3rd February 2020

Total expenditure survey

December 2019 and year 2019. Provisional data

Total expenditure by international tourists visiting Spain in December increases by 0.1% compared with the same month of 2018

For 2019 as a whole, expenditure reached 92,278 million euros, with an annual increase of 2.8%

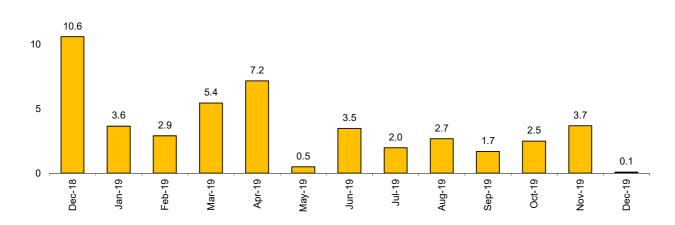
Total expenditure made by international tourists visiting Spain in December reached 5,013 million euros, representing an increase of 0.1% as compared to the same month of 2018.

The average expenditure per tourist stood at 1,162 euros, with an annual increase of 1.0%. On the other hand, the average daily expenditure increased by 8.0%, up to 147 euros.

The average stay by international tourists was 7.9 days, indicating a decrease of 0.5 days compared to the average December 2018.

Annual variation rate of total international tourist expenditure Percentage

15



Sending countries

The main sending countries, in terms of level of expenditure in December were the United Kingdom (accounting for 15.6% of the total), Germany (11.5%) and Nordic Countries – Denmark, Finland, Norway and Sweden- (9.7%).

Expenditure by tourists from the United Kingdom decreased by 6.2% in the annual rate and by those from Germany, by 1.2%. On the other hand, expenditure by those from Nordic Countries increased by 1.5%

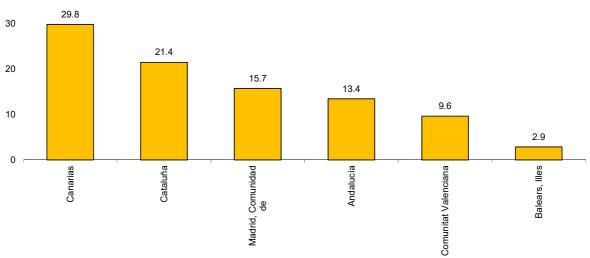
International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	December 2019)						
	Total expenditure (millions of €)	Annual variation	Average expenditure by tourist (€)	Annual variation	Daily average expenditure (€)	Annual variation	Average duration of the trips	Annual variation
TOTAL	5,013	0.1	1,162	1.0	147	8.0	7.9	-6.4
Germany	575	-1.2	1,156	6.8	120	1.6	9.6	5.1
France	355	2.1	637	1.5	89	1.7	7.1	-0.2
Italy	239	17.9	781	14.8	114	-13.0	6.9	31.9
Nordic Countries	484	1.5	1,322	3.8	137	-3.7	9.6	7.7
United Kingdom	782	-6.2	989	1.7	127	9.7	7.8	-7.3
Rest of the world	2,580	0.4	1,435	-3.1	191	17.2	7.5	-17.3

Main destination Autonomous Communities

The main destination Autonomous Communities with the greatest weight in total tourist expenditure in December were Canarias (with 29.8% of the total), Cataluña (21.4%) and Comunidad de Madrid (15.7%).

Total expenditure by main destination Autonomous Community Percentage



The annual rate of tourist expenditure decreased by 8.5% in Canarias. Moreover, it grew by 1.2% in Cataluña and by 9.7% in Comunidad de Madrid

The remaining main destination Autonomous Communities of tourists showed positive annual rate variations, except Illes Balears (–23.4%).



	December 2019	December 2019								
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual		
	expenditure	variation	expenditure	variation	average	variation	duration	variation		
	(millions of €)		by tourist (€)		expenditure (€))	of the trips			
TOTAL	5,013	0.1	1,162	1.0	147	8.0	7.9	-6.4		
Canarias	1,492	-8.5	1,243	-4.3	152	3.0	8.2	-7.1		
Cataluña	1,075	1.2	1,082	-1.2	191	18.4	5.7	-16.6		
Madrid, Comunidad de	787	9.7	1,487	9.3	266	8.9	5.6	0.3		
Andalucía	672	6.3	1,202	5.0	115	7.5	10.5	-2.3		
Comunitat Valenciana	482	9.8	1,055	2.8	99	16.7	10.6	-11.9		
Balears, Illes	144	-23.4	1,150	12.4	137	-0.9	8.4	13.5		
Rest of ACs	362	6.3	803	3.5	95	1.4	8.4	2.1		

Expenditure items

The expenditure on activities was the most important item, representing 22.4% of the total expenditure and an increase of 3.7% with respect December 2018.

The following items were expenditure on international transport (excluded on tourist package) and expenditure on tourist package, which accounted for 21.1% and 17.5% of the total, respectively. The former decreased by 7.3% in the annual rate and the latter increased by 12.2%.

International tourist expenditure by expenditure categories

	December 2019		
	Total	Percentage	Annual
	(millions of euros)		variation
TOTAL	5,013	100.0	0.1
Expenditure on tourist package	876	17.5	12.2
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	4,137	82.5	-2.2
- Expenditure on international transport	1,058	21.1	-7.3
- Expenditure on accommodation	707	14.1	-0.4
- Expenditure on food and drinks	760	15.2	-5.5
- Expenditure on activities	1,125	22.4	3.7
- Other expenditure	487	9.7	-0.1

Main type of accommodation, method of organisation and main reason for the trip

58.2% of total tourist expenditure in December was made by tourists staying at hotels, with an annual rise of 2.7%. On the other hand, expenditure in rest rented accommodation increased by 3.2%.

Expenditure by tourists not travelling with a tourist package (which represented 73.8% of the total) decreased by 4.0% in the annual rate. For those who contract a tourist package, it increased by 13.8%.

In terms of the reasons for travel, tourists visiting Spain for leisure generated 79.0% of the total expenditure (spending 0.3% more than in December 2018).

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International tourist expenditure	hy main tyng of accommods	ition tyng of organization	n and main nurnose of the trin

	December 2019							
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual
	expenditure	variation	expenditure	variation	average	variation	duration	variation
	(millions of €)		by tourist (€)		expenditure (€	Ē)	of the trips	
TOTAL (*)	5,013	0.1	1,162	1.0	147	8.0	7.9	-6.4
Rented accomodation	4,092	2.8	1,222	1.0	175	6.7	7.0	-5.3
- Hotel accommodation	2,918	2.7	1,075	0.2	216	-0.3	5.0	0.5
- Rest rented accomodation	1,175	3.2	1,846	4.5	119	16.6	15.5	-10.4
Non rented accommodation	921	-10.6	955	-1.5	87	4.5	11.0	-5.7
TOTAL	5,013	0.1	1,162	1.0	147	8.0	7.9	-6.4
Without tourist package	3,701	-4.0	1,164	1.6	141	8.8	8.3	-6.6
With tourist package	1,312	13.8	1,156	-1.0	170	1.5	6.8	-2.4
TOTAL	5,013	0.1	1,162	1.0	147	8.0	7.9	-6.4
Leisure	3,960	0.3	1,119	1.2	160	8.3	7.0	-6.5
Work	482	15.7	1,264	- 2.5	184	24.1	6.9	-21.5
Other motives	572	-11.5	1,450	3.7	87	-4.4	16.6	8.5

^{(*):} It is distinguished two main gropus of accommodation, depending on whether there was a monetary transaction or not: rented accommodation (payment accommodation; hotels, renting accommodation, camping site, rural accommodation and other rented accommodation) or non rented accommodation (owned dwelling, family or friends dwellings and other non rented accommodation)

Stopovers on trips and overnight stays by Autonomous Communities

Stopovers¹ on trips by international tourists in December decreased by 0.7% in the annual rate. Of them, 25.3% were carried out in Canarias (with a decrease of 7.2%).

On the other hand, the total number of overnight stays by international tourists in all types of accommodation (hotels, holiday dwellings, own homes, homes of relatives or friends, rented dwelling, etc.) reached 33.9 million, representing a decrease of 7.3%.

Canarias was the Autonomous Community with the most overnight stays (with 9.8 million, 11.5% less than in December 2018). It was followed by Cataluña (more than 5.6 million overnight stays and a decrease of 12.9%) and Andalucía (more than 5.9 million, 0.3% less).

Stopovers and overnight stays by Autonomous Community of destination

	December 20°	19				
	Number of stopovers	Percentage	Annual variation	Number of overnight stays	Percentage	Annual variation
TOTAL	4,840,490	100.0	-0.7	33,989,760	100.0	-7.3
Canarias	1,226,131	25.3	-7.2	9,834,349	28.9	-11.5
Cataluña	1,108,377	22.9	5.5	5,666,889	16.7	-12.9
Andalucía	751,373	15.5	6.7	5,964,737	17.5	-0.3
Madrid, Comunidad de	569,304	11.8	-2.8	2,782,359	8.2	-1.6
Comunitat Valenciana	492,294	10.2	1.0	4,884,509	14.4	-5.8
Balears, Illes	138,190	2.9	-31.0	1,040,029	3.1	-24.0
Rest of ACs	554,820	11.5	6.0	3,816,887	11.2	3.4

Total expenditure survey – December 2019 and year 2019. Provisional data (4/9)

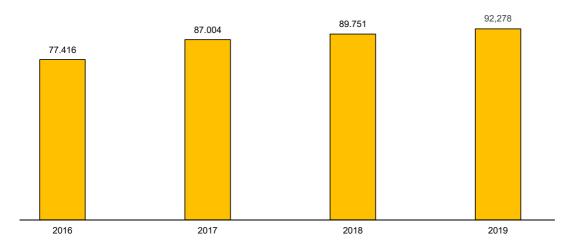
¹ A stopover refers to each overnight stay made during the trip. A trip may have as many stopovers as intermediate destinations where the traveller has stayed at least one night.

Results for the whole year 2019

Total expenditure incurred by non-resident tourists in Spain during 2019 was 92,278 million euros, an increase of 2.8% compared to 2018.

Total tourist expenditure

Million euros



The average expenditure per tourist stood at 1,102 euros, with an annual increase of 1.7% compared to 2018. On the other hand, the average daily expenditure increased by 5.8%, up to 154 euros.

The average stay by international tourists was 7.2 days, indicating a decrease of 0.2 days compared to the average 2018.

Sending countries

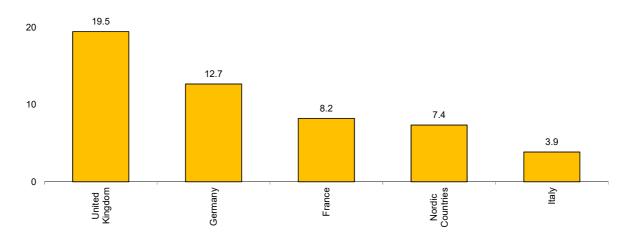
The country with the highest expenditure was the United Kingdom, with 17,986 million euros, 0.2% more than in 2018.

It was followed by Germany (with 11,722 million and a decrease of 2.1%) and France (with 7,596 million and an increase of 2.6%).

International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	Year 2019							
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual
	expenditure	variation	expenditure	e variation	average	variation	duration	variation
	(millions of€)		by tourist (€)	expenditure	e (€)	of the trips	
TOTAL	92,278	2.8	1,102	1.7	154	5.8	7.2	-3.9
Germany	11,722	-2.1	1,049	0.0	138	4.4	7.6	-4.3
France	7,596	2.6	681	3.8	98	6.8	6.9	-2.8
Italy	3,566	5.9	785	2.3	130	2.0	6.1	0.4
Nordic Countries	6,788	-3.8	1,223	0.7	148	3.9	8.3	-3.1
United Kingdom	17,986	0.2	995	2.7	135	6.3	7.4	-3.4
Rest of the world	44,620	6.2	1,344	0.4	194	5.3	6.9	-4.7

Total expenditure by country of residence. Year 2019 Percentage



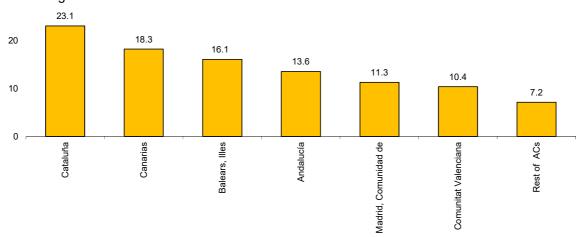
Main destination Autonomous Communities

By Autonomous Community, those which concentrated the largest total expenditure in 2019 were Cataluña (with 21,325 million, 4.1% more than in 2018), Canarias (with 16,866 million and a decrease of 1.4%) and Illes Balears (with 14,878 million and an increase of 0.8%).

International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Year 2019							
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual
	expenditure	variation	expenditure	e variation	average	variation	duration	variation
	(millions of €)		by tourist (€)	expenditure	e (€)	of the trips	
TOTAL	92,278	2.8	1,102	1.7	154	5.8	7.2	-3.9
Cataluña	21,325	4.1	1,102	3.3	197	6.3	5.6	-2.8
Canarias	16,866	-1.4	1,283	3.1	150	2.9	8.5	0.2
Balears, Illes	14,878	0.8	1,088	2.1	162	3.7	6.7	-1.5
Andalucía	12,528	-0.9	1,037	-4.2	124	2.5	8.4	-6.5
Madrid, Comunidad de	10,452	12.6	1,368	5.2	269	10.7	5.1	- 5.0
Comunitat Valenciana	9,621	7.9	1,006	3.8	107	9.9	9.4	-5.6
Rest of ACs	6,609	0.8	803	-2.3	117	6.6	6.9	-8.4





Expenditure items

The expenditure on international transport (not included in tourist package) was the most important item in 2019, representing 20.2% of the total expenditure and an increase of 2.6% with respect 2018.

The following items were expenditure on tourist package and expenditure on activities, which accounted for 20.0% and 19.8% of the total, respectively. The former decreased by 2.1% in the annual rate and the latter increased by 9.3 %.

International tourist expenditure by expenditure categories

	Year 2019		
	Total	Percentage	Annual
	(millions of euros)		variation
TOTAL	92,278	100.0	2.8
Expenditure on tourist package	18,486	20.0	-2.1
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	73,792	80.0	4.1
- Expenditure on international transport	18,660	20.2	2.6
- Expenditure on accommodation	14,060	15.2	7.0
- Expenditure on food and drinks	13,958	15.1	2.0
- Expenditure on activities	18,233	19.8	9.3
- Other expenditure	8,881	9.6	-3.4

Main type of accommodation, method of organization and main reason for the trip

64.2% of total tourist expenditure in 2019 was made by tourists staying at hotels, with an annual rise of 4.4%. On the other hand, expenditure in rest rented accommodation increased by 0.9%.

Expenditure by tourists not travelling with a tourist package (which represented 70.8% of the total) increased by 5.5% in the annual rate. For those who contract a tourist package, it decreased by 3.1%.

In terms of the reasons for travel, tourists visiting Spain in 2019 for leisure generated 87.4% of the total expenditure (spending 3.2% more than in 2018).

International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation, type of organization and main purpose of the trip

	Year 2019							
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual
	expenditure	variation	expenditure	variation	average	variation	duration	variation
	(millions of €)		by tourist (€)		expenditure (€	E)	of the trips	
TOTAL (*)	92,278	2.8	1,102	1.7	154	5.8	7.2	-3.9
Rented accomodation	77,165	3.6	1,130	1.1	182	5.2	6.2	-3.9
- Hotel accommodation	59,203	4.4	1,082	8.0	206	4.7	5.3	-3.7
- Rest rented accomodation	17,962	0.9	1,322	3.0	132	5.4	10.0	-2.3
Non rented accommodation	15,113	-0.9	982	3.8	86	5.2	11.4	-1.3
TOTAL	92,278	2.8	1,102	1.7	154	5.8	7.2	-3.9
Without tourist package	65,356	5.5	1,085	2.2	147	7.1	7.4	-4.5
With tourist package	26,922	-3.1	1,147	0.9	173	3.7	6.6	-2.7
TOTAL	92,278	2.8	1,102	1.7	154	5.8	7.2	-3.9
Leisure	80,614	3.2	1,102	1.9	157	6.3	7.0	-4.1
Work	6,029	10.7	1,119	3.2	217	3.7	5.2	-0.5
Other motives	5,635	-9.4	1,087	-1.9	100	-2.7	10.9	8.0

^{(*):} It is distinguished two main gropus of accommodation, depending on whether there was a monetary transaction or not: rented accommodation (payment accommodation; hotels, renting accommodation, camping site, rural accommodation and other rented accommodation) or non rented accommodation (owned dwelling, family or friends dwellings and other non rented accommodation)

Stopovers on trips and overnight stays by Autonomous Communities

Stopovers on trips by international tourists in 2019 increased by 0.4% in the annual rate. Of them, 23.3% were carried out in Cataluña (with an increase of 0.8%).

On the other hand, the total number of overnight stays by international tourists in all types of accommodation (hotels, holiday dwellings, own homes, homes of relatives or friends, rented dwelling, etc.) reached 599.0 million, representing a decrease of 2.9% compared to 2018.

Canarias was the Autonomous Community with the most overnight stays (with 112.2 million, 4.2% less than in 2018). It was followed by Cataluña (more than 108.7 million overnight stays and a decrease of 1.7%) and Andalucía (with 102.7 million, 3.3% less).

Stopovers and overnight stays by Autonomous Community of destination

	Year 2019					
	Number of	Percentage	Annual	Number of	Percentage	Annual
	stopovers		variation	overnight stays		variation
TOTAL	96,433,843	100.0	0.4	599,092,099	100.0	-2.9
Cataluña	22,474,256	23.3	0.8	108,761,344	18.2	-1.7
Andalucía	15,587,114	16.2	-1.0	102,703,346	17.1	-3.3
Balears, Illes	14,640,266	15.2	-0.7	92,083,007	15.4	-2.9
Canarias	13,582,954	14.1	-4.0	112,227,031	18.7	-4.2
Comunitat Valenciana	10,501,118	10.9	2.3	89,909,966	15.0	-1.8
Madrid, Comunidad de	8,688,917	9.0	6.8	35,876,803	6.0	1.0
Rest of ACs	10,959,218	11.4	2.3	57,530,601	9.6	-5.5

Review and update of data

The data published today are provisional and will be reviewed in the third quarter of this year. The results are available at INEBase.

Methodological note

The main objective of the Tourist Expenditure Survey (EGATUR) is to obtain monthly information on the tourist expenditure made by non-residents in Spain in their trips to our country.

For the preparation of EGATUR the international definitions and recommendations of the UNWTO and EUROSTAT in this field are followed.

Type of operation: continuous monthly statistics.

Population scope: this refers to non-residents in Spain who enter our country, whether or not they have stayed overnight, as well as those who pass through our country in transit.

Geographical scope: the entire national territory. The sample is collected at the main access points for non-resident travellers (road, airport, port and rail).

Reference period of the results: the month.

Sample size: The theoretical annual sample size of EGATUR exceeds 127,000 surveys, which are distributed throughout the year according to the seasonality of the flow of passengers and to the sample design, which is defined for each access road independently, setting a fraction of the sub-sampling from the FRONTUR sample.

Type of sampling: Single-stage, where the estimates of the FRONTUR survey are used as the target population to which the EGATUR data are elevated.

Collection method: personal interviews when the traveller leaves Spain.

A more complete tabulation plan with the main series of aggregates, as well as the microdata file for the reference month, is available on the INE website.

For more information you can access the methodology at:

http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco42/frontur/frontur egatur metodologia en.pdf

And the standardised methodological report at:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/en/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=16029

For further information see INEbase: www.ine.es/en/ Twitter: @es_ine

All press releases at: www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa_en.htm

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Tourist Expenditure Survey Egatur

December 2019

Provisional data

1. International tourist expenditure by country of residence

	Monthly data	Monthly data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual			
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation			
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips				
TOTAL	5,013	0.08	1,162	1.01	147	7.97	7.9	-6.44			
Germany	575	-1.16	1,156	6.75	120	1.60	9.6	5.07			
France	355	2.07	637	1.54	89	1.73	7.1	-0.19			
Italy	239	17.93	781	14.81	114	-12.98	6.9	31.94			
Nordic countries	484	1.52	1,322	3.80	137	-3.65	9.6	7.73			
United Kingdom	782	-6.17	989	1.66	127	9.70	7.8	-7.33			
Rest of the world	2,580	0.44	1,435	-3.07	191	17.21	7.5	-17.30			

2. International tourist expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Monthly data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual		
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation		
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips			
TOTAL	5,013	0.08	1,162	1.01	147	7.97	7.9	-6.44		
Andalucía	672	6.25	1,202	4.96	115	7.48	10.5	-2.34		
Balears, Illes	144	-23.40	1,150	12.40	137	-0.94	8.4	13.47		
Canarias	1,492	-8.50	1,243	-4.28	152	3.00	8.2	-7.07		
Cataluña	1,075	1.21	1,082	-1.22	191	18.38	5.7	-16.55		
Comunitat Valenciana	482	9.76	1,055	2.84	99	16.72	10.6	-11.89		
Madrid, Comunidad de	787	9.73	1,487	9.25	266	8.94	5.6	0.29		
Rest of ACs	362	6.31	803	3.48	95	1.37	8.4	2.08		

3. International tourist expenditure by main type of accommodation

	Monthly data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual		
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation		
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips			
TOTAL	5,013	0.08	1,162	1.01	147	7.97	7.9	-6.44		
Rented accomodation	4,092	2.84	1,222	1.04	175	6.74	7.0	-5.34		
- Hotel accomodation	2,918	2.68	1,075	0.17	216	-0.30	5.0	0.48		
- Rest rented accomodation	1,175	3.23	1,846	4.51	119	16.64	15.5	-10.40		
Non-rented accomodation	921	-10.60	955	-1.45	87	4.53	11.0	-5.73		

4. International tourist expenditure by type of organization

	Monthly data	Monthly data									
	Total	Total Annual Average Annual Daily Annual Average Annual									
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation			
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips				
TOTAL	5,013	0.08	1,162	1.01	147	7.97	7.9	-6.44			
Without tourist package	3,701	-4.03	1,164	1.64	141	8.83	8.3	-6.61			
With tourist package	1,312	13.80	1,156	-0.99	170	1.47	6.8	-2.43			

Tourist Expenditure Survey Egatur

December 2019

Provisional data

5. International tourist cumulated expenditure by country of residence

	Cumulative da	Cumulative data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual			
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation			
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips				
TOTAL	92,278	2.82	1,102	1.72	154	5.84	7.2	-3.89			
Germany	11,722	-2.12	1,049	-0.04	138	4.40	7.6	-4.25			
France	7,596	2.57	681	3.82	98	6.81	6.9	-2.80			
Italy	3,566	5.91	785	2.34	130	1.97	6.1	0.36			
Nordic countries	6,788	-3.77	1,223	0.65	148	3.90	8.3	-3.13			
United Kingdom	17,986	0.23	995	2.70	135	6.30	7.4	-3.38			
Rest of the world	44,620	6.23	1,344	0.42	194	5.32	6.9	-4.65			

6. International tourist cumulated expenditure by Autonomous Community main destination

	Cumulative da	Cumulative data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual			
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation			
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips				
TOTAL	92,278	2.82	1,102	1.72	154	5.84	7.2	-3.89			
Andalucía	12,528	-0.90	1,037	-4.16	124	2.51	8.4	-6.51			
Balears, Illes	14,878	0.82	1,088	2.08	162	3.67	6.7	-1.54			
Canarias	16,866	-1.44	1,283	3.10	150	2.89	8.5	0.20			
Cataluña	21,325	4.14	1,102	3.26	197	6.28	5.6	-2.84			
Comunitat Valenciana	9,621	7.86	1,006	3.80	107	9.93	9.4	-5.57			
Madrid, Comunidad de	10,452	12.59	1,368	5.24	269	10.74	5.1	-4.96			
Rest of ACs	6,609	0.76	803	-2.30	117	6.60	6.9	-8.35			

7. International tourist cumulated expenditure by main type of accomodation

	Cumulative data									
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual		
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation		
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips			
TOTAL	92,278	2.82	1,102	1.72	154	5.84	7.2	-3.89		
Rented accomodation	77,165	3.57	1,130	1.11	182	5.24	6.2	-3.92		
- Hotel accomodation	59,203	4.41	1,082	0.77	206	4.68	5.3	-3.73		
- Rest rented accomodation	17,962	0.88	1,322	3.01	132	5.39	10.0	-2.26		
Non-rented accomodation	15,113	-0.87	982	3.83	86	5.23	11.4	-1.34		

8. International tourist cumulated expenditure by type of organization

	Cumulative da	Cumulative data								
	Total	Annual	Average	Annual	Daily	Annual	Average	Annual		
	expenditure	variation	expenditure by	variation	average	variation	duration	variation		
	(millions of €)		tourist		expenditure		of trips			
TOTAL	92,278	2.82	1,102	1.72	15	5.84	7.2	-3.89		
Without tourist package	65,356	5.46	1,085	2.23	14	7.08	7.4	-4.53		
With tourist package	26,922	-3.07	1,147	0.85	17	3 3.65	6.6	-2.70		

Tourist Expenditure Survey Egatur

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Provisional data

9. International tourist expenditure by categories

	Total	Annual
	expenditure	variation
	(millions of €)	
TOTAL	5,013	0.08
Expenditure on tourist package	876	12.17
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	4,137	-2.16
- Expenditure on international transport	1,058	-7.31
- Expenditure on accommodation	707	-0.44
- Expenditure on food and drinks	760	-5.50
- Expenditure on activities	1,125	3.71
- Other expenditure	487	-0.11

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