

02 December 2019

**Total expenditure survey**  
October 2019. Provisional data

**Total expenditure by international tourists visiting Spain in October increases by 2.5% compared with the same month of 2018**

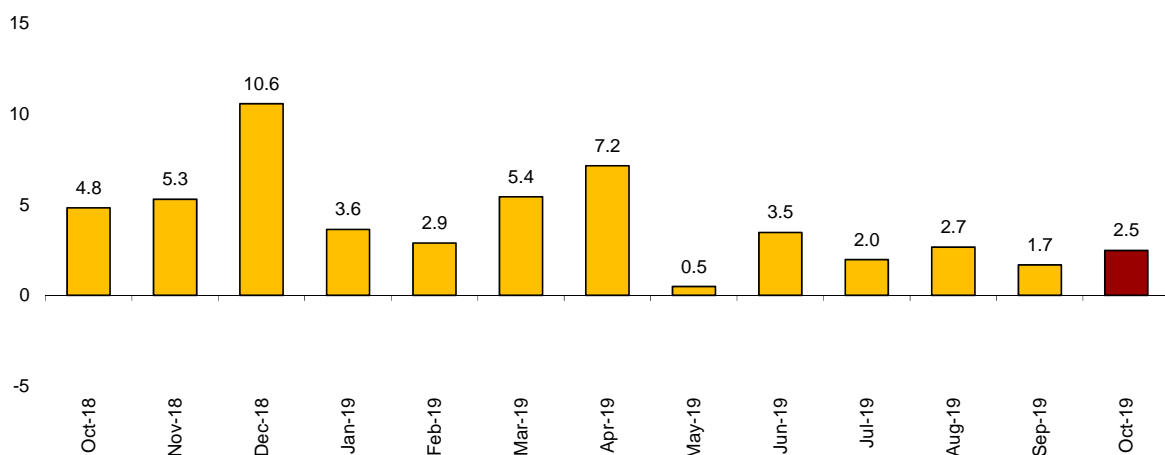
**Average daily expenditure stands at 161 euros, 6.5% more than October 2018**

Total expenditure made by international tourists visiting Spain in October reached 8,367 million euros, representing an increase of 2.5% as compared to the same month of 2018.

The average expenditure per tourist stood at 1,097 euros, with an annual increase of 2.8%. On the other hand, the average daily expenditure increased by 6.5%, up to 161 euros.

The average stay by international tourists was 6.8 days, indicating a decrease of 0.3 days compared to the average October 2018.

**Annual variation rate of total international tourist expenditure**  
Percentage



During the first ten months of 2019, the total expenditure by international tourists increased by 2.9%, as compared with the same period of the previous year, reaching 82,197 million euros.

## Sending countries

The main sending countries, in terms of level of expenditure in October were the United Kingdom (accounting for 19.1% of the total), Germany (14.2%) and Nordic Countries – Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden– (7.7%).

Expenditure by tourists from the United Kingdom decreased by 1.1% in the annual rate, by those from Germany by 6.5% and by those from Nordic Countries by 2.1%. Expenditure by those from France raised by 0.1%.

### International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	October 2019							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.5</b>
Germany	1,190	-6.5	1,056	2.0	138	5.0	7.7	-2.8
France	573	0.1	640	1.9	99	1.5	6.5	0.3
Italy	239	-1.0	736	-1.3	127	1.3	5.8	-2.6
Nordic Countries	644	-2.1	1,138	-3.8	154	8.0	7.4	-10.9
United Kingdom	1,598	-1.1	965	3.5	132	2.7	7.3	0.7
Rest of the world	4,122	8.4	1,349	2.8	212	8.2	6.4	-5.0

During the first ten months of 2019, the United Kingdom was the country with the largest cumulative expenditure (19.9% of the total). It was followed by Germany (12.8%) and France (8.4%).

### International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

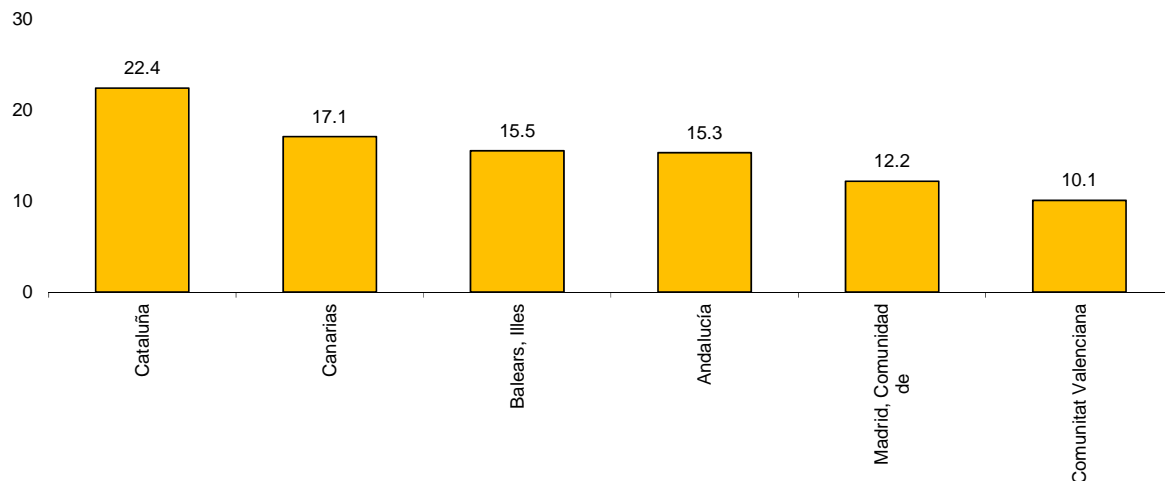
	Year 2019		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>
Germany	10,525	12.8	-2.3
France	6,895	8.4	1.8
Italy	3,120	3.8	5.1
Nordic Countries	5,746	7.0	-4.9
United Kingdom	16,379	19.9	1.0
Rest of the world	39,532	48.1	6.6

## Main destination Autonomous Communities

The main destination Autonomous Communities with the greatest weight in total tourist expenditure in October were Cataluña (with 22.4% of the total), Canarias (17.1%) and Illes Balears (15.5%).

## Total expenditure by main destination Autonomous Community

Percentage



The tourist expenditure increased by 9.7% in Cataluña, and it decreased by 6.1% in Canarias and by 3.3% in Illes Balears.

The remaining main destination Autonomous Communities of tourists showed positive annual rate variations.

## International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	October 2019							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.5</b>
Cataluña	1,876	9.7	1,109	8.0	221	6.1	5.0	1.8
Canarias	1,428	-6.1	1,249	3.3	149	3.4	8.4	-0.2
Balears, Illes	1,300	-3.3	1,061	1.3	152	6.5	7.0	-4.9
Andalucía	1,281	6.0	1,068	0.7	132	0.0	8.1	0.7
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,018	3.9	1,356	-1.8	303	10.6	4.5	-11.2
Comunitat Valenciana	843	7.4	963	5.6	110	12.9	8.8	-6.5
Rest of ACs	621	1.0	841	0.1	130	10.0	6.5	-9.0

During the first ten months of 2019, the main destination Autonomous Communities with more cumulative expenditure were Cataluña (with 23.5% of the total), Illes Balears (17.7%) and Canarias (16.9%).

### International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Year 2019		
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2.9</b>
Cataluña	19,282	23.5	4.8
Balears, Illes	14,546	17.7	1.1
Canarias	13,892	16.9	-0.7
Andalucía	11,181	13.6	-1.7
Madrid, Comunidad de	8,802	10.7	12.3
Comunitat Valenciana	8,616	10.5	7.6
Rest of ACs	5,878	7.2	0.2

### Expenditure items

The expenditure on tourist package was the most important item, representing 21.8% of the total expenditure and a decrease of 4.1% with respect October 2018.

The following items were expenditure on international transport (excluded on tourist package) and expenditure on activities, which accounted for 21.1% and 19.4% of the total, respectively. The former increased by 6.4% in the annual rate and the latter, by 7.1%.

### International tourist expenditure by expenditure categories

	October 2019		
	Total (millions of euros)	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2.5</b>
Expenditure on tourist package	1,821	21.8	-4.1
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	6,546	78.2	4.5
- Expenditure on international transport	1,768	21.1	6.4
- Expenditure on accommodation	1,151	13.8	3.8
- Expenditure on food and drinks	1,210	14.5	4.4
- Expenditure on activities	1,622	19.4	7.1
- Other expenditure	796	9.5	-3.2

### Main type of accommodation, method of organization and main reason for the trip

67.3% of total tourist expenditure in October was made by tourists staying at hotels, with an annual rise of 3.0%. On the other hand, expenditure in rest rented accommodation increased by 10.8%.

Expenditure by tourists not travelling with a tourist package (which represented 67.3% of the total) increased by 5.9% in the annual rate. For those who contract a tourist package, it decreased by 3.9%.

In terms of the reasons for travel, tourists visiting Spain for leisure generated 87.0% of the total expenditure (spending 1.7% more than in October 2018).

## International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation, type of organization and main purpose of the trip

	October 2019							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL (*)</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.5</b>
Rented accommodation	7,134	4.5	1,115	3.0	189	5.0	5.9	-1.9
- Hotel accommodation	5,634	3.0	1,079	2.7	207	5.9	5.2	-3.0
- Rest rented accommodation	1,500	10.8	1,275	3.6	142	4.6	9.0	-1.0
Non rented accommodation	1,233	-8.0	1,006	0.9	86	4.1	11.7	-3.1
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.5</b>
Without tourist package	5,635	5.9	1,107	5.1	157	9.1	7.0	-3.6
With tourist package	2,732	-3.9	1,078	-1.5	167	1.9	6.4	-3.3
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.5</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.5</b>
Leisure	7,281	1.7	1,093	2.4	159	6.7	6.9	-4.0
Work	692	16.8	1,194	6.0	219	-10.7	5.5	18.8
Other motives	394	-4.7	1,026	3.3	124	12.0	8.3	-7.7

(\*): It is distinguished two main groups of accommodation, depending on whether there was a monetary transaction or not: rented accommodation (payment accommodation; hotels, renting accommodation, camping site, rural accommodation and other rented accommodation) or non rented accommodation (own dwelling, family or friends dwellings and other non rented accommodation)

## Stopovers on trips and overnight stays by Autonomous Communities

Stopovers<sup>1</sup> on trips by international tourists in October increased by 2.2% in the annual rate. Of them, 22.9% were carried out in Cataluña (with an increase of 3.7%).

On the other hand, the total number of overnight stays by international tourists in all types of accommodation (hotels, holiday dwellings, own homes, homes of relatives or friends, rented dwelling, etc.) reached 52.1 million, representing a decrease of 3.8%.

Andalucía was the Autonomous Community with the most overnight stays (9.8 million, 7.1% more than in October 2018). It was followed by Canarias (with 9.5 million overnight stays and a decrease of 9.2%) and Illes Balears (with 8.5 million, 9.6% less).

## Stopovers and overnight stays by Autonomous Community of destination

	October 2019					
	Number of stopovers	Percentage	Annual variation	Number of overnight stays	Percentage	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>9,038,001</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>52,110,959</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>-3.8</b>
Cataluña	2,072,448	22.9	3.7	8,440,493	16.2	1.8
Andalucía	1,595,582	17.7	9.8	9,860,494	18.9	7.1
Balears, Illes	1,323,037	14.6	-5.5	8,537,617	16.4	-9.6
Canarias	1,164,857	12.9	-9.2	9,551,682	18.3	-9.2
Resto de CCAA	1,036,653	11.5	8.1	4,823,580	9.3	-7.4
Comunitat Valenciana	971,216	10.7	3.9	7,672,577	14.7	-5.0
Rest of ACs	874,207	9.7	7.0	3,224,516	6.2	-5.7

## Review and update of data

The data published today are provisional and will be reviewed in the third quarter of 2020. The results are available at INEBase.

<sup>1</sup> A stopover refers to each overnight stay made during the trip. A trip may have as many stopovers as intermediate destinations where the traveller has stayed at least one night.

## Methodological note

The main objective of the Tourist Expenditure Survey (EGATUR) is to obtain monthly information on the tourist expenditure made by non-residents in Spain in their trips to our country.

For the preparation of EGATUR the international definitions and recommendations of the UNWTO and EUROSTAT in this field are followed.

**Type of operation:** continuous monthly statistics.

**Population scope:** this refers to non-residents in Spain who enter our country, whether or not they have stayed overnight, as well as those who pass through our country in transit.

**Geographical scope:** the entire national territory. The sample is collected at the main access points for non-resident travellers (road, airport, port and rail).

**Reference period of the results:** the month.

**Sample size:** The theoretical annual sample size of EGATUR exceeds 127,000 surveys, which are distributed throughout the year according to the seasonality of the flow of passengers and to the sample design, which is defined for each access road independently, setting a fraction of the sub-sampling from the FRONTUR sample.

**Type of sampling:** Single-stage, where the estimates of the FRONTUR survey are used as the target population to which the EGATUR data are elevated.

**Collection method:** personal interviews when the traveller leaves Spain.

A more complete tabulation plan with the main series of aggregates, as well as the microdata file for the reference month, is available on the INE website.

For more information you can access the methodology at:

[http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur\\_egatur\\_metodologia\\_en.pdf](http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur_egatur_metodologia_en.pdf)

And the standardised methodological report at:

<http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=16029>

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For further information see **INEbase:** [www.ine.es/en/](http://www.ine.es/en/) Twitter: [@es\\_ine](https://twitter.com/es_ine)

All press releases at: [www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa\\_en.htm](http://www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa_en.htm)

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**Information Area:** Telephone number: (+34) 91 583 91 00 – [www.ine.es/infoine/?L=1](http://www.ine.es/infoine/?L=1)

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## Tourist Expenditure Survey

### Egatur

October 2019

Provisional data

### 1. International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.51</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.46</b>
Germany	1,190	-6.47	1,056	2.02	138	4.95	7.7	-2.79
France	573	0.11	640	1.86	99	1.54	6.5	0.31
Italy	239	-1.02	736	-1.30	127	1.33	5.8	-2.60
Nordic countries	644	-2.10	1,138	-3.75	154	7.99	7.4	-10.86
United Kingdom	1,598	-1.11	965	3.45	132	2.71	7.3	0.72
Rest of the world	4,122	8.37	1,349	2.75	212	8.18	6.4	-5.02

### 2. International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.51</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.46</b>
Andalucía	1,281	5.99	1,068	0.72	132	0.00	8.1	0.72
Balears, Illes	1,300	-3.32	1,061	1.34	152	6.53	7.0	-4.88
Canarias	1,428	-6.11	1,249	3.25	149	3.41	8.4	-0.15
Cataluña	1,876	9.69	1,109	7.99	221	6.09	5.0	1.79
Comunitat Valenciana	843	7.37	963	5.62	110	12.90	8.8	-6.45
Madrid, Comunidad de	1,018	3.86	1,356	-1.78	303	10.59	4.5	-11.18
Rest of ACs	621	1.02	841	0.11	130	10.00	6.5	-9.00

### 3. International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.51</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.46</b>
Rented accommodation	7,134	4.54	1,115	3.02	189	5.00	5.9	-1.89
- Hotel accommodation	5,634	2.99	1,079	2.67	207	5.85	5.2	-3.01
- Rest rented accommodation	1,500	10.77	1,275	3.57	142	4.63	9.0	-1.01
Non-rented accommodation	1,233	-7.99	1,006	0.88	86	4.08	11.7	-3.08

### 4. International tourist expenditure by type of organization

	Monthly data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.48</b>	<b>1,097</b>	<b>2.82</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>6.51</b>	<b>6.8</b>	<b>-3.46</b>
Without tourist package	5,635	5.88	1,107	5.12	157	9.05	7.0	-3.61
With tourist package	2,732	-3.88	1,078	-1.53	167	1.87	6.4	-3.34

## Tourist Expenditure Survey

### Egatur

October 2019

Provisional data

#### 5. International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>2.94</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>5.76</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>-3.72</b>
Germany	10,525	-2.31	1,041	-0.41	139	4.51	7.5	-4.71
France	6,895	1.78	688	4.19	99	6.67	7.0	-2.32
Italy	3,120	5.14	791	1.45	131	3.08	6.1	-1.58
Nordic countries	5,746	-4.93	1,207	0.23	148	4.27	8.2	-3.88
United Kingdom	16,379	1.01	998	2.98	135	6.45	7.4	-3.26
Rest of the world	39,532	6.62	1,341	0.54	194	4.64	6.9	-3.91

#### 6. International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>2.94</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>5.76</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>-3.72</b>
Andalucía	11,181	-1.66	1,025	-5.10	124	2.54	8.3	-7.44
Balears, Illes	14,546	1.11	1,088	1.92	163	3.63	6.7	-1.65
Canarias	13,892	-0.69	1,290	4.28	149	2.89	8.6	1.35
Cataluña	19,282	4.80	1,114	4.05	197	5.30	5.7	-1.18
Comunitat Valenciana	8,616	7.57	1,006	4.03	107	9.31	9.4	-4.84
Madrid, Comunidad de	8,802	12.34	1,366	4.77	270	11.15	5.1	-5.74
Rest of ACs	5,878	0.21	800	-2.92	118	7.89	6.8	-10.02

#### 7. International tourist cumulated expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>2.94</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>5.76</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>-3.72</b>
Rented accommodation	68,865	3.51	1,125	1.13	182	5.35	6.2	-4.01
- Hotel accommodation	53,045	4.53	1,083	0.90	205	4.95	5.3	-3.86
- Rest rented accommodation	15,819	0.24	1,294	2.62	133	5.02	9.8	-2.29
Non-rented accommodation	13,333	0.07	987	4.53	86	5.17	11.5	-0.61

#### 8. International tourist cumulated expenditure by type of organization

	Cumulative data							
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure	Annual variation	Average duration of trips	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>82,197</b>	<b>2.94</b>	<b>1,100</b>	<b>1.83</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>5.76</b>	<b>7.1</b>	<b>-3.72</b>
Without tourist package	58,114	6.34	1,081	2.31	147	7.11	7.3	-4.48
With tourist package	24,083	-4.44	1,148	1.17	173	3.67	6.6	-2.42



## Tourist Expenditure Survey

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### 9. International tourist expenditure by categories

	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>8,367</b>	<b>2.48</b>
Expenditure on tourist package	1,821	-4.08
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	6,546	4.47
- Expenditure on international transport	1,768	6.36
- Expenditure on accommodation	1,151	3.80
- Expenditure on food and drinks	1,210	4.44
- Expenditure on activities	1,622	7.07
- Other expenditure	796	-3.23

EGATUR (TABLE ANNEX)

October 2019

(3/3)

2 December 2019