

04 December 2020

Export (IPRIX) and Import (IPRIM) Price Indices of Industrial Products. Base 2015

October 2020. Provisional data

The annual variation rate of the IPRIX stands at -1.7%, the same than that registered in September

The annual variation rate of the IPRIM is -8.6%, three tenths below that registered the previous month

Annual evolution of export prices

The annual rate of the Export Price Index (IPRIX) in October was -1.7%, the same as that registered in September.

By economic destination of the goods, the only industrial sector with a negative influence in this stability was:

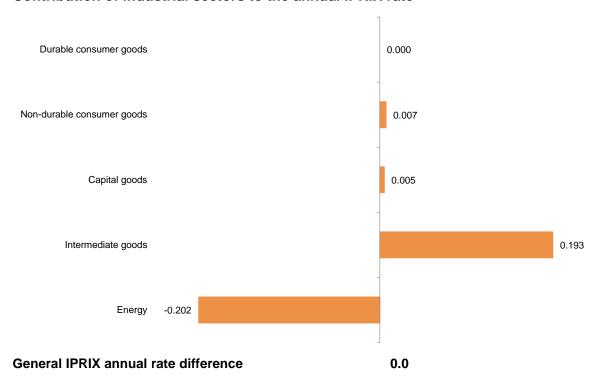
• **Energy,** whose annual variation fell by more than two and a half points, to –19.8%, due to the decrease in the prices of the *Production, transport and distribution of electric energy,* compared to the increase registered in October of last year.

Also notable, although to a lesser extent, was the stability in the *Manufacture of refined* petroleum products, which increased in 2019.

On the other hand, among the industrial sectors with a positive contribution to the maintenance of the annual rate of the general index, worth noting were:

• Intermediate goods, whose annual variation increased by five tenths to stand at -2.0%. Notable in this evolution were the prices of the *Manufacture of basic iron, steel and ferro-alloys* and, to a lesser extent, of the *Manufacture of basic chemicals, fertilisers and nitrogen compounds, plastics and synthetic rubber in primary forms*, which remained stable this month, while they fell in October of the previous year.

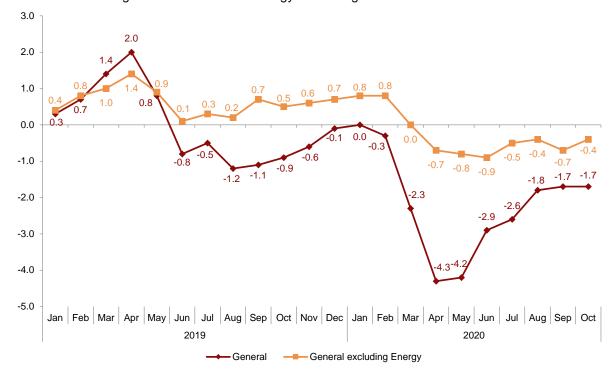
Contribution of industrial sectors to the annual IPRIX rate



The annual rate of change of the the general index without energy increased by three tenths to -0.4%, which is more than one point above that of the general IPRIX.

Annual evolution of the IPRIX

General index and general index without Energy Percentage

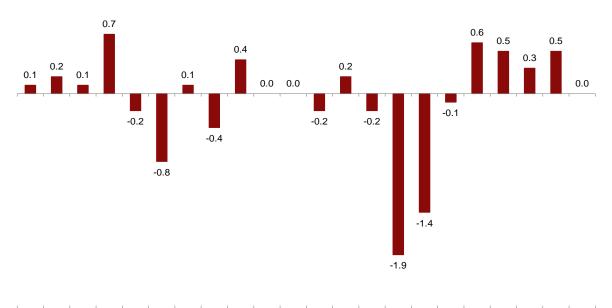


Monthly evolution of export prices

Industrial export prices recorded a monthly rate of 0.0% in October as compared with September.

Monthly evolution of the IPRIX

General index. Percentage



Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | 2019

By economic destination of the goods, among the industrial sectors with a positive monthly contribution, worth noting were:

- **Capital goods**, with a variation of 0.1%, which contributed 0.048 due to an increase in the prices of *Manufacture of motor vehicles*.
- **Non-durable consumer goods**, whose monthly rate of 0.2% is primarily caused by the increase in the prices of *Processing and preserving of meat and production of meat products*. The contribution of this sector to the general IPRIX was 0.041.

On the other hand, the industrial sectors with a negative monthly influence were:

- **Energy**, with a variation rate of -0.7% due to the decrease in the prices of *Electric power generation, transmission and distribution*. This sector's contribution to the overall index was -0.040.
- **Intermediate goods**, which presented a variation of -0.1% and a contribution of -0.039. Worth noting in this evolution was the fall in the prices of *Manufacture of plastic products*.

A more detailed analysis shows the activities that most affected the monthly rate of the IPRIX in the month of October.

Activities with the greatest positive contribution to the monthly rate of the IPRIX

Activities (CNAE-09 groups)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Manufacture of motor vehicles	0.2	0,041
Processing and preserving of meat and production of meat products	1.0	0,025
Manufacture of tubes, pipes, hollow profiles and related fittings, of steel	1.6	0,010

Activities with the greatest negative contribution to the monthly rate of the IPRIX

Activities (CNAE-09 groups)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Electric power generation, transmission and distribution	-8.6	-0,198
Manufacture of plastic products	-0.6	-0,013
Mining of non-ferrous metal ores	-3.9	-0,011
Manufacture of electric motors, generators, transformers and electricity distribution and control apparatus	-0.5	-0,010

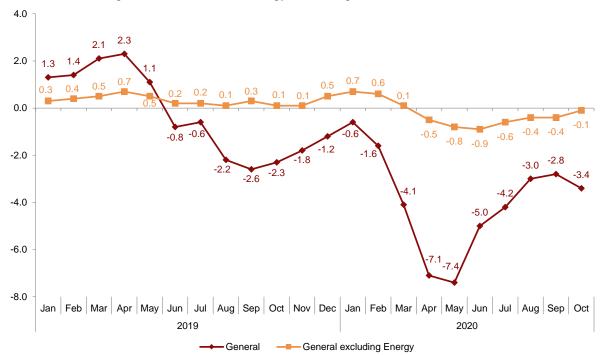
Annual evolution of industrial prices, combining domestic and foreign markets

The annual rate of Industrial Price Index of the domestic and foreign markets, which is obtained as the aggregation of the IPRI and the IPRIX, decreased by six tenths in October, to -3.4%.

On the other hand, the annual variation rate of the general index excluding Energy increased by three tenths, up to -0.1%, standing more than two points above the general IPRIM+IPRIX.

Annual evolution of the IPRI+IPRIX

General index and general index without Energy Percentage



Annual evolution of import prices

The Import Price Index (IPRIM) registered an annual rate of -8.6% in October, three tenths lower than that of the previous month.

By economic destination, among the industrial sectors with a negative influence on evolution, worth noting were:

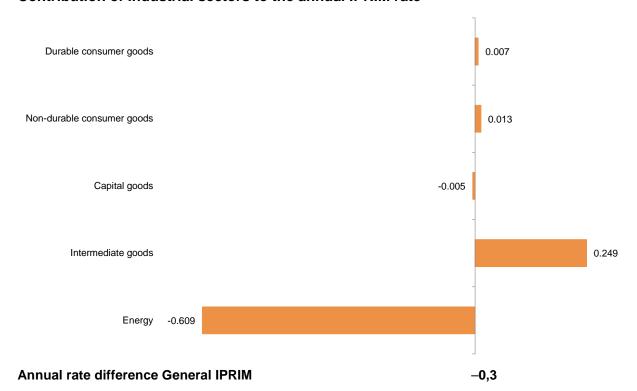
• **Energy**, with a variation of -38.4%, more than two and a half points lower than the previous month. Notable in this behaviour was the decrease in prices for *Extraction of crude petroleum* and natural gas, which rose in October of the previous year.

While to a lesser extent, also influential were the decreases in the prices of *Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply* and of the *Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products*, compared to the increases registered in 2019.

On the other hand, the industrial sector with the greatest positive influence was:

• **Intermediate goods,** whose variation stood at -2.2%, eight tenths above that of September. This was due to the fact that the prices of the *Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products* increased in October, while they fell in the same month last year.

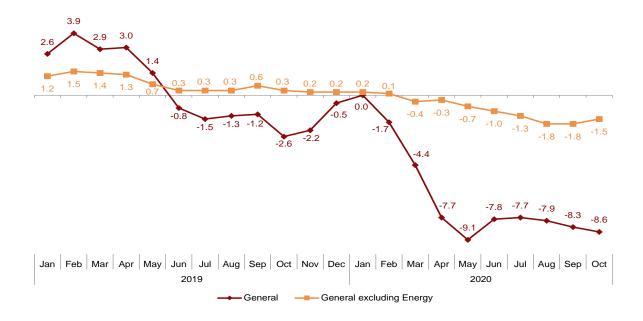
Contribution of industrial sectors to the annual IPRIM rate



The annual variation rate of the general index excluding Energy increased by three tenths of a percent, up to -1.5%, standing more than seven points above the general IPRIM.

Annual evolution of the IPRIM

General index and general index without Energy Percentage

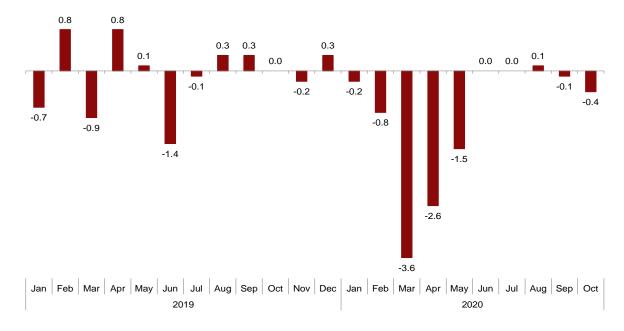


Monthly evolution of import prices

In October, the monthly variation of the Import Price Index was -0.4%.

Monthly evolution of the IPRIM

General index. Percentage



By economic destination of the goods, the sectors with the greatest negative monthly contribution to the general IPRIM were:

- **Energy**, with a monthly variation of -3.7% and a contribution of -0.494, due to the increase in the prices of *Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas* and to a lesser extent, of *Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply*.
- **Capital goods**, with a monthly rate of -0.2%, due to the decrease in the prices of the *Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products*. This sector's contribution to the general IPRIM was -0.047.

On the other hand, worth noting amongst the industrial sectors with a positive monthly effect were:

• **Intermediate goods**, with a monthly variation of 0.5%. The contribution of 0.135, was a consequence of the increase in the prices of the *Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products*.

A more detailed analysis shows the activities that most affected the monthly rate of the IPRIM in the month of October.

Activities with the greatest positive effect on the monthly IPRIM rate

Activity (divisions CNAE-09)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Manufacture of chemicals and chemical products	0.9	0,086
Manufacture of food products	0.4	0,027
Manufacture of basic metals	0.5	0,023

Activities with the greatest negative contribution to the monthly rate of the IPRIM

Activity (divisions CNAE-09)	Monthly rate (%)	Contribution
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	-4.6	-0,455
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	-0.4	-0,030
Electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply	-10.9	-0,023
Manufacture of wearing apparel	-0.3	-0,014
Other manufacturing	-0.5	-0,013

Data Review and Update

Coinciding with today's publication, the INE has updated the data of the IPRIX and IPRIM series corresponding to the last three months, becoming final the month of July 2020. The results are available at INEBase.

Methodological note

The Export Price Index (IPRIX) is a short-term indicator that measures the monthly evolution of the prices of industrial products manufactured in the domestic market and sold in the foreign market.

On the other hand, the Import Price Index (IPRIM) is a short-term indicator that measures the monthly evolution of the prices of industrial products from the rest of the world.

In order to obtain them, a continuous monthly survey is conducted, which investigates every month industrial establishments that carry out operations in the foreign market.

Type of survey: continuous monthly survey.

Base year: 2015.

Reference period of the weightings: the year preceding the current year

Population scope: industrial establishments

Sample size: 3,800 industrial establishments for the IPRIX and 4,700 for the IPRIM.

Number of observations: In the IPRIX approximately 14,000 monthly prices of 1,700 products and in the IPRIM approximately 18,000 prices of 2,100 products.

General calculation method: Chained Laspeyres.

Collection method: internet (IRIA system), e-mail, fax, telephone or postal mail.

For more information you can access the methodologies in:

http://www.ine.es/en/daco/daco43/IPRIX caracteristicas2015 en.pdf

http://www.ine.es/daco/daco43/IPRIM_caracteristicas2015.pdf

The standardized methodological report is at:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30071

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Export and Import Price Indices of Industrial Products. Base 2015 October 2020

Provisional data 4 December 2020

1.Export Indices: general index and by economic destination of the goods

	Index	% Variation			Effect	
		Monthly	Year	Annual	Monthly	Year
			to date			to date
GENERAL INDEX	101.2	0.0	-1.5	-1.7		
Consumer goods	102.1	0.2	-1.0	-0.4	0.041	-0.212
- Durable consumer goods	105.9	0.0	0.0	0.8	0.000	0.000
- Non-durable consumer goods	101.8	0.2	-1.1	-0.5	0.041	-0.212
Capital goods	102.7	0.1	0.9	1.0	0.048	0.343
Intermediate goods	102.4	-0.1	-1.5	-2.0	-0.039	-0.549
Energy	83.7	-0.7	-16.5	-19.8	-0.040	-1.039

2. Import Indices: general index and by economic destination of the goods

	Index	% Variation			Effect	
		Monthly	Year	Annual	Monthly	Year
			to date			to date
GENERAL INDEX	96.9	-0.4	-8.7	-8.6		
Consumer goods	99.5	0.1	-1.9	-1.5	0.015	-0.517
- Durable consumer goods	102.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.4	0.006	-0.019
- Non-durable consumer goods	98.9	0.0	-2.2	-1.7	0.009	-0.498
Capital goods	100.1	-0.2	-1.0	-1.0	-0.047	-0.258
Intermediate goods	102.4	0.5	-1.4	-2.2	0.135	-0.373
Energy	73.6	-3.7	-39.2	-38.4	-0.494	-7.593

3. Indices in aggregates of domestic and international markets (IPRI+IPRIX): general and by economic destination of the goods

	Index	% Variation			Effect	
		Monthly	Year	Annual	Monthly	Year
			to date			to date
GENERAL INDEX	99.7	-0.3	-2.7	-3.4		
Consumer goods	103.1	0.4	0.1	0.6	0.102	0.013
- Durable consumer goods	105.5	0.0	0.7	1.0	0.000	0.011
- Non-durable consumer goods	103.0	0.4	0.0	0.6	0.102	0.002
Capital goods	103.6	0.1	0.9	1.0	0.025	0.181
Intermediate goods	102.3	0.1	-1.0	-1.4	0.027	-0.289
Energy	89.5	-1.9	-10.9	-13.8	-0.413	-2.558

4. Export indices: general index and by branch of activity (CNAE 2009)

-	Index	Monthly		Annual
		% Variationn	Effect	% Variation
GENERAL INDEX	101.2	0.0		-1.7
B. Mining and quarrying industries	122.1	-1.1	-0.008	1.3
Extraction of metallic ores	157.0	-3.9	-0.011	9.8
Other mining and quarrying	106.7	0.7	0.003	-3.4
C. Manufacture industry	101.8	0.1	0.060	-1.5
Food industry	103.0	0.3	0.034	-0.8
Manufacture of beverages	103.5	-0.2	-0.003	0.0
Tobacco industry	102.5	0.0	0.000	1.0
Textile industry	99.8	0.1	0.001	-1.5
Manufacture of garments	100.7	0.4	0.002	-0.9
Leather and footwear industry	99.5	0.3	0.003	-0.9
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture;				0.5
basketmaking and wickerwork	104.2	-0.1	-0.001	-5.3
Paper industry	99.2	-0.2	-0.004	3.2
Printing and service activities related to printing	108.8	0.0	0.000	-29.4
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	79.9	0.1	0.002	-4.3
Chemical industry	97.5	0.0	0.005	0.5
Manufacture of pharmaceutical products	98.9	0.0	0.001	-1.1
Manufacture of rubber and plastic materials	99.0	-0.5	-0.018	-0.7
Manufacture of other non-metallic ore products	101.1	0.0	-0.001	-0.9
Metallurgy; manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloy products	110.6	0.0	0.004	-0.5
Manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipment	100.5	0.0	0.000	-1.1
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	96.4	0.3	0.003	-0.9
Manufacture of electrical material and equipment	102.1	-0.4	-0.016	0.5
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	103.2	0.2	0.012	1.7
Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	101.4	0.1	0.034	-0.9
Manufacture of other transport material	109.3	0.0	0.002	-0.1
Manufacture of furniture	103.4	0.1	0.001	0.9
Other manufacturing industries	104.0	0.0	0.000	-0.7
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	100.8	0.0	0.000	-11.8
D. Supply of electrical energy and gas	83.9	-1.4	-0.042	0.0

5. Import indices: general index and by branch of activity (CNAE 2009)

-	Index	Monthly		Annual
		% Variation	Effect	% Variation
GENERAL INDEX	96.9	-0.4	-	-8.6
B. Mining and quarrying industries	76.3	-3.8	-0.447	-38.6
Extraction of anthracite, coal and lignite	59.1	-1.2	-0.004	-17.8
Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	71.4	-4.6	-0.455	-43.5
Extraction of metallic ores	139.6	0.8	0.012	11.1
Other mining and quarrying	101.3	-0.1	0.000	-1.7
C. Manufacture industry	99.9	0.1	0.079	-2.4
Food industry	100.9	0.4	0.027	-1.6
Manufacture of beverages	99.1	0.3	0.002	-0.1
Tobacco industry	109.6	0.1	0.000	-0.9
Textile industry	96.3	0.2	0.003	-2.8
Manufacture of garments	94.9	-0.3	-0.014	-3.1
Leather and footwear industry	97.7	-0.1	-0.001	-2.0
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture;				
basketmaking and wickerwork	103.9	0.2	0.001	-0.7
Paper industry	101.0	0.1	0.001	-2.5
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	84.4	-0.4	-0.012	-19.9
Chemical industry	99.0	0.9	0.086	-3.4
Manufacture of pharmaceutical products	99.7	0.0	-0.002	-0.5
Manufacture of rubber and plastic materials	99.3	0.3	0.010	-0.8
Manufacture of other non-metallic ore products	100.7	0.1	0.001	-1.5
Metallurgy; manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloy products	106.0	0.5	0.023	-5.4
Manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipment	101.0	0.0	0.000	-1.5
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	95.0	-0.4	-0.030	-1.7
Manufacture of electrical material and equipment	102.1	0.1	0.004	-0.6
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	102.6	0.0	0.000	-0.8
Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	101.7	-0.1	-0.010	-0.7
Manufacture of other transport material	104.0	0.1	0.002	0.3
Manufacture of furniture	98.4	0.0	0.000	-1.3
Other manufacturing industries	98.7	-0.5	-0.013	-1.8
D. Supply of electrical energy and gas	84.2	-10.9	-0.023	6.7

6.Indices in aggregates of domestic and international markets (IPRI+IPRIX): general and by branch of activity (CNAE 2009)

	Index	Monthly		Annual
		% Variation	Effect	% Variation
GENERAL INDEX	99.7	-0.3		-3.4
B. Mining and quarrying industries	107.5	-0.4	-0.003	1.3
Extraction of metallic ores	166.4	-3.9	-0.003	9.8
Other mining and quarrying	103.5	0.1	0.001	-0.1
C. Manufacture industry	101.3	0.2	0.142	-2.6
Food industry	102.4	0.7	0.116	0.9
Manufacture of beverages	105.8	-0.3	-0.009	0.4
Tobacco industry	106.8	0.0	0.000	1.5
Textile industry	100.1	0.0	0.000	-0.6
Manufacture of garments	101.3	0.7	0.006	0.3
Leather and footwear industry	102.1	0.2	0.001	0.2
Manufacture of wood and of products of wood and cork, except furniture;	105.0	-0.1	-0.001	0.1
basketmaking and wickerwork	100.0	0.0	0.000	0.0
Paper industry	102.0	-0.2	-0.004	-2.4
Printing and service activities related to printing	104.7	-0.1	-0.001	-0.9
Manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products	78.8	-0.3	-0.014	-31.1
Chemical industry	98.6	0.0	-0.001	-3.9
Manufacture of pharmaceutical products	102.2	0.0	0.001	0.6
Manufacture of rubber and plastic materials	100.2	-0.1	-0.004	-0.5
Manufacture of other non-metallic ore products	102.9	0.0	0.000	0.1
Metallurgy; manufacture of basic iron and steel and of ferro-alloy products	109.1	0.5	0.030	-1.5
Manufacture of metal products, except machinery and equipme	103.2	0.0	0.001	0.0
Manufacture of computer, electronic and optical products	98.9	0.1	0.001	-0.2
Manufacture of electrical material and equipment	101.7	-0.1	-0.002	0.2
Manufacture of machinery and equipment n.e.c.	103.5	0.1	0.003	0.6
Manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers	101.9	0.1	0.016	1.5
Manufacture of other transport material	110.1	0.2	0.004	-0.5
Manufacture of furniture	104.8	0.0	0.000	0.6
Other manufacturing industries	104.5	0.3	0.002	1.9
Repair and installation of machinery and equipment	103.0	-0.3	-0.004	1.0
D. Supply of electrical energy and gas	90.2	-2.5	-0.400	-8.2
E. Supply of water	101.4	0.1	0.001	0.8