

03 April 2020

Residents Travel Survey (ETR/FAMILITUR)
Fourth quarter 2019 and year 2019. Provisional data

The number of trips made by residents in Spain increases by 0.9% in the fourth quarter of 2019 and stands at 40.5 million

Total expenditure increased by 0.9% reaching 9,022 million euros

In the whole of 2019, the number of trips decreased by 1.1% while expenditure grew by 2.4%

Residents in Spain made 40.5 million trips in the fourth quarter of 2019, 0.9% more than that registered in the same period of 2018.

The main destination of 90.4% of the trips was the national territory, with an increase of 1.7% as compared to the fourth quarter of 2018. On the other hand, trips abroad, which represent 9.6% of the total, decreased by 6.0%.

Trips and average duration according to destination

	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips			Average duration	
	Total	%	Annual variation	Overnights	Annual variation
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	0.9	3.1	-1.9
Spain	36,617,772	90.4	1.7	2.8	1.0
Abroad	3,894,113	9.6	-6.0	6.0	-9.2

Trips according to purpose, accommodation and main transport

During the fourth quarter of 2019, *Visits to relatives or friends*, which are the main purpose of 41.8% of trips, decreased 0.2%. Trips for Leisure, recreation and holidays, which represented 41.5% of the total, registered an annual decrease of 2.1%.

In turn, trips taken for *Business and other professional reasons* and those made for *Other reasons*¹ increased by 6.6% and 20.2%, respectively.

The main reason for travelling within Spain during the fourth quarter of 2019 was visiting relatives or friends (43.7%). On the other hand, most trips abroad were made for leisure purposes (58.6%).

¹ *Other reasons* include shopping tourism, travelling to the study centre, other trips for education and training, health, religious reasons, company incentive trips and all other trips for personal reasons not included in another category.

Trips by main reason and destination of the trip

	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips			Average duration	
	Total	%	Annual variation	Overnights	Annual variation
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	0.9	3.1	-1.9
Leisure, recreation and holidays	16,801,108	41.5	-2.1	3.2	0.7
Visiting relatives and friends	16,923,502	41.8	0.2	2.9	-0.3
Business and professional	4,255,343	10.5	6.6	3.7	-5.7
Other reasons	2,531,932	6.2	20.2	3.3	-21.7
SPAIN	36,617,772	100.0	1.7	2.8	1.0
Leisure, recreation and holidays	14,518,627	39.6	-1.4	2.9	2.4
Visiting relatives and friends	15,987,964	43.7	0.4	2.6	1.4
Business and professional	3,734,455	10.2	8.0	3.3	-6.3
Other reasons	2,376,726	6.5	25.9	3.3	-1.4
ABROAD	3,894,113	100.0	-6.0	6.0	-9.2
Leisure, recreation and holidays	2,282,481	58.6	-6.1	4.8	-3.6
Visiting relatives and friends	935,538	24.0	-2.4	9.2	-5.9
Business and professional	520,888	13.4	-2.7	6.4	0.6
Other reasons	155,207	4.0	-29.0	3.9	-67.7

In 65.9% of domestic trips, residents stayed in family or friends' dwellings. That is 24.1 million trips, 0.3% less than in the fourth quarter of 2018.

For trips abroad, hotel accommodation was the preferred option (53.7% of trips). This type of accommodation registered an annual decrease of 11.3%.

Trips according to main accommodation and destination of the trip

	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips			Average duration	
	Total	%	Annual variation	Overnights	Annual variation
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	0.9	3.1	-1.9
Rented accommodation	15,387,003	38.0	3.5	3.3	-7.3
- Hotels or similar accommodation	9,908,830	24.5	-1.5	3.1	-6.4
- Rented dwelling	3,028,182	7.5	17.3	3.9	-13.7
- Other rented accommodation	2,449,991	6.0	10.2	3.5	-5.5
Non-rented accommodation	25,124,882	62.0	-0.6	3.0	1.8
SPAIN	36,617,772	100.0	1.7	2.8	1.0
Rented accommodation	12,488,827	34.1	5.8	3.0	-4.8
- Hotels or similar accommodation	7,817,714	21.3	1.5	2.7	-3.1
- Rented dwelling	2,400,880	6.6	13.9	3.6	-10.5
- Other rented accommodation	2,270,232	6.2	14.0	3.0	-5.8
Non-rented accommodation	24,128,945	65.9	-0.3	2.8	4.2
ABROAD	3,894,113	100.0	-6.0	6.0	-9.2
Rented accommodation	2,898,177	74.4	-5.4	5.0	-9.4
- Hotels or similar accommodation	2,091,116	53.7	-11.3	4.7	-8.6
- Other rented accommodation	807,061	20.7	14.5	6.1	-15.3
Non-rented accommodation	995,937	25.6	-7.7	8.9	-8.1

As for the main type of transport used, own vehicles accounted for 79.1% of domestic trips, 0.3% less than in the same quarter of 2018.

In 68.1% of the trips abroad, air transport was used, with a decrease of 5.3%.

Trips according to main means of transport and destination of trip

	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips			Average duration	
	Total	%	Annual variation	Overnights	Annual variation
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	0.9	3.1	-1.9
Air transport	4,708,421	11.6	-2.2	5.7	-10.2
Private motor vehicle	29,930,916	73.9	-0.4	2.6	-0.9
Bus, coach	2,424,347	6.0	18.0	3.9	21.5
Train	2,548,252	6.3	6.4	3.0	-3.6
Waterway	338,302	0.8	-11.5	5.6	-9.8
Other type of transport	561,647	1.4	22.4	4.3	27.9
SPAIN	36,617,772	100.0	1.7	2.8	1.0
Air transport	2,056,647	5.6	2.2	4.6	1.9
Private motor vehicle	28,964,187	79.1	-0.3	2.6	0.4
Bus, coach	2,302,895	6.3	22.0	3.6	10.4
Train	2,534,696	6.9	8.3	2.9	-4.1
Waterway	220,536	0.6	-17.3	4.4	-3.9
Other type of transport	538,811	1.5	23.1	3.1	-5.7
ABROAD	3,894,113	100.0	-6.0	6.0	-9.2
Air transport	2,651,774	68.1	-5.3	6.6	-14.4
Other	1,242,339	31.9	-7.4	4.9	8.6

Main destinations

The main Autonomous Communities of destination for trips by residents in the fourth quarter of 2019 were Andalucía (with 16.1% of the total), Cataluña (13.3%) and Castilla y León (9.8%).

If domestic trips by residents are related to the destination, the phenomenon of travel was more intense in Castilla y León (with 1689 trips per 1,000 inhabitants²), Aragón (with 1,269) and Cantabria (1,189).

² For the calculation of this indicator, we have used both the trips of the population aged 15 and over as well as the population aged 15 and over residing in the destination (calculated as an average of the population for each of the months of the quarter).

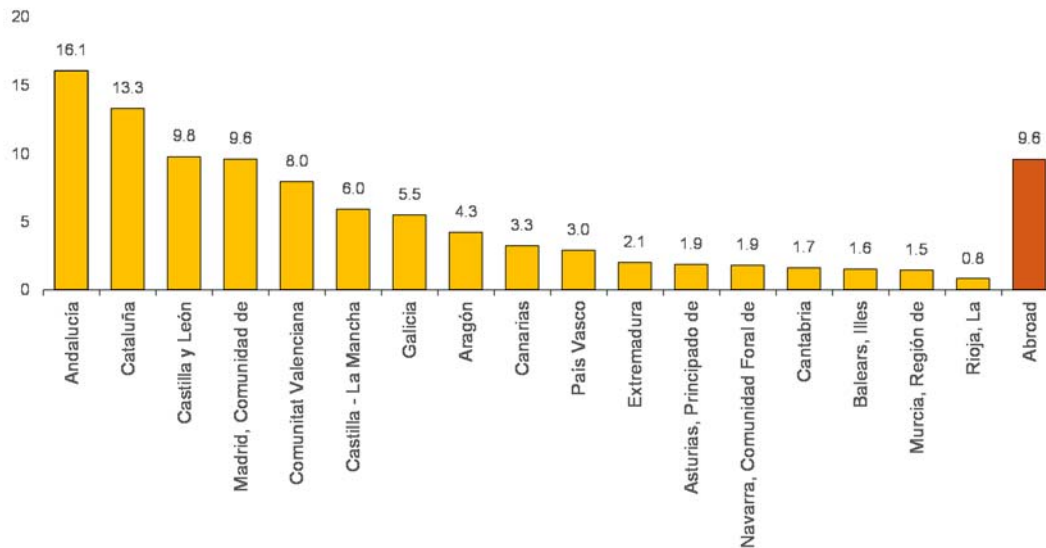
Trips by destination (abroad and Autonomous Communities)

	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips		Trips per 1,000 inhabitants*		Average duration
	Total	%	Total	Index on average	Overnights
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	780	100.0	3.1
Abroad	3,894,113	9.6	6.0
Andalucía	6,516,030	16.1	774	99.2	3.0
Cataluña	5,390,384	13.3	731	93.7	2.4
Castilla y León	3,974,540	9.8	1,689	216.4	2.9
Madrid, Comunidad de	3,908,753	9.6	608	77.8	2.7
Comunitat Valenciana	3,236,651	8.0	616	79.0	3.0
Castilla - La Mancha	2,421,512	6.0	1,136	145.6	2.9
Galicia	2,246,550	5.5	803	102.8	3.0
Aragón	1,738,084	4.3	1,269	162.6	2.6
Canarias	1,337,193	3.3	604	77.4	3.9
País Vasco	1,200,936	3.0	580	74.4	2.4
Extremadura	840,141	2.1	787	100.9	2.9
Asturias, Principado de	779,868	1.9	772	99.0	3.1
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	754,418	1.9	1,061	136.0	2.4
Cantabria	679,238	1.7	1,189	152.4	2.8
Balears, Illes	636,128	1.6	539	69.1	3.4
Murcia, Región de	607,991	1.5	421	53.9	2.7
Rioja, La	331,875	0.8	1,076	137.9	2.4
Melilla	-	-	-	-	-
Ceuta	-	-	-	-	-

Note: the data marked with "-" do not have sufficient sampling support. ".." indicates that data do not exist.

* This indicator considers both the trips of the population of 15 years and over and the population aged 15 and over resident in destination (calculated as the mean of the three months of the quarter)

Percentage of trips by destination



Autonomous Communities of origin

Trips made by residents in Comunidad de Madrid represented 16.9% of the total in the fourth quarter. This was followed by Cataluña (16.7%) and Andalucía (16.1%).

Trips according to Autonomous Community of residence of the travellers

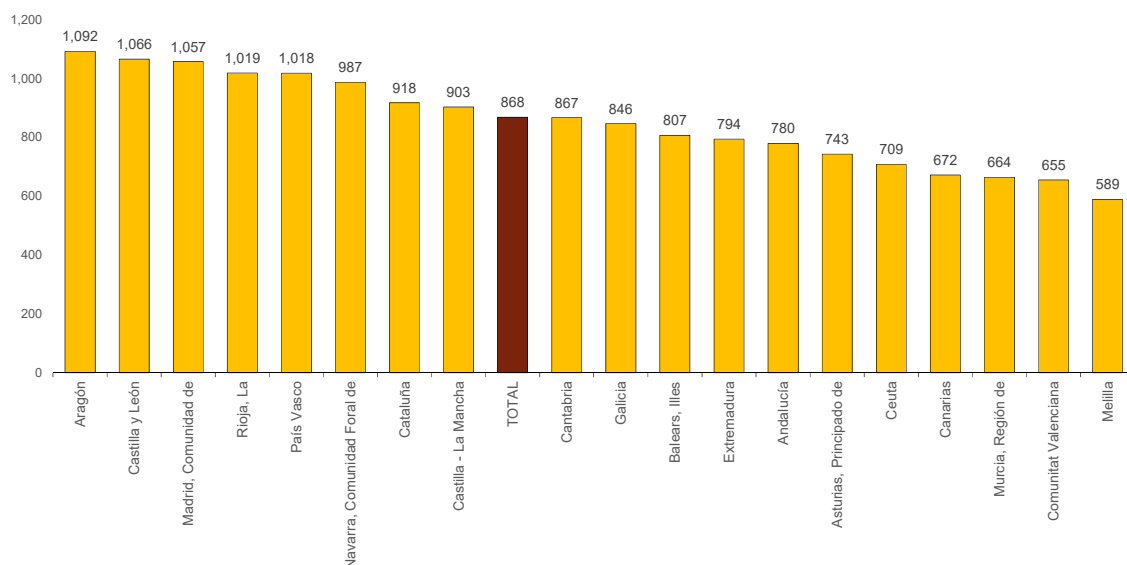
	Fourth Quarter 2019				
	Trips		Trips per 1,000 inhabitants*		Average duration
	Total	%	Total	Index on average	Overnights
TOTAL	40,511,885	100.0	868	100.0	3.1
Madrid, Comunidad de	6,837,642	16.9	1,057	121.8	3.5
Cataluña	6,759,009	16.7	918	105.7	2.6
Andalucía	6,514,810	16.1	780	89.8	3.2
Comunitat Valenciana	3,500,214	8.6	655	75.5	3.0
Castilla y León	2,492,339	6.2	1,066	122.8	2.9
Galicia	2,380,547	5.9	846	97.5	3.1
País Vasco	2,236,843	5.5	1,018	117.3	3.4
Castilla - La Mancha	1,840,757	4.5	903	104.0	2.9
Canarias	1,447,914	3.6	672	77.4	3.7
Aragón	1,420,515	3.5	1,092	125.8	3.4
Murcia, Región de	984,701	2.4	664	76.5	2.7
Balears, Illes	945,883	2.3	807	92.9	4.0
Extremadura	834,931	2.1	794	91.5	3.0
Asturias, Principado de	752,366	1.9	743	85.6	3.5
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	636,536	1.6	987	113.7	3.0
Cantabria	515,067	1.3	867	99.9	3.4
Rioja, La	310,870	0.8	1,019	117.4	2.7
Ceuta	55,888	0.1	709	81.6	4.0
Melilla	45,053	0.1	589	67.8	4.9

* This indicator considers both the trips of the population of 15 years and over and the population aged 15 and over resident in origin (calculated as the mean of the three months of the quarter).

Removing the effect caused by each Autonomous Community's size, those travelling the most were from Aragón (1,092 trips per 1,000 inhabitants³), Castilla y León (1,066) and Comunidad de Madrid (1,057).

In turn, Comunitat Valenciana (655 trips per one thousand inhabitants), Región de Murcia (664) and Canarias (672) were the Autonomous Communities with the lowest number of trips by inhabitants.

Trips per 1,000 inhabitants according to the Autonomous Community of residence of the travellers



³ This considers the resident population aged 15 years old or over (calculated as the average of the population of each of the months of the quarter).

Travel expenses

The total travel expenditure in the fourth quarter reached 9.022 million euros, indicating a 0.9% increase as compared with the same period of 2018.

On trips to domestic destinations, spending increased 5.9%, while on trips abroad it decreased 7.9%.

The average daily expenditure was 58 euros for domestic trips and 126 euros for trips abroad.

Expenditure by destination

	Fourth Quarter 2019						
	Total expenditure			Average expenditure per person		Daily average expenditure	
	Total (millions of euros)	%	Annual variation	Total (euros)	Annual variation	Total (euros)	Annual variation
TOTAL	9,021.6	100.0	0.9	223	0.0	71	1.9
Spain	6,047.4	67.0	5.9	165	4.1	58	3.0
Abroad	2,974.1	33.0	-7.9	764	-2.0	126	7.9

In domestic trips, *Expenditure in bars and restaurants* represented the largest percentage of the total expenditure (25.3%), followed by *Expenditure on transport* (24.8%). The former increased by 2.9% compared to the fourth quarter of 2018 and the latter increased by 18.9%.

On trips abroad, *Expenditure on transport* represented 30.5% of the total, with an annual increase of 7.7%.

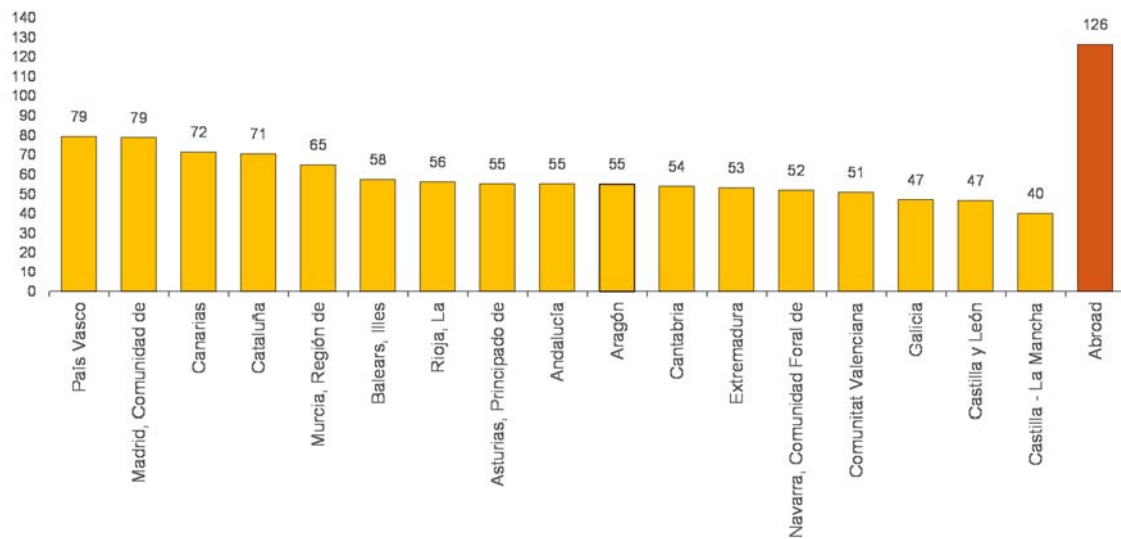
Expenditure by item of expenditure according to destination

	Fourth Quarter 2019								
	Total			Spain			Abroad		
	(millions of euros)	%	Annual variation	(millions of euros)	%	Annual variation	(millions of euros)	%	Annual variation
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	9,021.6	100.0	0.9	6,047.4	100.0	5.9	2,974.1	100.0	-7.9
Expenditure on tourist package	745.3	8.3	-15.2	243.4	4.0	-10.3	501.9	16.9	-17.5
Expenditure excluded on tourist package	8,276.2	91.7	2.7	5,804.0	96.0	6.7	2,472.3	83.1	-5.6
- Expenditure on accommodation	2,007.0	22.2	2.5	1,365.4	22.6	6.2	641.7	21.6	-4.5
- Expenditure on transport	2,318.2	25.7	-3.0	1,411.8	23.3	0.3	906.4	30.5	-7.7
- Expenditure on restaurants/cafés	2,014.1	22.3	1.1	1,529.0	25.3	2.9	485.1	16.3	-4.5
- Other expenditure	1,936.9	21.5	12.8	1,497.9	24.8	18.9	439.1	14.8	-4.0

According to the main Autonomous Community of destination, the highest average daily expenditure were registered in trips to País Vasco and Comunidad de Madrid (79 euros in both cases), and Canarias (72 euros).

In turn, the lowest average expenditure values were registered in Castilla–La Mancha (40 euros) and in Castilla y León and Galicia (47 euros each).

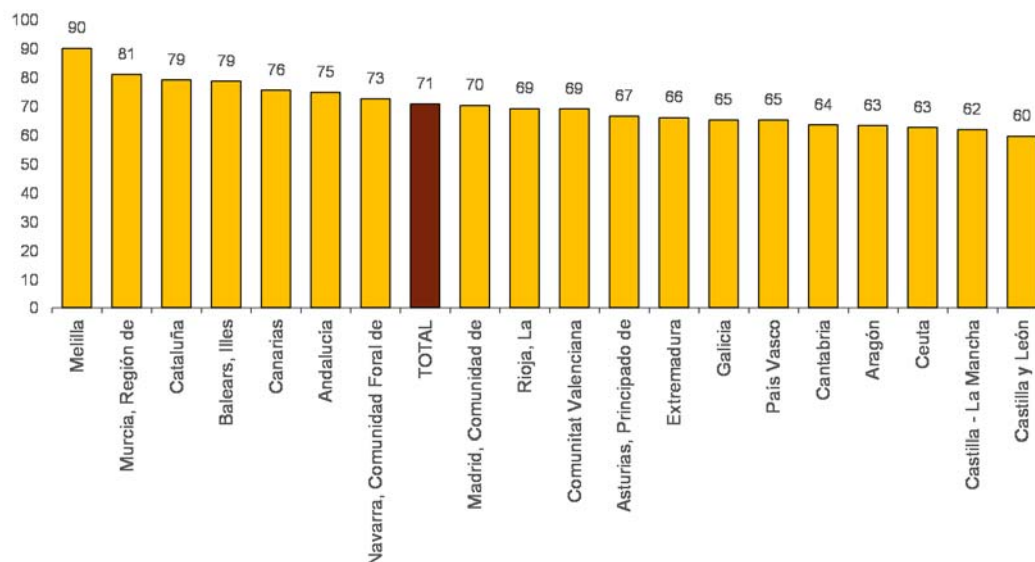
Average daily expenditure per person according to destination



By Autonomous Community of origin, the highest average daily expenditure was made by residents of Región de Murcia (81 euros), Cataluña, and Illes Balears (79 in both).

In turn, the lowest were registered in Castilla y León (60 euros), Castilla-La Mancha (62) and Aragón (63).

Average daily expenditure per person according to Autonomous Community of residence



Monthly data

In October there were 12.9 million trips, in November 12.3 million and in December 15.2 million. The trips taken had an average duration of 3.4 overnight stays in October, 2.9 in November and 3.1 in December.

October and December are the months with the lowest percentage of trips within the Autonomous Community of residence (48.2% compared to 51.0% in November). The month with the highest percentage of trips abroad is December, with 10.5%.

Leisure, recreation and holiday trips were the main reason for the trip in October (44.2% of the total for that month) and November (41.2%). In December, the main reason was *Visits to family or friends* (48.6%). This month recorded the lowest level of business trips for this quarter.

Non-market accommodation represented 65.6% of the total trips in December, compared to 59.4% in October and 60.4% in November.

Trips by month and main characteristics

	Fourth Quarter 2019					
	October		November		December	
	Trips		Trips		Trips	
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%
TOTAL	12,949,798	100.0	12,348,755	100.0	15,213,332	100.0
TYPE OF DESTINATION						
Spain	11,661,846	90.1	11,344,417	91.9	13,611,509	89.5
Within the Autonomous Community	6,245,870	48.2	6,304,001	51.0	7,336,404	48.2
To other Autonomous Community	5,415,976	41.8	5,040,416	40.8	6,275,105	41.2
Abroad	1,287,952	9.9	1,004,338	8.1	1,601,823	10.5
PURPOSE						
Leisure, recreation and holidays	5,722,170	44.2	5,089,381	41.2	5,989,557	39.4
Visiting relatives and friends	4,729,949	36.5	4,794,334	38.8	7,399,218	48.6
Business and professional	1,705,136	13.2	1,624,842	13.2	925,365	6.1
Other reasons	792,543	6.1	840,198	6.8	899,191	5.9
ACCOMMODATION						
Hotels and similar accommodation	3,501,775	27.0	3,121,027	25.3	3,286,028	21.6
Other rented accommodation	1,757,485	13.6	1,775,106	14.4	1,945,582	12.8
Non-rented accommodation	7,690,537	59.4	7,452,623	60.4	9,981,722	65.6

Excursions

The resident population aged 15 years or older took 60.4 million excursions⁴ in the fourth quarter of 2019, with an annual decrease of 11.7%. 95.9% of excursions were made for personal reasons and 4.1% for professional reasons.

88.2% of the excursions were made within the Autonomous Community of residence, with an annual decrease of 11.2%.

10.6% of excursions were to another Autonomous Community and 1.1% to foreign countries. The number of excursions decreased by 14.4% in the former and by 20.4% in those with destinations abroad.

Excursions according to destination

	Fourth Quarter 2019		
	Same-day visits		
	Total	%	Annual variation
TOTAL	60,421,798	100.0	-11.7
SPAIN	59,739,958	98.9	-11.6
Within the Autonomous Community	53,305,557	88.2	-11.2
To other Autonomous Community	6,434,401	10.6	-14.4
ABROAD	681,840	1.1	-20.4

⁴ An excursion is considered to be any visit without overnight stay outside the usual environment of the person. These exclude those which are part of the routine of the individual, as well as those made from second homes, from a cruise or any accommodation other than the usual.

Results for the whole year 2019

Spanish residents made 193.9 million trips for the whole year 2019, 1.1% less than in 2018. Overnight stays corresponding to those trips exceeded 793.9 million, with a decrease of 0.3%. In turn, the related total expenditure increased by 2.4% reaching 48,066 million euros.

89.6% of trips had Spain as main destination and 10.4% abroad. Domestic trips accounted for 81.8% of overnight stays and 66.6% of the total expenditure, with an average daily expenditure of 49 euros.

In turn, trips abroad accounted for 18.2% of overnight stays and 33.4% of the total expenditure, with an average daily expenditure of 111 euros.

The main reason for the trip was leisure (51.7% of the total) and visits to relatives or friends (34.5%).

Leisure trips accounted for 60.1% of the total expenditure, with an average daily expenditure of 66 euros. The highest average daily expenditure was registered in business trips (117 euros).

Residents chose non-market accommodation in 59.7% of the total number of trips. Those trips, which accounted for 59.6% of overnight stays, registered the lowest average daily expenditure (31 euros). On the other hand, the highest average daily expenditure was for trips with hotel accommodation (133 euros).

Trips, overnight stays and expenditure by main characteristics.

Year 2019

	Trips		Overnights		Total expenditure (millions of euros)		Average expenditure per person (euros)	Daily average expenditure (euros)
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	Total
TOTAL	193,874,716	100.0	793,908,137	100.0	48,065.8	100.0	248	61
TYPE OF DESTINATION								
Spain	173,754,971	89.6	649,516,399	81.8	32,014.0	66.6	184	49
Within the autonomous community	90,679,508	46.8	264,776,360	33.4	9,551.9	19.9	105	36
To other autonomous community	83,075,463	42.9	384,740,039	48.5	22,462.1	46.7	270	58
Abroad	20,119,745	10.4	144,391,738	18.2	16,051.8	33.4	798	111
PURPOSE								
Leisure, recreation and holidays	100,167,215	51.7	439,239,797	55.3	28,874.1	60.1	288	66
Visiting relatives and friends	66,891,177	34.5	256,466,319	32.3	10,075.7	21.0	151	39
Business and professional	16,126,816	8.3	57,133,280	7.2	6,697.0	13.9	415	117
Other reasons	10,689,509	5.5	41,068,741	5.2	2,419.1	5.0	226	59
ACCOMMODATION								
Hotels or similar accommodation	46,443,023	24.0	168,300,575	21.2	22,388.4	46.6	482	133
Other rented accommodation	31,760,022	16.4	152,383,097	19.2	11,002.6	22.9	346	72
Non-rented accommodation	115,671,672	59.7	473,224,464	59.6	14,674.9	30.5	127	31

In domestic trips, *expenditure on bar and restaurants* represented the largest percentage of the total expenditure (26.5%), followed by expenditure on *accommodation* (24.9%) and on *transportation* (21.8%).

As for trips abroad, the item with the greatest weight on the total was *expenditure on transportation* (29.0%), followed by *expenditure on accommodation* (21.1%) and on package holidays (17.4%).

By quarter, the highest average daily expenditure was recorded in the second quarter, for both domestic trips (59 euros) and trips abroad (137 euros).

On the other hand, the lowest average daily expenditures were registered during the third quarter (41 euros for domestic trips and 97 euros for those made abroad).

Expenditure by item of expenditure according to destination

Year 2019

	Quarter I		Quarter II		Quarter III		Quarter IV		Year 2019	
	(millions of euros)	%	(millions of euros)	%	(millions of euros)	%	(millions of euros)	%	(millions of euros)	%
TOTAL										
Total expenditure	8,317.5	100.0	11,429.9	100.0	19,296.9	100.0	9,021.6	100.0	48,065.8	100.0
Expenditure on tourist package	629.5	7.6	1,071.7	9.4	1,600.6	8.3	745.3	8.3	4,047.2	8.4
Expenditure on accommodation	1,734.5	20.9	2,738.5	24.0	4,875.3	25.3	2,007.0	22.2	11,355.4	23.6
Expenditure on transport	2,411.9	29.0	2,953.5	25.8	3,946.2	20.5	2,318.2	25.7	11,629.8	24.2
Expenditure on restaurants/cafés	1,963.3	23.6	2,588.9	22.6	4,680.1	24.3	2,014.1	22.3	11,246.4	23.4
Expenditure on activities	416.4	5.0	518.0	4.5	929.9	4.8	385.5	4.3	2,249.8	4.7
Expenditure on durable goods	132.1	1.6	124.5	1.1	218.5	1.1	207.3	2.3	682.5	1.4
Other expenditure	1,029.7	12.4	1,434.7	12.6	3,046.2	15.8	1,344.2	14.9	6,854.8	14.3
Average expenditure per person (€)	199	..	226	..	316	..	223	..	248	..
Daily average expenditure (€)	64	..	72	..	51	..	71	..	61	..
SPAIN										
Total expenditure	5,503.2	100.0	7,700.5	100.0	12,762.8	100.0	6,047.4	100.0	32,014.0	100.0
Expenditure on tourist package	254.5	4.6	410.3	5.3	346.8	2.7	243.4	4.0	1,255.0	3.9
Expenditure on accommodation	1,168.0	21.2	1,930.2	25.1	3,511.3	27.5	1,365.4	22.6	7,974.9	24.9
Expenditure on transport	1,433.9	26.1	1,813.2	23.5	2,310.3	18.1	1,411.8	23.3	6,969.1	21.8
Expenditure on restaurants/cafés	1,480.2	26.9	1,985.9	25.8	3,496.1	27.4	1,529.0	25.3	8,491.2	26.5
Expenditure on activities	271.9	4.9	322.7	4.2	531.3	4.2	247.2	4.1	1,373.2	4.3
Expenditure on durable goods	114.3	2.1	83.2	1.1	171.4	1.3	198.0	3.3	566.8	1.8
Other expenditure	780.4	14.2	1,155.0	15.0	2,395.8	18.8	1,052.7	17.4	5,383.8	16.8
Average expenditure per person (€)	146	..	169	..	237	..	165	..	184	..
Daily average expenditure (€)	53	..	59	..	41	..	58	..	49	..
ABROAD										
Total expenditure	2,814.3	100.0	3,729.4	100.0	6,534.0	100.0	2,974.1	100.0	16,051.8	100.0
Expenditure on tourist package	375.0	13.3	661.4	17.7	1,253.9	19.2	501.9	16.9	2,792.1	17.4
Expenditure on accommodation	566.5	20.1	808.3	21.7	1,364.0	20.9	641.7	21.6	3,380.6	21.1
Expenditure on transport	978.0	34.8	1,140.3	30.6	1,636.0	25.0	906.4	30.5	4,660.7	29.0
Expenditure on restaurants/cafés	483.1	17.2	602.9	16.2	1,184.1	18.1	485.1	16.3	2,755.2	17.2
Expenditure on activities	144.4	5.1	195.3	5.2	398.6	6.1	138.3	4.6	876.6	5.5
Expenditure on durable goods	17.8	0.6	41.4	1.1	47.1	0.7	9.3	0.3	115.6	0.7
Other expenditure	249.4	8.9	279.7	7.5	650.4	10.0	291.5	9.8	1,471.0	9.2
Average expenditure per person (€)	700	..	756	..	899	..	764	..	798	..
Daily average expenditure (€)	107	..	137	..	97	..	126	..	111	..

Note: the data marked with ".." indicates that data do not exist.

Andalucía was the destination of 16.9% of all trips made in 2019, followed by Cataluña (13.0%) and Comunitat Valenciana (10.2%).

The least visited destinations were La Rioja (0.8% of the total), Comunidad Foral de Navarra (1.5%) and Illes Balears (1.7%).

The highest average daily expenditures were registered in trips to Comunidad de Madrid (75 euros), Canarias (72) and Illes Balears (69).

On the other hand, the lowest average values were for Castilla-La Mancha and Castilla y León (37 euros each community) and Extremadura (41).

Trips, overnight stays and expenditure by destination (abroad and Autonomous Communities).

Year 2019

	Trips		Overnights		Total expenditure (millions of euros)		Average expenditure per person (euros)	Daily average expenditure (euros)
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	Total
TOTAL	193,874,716	100.0	793,908,137	100.0	48,065.8	100.0	248	61
Abroad	20,119,745	10.4	144,391,738	18.2	16,051.8	33.4	798	111
Andalucía	32,717,537	16.9	135,058,359	17.0	6,524.7	13.6	199	48
Cataluña	25,259,744	13.0	78,814,167	9.9	4,262.2	8.9	169	54
Comunitat Valenciana	19,779,616	10.2	89,493,557	11.3	3,788.6	7.9	192	42
Castilla y León	17,555,243	9.1	66,416,542	8.4	2,476.5	5.2	141	37
Madrid, Comunidad de	13,684,541	7.1	39,449,655	5.0	2,973.6	6.2	217	75
Castilla - La Mancha	10,998,239	5.7	36,030,409	4.5	1,322.6	2.8	120	37
Galicia	10,001,037	5.2	40,468,385	5.1	1,855.0	3.9	185	46
Aragón	7,425,910	3.8	25,663,151	3.2	1,235.4	2.6	166	48
Canarias	6,510,876	3.4	26,114,134	3.3	1,873.0	3.9	288	72
País Vasco	4,927,379	2.5	15,191,480	1.9	954.0	2.0	194	63
Asturias, Principado de	4,844,535	2.5	18,419,059	2.3	922.7	1.9	190	50
Extremadura	4,469,918	2.3	17,466,464	2.2	723.1	1.5	162	41
Cantabria	4,037,654	2.1	16,159,946	2.0	743.7	1.5	184	46
Murcia, Región de	3,543,695	1.8	15,347,180	1.9	637.0	1.3	180	42
Balears, Illes	3,275,923	1.7	14,990,893	1.9	1,031.6	2.1	315	69
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	2,913,496	1.5	8,600,874	1.1	405.2	0.8	139	47
Rioja, La	1,633,103	0.8	5,234,685	0.7	236.6	0.5	145	45
Ceuta	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Melilla	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Note: the data marked with "-" do not have sufficient sampling support.

Residents in Comunidad de Madrid accounted for the highest percentage of trips in 2019 (18.2% of the total), followed by residents in Cataluña (17.3%) and Andalucía (15.3%).

The highest average daily expenditure corresponded to residents in Illes Balears (74 euros per day), Canarias (73) and Cataluña (68).

In contrast, the lowest average daily expenses were in Aragón (54 euros), Extremadura (55) and País Vasco and the Región de Murcia (both with 56).

Trips, overnight stays and expenditure according to Autonomous Community of residence of the travellers.

Year 2019

	Trips		Overnights		Total expenditure (millions of euros)		Average expenditure per person (euros)	Daily average expenditure (euros)
	Total	%	Total	%	Total	%	Total	Total
TOTAL	193,874,716	100.0	793,908,137	100.0	48,065.8	100.0	248	61
Madrid, Comunidad de	35,343,853	18.2	171,552,831	21.6	10,281.4	21.4	291	60
Cataluña	33,448,057	17.3	132,797,176	16.7	8,995.1	18.7	269	68
Andalucía	29,728,070	15.3	115,244,162	14.5	6,524.4	13.6	219	57
Comunitat Valenciana	17,838,521	9.2	69,038,092	8.7	3,943.4	8.2	221	57
Castilla y León	11,297,345	5.8	41,311,440	5.2	2,418.2	5.0	214	59
País Vasco	10,742,903	5.5	48,432,726	6.1	2,688.3	5.6	250	56
Galicia	9,854,554	5.1	32,926,372	4.1	1,996.9	4.2	203	61
Castilla - La Mancha	8,422,734	4.3	31,545,620	4.0	1,852.2	3.9	220	59
Canarias	6,931,553	3.6	27,830,686	3.5	2,042.4	4.2	295	73
Aragón	6,690,201	3.5	28,858,688	3.6	1,549.5	3.2	232	54
Murcia, Región de	4,691,885	2.4	18,808,347	2.4	1,061.0	2.2	226	56
Asturias, Principado de	4,441,749	2.3	17,532,633	2.2	1,007.1	2.1	227	57
Extremadura	3,842,266	2.0	14,492,596	1.8	796.4	1.7	207	55
Balears, Illes	3,622,222	1.9	15,928,469	2.0	1,186.2	2.5	327	74
Navarra, Comunidad Foral de	2,973,847	1.5	12,173,437	1.5	737.6	1.5	248	61
Cantabria	2,133,001	1.1	7,709,587	1.0	503.1	1.0	236	65
Rioja, La	1,310,083	0.7	5,106,346	0.6	332.4	0.7	254	65
Ceuta	325,917	0.2	1,380,083	0.2	75.3	0.2	231	55
Melilla	235,956	0.1	1,238,846	0.2	75.1	0.2	318	61

Data Review and Updates

Coinciding with today's publication, the INE has updated the data from the Resident Tourism Survey for the fourth quarter of 2018, which is now definitive, and with that the data for the year as a whole. The results are available at INEBase.

Methodological note

The main objective of the Residents Travel Survey (ETR/FAMILITUR) is to provide information on the trips and excursions carried out each month by the population resident in Spain, both within the country and abroad, and their main characteristics (duration, expenditure, reason, accommodation, etc.).

In addition, the survey provides annual information on the percentage of the population travelling for personal reasons and investigates the reasons given by those who do not travel.

Type of operation: quarterly continuous survey.

Population scope: Resident population aged 15 and over in family dwellings (indirect information regarding trips taken by children under 15 is also provided).

Geographical scope: the entire national territory.

Reference period of the results: month, quarter, year (depending on the variable and the degree of disaggregation).

Sample size: the effective monthly sample is around 8,200 persons, who provide information on the trips completed in the two months prior to the interview. Thus, the results of a reference month are obtained from around 16,400 questionnaires.

Type of sampling: stratified two-stage random sampling. The framework is the set of main dwellings that have collaborated in the Continuous Household Survey (CHS). In each stratum of the CHS, the first stage units are the main family dwellings and the second stage units are the persons aged 15 and over residing in these dwellings. A variable defining the household's propensity to travel is used as a stratification criterion.

The selected persons collaborate three times in alternate months over six months, leave the sample one semester, and are interviewed another three times during the following semester.

Collection method: computer-assisted telephone or personal interviews, online questionnaire (since 2018).

For further information, the [methodology](#) and the [standardised methodological report](#) of the survey can be consulted on the INE website.

For further information see **INEbase:** www.ine.es/en/ Twitter: [@es_ine](https://twitter.com/es_ine)

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