17,0	-0,7
País Vasco	83,6	92,4	-8,8	62,1	64,2	-2,2
Rioja, La	11,9	13,1	-1,2	7,5	8,5	-1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	7,9	7,8	0,1	4,3	4,7	-0,4
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	9,2	0,0	9,2	8,3	0,0	8,3
<b>Women</b>						
TOTAL	2.406,5	2.411,7	-5,2	1.968,6	1.955,4	13,2
Andalucía	390,1	379,8	10,3	309,8	300,3	9,4
Aragón	65,0	66,8	-1,7	53,3	53,2	0,0
Asturias, Principado de	51,8	53,4	-1,6	39,6	41,3	-1,7
Balears, Illes	115,9	109,8	6,1	98,1	95,7	2,4
Canarias	164,8	146,2	18,7	148,7	128,3	20,5
Cantabria	30,3	30,7	-0,4	24,9	24,3	0,6
Castilla y León	107,0	108,7	-1,8	81,0	81,7	-0,6
Castilla-La Mancha	71,8	72,6	-0,9	51,5	53,4	-1,9
Cataluña	396,7	426,9	-30,2	326,5	353,8	-27,3
Comunitat Valenciana	281,1	278,1	3,0	223,7	224,8	-1,0
Extremadura	39,0	38,0	1,0	28,3	26,2	2,1
Galicia	147,5	135,3	12,3	111,8	101,6	10,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	299,0	331,8	-32,8	268,7	290,5	-21,8
Murcia, Región de	81,0	74,3	6,7	65,7	59,9	5,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	30,0	29,5	0,5	25,9	23,0	2,9
País Vasco	107,9	109,2	-1,3	87,3	81,6	5,8
Rioja, La	13,4	15,6	-2,2	10,8	12,0	-1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	4,7	5,1	-0,3	3,3	3,8	-0,4
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	9,5	0,0	9,5	9,5	0,0	9,5

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Conclusion)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	611,1	632,9	-21,8
Andalucía	112,7	122,1	-9,4
Aragón	16,6	16,5	0,1
Asturias, Principado de	9,7	13,4	-3,6
Balears, Illes	24,2	18,7	5,5
Canarias	29,4	27,6	1,8
Cantabria	6,3	7,8	-1,5
Castilla y León	32,6	36,2	-3,6
Castilla-La Mancha	33,0	29,3	3,7
Cataluña	102,7	98,5	4,1
Comunitat Valenciana	74,5	75,7	-1,2
Extremadura	18,0	17,3	0,8
Galicia	37,9	37,8	0,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	58,3	67,1	-8,8
Murcia, Región de	18,3	21,6	-3,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	6,3	7,5	-1,3
País Vasco	21,6	28,2	-6,6
Rioja, La	4,4	4,6	-0,2
Ceuta and Melilla	3,6	3,1	0,5
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	1,0	0,0	1,0
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	437,9	456,3	-18,4
Andalucía	80,3	79,5	0,8
Aragón	11,8	13,5	-1,7
Asturias, Principado de	12,2	12,1	0,1
Balears, Illes	17,8	14,1	3,7
Canarias	16,1	17,9	-1,8
Cantabria	5,4	6,4	-1,0
Castilla y León	25,9	27,1	-1,1
Castilla-La Mancha	20,3	19,2	1,0
Cataluña	70,2	73,1	-2,9
Comunitat Valenciana	57,4	53,3	4,0
Extremadura	10,6	11,8	-1,1
Galicia	35,7	33,7	2,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	30,3	41,3	-11,0
Murcia, Región de	15,2	14,3	0,9
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	4,1	6,4	-2,4
País Vasco	20,6	27,6	-7,1
Rioja, La	2,6	3,6	-1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	1,4	1,3	0,1
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Permanent		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>16.257,3</b>	<b>15.861,6</b>	<b>395,7</b>	<b>11.900,3</b>	<b>11.776,8</b>	<b>123,6</b>
Andalucía	2.489,0	2.457,5	31,5	1.595,2	1.543,0	52,1
Aragón	481,2	479,3	1,9	363,0	364,3	-1,3
Asturias, Principado de	317,1	301,5	15,7	237,2	226,3	10,9
Balears, Illes	479,7	451,4	28,3	330,9	331,8	-0,9
Canarias	759,4	698,6	60,8	526,8	511,1	15,7
Cantabria	187,5	181,0	6,4	140,7	137,0	3,6
Castilla y León	777,6	752,1	25,5	584,9	568,3	16,6
Castilla-La Mancha	565,7	565,5	0,2	410,6	408,9	1,7
Cataluña	2.832,5	2.831,9	0,6	2.215,6	2.204,2	11,4
Comunitat Valenciana	1.676,2	1.554,6	121,6	1.197,9	1.169,5	28,4
Extremadura	296,9	301,7	-4,8	190,5	195,7	-5,2
Galicia	849,8	822,3	27,4	624,1	617,1	7,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.746,6	2.799,0	-52,5	2.202,9	2.284,9	-82,0
Murcia, Región de	512,0	501,8	10,2	338,2	349,4	-11,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	247,7	234,8	12,9	185,1	170,6	14,5
País Vasco	806,9	774,5	32,4	605,1	579,8	25,3
Rioja, La	106,6	104,4	2,2	79,3	80,1	-0,8
Ceuta and Melilla	49,1	47,6	1,5	37,8	34,0	3,8
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	75,6	0,5	75,0	34,3	0,5	33,8
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

- The total Adjusted AFFI does not coincide with the sum of their totals by employment relationship (permanent or temporary), since the 1,197 registrations of foreigners in mutual societies have not been classified by this variable for reasons of confidentiality (data protection). All of them are employed persons.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.1 Type of employment relationship (Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Temporary		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4.357,0</b>	<b>4.083,6</b>	<b>273,4</b>
Andalucía	893,9	914,5	-20,6
Aragón	118,2	115,0	3,2
Asturias, Principado de	79,9	75,2	4,7
Balears, Illes	148,8	119,6	29,2
Canarias	232,6	187,5	45,2
Cantabria	46,8	44,0	2,8
Castilla y León	192,7	183,8	8,9
Castilla-La Mancha	155,1	156,6	-1,5
Cataluña	616,9	627,7	-10,8
Comunitat Valenciana	478,3	385,1	93,2
Extremadura	106,4	106,0	0,4
Galicia	225,7	205,2	20,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	543,6	514,1	29,5
Murcia, Región de	173,8	152,4	21,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	62,6	64,2	-1,6
País Vasco	201,8	194,7	7,1
Rioja, La	27,3	24,4	3,0
Ceuta and Melilla	11,2	13,5	-2,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	41,3	0,0	41,3
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.2 Type of working day

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Complete		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	15.863,0	15.369,5	493,6	13.333,6	11.102,5	2.231,2
Andalucía	2.426,1	2.379,1	46,9	1.981,3	1.703,0	278,3
Aragón	468,6	467,5	1,1	390,2	335,8	54,4
Asturias, Principado de	313,7	297,8	15,9	261,4	210,6	50,8
Baleares, Illes	415,5	366,3	49,2	360,7	272,8	87,9
Canarias	748,7	684,4	64,3	650,1	507,5	142,7
Cantabria	183,5	177,2	6,3	152,4	123,5	28,9
Castilla y León	766,5	741,1	25,4	639,4	532,5	106,9
Castilla-La Mancha	556,3	553,7	2,7	472,6	406,3	66,3
Cataluña	2.791,2	2.762,2	29,1	2.369,2	2.025,9	343,3
Comunitat Valenciana	1.604,2	1.477,7	126,5	1.310,7	1.029,4	281,3
Extremadura	295,1	296,7	-1,7	240,3	207,3	32,9
Galicia	840,0	806,3	33,7	712,1	590,7	121,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.709,8	2.765,1	-55,3	2.335,2	2.028,0	307,2
Murcia, Región de	477,4	451,2	26,2	401,3	330,1	71,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	242,4	229,8	12,6	200,0	167,3	32,7
País Vasco	795,9	762,9	33,0	661,2	526,5	134,7
Rioja, La	104,2	101,7	2,4	86,5	73,9	12,7
Ceuta and Melilla	48,8	46,9	1,8	41,4	30,9	10,5
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	75,1	0,5	74,6	67,4	0,5	66,9
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.

- The total Adjusted AFFI does not coincide with the sum of their totals by type of working day (full or partial), since the 1,197 registrations of foreigners in mutual societies have not been classified by this variable for reasons of confidentiality (data protection). All of them are employed persons.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.2 Type of working day

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Partial		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	2.529,4	4.265,8	-1.736,4
Andalucía	444,7	676,1	-231,4
Aragón	78,4	131,7	-53,3
Asturias, Principado de	52,3	87,1	-34,8
Balears, Illes	54,8	93,5	-38,8
Canarias	98,6	177,0	-78,4
Cantabria	31,1	53,7	-22,6
Castilla y León	127,1	208,6	-81,5
Castilla-La Mancha	83,7	147,4	-63,7
Cataluña	422,1	736,3	-314,2
Comunitat Valenciana	293,4	448,2	-154,8
Extremadura	54,8	89,4	-34,6
Galicia	127,9	215,6	-87,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	374,6	737,1	-362,5
Murcia, Región de	76,1	121,1	-45,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	42,4	62,5	-20,1
País Vasco	134,6	236,4	-101,8
Rioja, La	17,6	27,8	-10,2
Ceuta and Melilla	7,4	16,0	-8,7
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	7,7	0,0	7,7
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.



## 7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 7.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	850,8	810,9	39,8	701,8	666,4	35,3
Andalucía	91,4	109,0	-17,6	76,8	87,6	-10,8
Aragón	34,7	38,3	-3,5	31,2	33,8	-2,5
Asturias, Principado de	3,9	5,8	-1,9	3,6	4,8	-1,2
Balears, Illes	55,2	56,2	-1,0	38,4	41,7	-3,3
Canarias	63,0	51,6	11,4	42,8	36,5	6,3
Cantabria	3,9	4,1	-0,3	2,5	3,4	-0,9
Castilla y León	37,4	28,0	9,4	32,8	25,0	7,8
Castilla-La Mancha	33,9	33,5	0,4	29,6	30,2	-0,6
Cataluña	116,4	153,2	-36,8	94,5	127,3	-32,8
Comunitat Valenciana	146,4	100,8	45,6	114,9	77,9	37,1
Extremadura	2,3	5,7	-3,4	2,3	4,9	-2,6
Galicia	17,2	14,7	2,5	12,7	12,2	0,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	178,4	155,3	23,1	162,4	136,1	26,3
Murcia, Región de	9,5	15,8	-6,3	8,6	13,1	-4,6
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	14,7	10,5	4,2	13,8	8,8	5,0
País Vasco	17,8	19,2	-1,4	14,8	15,1	-0,3
Rioja, La	11,0	7,7	3,4	8,9	6,7	2,2
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	13,4	0,0	13,4	11,0	0,0	11,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

- The 1,97 foreign registrations have been incorporated to foreign nationals from the European Union who are employed.

## 7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status

(paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 7.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	149,0	144,5	4,5
Andalucía	14,7	21,4	-6,8
Aragón	3,5	4,5	-1,0
Asturias, Principado de	0,3	1,0	-0,7
Balears, Illes	16,8	14,5	2,3
Canarias	20,2	15,1	5,1
Cantabria	1,4	0,8	0,6
Castilla y León	4,6	3,0	1,6
Castilla-La Mancha	4,3	3,3	1,0
Cataluña	21,9	25,9	-4,0
Comunitat Valenciana	31,5	23,0	8,5
Extremadura	0,0	0,8	-0,8
Galicia	4,5	2,5	2,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	16,0	19,1	-3,2
Murcia, Región de	0,9	2,7	-1,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	0,9	1,7	-0,8
País Vasco	3,0	4,0	-1,0
Rioja, La	2,1	1,0	1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,1	-0,1
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	2,4	0,0	2,4
Foreign nationals	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

## 7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 7.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	1.352,0	1.006,9	345,1	1.167,7	862,9	304,8
Andalucía	172,6	124,6	48,0	145,6	106,3	39,3
Aragón	32,7	31,5	1,2	28,5	26,8	1,7
Asturias, Principado de	11,4	6,7	4,7	10,1	5,4	4,6
Balears, Illes	76,3	43,4	32,9	63,4	37,9	25,4
Canarias	88,3	36,6	51,7	72,4	30,7	41,6
Cantabria	9,3	6,4	2,9	7,5	5,4	2,2
Castilla y León	24,8	20,7	4,1	21,6	17,7	3,9
Castilla-La Mancha	28,2	23,6	4,7	24,8	19,8	5,0
Cataluña	335,7	278,9	56,8	291,5	239,5	52,0
Comunitat Valenciana	150,6	90,8	59,8	119,0	73,3	45,8
Extremadura	6,1	4,6	1,5	4,8	3,5	1,4
Galicia	24,3	17,0	7,3	18,5	14,0	4,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	245,2	196,6	48,6	221,0	169,9	51,1
Murcia, Región de	82,4	65,8	16,6	79,8	61,6	18,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	14,8	11,9	2,9	14,2	10,1	4,1
País Vasco	35,2	34,3	0,8	32,4	29,4	3,0
Rioja, La	6,0	6,7	-0,7	6,0	5,9	0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	3,1	6,9	-3,7	2,5	5,8	-3,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	5,0	0,0	5,0	4,1	0,0	4,1

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

## 7. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by Autonomous Community, by professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 7.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	184,3	144,0	40,3
Andalucía	27,0	18,3	8,7
Aragón	4,2	4,7	-0,5
Asturias, Principado de	1,4	1,3	0,1
Balears, Illes	13,0	5,5	7,5
Canarias	15,9	5,9	10,0
Cantabria	1,8	1,0	0,7
Castilla y León	3,2	3,0	0,2
Castilla-La Mancha	3,4	3,8	-0,4
Cataluña	44,2	39,4	4,8
Comunitat Valenciana	31,5	17,5	14,0
Extremadura	1,3	1,1	0,2
Galicia	5,7	3,0	2,8
Madrid, Comunidad de	24,2	26,7	-2,5
Murcia, Región de	2,6	4,2	-1,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	0,6	1,8	-1,1
País Vasco	2,7	4,9	-2,2
Rioja, La	0,0	0,8	-0,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,6	1,1	-0,4
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,9	0,0	0,9

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

## 8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.1. Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
	<hr/>								
TOTAL	850,8	810,9	39,8	701,8	666,4	35,3	149,0	144,5	4,5
01	51,3	86,6	-35,4	50,0	84,8	-34,8	1,2	1,8	-0,6
02	1,1	1,3	-0,2	1,1	0,9	0,2	0,0	0,4	-0,4
03	0,3	0,5	-0,2	0,3	0,5	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
05	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
06	0,4	0,0	0,4	0,4	0,0	0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	0,4	0,5	-0,1	0,4	0,4	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
09	0,0	0,1	0,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
10	23,0	18,9	4,1	22,1	15,3	6,7	0,9	3,6	-2,6
11	1,5	1,4	0,2	1,5	1,3	0,3	0,0	0,1	-0,1
12	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	1,2	1,6	-0,3	1,2	1,4	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2
14	0,6	1,6	-1,0	0,6	1,2	-0,6	0,0	0,4	-0,4
15	0,6	0,7	-0,1	0,1	0,6	-0,5	0,5	0,1	0,4
16	6,6	2,5	4,1	6,6	2,3	4,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2
17	1,5	1,0	0,5	1,5	0,9	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
18	3,6	1,8	1,9	2,6	1,3	1,2	1,1	0,4	0,6
19	0,3	0,0	0,2	0,3	0,0	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	3,5	2,4	1,1	2,9	2,4	0,5	0,6	0,1	0,5
21	1,4	0,9	0,6	1,4	0,9	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
22	6,5	2,7	3,8	6,5	2,6	3,9	0,0	0,1	-0,1
23	3,3	2,9	0,4	3,3	2,8	0,5	0,0	0,1	-0,1
24	2,2	1,3	0,9	2,2	1,3	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
25	7,1	7,2	-0,1	6,8	6,6	0,2	0,3	0,5	-0,3
26	1,0	0,5	0,5	1,0	0,5	0,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
27	0,3	1,0	-0,7	0,3	0,9	-0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
28	2,9	3,0	-0,2	2,9	2,9	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
29	6,2	3,1	3,1	6,2	3,1	3,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
30	4,1	1,3	2,8	4,1	1,2	2,9	0,0	0,2	-0,2
31	1,8	1,6	0,3	1,8	1,4	0,4	0,0	0,2	-0,2
32	1,2	1,4	-0,2	1,2	1,1	0,1	0,0	0,3	-0,3
33	5,3	3,8	1,5	4,3	2,6	1,7	1,0	1,2	-0,1
35	1,9	0,3	1,6	1,9	0,3	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
36	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
37	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
38	3,8	1,3	2,4	3,8	1,3	2,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
39	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
41	50,4	31,9	18,5	42,0	22,1	19,9	8,4	9,8	-1,5
42	1,4	2,5	-1,1	1,4	1,9	-0,5	0,0	0,6	-0,6
43	42,9	37,8	5,1	25,5	24,1	1,4	17,4	13,7	3,7
45	11,7	10,0	1,7	8,2	6,8	1,4	3,5	3,2	0,3
46	32,0	42,4	-10,3	28,9	34,1	-5,2	3,2	8,3	-5,1
47	52,9	49,0	3,9	38,2	36,2	2,0	14,7	12,8	1,9
49	38,8	40,1	-1,3	31,4	33,8	-2,3	7,4	6,4	1,0
50	1,1	0,8	0,3	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,5	0,1	0,3

## 8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

### 8.1.1. Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Conclusion)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
51	1,0	3,1	-2,1	1,0	3,0	-2,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
52	8,7	8,4	0,3	8,5	8,0	0,4	0,3	0,4	-0,1
53	1,5	1,1	0,4	1,5	0,8	0,7	0,0	0,3	-0,3
55	28,6	32,0	-3,4	26,2	30,2	-4,0	2,4	1,8	0,5
56	102,1	110,3	-8,2	84,9	88,3	-3,4	17,2	22,0	-4,8
58	2,5	1,8	0,7	1,1	1,3	-0,3	1,4	0,4	1,0
59	2,3	1,6	0,7	2,3	1,2	1,1	0,0	0,4	-0,4
60	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
61	3,1	2,4	0,7	2,2	2,0	0,2	0,8	0,3	0,5
62	19,8	16,1	3,7	18,1	13,5	4,6	1,7	2,7	-0,9
63	0,6	2,7	-2,2	0,6	2,0	-1,4	0,0	0,7	-0,7
64	4,2	2,9	1,4	3,0	2,7	0,3	1,2	0,2	1,0
65	4,2	0,9	3,2	4,2	0,9	3,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
66	0,0	2,9	-2,9	0,0	1,8	-1,8	0,0	1,1	-1,1
68	14,3	11,0	3,2	10,2	5,9	4,3	4,1	5,2	-1,1
69	7,9	7,0	0,9	4,5	6,0	-1,6	3,4	1,0	2,4
70	3,4	5,4	-2,0	1,5	3,8	-2,3	1,9	1,7	0,2
71	3,0	6,5	-3,5	2,4	4,9	-2,5	0,6	1,6	-1,0
72	3,2	4,1	-0,9	3,2	3,8	-0,6	0,0	0,3	-0,3
73	6,4	8,8	-2,4	4,6	6,6	-2,0	1,8	2,2	-0,5
74	7,8	9,9	-2,1	1,9	4,7	-2,9	5,9	5,2	0,8
75	1,1	0,7	0,5	1,1	0,4	0,7	0,0	0,2	-0,2
77	3,3	6,4	-3,2	0,6	4,8	-4,1	2,7	1,7	1,0
78	1,8	1,4	0,4	1,8	1,2	0,6	0,0	0,2	-0,2
79	19,4	8,4	11,0	14,9	6,8	8,1	4,6	1,6	2,9
80	4,6	3,0	1,6	4,6	3,0	1,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
81	29,6	19,7	9,9	25,2	16,0	9,2	4,4	3,7	0,7
82	10,9	18,6	-7,7	8,4	15,6	-7,2	2,4	3,0	-0,5
84	5,4	5,4	0,0	5,4	5,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	37,1	38,1	-0,9	28,6	31,1	-2,4	8,5	7,0	1,5
86	9,6	13,4	-3,7	4,4	10,1	-5,7	5,2	3,2	2,0
87	6,2	5,7	0,6	6,2	5,6	0,6	0,0	0,1	-0,1
88	2,6	3,5	-0,9	2,6	3,3	-0,7	0,0	0,2	-0,2
90	3,6	4,6	-0,9	0,6	2,6	-2,0	3,0	1,9	1,1
91	0,0	0,5	-0,5	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
92	1,0	1,0	0,0	1,0	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
93	10,3	9,1	1,2	7,8	7,5	0,3	2,5	1,6	0,9
94	3,6	2,7	0,9	3,6	2,5	1,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
95	4,2	1,6	2,6	0,0	0,7	-0,7	4,2	0,9	3,3
96	18,4	13,1	5,4	10,8	7,1	3,7	7,7	6,0	1,7
97	76,8	44,7	32,0	76,8	44,7	32,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
99	0,0	0,5	-0,5	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,4	0,0	0,4
No data recorded	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

- The 1,197 foreign registrations have been incorporated to foreign nationals from the European Union who are employed.

## 8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Continues)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	1.352,0	1.006,9	345,1	1.167,7	862,9	304,8	184,3	144,0	40,3
01	111,0	141,6	-30,6	110,9	140,2	-29,4	0,2	1,4	-1,2
02	1,8	1,3	0,5	1,8	1,1	0,7	0,0	0,2	-0,2
03	3,0	2,8	0,2	3,0	2,8	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
05	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
06	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	1,0	0,0	1,0	1,0	0,0	1,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	0,8	0,2	0,6	0,8	0,2	0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
09	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
10	35,8	28,9	6,9	35,1	23,7	11,4	0,7	5,2	-4,5
11	1,9	0,8	1,2	1,9	0,7	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
12	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	1,0	2,2	-1,2	1,0	2,0	-1,1	0,0	0,2	-0,2
14	2,1	4,0	-1,9	1,4	3,2	-1,8	0,7	0,8	-0,1
15	0,7	1,8	-1,1	0,7	1,7	-1,0	0,0	0,1	-0,1
16	0,5	2,4	-1,8	0,5	2,3	-1,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
17	1,8	0,9	0,9	1,8	0,9	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
18	0,1	1,7	-1,5	0,1	1,5	-1,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2
19	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	4,6	1,8	2,8	4,6	1,8	2,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
21	1,4	0,5	0,9	1,4	0,5	0,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
22	0,8	3,2	-2,4	0,8	3,2	-2,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
23	1,7	2,3	-0,6	1,7	2,3	-0,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
24	2,8	1,7	1,1	2,8	1,7	1,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
25	14,1	7,5	6,6	12,7	7,3	5,5	1,4	0,3	1,1
26	0,3	0,4	-0,1	0,3	0,4	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
27	2,3	0,8	1,6	2,3	0,7	1,6	0,0	0,0	0,0
28	1,8	2,2	-0,5	1,8	2,2	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
29	6,2	2,5	3,8	6,2	2,4	3,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
30	0,4	0,6	-0,2	0,4	0,6	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
31	5,5	1,7	3,8	5,0	1,6	3,4	0,5	0,1	0,4
32	1,7	1,1	0,6	1,7	1,0	0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
33	1,8	2,5	-0,7	1,2	2,1	-0,9	0,6	0,4	0,2
35	1,3	0,2	1,1	0,7	0,2	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,6
36	1,7	0,2	1,5	1,7	0,2	1,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
37	0,4	0,1	0,3	0,4	0,1	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
38	2,9	2,7	0,2	2,9	2,7	0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
39	0,4	0,1	0,3	0,4	0,1	0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0
41	48,8	34,6	14,2	44,5	30,2	14,2	4,3	4,3	0,0
42	3,6	3,4	0,2	3,6	3,2	0,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2
43	39,5	38,5	1,1	32,8	31,8	1,0	6,7	6,7	0,0
45	14,7	10,7	4,0	12,9	8,4	4,5	1,8	2,3	-0,5
46	41,3	47,3	-6,0	36,9	40,2	-3,4	4,4	7,1	-2,6
47	162,1	113,7	48,3	90,6	63,5	27,1	71,5	50,2	21,3
49	23,8	18,0	5,8	21,6	14,5	7,1	2,2	3,5	-1,3
50	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,0	0,0

## 8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 8.1. Activity broken down to 2 digits

8.1.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world (Conclusion)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
51	2,8	0,6	2,2	2,8	0,6	2,2	0,0	0,0	0,0
52	8,6	7,5	1,1	8,6	7,2	1,4	0,0	0,3	-0,3
53	5,9	2,2	3,6	3,0	1,7	1,3	2,9	0,5	2,4
55	62,4	31,5	30,9	60,6	31,1	29,6	1,8	0,4	1,3
56	257,0	171,7	85,4	214,4	140,3	74,1	42,6	31,4	11,3
58	0,0	0,7	-0,7	0,0	0,6	-0,6	0,0	0,1	-0,1
59	0,0	0,9	-0,9	0,0	0,8	-0,8	0,0	0,1	-0,1
60	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
61	9,3	3,6	5,7	6,9	2,6	4,2	2,4	1,0	1,5
62	8,5	8,2	0,3	7,6	7,5	0,1	0,9	0,7	0,2
63	0,0	1,7	-1,7	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,4	-0,4
64	1,6	1,3	0,3	1,6	1,3	0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
65	5,8	0,4	5,5	5,8	0,4	5,5	0,0	0,0	0,0
66	1,6	1,6	0,0	1,6	1,0	0,6	0,0	0,6	-0,6
68	11,9	5,8	6,0	8,1	4,5	3,6	3,7	1,3	2,4
69	6,6	3,6	3,0	6,3	3,3	3,0	0,3	0,3	0,0
70	2,4	2,6	-0,2	1,6	2,1	-0,5	0,7	0,5	0,3
71	2,2	3,4	-1,2	0,8	3,0	-2,2	1,4	0,4	1,0
72	1,3	2,1	-0,8	1,3	2,0	-0,7	0,0	0,1	-0,1
73	4,9	3,5	1,4	4,0	2,9	1,0	1,0	0,6	0,4
74	2,9	5,4	-2,5	1,4	3,6	-2,2	1,5	1,7	-0,2
75	0,6	0,2	0,4	0,6	0,2	0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
77	2,0	3,6	-1,6	2,0	3,2	-1,3	0,0	0,4	-0,4
78	1,0	1,8	-0,8	1,0	1,8	-0,8	0,0	0,1	-0,1
79	9,4	2,9	6,6	7,5	2,1	5,4	1,9	0,7	1,2
80	4,9	1,0	3,9	4,9	1,0	3,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
81	49,0	34,5	14,5	42,4	32,6	9,8	6,6	1,9	4,7
82	5,8	15,1	-9,2	4,4	13,8	-9,5	1,5	1,2	0,2
84	6,6	10,3	-3,7	6,6	10,3	-3,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	22,1	14,8	7,3	19,4	12,8	6,6	2,8	2,1	0,7
86	24,8	11,7	13,2	22,6	10,0	12,5	2,3	1,6	0,6
87	19,3	9,6	9,7	19,3	9,6	9,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
88	10,8	7,3	3,6	10,4	7,2	3,2	0,4	0,1	0,4
90	3,1	2,6	0,5	1,7	1,9	-0,2	1,4	0,7	0,7
91	1,1	0,4	0,7	0,8	0,3	0,5	0,3	0,0	0,3
92	0,9	1,0	-0,1	0,9	1,0	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
93	10,8	8,0	2,8	10,8	7,3	3,5	0,0	0,7	-0,7
94	4,6	4,4	0,2	4,6	3,4	1,2	0,0	1,0	-1,0
95	3,4	1,8	1,6	0,9	0,9	-0,1	2,5	0,8	1,7
96	24,9	22,7	2,2	15,0	14,3	0,7	9,9	8,4	1,5
97	203,6	106,7	96,9	203,6	106,7	96,9	0,0	0,0	0,0
99	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,4	-0,4	0,0	0,0	0,0
No data recorded	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.



## 8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 8.2 Aggregate activities

#### 8.2.1 Foreign nationals from the European Union

(Continues)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	850,8	810,9	39,8	701,8	666,4	35,3	149,0	144,5	4,5
01-15	80,3	113,3	-33,0	77,6	106,7	-29,1	2,7	6,6	-3,9
16-39	64,5	40,6	23,9	61,6	36,9	24,7	3,0	3,7	-0,7
41-43	94,7	72,2	22,5	68,9	48,1	20,7	25,8	24,0	1,7
45-47	96,7	101,4	-4,7	75,2	77,1	-1,9	21,5	24,3	-2,8
49-53	51,2	53,6	-2,3	43,1	46,2	-3,1	8,1	7,3	0,8
55-56	130,6	144,0	-13,4	111,1	119,8	-8,7	19,6	24,3	-4,7
58-68	50,9	47,9	3,0	41,6	36,3	5,4	9,3	11,6	-2,4
69-82	102,5	92,9	9,5	74,7	71,5	3,3	27,7	21,4	6,3
84	5,4	5,4	0,0	5,4	5,4	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	37,1	38,1	-0,9	28,6	31,1	-2,4	8,5	7,0	1,5
86-88	18,5	27,0	-8,6	13,3	21,7	-8,4	5,2	5,4	-0,2
90-99	118,3	73,2	45,1	100,6	64,4	36,1	17,7	8,8	9,0
No data recorded	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
Foreign nationals	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	1,2	-1,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- In the figures for Affiliates to the Mutual Insurance Companies, only MUFACE officers who identify themselves with NIE have been included.

## 8. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Foreign nationals by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment)

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 8.2 Aggregate activities

8.2.2 Foreign nationals from the rest of the world

(Conclusion)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09) Community	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>1.352,0</b>	<b>1.006,9</b>	<b>345,1</b>	<b>1.167,7</b>	<b>862,9</b>	<b>304,8</b>	<b>184,3</b>	<b>144,0</b>	<b>40,3</b>
01-15	159,0	183,8	-24,8	157,5	175,9	-18,4	1,6	7,9	-6,3
16-39	54,7	37,3	17,4	51,6	35,7	15,9	3,1	1,5	1,5
41-43	91,9	76,4	15,4	80,9	65,3	15,6	11,0	11,2	-0,2
45-47	218,1	171,7	46,4	140,4	112,1	28,2	77,7	59,6	18,2
49-53	41,1	28,7	12,4	36,0	24,4	11,6	5,1	4,3	0,8
55-56	319,5	203,9	115,6	275,1	171,9	103,1	44,4	31,9	12,5
58-68	38,7	27,2	11,5	31,7	22,7	8,9	7,1	4,5	2,5
69-82	92,9	76,0	16,9	78,1	68,4	9,7	14,8	7,6	7,2
84	6,6	10,3	-3,7	6,6	10,3	-3,7	0,0	0,0	0,0
85	22,1	14,8	7,3	19,4	12,8	6,6	2,8	2,1	0,7
86-88	55,0	31,1	23,8	52,3	28,7	23,5	2,7	2,4	0,3
90-99	252,4	145,4	107,0	238,3	134,4	103,9	14,1	11,0	3,1
No data recorded	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,2	-0,2	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CENAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

# Annex II



## 1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference <sup>4</sup>
		SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	MI AFFI <sup>2</sup>	Adjusted AFFI <sup>3</sup>	
TOTAL	17.141,3	16.258,8	858,3	17.117,1	24,3
Andalucía	2.731,6	2.546,0	182,0	2.728,0	3,6
Aragón	509,3	476,5	30,6	507,1	2,2
Asturias, Principado de	376,7	341,2	19,0	360,2	16,4
Balears, Illes	450,6	424,9	16,3	441,2	9,4
Canarias	729,4	685,8	39,7	725,6	3,8
Cantabria	214,1	200,2	10,4	210,5	3,6
Castilla y León	902,0	825,5	62,7	888,2	13,8
Castilla-La Mancha	657,7	608,4	42,0	650,4	7,3
Cataluña	2.910,0	2.841,6	74,1	2.915,7	-5,7
Comunitat Valenciana	1.734,9	1.612,1	81,3	1.693,4	41,5
Extremadura	367,8	341,9	26,7	368,6	-0,8
Galicia	1.019,1	942,9	58,6	1.001,5	17,6
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.652,2	2.663,5	144,4	2.807,9	-155,8
Murcia, Región de	505,0	482,3	31,1	513,4	-8,4
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	259,5	248,3	8,1	256,4	3,1
País Vasco	890,6	872,2	13,6	885,8	4,7
Rioja, La	113,1	109,1	5,8	114,9	-1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	54,8	36,2	11,4	47,6	7,2
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	62,9	0,0	0,5	0,5	62,4

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> MI AFFI = Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>3</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>4</sup> Difference = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

# 1. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

## 1.1 EAPS-Adjusted Affiliation Comparison

Autonomous Community	EAPS	Adjusted Affiliation			Difference <sup>4</sup>
		SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	MI AFFI <sup>2</sup>	Adjusted AFFI <sup>3</sup>	
<b>Men</b>					
TOTAL	9.347,4	8.786,5	475,1	9.261,6	85,8
Andalucía	1.567,5	1.426,6	108,1	1.534,7	32,7
Aragón	281,8	259,3	18,2	277,5	4,3
Asturias (Principado de)	196,4	178,5	10,3	188,8	7,6
Balears (Illes)	242,7	224,7	8,3	233,0	9,7
Canarias	400,1	368,4	23,5	391,9	8,2
Cantabria	113,8	106,4	5,6	112,0	1,8
Castilla y León	502,0	452,8	37,5	490,2	11,7
Castilla-La Mancha	391,6	356,5	23,8	380,3	11,2
Cataluña	1.536,2	1.496,7	27,3	1.524,1	12,1
Comunitat Valenciana	951,9	884,3	42,1	926,4	25,5
Extremadura	217,7	194,0	16,4	210,4	7,3
Galicia	527,1	490,2	31,8	522,0	5,1
Madrid (Comunidad de)	1.394,4	1.400,9	81,2	1.482,1	-87,7
Murcia (Región de)	283,4	268,6	17,8	286,4	-2,9
Navarra (C. Foral de)	139,0	135,5	4,0	139,5	-0,5
País Vasco	469,8	465,5	6,7	472,1	-2,4
Rioja (La)	58,5	58,2	3,2	61,4	-2,9
Ceuta y Melilla	33,1	19,5	9,0	28,5	4,6
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	40,6	0,0	0,4	0,4	40,2
<b>Women</b>					
TOTAL	7.794,0	7.005,4	387,9	7.393,3	400,7
Andalucía	1.164,2	1.032,6	73,0	1.105,6	58,6
Aragón	227,5	205,2	12,5	217,7	9,8
Asturias (Principado de)	180,3	157,4	8,9	166,4	13,9
Balears (Illes)	207,9	184,1	8,3	192,4	15,6
Canarias	329,3	290,9	16,8	307,7	21,6
Cantabria	100,3	89,5	4,9	94,4	6,0
Castilla y León	400,0	356,8	25,1	381,8	18,2
Castilla-La Mancha	266,2	239,1	17,9	256,9	9,2
Cataluña	1.373,9	1.265,5	50,1	1.315,6	58,3
Comunitat Valenciana	783,0	671,5	39,8	711,3	71,7
Extremadura	150,1	141,1	10,2	151,3	-1,2
Galicia	492,0	434,9	26,6	461,5	30,6
Madrid (Comunidad de)	1.257,8	1.179,9	63,3	1.243,2	14,6
Murcia (Región de)	221,5	196,1	13,3	209,4	12,1
Navarra (C. Foral de)	120,5	106,6	4,1	110,7	9,8
País Vasco	420,8	390,2	8,0	398,3	22,5
Rioja (La)	54,6	48,4	2,6	51,0	3,6
Ceuta y Melilla	21,7	15,7	2,4	18,1	3,6
Work outside Spain <sup>4</sup>	22,3	0,0	0,0	0,0	22,3

(See footnote Table 1ESP for both sexes)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFF Diff. <sup>2</sup>		EAPS	Adjusted AFF Diff. <sup>2</sup>	
<b>Both sexes</b>						
<b>TOTAL</b>	16.487,3	16.512,7	-25,4	14.031,3	13.982,1	49,2
Andalucía	2.532,5	2.531,5	1,0	2.122,4	2.117,5	4,9
Aragón	478,8	481,9	-3,1	410,7	410,5	0,2
Asturias, Principado de	360,2	349,3	10,9	300,8	289,1	11,7
Balears, Illes	445,8	436,4	9,4	375,5	369,3	6,2
Canarias	705,3	709,5	-4,3	627,9	619,4	8,5
Cantabria	208,4	204,2	4,2	176,0	170,6	5,5
Castilla y León	846,0	837,8	8,2	707,9	695,6	12,3
Castilla-La Mancha	610,6	605,3	5,3	491,3	493,1	-1,8
Cataluña	2.867,6	2.880,7	-13,1	2.430,9	2.451,8	-21,0
Comunitat Valenciana	1.696,1	1.652,7	43,4	1.417,2	1.375,8	41,4
Extremadura	317,1	324,0	-6,8	257,4	263,7	-6,3
Galicia	956,7	946,9	9,7	797,5	778,0	19,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.646,2	2.802,7	-156,4	2.359,3	2.488,0	-128,7
Murcia, Región de	462,4	467,7	-5,4	390,7	389,5	1,1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	248,3	247,9	0,4	215,7	212,0	3,7
País Vasco	881,3	877,3	4,0	756,1	726,4	29,7
Rioja, La	109,0	108,9	0,2	90,0	89,8	0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	54,7	47,5	7,1	46,4	41,5	4,9
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	60,2	0,5	59,6	57,7	0,5	57,2

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector (Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	2,456,0	2,530,6	-74,6
Andalucía	410,1	414,0	-3,9
Aragón	68,1	71,4	-3,3
Asturias, Principado de	59,4	60,2	-0,8
Balears, Illes	70,3	67,1	3,3
Canarias	77,3	90,1	-12,8
Cantabria	32,4	33,7	-1,3
Castilla y León	138,1	142,3	-4,1
Castilla-La Mancha	119,4	112,2	7,1
Cataluña	436,7	428,8	7,9
Comunitat Valenciana	278,9	277,0	1,9
Extremadura	59,7	60,3	-0,5
Galicia	159,2	168,9	-9,7
Madrid, Comunidad de	286,9	314,6	-27,7
Murcia, Región de	71,7	78,2	-6,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	32,6	35,9	-3,3
País Vasco	125,2	150,9	-25,7
Rioja, La	19,1	19,0	0,0
Ceuta and Melilla	8,2	6,0	2,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	2,4	0,0	2,4

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates.

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.



## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
TOTAL	8.858,4	8.827,5	30,9	7.243,7	6.699,9	543,8
Andalucía	1.424,6	1.400,7	23,9	1.151,6	1.034,9	116,7
Aragón	257,8	257,8	0,0	212,4	200,3	12,2
Asturias, Principado de	186,2	182,3	3,9	153,6	141,5	12,1
Balears, Illes	239,1	229,3	9,7	193,8	170,0	23,8
Canarias	382,6	380,0	2,6	331,7	293,5	38,3
Cantabria	109,8	107,7	2,0	89,9	81,5	8,4
Castilla y León	456,6	449,6	7,1	363,9	343,8	20,1
Castilla-La Mancha	351,9	343,2	8,7	270,7	251,8	18,9
Cataluña	1.503,8	1.496,8	7,0	1.210,4	1.137,7	72,6
Comunitat Valenciana	918,4	894,6	23,8	740,2	657,3	82,9
Extremadura	175,9	176,3	-0,4	135,1	129,1	6,0
Galicia	490,3	488,8	1,4	394,2	364,0	30,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.390,1	1.478,2	-88,1	1.192,0	1.174,9	17,1
Murcia, Región de	251,8	257,9	-6,1	204,1	192,8	11,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	130,2	133,1	-2,9	107,7	103,7	4,0
País Vasco	462,4	465,8	-3,3	385,9	356,4	29,6
Rioja, La	55,5	56,6	-1,2	42,3	42,8	-0,6
Ceuta and Melilla	33,0	28,4	4,6	27,3	24,0	3,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	38,5	0,4	38,1	37,0	0,0	37,0
<b>Women</b>						
TOTAL	7.628,9	7.685,1	-56,2	6.787,6	6.328,9	458,7
Andalucía	1.107,9	1.130,8	-22,9	970,8	905,5	65,3
Aragón	221,1	224,1	-3,0	198,3	185,6	12,7
Asturias, Principado de	174,0	167,0	7,0	147,2	136,9	10,3
Balears, Illes	206,7	207,0	-0,3	181,7	168,2	13,4
Canarias	322,7	329,6	-6,9	296,2	273,6	22,6
Cantabria	98,6	96,5	2,1	86,1	79,5	6,6
Castilla y León	389,4	388,3	1,2	344,0	321,4	22,6
Castilla-La Mancha	258,7	262,1	-3,4	220,5	213,4	7,1
Cataluña	1.363,7	1.383,8	-20,1	1.220,5	1.152,5	68,0
Comunitat Valenciana	777,7	758,1	19,6	677,0	604,0	73,1
Extremadura	141,3	147,7	-6,4	122,3	120,9	1,4
Galicia	466,4	458,1	8,3	403,2	370,7	32,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	1.256,2	1.324,5	-68,3	1.167,3	1.136,7	30,7
Murcia, Región de	210,6	209,8	0,7	186,6	167,9	18,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	118,2	114,8	3,3	108,0	95,4	12,6
País Vasco	418,9	411,5	7,4	370,2	337,9	32,3
Rioja, La	53,6	52,2	1,3	47,7	42,6	5,1
Ceuta and Melilla	21,7	19,1	2,6	19,2	16,0	3,1
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	21,7	0,1	21,6	20,7	0,0	20,7

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.1 Non-agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	1.614,7	1.625,4	-10,7
Andalucía	273,1	269,5	3,5
Aragón	45,4	45,3	0,1
Asturias, Principado de	32,7	36,2	-3,5
Balears, Illes	45,2	43,6	1,6
Canarias	50,8	58,5	-7,6
Cantabria	19,9	21,1	-1,2
Castilla y León	92,8	92,4	0,3
Castilla-La Mancha	81,2	76,4	4,8
Cataluña	293,5	275,7	17,7
Comunitat Valenciana	178,2	177,1	1,1
Extremadura	40,8	39,7	1,1
Galicia	96,0	102,5	-6,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	198,1	204,4	-6,3
Murcia, Región de	47,7	50,4	-2,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	22,5	22,8	-0,3
País Vasco	76,5	93,8	-17,3
Rioja, La	13,2	11,9	1,3
Ceuta and Melilla	5,7	4,0	1,7
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	1,5	0,0	1,5
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	841,3	905,3	-64,0
Andalucía	137,1	144,5	-7,4
Aragón	22,8	26,2	-3,4
Asturias, Principado de	26,7	24,0	2,8
Balears, Illes	25,1	23,4	1,7
Canarias	26,5	31,6	-5,1
Cantabria	12,5	12,6	-0,1
Castilla y León	45,4	49,8	-4,5
Castilla-La Mancha	38,2	35,8	2,3
Cataluña	143,2	153,1	-9,8
Comunitat Valenciana	100,7	99,9	0,8
Extremadura	18,9	20,6	-1,6
Galicia	63,2	66,4	-3,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	88,8	110,2	-21,4
Murcia, Región de	24,0	27,8	-3,8
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	10,2	13,1	-3,0
País Vasco	48,7	57,1	-8,4
Rioja, La	5,9	7,1	-1,2
Ceuta and Melilla	2,5	2,0	0,5
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	1,0	0,0	1,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.1)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>						
TOTAL	654,1	604,4	49,7	356,5	342,8	13,7
Andalucía	199,1	196,5	2,6	144,3	145,1	-0,8
Aragón	30,5	25,2	5,3	10,9	8,0	2,8
Asturias, Principado de	16,5	11,0	5,5	2,7	2,0	0,7
Balears, Illes	4,8	4,8	0,0	2,5	2,3	0,2
Canarias	24,1	16,0	8,1	16,3	11,7	4,6
Cantabria	5,7	6,3	-0,6	1,4	1,7	-0,3
Castilla y León	56,0	50,4	5,6	15,3	13,0	2,3
Castilla-La Mancha	47,1	45,1	2,0	20,0	22,1	-2,1
Cataluña	42,5	35,1	7,4	15,6	13,1	2,5
Comunitat Valenciana	38,8	40,7	-1,9	25,1	27,5	-2,4
Extremadura	50,7	44,7	6,0	32,4	29,4	3,0
Galicia	62,5	54,6	7,9	21,1	17,6	3,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	5,9	5,3	0,7	3,9	3,0	0,9
Murcia, Región de	42,6	45,6	-3,0	33,0	37,0	-4,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral	11,1	8,5	2,6	4,0	3,8	0,2
País Vasco	9,3	8,6	0,7	3,6	3,6	0,0
Rioja, La	4,1	6,0	-2,0	1,7	2,0	-0,2
Ceuta and Melilla	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	2,7	0,0	2,7	2,7	0,0	2,7

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	297,5	261,6	36,0
Andalucía	54,8	51,3	3,5
Aragón	19,7	17,2	2,5
Asturias, Principado de	13,8	8,9	4,8
Balears, Illes	2,4	2,5	-0,2
Canarias	7,8	4,3	3,4
Cantabria	4,3	4,6	-0,3
Castilla y León	40,7	37,4	3,3
Castilla-La Mancha	27,1	23,0	4,1
Cataluña	26,8	22,0	4,9
Comunitat Valenciana	13,7	13,2	0,6
Extremadura	18,3	15,3	3,0
Galicia	41,4	37,0	4,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	2,1	2,3	-0,2
Murcia, Región de	9,7	8,6	1,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	7,1	4,7	2,4
País Vasco	5,6	5,0	0,7
Rioja, La	2,3	4,1	-1,8
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Continuation)

Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
TOTAL	489,0	434,1	54,9	273,3	249,3	24,0
Andalucía	142,8	134,0	8,8	101,6	97,9	3,8
Aragón	24,1	19,7	4,3	9,0	6,5	2,5
Asturias, Principado de	10,1	6,5	3,7	2,3	1,7	0,6
Balears, Illes	3,6	3,7	0,0	2,5	1,9	0,6
Canarias	17,5	11,9	5,6	11,5	8,6	2,9
Cantabria	4,0	4,3	-0,2	1,1	1,5	-0,4
Castilla y León	45,4	40,7	4,7	13,8	10,9	2,9
Castilla-La Mancha	39,6	37,1	2,5	17,3	18,6	-1,3
Cataluña	32,3	27,2	5,1	11,1	10,3	0,8
Comunitat Valenciana	33,5	31,8	1,7	22,3	22,0	0,3
Extremadura	41,9	34,1	7,7	26,8	22,2	4,6
Galicia	36,8	33,1	3,7	16,2	14,7	1,5
Madrid, Comunidad de	4,3	3,9	0,4	3,9	2,2	1,6
Murcia, Región de	31,6	28,5	3,1	24,4	22,8	1,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	8,8	6,4	2,4	3,3	2,8	0,5
País Vasco	7,3	6,4	1,0	2,6	3,1	-0,5
Rioja, La	3,0	4,8	-1,8	1,2	1,5	-0,3
Ceuta and Melilla	0,1	0,1	0,0	0,1	0,1	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	2,1	0,0	2,1	2,1	0,0	2,1
<b>Women</b>						
TOTAL	165,1	170,3	-5,3	83,2	93,5	-10,4
Andalucía	56,3	62,5	-6,2	42,7	47,3	-4,6
Aragón	6,5	5,5	1,0	1,9	1,5	0,3
Asturias, Principado de	6,3	4,5	1,8	0,4	0,3	0,1
Balears, Illes	1,2	1,2	0,0	0,0	0,4	-0,4
Canarias	6,6	4,1	2,5	4,8	3,1	1,7
Cantabria	1,7	2,0	-0,3	0,3	0,2	0,1
Castilla y León	10,6	9,7	0,9	1,5	2,1	-0,6
Castilla-La Mancha	7,5	8,0	-0,5	2,7	3,4	-0,8
Cataluña	10,1	7,8	2,3	4,5	2,8	1,8
Comunitat Valenciana	5,3	8,9	-3,6	2,8	5,5	-2,8
Extremadura	8,9	10,6	-1,7	5,5	7,2	-1,6
Galicia	25,6	21,4	4,2	4,9	2,9	2,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,6	1,4	0,3	0,0	0,8	-0,8
Murcia, Región de	11,0	17,2	-6,2	8,5	14,2	-5,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	2,3	2,1	0,2	0,7	1,0	-0,3
País Vasco	1,9	2,2	-0,3	1,0	0,4	0,5
Rioja, La	1,0	1,3	-0,2	0,5	0,4	0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,6	0,0	0,6	0,6	0,0	0,6

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

## 2. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Agricultural and non-agricultural sector, by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 2.2 Agricultural sector

(Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	215,7	184,8	30,9
Andalucía	41,2	36,1	5,1
Aragón	15,1	13,2	1,8
Asturias, Principado de	7,9	4,7	3,1
Balears, Illes	1,1	1,8	-0,6
Canarias	6,0	3,3	2,7
Cantabria	2,9	2,8	0,1
Castilla y León	31,5	29,7	1,8
Castilla-La Mancha	22,3	18,5	3,8
Cataluña	21,2	16,9	4,3
Comunitat Valenciana	11,2	9,8	1,4
Extremadura	15,0	11,9	3,1
Galicia	20,6	18,4	2,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	0,5	1,7	-1,2
Murcia, Región de	7,2	5,7	1,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,5	3,6	1,9
País Vasco	4,7	3,2	1,5
Rioja, La	1,8	3,2	-1,4
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	81,9	76,8	5,1
Andalucía	13,6	15,2	-1,6
Aragón	4,6	4,0	0,6
Asturias, Principado de	5,9	4,2	1,7
Balears, Illes	1,2	0,7	0,5
Canarias	1,8	1,0	0,8
Cantabria	1,4	1,8	-0,4
Castilla y León	9,1	7,7	1,4
Castilla-La Mancha	4,8	4,5	0,3
Cataluña	5,6	5,1	0,5
Comunitat Valenciana	2,5	3,3	-0,8
Extremadura	3,3	3,4	-0,1
Galicia	20,8	18,6	2,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,6	0,6	1,0
Murcia, Región de	2,5	3,0	-0,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	1,6	1,1	0,5
País Vasco	0,9	1,7	-0,8
Rioja, La	0,5	0,9	-0,3
Ceuta and Melilla	0,0	0,0	0,0
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 2.2)

### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.1 Non-agricultural sector

##### 3.1.1. Paid employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	14.031,3	13.982,1	49,2	7.243,7	7.202,2	41,5
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,3	-0,3	0,0	0,2	-0,2
16-19 years old	78,3	109,5	-31,2	42,2	63,3	-21,0
20-24 years old	649,7	721,5	-71,9	335,4	384,8	-49,4
25-29 years old	1.287,8	1.299,7	-11,9	650,6	661,9	-11,3
30-34 years old	1.543,5	1.540,9	2,6	806,7	788,3	18,4
35-39 years old	1.986,0	1.967,5	18,5	1.020,9	1.005,6	15,3
40-44 years old	2.266,2	2.230,2	36,0	1.174,2	1.139,2	35,1
45-49 years old	2.045,5	1.999,8	45,7	1.058,9	1.029,4	29,5
50-54 years old	1.866,6	1.805,6	61,0	963,2	929,8	33,4
55-59 years old	1.497,7	1.424,6	73,2	775,4	738,9	36,5
60-64 years old	734,0	802,9	-68,9	379,3	421,8	-42,5
65 years old and over	76,1	79,5	-3,4	36,7	38,9	-2,2
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	6.387,9	6.328,9	59,0	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,1	-0,1	0,0
16-19 years old	25,2	30,3	-5,1	0,0
20-24 years old	260,8	291,0	-30,2	0,0
25-29 years old	588,9	604,0	-15,1	0,0
30-34 years old	775,6	779,0	-3,4	0,0
35-39 years old	1.009,4	990,4	19,0	0,0
40-44 years old	1.021,8	999,8	22,0	0,0
45-49 years old	896,6	888,2	8,3	0,0
50-54 years old	833,8	798,2	35,6	0,0
55-59 years old	631,9	605,3	26,5	0,0
60-64 years old	313,1	309,9	3,3	0,0
65 years old and over	31,0	32,6	-1,6	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.

### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.1 Non-agricultural sector

##### 3.1.2 Self-employment

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	2.456,0	2.530,6	-74,6	1.614,7	1.625,4	-10,7
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	7,4	5,3	2,0	6,0	3,8	2,3
20-24 years old	33,6	39,6	-6,1	20,7	26,2	-5,5
25-29 years old	102,0	108,9	-7,0	54,5	66,8	-12,3
30-34 years old	193,0	192,5	0,5	119,2	117,0	2,2
35-39 years old	274,2	299,0	-24,8	182,3	188,8	-6,5
40-44 years old	391,1	402,6	-11,5	255,6	260,3	-4,6
45-49 years old	407,4	415,0	-7,7	270,9	269,1	1,9
50-54 years old	402,1	401,1	1,1	269,5	259,9	9,6
55-59 years old	336,5	340,2	-3,6	228,8	223,6	5,2
60-64 years old	219,7	238,0	-18,3	149,4	154,4	-5,0
65 years old and over	89,1	88,3	0,7	57,9	55,6	2,3
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	874,0	899,4	-25,4	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	1,4	1,6	-0,2	0,0
20-24 years old	12,9	15,0	-2,1	0,0
25-29 years old	48,5	47,0	1,4	0,0
30-34 years old	76,4	81,7	-5,4	0,0
35-39 years old	113,1	118,8	-5,7	0,0
40-44 years old	139,3	142,1	-2,8	0,0
45-49 years old	160,4	142,1	18,3	0,0
50-54 years old	110,8	133,7	-22,8	0,0
55-59 years old	106,4	110,3	-3,9	0,0
60-64 years old	76,7	77,7	-1,0	0,0
65 years old and over	28,2	29,4	-1,2	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Adjusted AFFI (non-agricultural sector paid employment) includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, since all of them are considered as paid employees.



### 3. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by sex, age and sector Paid employment and self-employment. Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

#### 3.2. Agricultural sector

(Continues)

Age groups	Both sexes			Men		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	654,1	604,4	49,7	489,0	434,1	54,9
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	8,3	7,5	0,8	5,9	6,0	-0,1
20-24 years old	30,4	29,9	0,5	25,6	23,2	2,4
25-29 years old	47,4	44,7	2,7	36,6	34,0	2,6
30-34 years old	58,9	51,2	7,7	46,5	38,0	8,5
35-39 years old	73,0	65,4	7,6	56,2	46,8	9,4
40-44 years old	89,2	78,1	11,1	62,2	55,5	6,7
45-49 years old	94,4	85,6	8,8	71,4	60,8	10,5
50-54 years old	98,5	92,6	5,9	73,9	67,0	6,9
55-59 years old	87,3	79,7	7,6	64,3	57,0	7,3
60-64 years old	55,2	56,6	-1,4	37,7	37,5	0,2
65 years old and over	11,4	13,1	-1,7	8,5	8,3	0,3
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

(Conclusion)

Age groups	Women			No recorded sex SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>	
TOTAL	138,9	164,9	-26,0	0,0
Under the age of 16	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
16-19 years old	0,3	1,1	-0,8	0,0
20-24 years old	4,3	6,1	-1,9	0,0
25-29 years old	9,2	9,9	-0,7	0,0
30-34 years old	7,8	13,0	-5,2	0,0
35-39 years old	17,5	18,0	-0,5	0,0
40-44 years old	16,8	21,6	-4,8	0,0
45-49 years old	21,5	24,8	-3,3	0,0
50-54 years old	22,3	24,8	-2,6	0,0
55-59 years old	22,1	21,8	0,3	0,0
60-64 years old	13,7	19,4	-5,7	0,0
65 years old and over	3,4	4,4	-1,0	0,0
Non-recorded age	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0

1 SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

2 Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- SS AFFI (agricultural sector) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Continues)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	17.141,3	17.117,1	24,3	14.387,8	14.324,9	62,9	2.753,5	2.792,2	-38,7
01	594,0	550,9	43,1	313,6	306,8	6,8	280,4	244,1	36,3
02	22,1	21,7	0,4	17,4	17,4	0,0	4,7	4,2	0,4
03	38,0	33,4	4,6	25,5	20,1	5,4	12,5	13,3	-0,8
05	3,2	2,1	1,0	3,2	2,1	1,1	0,0	0,1	-0,1
06	1,9	0,1	1,8	1,9	0,1	1,8	0,0	0,0	0,0
07	2,8	3,0	-0,2	2,8	3,0	-0,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
08	19,1	14,9	4,3	18,0	13,6	4,4	1,1	1,2	-0,1
09	1,6	1,3	0,3	1,6	1,2	0,4	0,0	0,1	-0,1
10	387,9	353,7	34,2	345,5	321,2	24,3	42,4	32,5	9,9
11	52,5	46,2	6,4	48,3	43,2	5,1	4,2	2,9	1,3
12	3,7	1,7	2,1	3,7	1,6	2,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
13	51,7	45,8	5,9	44,7	40,4	4,3	7,0	5,4	1,6
14	48,9	44,5	4,4	39,2	33,9	5,3	9,7	10,6	-0,9
15	57,0	43,5	13,5	50,0	38,7	11,3	7,1	4,8	2,2
16	58,5	57,7	0,8	47,7	43,9	3,8	10,8	13,8	-3,0
17	39,7	44,3	-4,7	38,8	43,0	-4,2	0,8	1,3	-0,5
18	78,6	71,2	7,3	60,4	56,4	4,0	18,1	14,8	3,3
19	21,5	8,5	13,1	21,5	8,4	13,1	0,0	0,0	0,0
20	127,6	93,1	34,4	125,6	90,2	35,4	2,0	2,9	-0,9
21	67,6	50,3	17,3	67,4	50,2	17,2	0,2	0,1	0,0
22	105,4	98,1	7,3	102,1	93,3	8,9	3,3	4,8	-1,6
23	89,1	94,8	-5,7	81,5	86,1	-4,6	7,6	8,7	-1,1
24	88,0	81,3	6,7	85,0	74,6	10,4	3,1	6,7	-3,7
25	216,7	250,8	-34,1	181,8	215,7	-33,9	34,9	35,1	-0,2
26	41,4	29,6	11,9	37,7	27,5	10,2	3,7	2,1	1,6
27	72,7	47,2	25,4	70,1	44,4	25,6	2,6	2,8	-0,2
28	148,1	123,5	24,5	136,5	111,5	25,0	11,6	12,0	-0,4
29	224,5	173,1	51,4	219,0	170,9	48,1	5,5	2,2	3,3
30	71,2	56,4	14,8	70,9	55,3	15,7	0,2	1,2	-0,9
31	91,3	61,6	29,7	64,9	48,3	16,6	26,5	13,3	13,1
32	46,5	35,4	11,1	38,8	28,0	10,9	7,7	7,5	0,2
33	98,7	88,9	9,8	77,7	70,3	7,3	21,0	18,5	2,5
35	73,3	35,9	37,5	71,5	34,5	36,9	1,9	1,3	0,5
36	51,3	42,1	9,1	51,0	41,8	9,2	0,3	0,4	-0,1
37	6,8	5,0	1,8	5,0	4,7	0,3	1,8	0,3	1,5
38	74,7	86,3	-11,6	69,5	84,9	-15,4	5,2	1,4	3,8
39	9,1	1,8	7,3	8,5	1,6	6,8	0,6	0,2	0,5
41	380,6	367,6	13,0	290,5	271,1	19,4	90,1	96,5	-6,4
42	95,3	45,4	49,8	88,2	38,6	49,6	7,0	6,8	0,3
43	552,8	625,4	-72,6	356,9	400,8	-43,9	196,0	224,6	-28,7
45	297,7	312,4	-14,6	217,3	230,9	-13,6	80,4	81,5	-1,1
46	667,6	877,1	-209,5	552,6	721,9	-169,3	115,0	155,1	-40,1
47	1.705,4	1.708,2	-2,8	1.286,1	1.259,0	27,0	419,3	449,1	-29,8
49	527,2	528,8	-1,5	390,5	361,5	29,0	136,7	167,2	-30,5
50	23,6	12,7	10,9	20,7	12,0	8,7	2,9	0,7	2,2

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.1 Activity broken down to 2 digits

(Conclusion)

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
51	40,4	34,2	6,2	39,6	33,9	5,6	0,8	0,3	0,6
52	207,8	203,2	4,6	202,6	197,4	5,2	5,2	5,8	-0,6
53	90,2	72,8	17,3	85,1	67,9	17,2	5,1	5,0	0,1
55	338,0	310,7	27,3	314,7	294,0	20,7	23,3	16,7	6,6
56	968,9	1.044,0	-75,0	721,1	796,7	-75,6	247,8	247,2	0,5
58	50,3	46,4	3,9	42,5	39,2	3,3	7,8	7,2	0,6
59	35,9	44,2	-8,4	28,4	37,0	-8,6	7,5	7,3	0,2
60	46,2	24,2	22,1	43,7	23,3	20,4	2,5	0,9	1,6
61	106,9	71,3	35,6	101,8	67,7	34,1	5,1	3,6	1,5
62	275,4	278,7	-3,2	237,8	253,8	-15,9	37,6	24,9	12,7
63	10,7	28,8	-18,1	10,0	22,8	-12,8	0,7	5,9	-5,3
64	232,7	210,1	22,6	230,5	206,1	24,5	2,1	4,0	-1,9
65	116,3	59,2	57,2	101,8	56,2	45,7	14,5	3,0	11,5
66	54,9	101,4	-46,5	33,5	55,2	-21,7	21,4	46,2	-24,8
68	122,9	116,0	6,9	75,7	80,2	-4,5	47,3	35,9	11,4
69	322,4	280,4	42,0	179,3	204,6	-25,3	143,0	75,8	67,3
70	124,5	98,4	26,2	90,1	76,3	13,8	34,4	22,1	12,4
71	221,4	223,0	-1,5	148,9	170,9	-22,0	72,5	52,1	20,5
72	48,7	78,6	-29,9	44,8	68,9	-24,2	3,9	9,6	-5,7
73	92,7	99,5	-6,8	69,0	76,0	-7,0	23,7	23,5	0,2
74	102,3	109,2	-6,9	48,1	63,7	-15,5	54,2	45,5	8,7
75	23,4	23,2	0,2	17,7	13,6	4,1	5,7	9,6	-3,9
77	34,5	84,0	-49,5	30,3	63,5	-33,2	4,3	20,6	-16,3
78	31,7	28,2	3,5	29,5	26,5	3,0	2,3	1,7	0,6
79	59,9	53,4	6,5	50,7	40,8	9,9	9,2	12,6	-3,5
80	136,1	121,3	14,8	134,6	119,4	15,2	1,5	1,9	-0,4
81	476,9	487,6	-10,7	436,8	448,9	-12,0	40,1	38,7	1,4
82	107,8	290,4	-182,6	99,8	261,8	-161,9	7,9	28,6	-20,7
84	1.321,5	1.511,3	-189,8	1.321,5	1.510,5	-189,0	0,0	0,8	-0,8
85	1.277,5	1.211,9	65,6	1.218,6	1.142,7	75,9	58,9	69,2	-10,3
86	1.049,3	997,8	51,4	969,2	917,6	51,6	80,1	80,2	-0,1
87	268,6	245,8	22,8	267,9	243,7	24,2	0,7	2,1	-1,5
88	202,9	233,1	-30,2	194,4	229,1	-34,7	8,5	4,0	4,5
90	60,6	59,6	1,0	35,9	34,6	1,3	24,7	25,0	-0,3
91	43,1	17,0	26,1	41,5	15,7	25,8	1,6	1,3	0,4
92	64,3	34,2	30,0	60,6	28,5	32,1	3,6	5,7	-2,1
93	176,1	180,1	-4,0	157,7	156,0	1,7	18,4	24,2	-5,8
94	95,5	117,5	-21,9	92,6	112,5	-19,9	3,0	5,0	-2,0
95	47,1	64,0	-16,8	25,8	24,3	1,5	21,3	39,7	-18,3
96	261,5	279,8	-18,3	147,0	153,4	-6,4	114,5	126,3	-11,8
97	354,9	261,4	93,5	354,9	261,1	93,7	0,0	0,3	-0,3
99	1,5	2,7	-1,2	0,6	2,6	-2,0	0,9	0,2	0,8
No data recorded	0,0	1,4	-1,4	0,0	1,4	-1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

(\*) In the second quarter of 2016, there were 122,633 and 77,961 persons in the Armed Forces and the Civil Guard, respectively, in a situation equivalent to the EAPS definition of employed persons; the EAPS estimate for the same groups residing in family dwellings amounted to 82,883 and 64,647 respectively. This would mean 53,064 employed persons in branch 84 who would be in collective establishments for Adjusted Affiliation.

## 4. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by economic activity and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 4.2 Aggregate activities

Activity Code <sup>3</sup> (CNAE-09)	Total			Paid employment			Self-employment		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	17.141,3	17.117,1	24,3	14.387,8	14.324,9	62,9	2.753,5	2.792,2	-38,7
01-15	1.284,6	1.162,7	121,9	915,6	843,4	72,2	369,0	319,2	49,8
16-39	1.902,1	1.637,0	265,1	1.732,8	1.485,6	247,2	169,3	151,5	17,9
41-43	1.028,7	1.038,5	-9,8	735,6	710,6	25,0	293,1	327,9	-34,8
45-47	2.670,7	2.897,6	-226,9	2.056,0	2.211,9	-155,9	614,8	685,8	-71,0
49-53	889,2	851,7	37,5	738,4	672,7	65,8	150,7	179,0	-28,2
55-56	1.306,9	1.354,6	-47,7	1.035,8	1.090,7	-54,9	271,1	264,0	7,2
58-68	1.052,2	980,2	72,0	905,7	841,4	64,3	146,5	138,8	7,7
69-82	1.782,4	1.977,1	-194,7	1.379,7	1.634,9	-255,2	402,7	342,3	60,5
84	1.321,5	1.511,3	-189,8	1.321,5	1.510,5	-189,0	0,0	0,8	-0,8
85	1.277,5	1.211,9	65,6	1.218,6	1.142,7	75,9	58,9	69,2	-10,3
86-88	1.520,8	1.476,7	44,0	1.431,5	1.390,4	41,1	89,3	86,3	2,9
90-99	1.104,7	1.016,3	88,3	916,6	788,8	127,8	188,1	227,6	-39,5
No data recorded	0,0	1,4	-1,4	0,0	1,4	-1,4	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

<sup>3</sup> ANNEX CNAE-09

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies.

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continues)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>						
TOTAL	3.977,6	4.252,2	-274,6	3.091,8	3.302,5	-210,8
Andalucía	710,6	735,7	-25,1	539,9	555,0	-15,1
Aragón	98,4	107,1	-8,7	74,3	81,1	-6,8
Asturias, Principado de	85,6	92,6	-7,0	64,7	68,3	-3,7
Balears, Illes	166,1	166,7	-0,5	135,6	142,0	-6,4
Canarias	265,6	250,8	14,9	236,4	215,7	20,7
Cantabria	52,0	53,2	-1,2	41,5	39,9	1,6
Castilla y León	191,5	197,8	-6,2	137,5	137,5	0,1
Castilla-La Mancha	136,7	142,2	-5,5	86,1	97,5	-11,4
Cataluña	602,0	713,3	-111,3	467,8	572,1	-104,3
Comunitat Valenciana	445,3	469,3	-23,9	343,8	361,2	-17,5
Extremadura	85,1	81,7	3,4	57,8	54,0	3,8
Galicia	245,9	242,4	3,5	178,4	174,0	4,4
Madrid, Comunidad de	493,6	594,5	-100,9	421,2	507,0	-85,8
Murcia, Región de	126,0	134,7	-8,7	93,9	102,9	-9,0
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	48,1	48,8	-0,7	38,4	36,1	2,3
País Vasco	174,6	185,5	-10,9	135,9	133,4	2,4
Rioja, La	22,9	25,5	-2,6	15,9	18,0	-2,1
Ceuta and Melilla	11,4	10,4	0,9	6,6	6,9	-0,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	16,1	0,0	16,1	16,1	0,0	16,1

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The *Other Status* category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one *non-recorded sex* that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women.  
are not relevant in this sector.

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Both sexes</b>			
TOTAL	885,9	949,7	-63,8
Andalucía	170,6	180,7	-10,1
Aragón	24,1	26,0	-1,9
Asturias, Principado de	20,9	24,3	-3,4
Balears, Illes	30,5	24,7	5,8
Canarias	29,3	35,1	-5,9
Cantabria	10,5	13,3	-2,8
Castilla y León	54,0	60,3	-6,3
Castilla-La Mancha	50,6	44,7	5,9
Cataluña	134,3	141,2	-7,0
Comunitat Valenciana	101,6	108,1	-6,5
Extremadura	27,4	27,7	-0,3
Galicia	67,6	68,5	-0,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	72,4	87,5	-15,1
Murcia, Región de	32,1	31,8	0,3
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	9,7	12,7	-3,0
País Vasco	38,7	52,1	-13,3
Rioja, La	7,0	7,5	-0,5
Ceuta and Melilla	4,7	3,6	1,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

<sup>1</sup> SS AFFI = Social Security Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - SS AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- The "Other Status" category of the EAPS (residual category) is included in the self-employed workers.

- In SS AFFI there is one "non-recorded sex" that is included in the total, therefore it does not coincide with the sum of men and women

- SS AFFI (Trade and Accommodation) does not include employees who are affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, as they are not relevant in this sector.

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation

(Continuation)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Total			Paid employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>						
TOTAL	1.946,9	2.130,5	-183,6	1.439,3	1.579,1	-139,8
Andalucía	368,6	387,4	-18,9	269,3	277,9	-8,6
Aragón	46,5	50,1	-3,7	32,3	35,6	-3,4
Asturias, Principado de	35,4	41,8	-6,4	26,7	29,0	-2,3
Balears, Illes	82,4	80,7	1,7	65,6	66,8	-1,2
Canarias	141,5	128,0	13,5	122,7	106,5	16,2
Cantabria	23,5	24,5	-1,0	18,1	17,2	0,9
Castilla y León	94,9	96,8	-1,8	64,9	62,1	2,8
Castilla-La Mancha	72,3	76,9	-4,6	40,9	49,6	-8,7
Cataluña	280,8	352,2	-71,4	204,2	271,8	-67,6
Comunitat Valenciana	217,6	230,1	-12,5	160,0	166,8	-6,7
Extremadura	47,5	45,1	2,3	30,3	28,6	1,7
Galicia	106,9	112,8	-5,9	72,9	76,7	-3,9
Madrid, Comunidad de	251,7	312,4	-60,7	205,3	257,4	-52,0
Murcia, Región de	56,5	68,2	-11,8	38,6	49,1	-10,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	20,2	22,2	-2,0	14,2	15,3	-1,1
País Vasco	75,7	83,6	-7,8	56,0	57,6	-1,5
Rioja, La	10,8	11,8	-1,0	6,4	7,6	-1,1
Ceuta and Melilla	7,1	5,8	1,3	3,8	3,4	0,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	7,2	0,0	7,2	7,2	0,0	7,2
<b>Women</b>						
TOTAL	2.030,7	2.121,7	-91,0	1.652,5	1.723,4	-71,0
Andalucía	342,0	348,3	-6,3	270,7	277,1	-6,5
Aragón	52,0	57,0	-5,0	42,0	45,4	-3,4
Asturias, Principado de	50,1	50,8	-0,7	38,0	39,3	-1,3
Balears, Illes	83,7	85,9	-2,2	70,1	75,2	-5,2
Canarias	124,1	122,8	1,3	113,7	109,1	4,6
Cantabria	28,5	28,7	-0,2	23,4	22,7	0,7
Castilla y León	96,6	101,0	-4,4	72,7	75,4	-2,7
Castilla-La Mancha	64,5	65,3	-0,8	45,2	47,9	-2,6
Cataluña	321,3	361,1	-39,9	263,6	300,2	-36,7
Comunitat Valenciana	227,8	239,2	-11,4	183,7	194,5	-10,7
Extremadura	37,7	36,6	1,1	27,4	25,3	2,1
Galicia	139,0	129,6	9,4	105,5	97,3	8,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	241,8	282,1	-40,3	215,9	249,7	-33,8
Murcia, Región de	69,6	66,5	3,1	55,3	53,8	1,6
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	27,9	26,7	1,3	24,2	20,8	3,4
País Vasco	98,9	101,9	-3,0	79,8	75,9	4,0
Rioja, La	12,1	13,7	-1,6	9,4	10,4	-1,0
Ceuta and Melilla	4,3	4,6	-0,3	2,9	3,4	-0,6
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	9,0	0,0	9,0	9,0	0,0	9,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)

## 5. EAPS-AFFI Comparison. Trade and Accommodation by sex, Autonomous Community and professional status (paid employment and self-employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 5.1 Trade and Accommodation (Conclusion)

Sex/Autonomous Community	Self-employment		
	EAPS	SS AFFI <sup>1</sup>	Difference <sup>2</sup>
<b>Men</b>			
TOTAL	507,6	551,5	-43,9
Andalucía	99,3	109,5	-10,2
Aragón	14,2	14,5	-0,3
Asturias, Principado de	8,7	12,7	-4,0
Balears, Illes	16,8	14,0	2,8
Canarias	18,8	21,5	-2,7
Cantabria	5,4	7,3	-1,9
Castilla y León	30,1	34,7	-4,6
Castilla-La Mancha	31,4	27,3	4,1
Cataluña	76,6	80,4	-3,8
Comunitat Valenciana	57,5	63,3	-5,8
Extremadura	17,1	16,5	0,6
Galicia	34,1	36,1	-2,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	46,4	55,0	-8,6
Murcia, Región de	17,9	19,1	-1,2
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	5,9	6,9	-0,9
País Vasco	19,7	26,0	-6,3
Rioja, La	4,3	4,2	0,1
Ceuta and Melilla	3,3	2,4	0,9
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0
<b>Women</b>			
TOTAL	378,3	398,2	-20,0
Andalucía	71,3	71,2	0,2
Aragón	9,9	11,5	-1,6
Asturias, Principado de	12,2	11,5	0,7
Balears, Illes	13,7	10,7	3,0
Canarias	10,4	13,6	-3,2
Cantabria	5,1	6,0	-0,9
Castilla y León	23,9	25,6	-1,7
Castilla-La Mancha	19,2	17,4	1,8
Cataluña	57,7	60,9	-3,2
Comunitat Valenciana	44,0	44,7	-0,7
Extremadura	10,2	11,2	-1,0
Galicia	33,5	32,3	1,2
Madrid, Comunidad de	25,9	32,4	-6,5
Murcia, Región de	14,2	12,7	1,5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	3,8	5,9	-2,1
País Vasco	19,0	26,0	-7,0
Rioja, La	2,6	3,3	-0,6
Ceuta and Melilla	1,4	1,2	0,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	0,0	0,0	0,0

(See footnote for both sexes, table 5.1)



## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.1 Type of employment relationship

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Permanent		
	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
		Adjusted <sup>1</sup>			Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
TOTAL	14.387,8	14.324,9	62,9	10.783,5	10.800,0	-16,4
Andalucía	2.266,7	2.262,6	4,1	1.497,7	1.471,9	25,8
Aragón	421,5	418,5	3,1	329,3	327,9	1,5
Asturias, Principado de	303,5	291,1	12,4	228,9	219,2	9,7
Balears, Illes	377,9	371,6	6,3	269,5	280,8	-11,3
Canarias	644,2	631,1	13,1	462,0	465,0	-3,0
Cantabria	177,4	172,2	5,2	133,5	131,2	2,3
Castilla y León	723,2	708,6	14,6	553,0	539,6	13,4
Castilla-La Mancha	511,3	515,1	-3,9	377,4	380,6	-3,2
Cataluña	2.446,5	2.464,9	-18,4	1.961,2	1.950,7	10,5
Comunitat Valenciana	1.442,3	1.403,3	39,0	1.073,0	1.075,1	-2,1
Extremadura	289,8	293,0	-3,3	185,1	191,8	-6,7
Galicia	818,6	795,6	23,0	606,5	599,5	7,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.363,2	2.491,0	-127,9	1.933,4	2.044,9	-111,6
Murcia, Región de	423,6	426,5	-2,9	296,2	310,9	-14,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	219,7	215,8	4,0	168,8	159,1	9,6
País Vasco	759,7	730,0	29,7	577,4	549,5	27,9
Rioja, La	91,7	91,8	-0,1	69,8	72,4	-2,6
Ceuta and Melilla	46,6	41,6	5,0	36,2	29,0	7,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	60,5	0,5	59,9	24,5	0,5	23,9

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.1 Type of employment relationship (Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Temporary		Difference <sup>2</sup>
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>3.604,3</b>	<b>3.525,0</b>	<b>79,3</b>
Andalucía	769,0	790,7	-21,7
Aragón	92,2	90,6	1,6
Asturias, Principado de	74,5	71,9	2,7
Balears, Illes	108,5	90,8	17,7
Canarias	182,3	166,1	16,1
Cantabria	43,9	41,0	2,9
Castilla y León	170,2	168,9	1,3
Castilla-La Mancha	133,8	134,5	-0,7
Cataluña	485,3	514,2	-29,0
Comunitat Valenciana	369,2	328,1	41,1
Extremadura	104,7	101,3	3,4
Galicia	212,0	196,1	16,0
Madrid, Comunidad de	429,8	446,1	-16,3
Murcia, Región de	127,4	115,6	11,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	51,0	56,6	-5,6
País Vasco	182,3	180,4	1,8
Rioja, La	21,9	19,4	2,5
Ceuta and Melilla	10,3	12,5	-2,2
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	36,0	0,0	36,0

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to paid employees with a permanent employment relationship.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.2 Type of working day

(Continues)

Autonomous Community	Total			Complete		
	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>	EAPS	AFFI Adjusted <sup>1</sup>	Diff. <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	14.067,6	13.932,8	134,7	11.942,6	10.147,9	1.794,7
Andalucía	2.211,9	2.196,6	15,3	1.818,1	1.567,2	250,9
Aragón	411,7	410,6	1,0	347,2	293,9	53,3
Asturias, Principado de	300,0	287,8	12,3	252,6	205,4	47,2
Balears, Illes	334,0	307,1	26,9	289,1	229,0	60,2
Canarias	634,4	618,7	15,7	553,9	464,0	89,9
Cantabria	173,9	168,7	5,2	145,0	118,5	26,5
Castilla y León	712,2	699,6	12,6	596,1	504,2	91,8
Castilla-La Mancha	503,1	505,8	-2,7	427,1	368,8	58,3
Cataluña	2.413,6	2.409,3	4,3	2.082,3	1.787,1	295,2
Comunitat Valenciana	1.382,4	1.338,4	44,1	1.143,7	942,3	201,4
Extremadura	287,9	288,4	-0,5	234,3	201,4	32,9
Galicia	809,2	781,2	28,0	688,0	574,0	114,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	2.330,5	2.461,8	-131,3	2.047,5	1.853,8	193,7
Murcia, Región de	401,6	396,7	4,9	338,8	286,2	52,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	214,7	211,6	3,2	179,6	154,6	25,1
País Vasco	750,2	719,0	31,2	631,0	502,7	128,3
Rioja, La	89,8	90,0	-0,2	74,0	65,4	8,5
Ceuta and Melilla	46,3	41,0	5,2	39,4	28,9	10,5
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	60,0	0,5	59,5	54,8	0,5	54,3

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated full-time employees.

## 6. EAPS-AFFI Comparison by Autonomous Community and characteristics of the contract (paid employment excluding discontinuous permanent contracts). Spaniards

Second quarter of 2018. Figures in thousands

### 6.2 Type of working day (Conclusion)

Autonomous Community	Partial		
	EAPS	Adjusted AFFI1	Difference <sup>2</sup>
TOTAL	2.125,0	3.784,9	-1.659,9
Andalucía	393,8	629,4	-235,6
Aragón	64,4	116,7	-52,3
Asturias, Principado de	47,5	82,4	-34,9
Balears, Illes	44,8	78,1	-33,3
Canarias	80,5	154,7	-74,2
Cantabria	29,0	50,2	-21,3
Castilla y León	116,1	195,4	-79,3
Castilla-La Mancha	75,9	137,0	-61,1
Cataluña	331,3	622,2	-290,8
Comunitat Valenciana	238,7	396,0	-157,3
Extremadura	53,6	87,0	-33,4
Galicia	121,2	207,3	-86,1
Madrid, Comunidad de	283,1	608,0	-324,9
Murcia, Región de	62,7	110,5	-47,7
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	35,1	57,0	-21,9
País Vasco	119,2	216,3	-97,1
Rioja, La	15,8	24,5	-8,7
Ceuta and Melilla	6,9	12,2	-5,3
Work outside Spain <sup>2</sup>	5,2	0,0	5,2

<sup>1</sup> Adjusted AFFI (Adjusted Affiliation) = Social Security Affiliates + Mutual Insurance Affiliates

<sup>2</sup> Difference (in absolute values) = EAPS - Adjusted AFFI

- Discontinuous permanent employees have been excluded from both sources, EAPS and Adjusted AFFI.

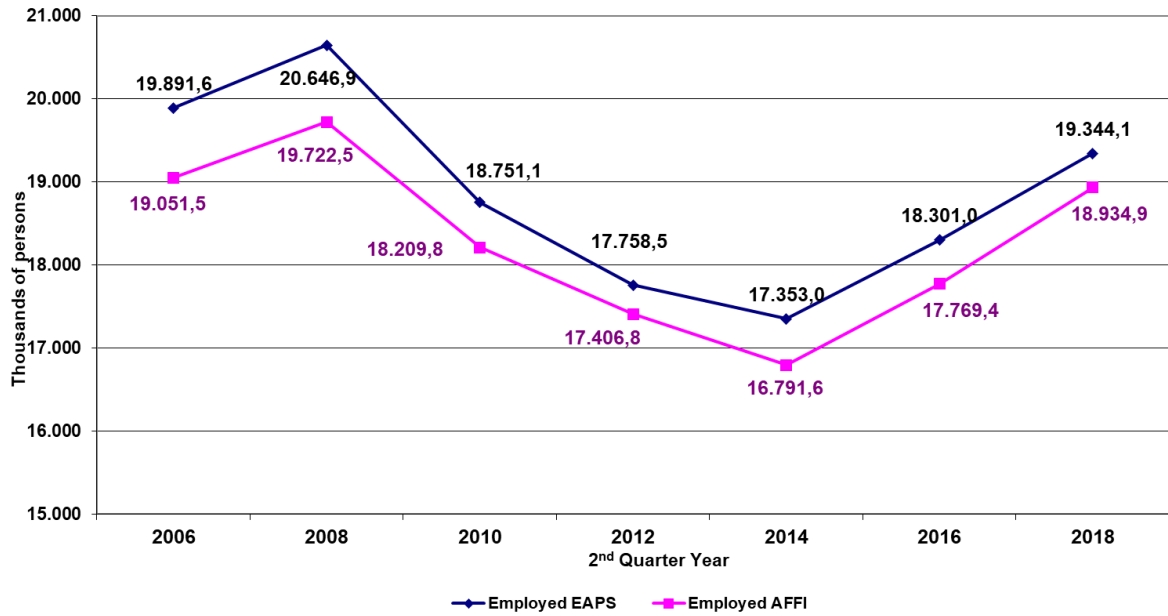
- In the EAPS, the Autonomous Community refers to the workplace.

- Adjusted AFFI includes employees affiliated to their own mutual insurance companies, which have been assimilated to full-time employees.

# Annex III

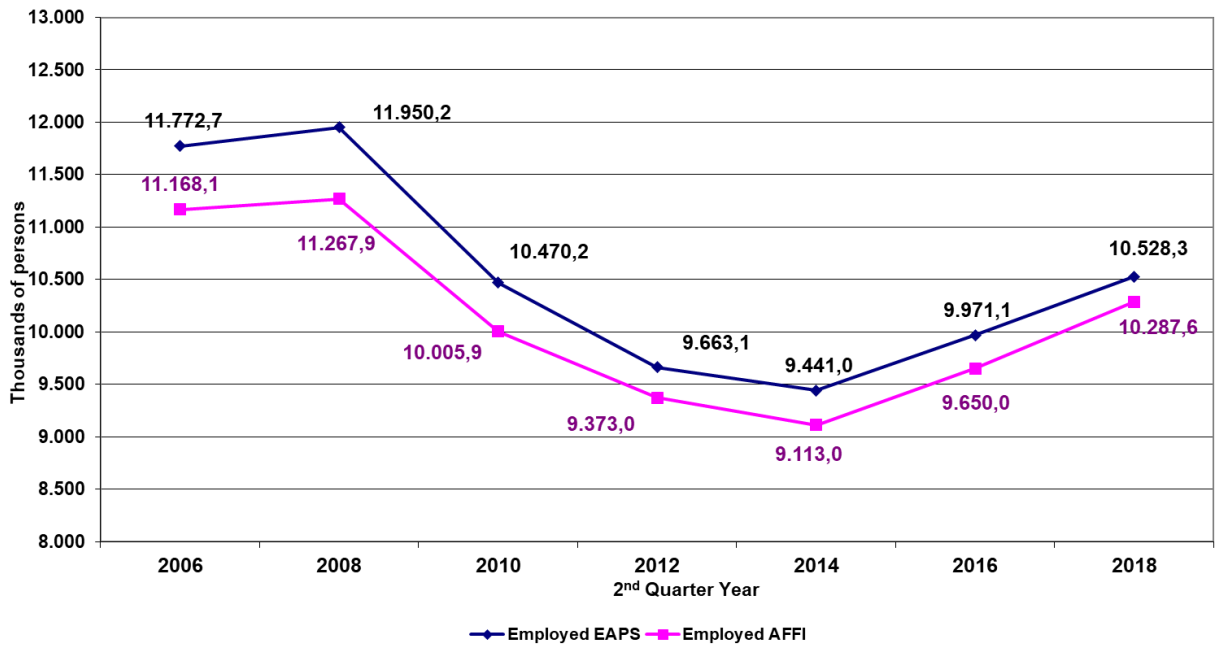


### COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI



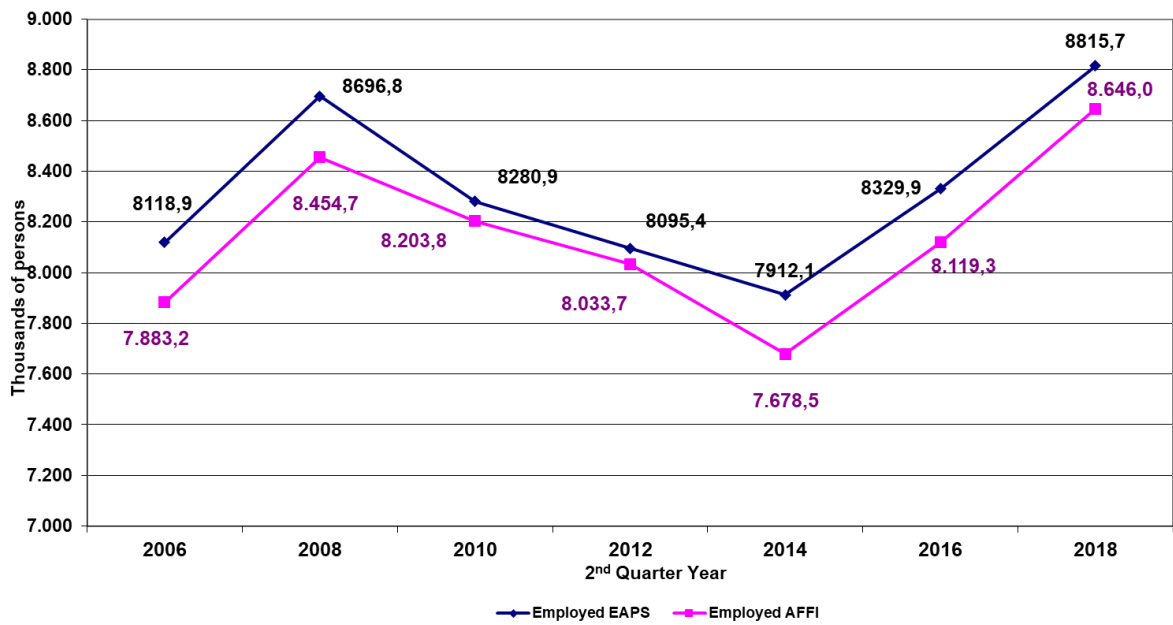
### COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

### MEN



### COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI

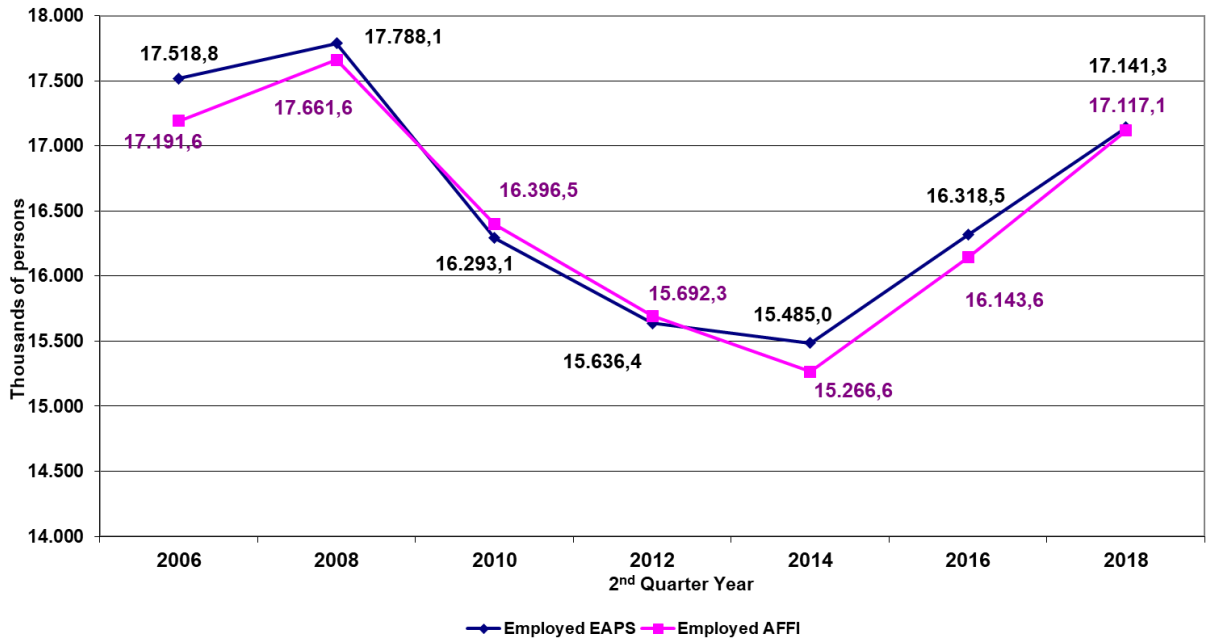
### WOMEN





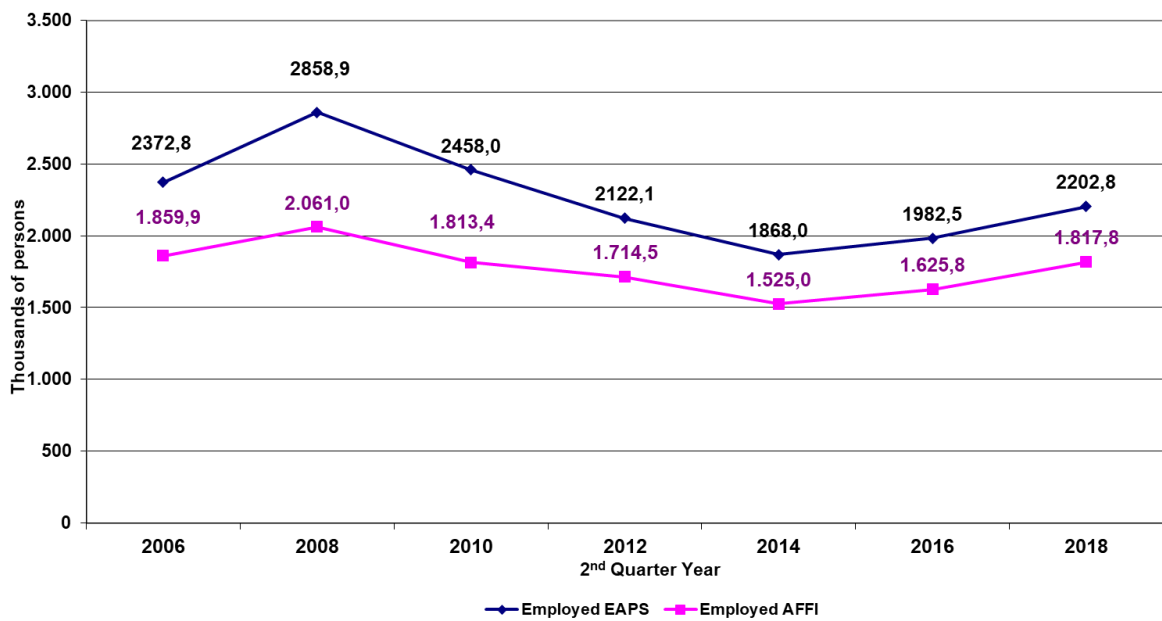
**COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI**

**SPANIARDS**



**COMPARISON EMPLOYED EAPS-AFFI**

**FOREIGNERS**





# ANNEX IV

## **CLASSIFICATION OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITIES 2009: NACE-09**

### **SECTION A: AGRICULTURE, LIVESTOCK, FORESTRY AND FISHING**

01. Crop and animal production, hunting and related service activities
02. Forestry and logging
03. Fishing and aquaculture

### **SECTION B: MINING AND QUARRYING**

05. Mining of coal and lignite
06. Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas
07. Mining of metal ores
08. Other mining and quarrying
09. Mining support service activities

### **SECTION C: MANUFACTURING INDUSTRY**

10. Manufacture of food products
11. Manufacture of beverages
12. Manufacture of tobacco products
13. Manufacture of textiles
14. Manufacture of wearing apparel
15. Manufacture of leather and related products
16. Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture; manufacture of articles of straw and plaiting materials
17. Manufacture of paper and paper products
18. Printing and reproduction of recorded media
19. Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products
20. Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products
21. Manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations
22. Manufacture of rubber and plastic products
23. Manufacture of other non-metallic ore products.

24. Manufacture of basic metals
25. Manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipment
26. Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products
27. Manufacture of electrical equipment
28. Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.
29. Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers
30. Manufacture of other transport equipment
31. Manufacture of furniture
32. Other manufacturing
33. Repair and installation of machinery and equipment.

#### SECTION D: ELECTRICITY, GAS, STEAM AND AIR CONDITIONING SUPPLY

35. Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply

#### SECTION E: WATER SUPPLY, SEWERAGE, WASTE MANAGEMENT AND REMEDIATION ACTIVITIES

36. Water collection, treatment and supply
37. Sewerage
38. Waste collection, treatment and disposal activities; materials recovery
39. Remediation activities and other waste management services

#### SECTION F: CONSTRUCTION

41. Construction of buildings
42. Civil engineering
43. Specialised construction activities

#### SECTION G: WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE; REPAIR OF MOTOR VEHICLES AND MOTORCYCLES

45. Wholesale and retail trade and repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles

- 46. Wholesale trade and trade intermediaries, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles
- 47. Retail trade, except of motor vehicles and motorcycles

#### SECTION H: TRANSPORTATION AND STORAGE

- 49. Land transport and transport via pipelines
- 50. Water transport
- 51. Air transport
- 52. Warehousing and support activities for transportation
- 53. Postal and courier activities

#### SECTION I: ACCOMMODATION AND FOOD SERVICE ACTIVITIES

- 55. Accommodation services
- 56. Food and beverage service activities

#### SECTION J: INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

- 58. Edition
- 59. Motion picture, video and television programme production, sound recording and music publishing activities
- 60. Programming and broadcasting activities
- 61. Telecommunications
- 62. Computer programming, consultancy and related activities
- 63. Information service activities

#### SECTION K: FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE ACTIVITIES

- 64. Financial service activities, except insurance and pension funding
- 65. Insurance, reinsurance and pension funding, except compulsory Social Security
- 66. Activities related to financial services and insurance

## SECTION L: REAL ESTATE ACTIVITIES

- 68. Real estate activities

## SECTION M: PROFESSIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNICAL ACTIVITIES

- 69. Legal and accounting activities
- 70. Activities of head offices; management consultancy activities
- 71. Architectural and engineering activities; technical testing and analysis
- 72. Scientific research and development
- 73. Advertising and market research
- 74. Other professional, scientific and technical activities
- 75. Veterinary Activities

## SECTION N: ADMINISTRATIVE AND SUPPORT SERVICES ACTIVITIES

- 77. Rental and leasing activities
- 78. Employment activities
- 79. Travel agency, tour operator and other reservation services and related activities
- 80. Safety and research activities
- 81. Services to buildings and landscape activities
- 82. Administrative activities of the office and other ancillary activities to the companies

## SECTION O: PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE, COMPULSORY SOCIAL SECURITY

- 84. Public Administration and defence, compulsory Social Security

## SECTION P: EDUCATION

- 85. Education

## SECTION Q: Human health and social work activities

- 86. Human health activities
- 87. Residential care activities
- 88. Social work activities without accommodation

#### SECTION R: ARTS, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATION

- 90. Creative, arts and entertainment activities
- 91. Libraries, archives, museums and other cultural activities
- 92. Gambling and betting activities
- 93. Sports activities and amusement and recreation activities

#### SECTION S: OTHER SERVICE ACTIVITIES

- 94. Activities of membership organisations
- 95. Repair of computers and personal and household goods
- 96. Other personal service activities

#### SECTION T: ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS AS EMPLOYERS; UNDIFFERENTIATED GOODS-AND SERVICES-PRODUCING ACTIVITIES OF HOUSEHOLDS FOR OWN USE

- 97. Activities of households as employers of domestic personnel
- 98. Undifferentiated goods- and services-producing activities of private households for own use

#### SECTION U: ACTIVITIES OF EXTRATERRITORIAL ORGANISATIONS AND BODIES

- 99. Activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies