Methodological note on Indicators of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development

Introduction.

The Indicators of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development operation is a synthetic statistic that provides one or several series of statistical data for each of the indicators in the framework established by the United Nations, allowing the monitoring of objectives and goals defined in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

In 2015, countries around the world adopted the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development and its 17 Sustainable Development Goals. These are 17 universally applicable goals that, since 1 January 2016, have guided countries' efforts to achieve a sustainable world by 2030. The Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) are the successors of the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and seek to expand on the successes achieved by the latter, as well as to achieve the goals that were not achieved.

Possibly one of the main differences between the Millennium Development Goals and the Sustainable Development Goals is the scope of application, as the MDGs were mainly focused on developing countries, while the SDGs are universal and, in this way, information will be required from all countries worldwide.

The 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development sets out 17 Sustainable Development Goals with 169 integrated and indivisible targets covering economic, social and environmental spheres. More specifically, the Sustainable Development Goals are:

1. To end poverty in all its forms everywhere.
2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.
3. To ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.
4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all.
5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.
6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.
7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.
8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.
9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialisation and foster innovation.
10. Reduce inequalities within and among countries.

11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.

13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts.

14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation, and halt biodiversity loss.

16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.

17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalise the global partnership for sustainable development.

Countries are primarily responsible for the monitoring and review of progress made in the implementation of the SDGs, for which it is necessary to gather reliable, accessible and timely data.

To encourage this monitoring work, one or several indicators have been defined for each one of the targets. At its 47th session, the United Nations Statistical Commission agreed on a list of 230 indicators, later revised to 232 indicators, which were finally adopted by the United Nations General Assembly in July 2017 (resolution 71/313) and constitute the framework of global indicators. In 2020 a comprehensive review of the framework has been undertaken and the current number of indicators is 231.

The complete list of indicators can be found at:

https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/indicators-list/

The indicators are classified in three levels, according to their methodological development and the availability of data:

a) Level I: the methodology and standards are available and data are produced regularly by countries.

b) Level II: the methodology and standards are available, but the data are not produced regularly by countries.

c) Level III: there are no available methodology or standards.

The updated list of indicators by tier can be found on: https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/iaeg-sdgs/tier-classification/

Content and structure.

La operación estadística incluye un conjunto de indicadores cuya elaboración es responsabilidad del Instituto Nacional de Estadística y de los servicios estadísticos de la Administración del Estado, bajo la coordinación del INE.

The statistical operation includes a set of indicators that the National Statistics Institute (INE) and the statistical services of the State Administration are responsible for preparing, under the coordination of the INE.

Data are presented on the platform according to the schema set out by the UN's 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development. There are, therefore, 4 categories:

- Goals: the 17 goals defined in the 2030 Agenda.

- Targets: each goal consists of several targets.

- Indicators: this level presents the global indicators defined by the United Nations in its metadata.

- Data series: for each indicator agreed by the United Nations, the associated data series are listed that are used for measuring and monitoring goals and targets at the international level. The latest available data is presented along with an indication of the reference period and the data corresponding to the base period, which has been set to 2015, as this was when the 2030 Agenda was adopted. The unit of measurement and the source of data is also indicated. Furthermore, links to the detailed results of the statistic from which the data originated are included, as well as the methodology and inventory file for each statistical operation.

In terms of coverage, only INE's available indicators were released in the first stage. Some have already been released within the statistical operation from which they came, and others have been prepared by the promoter units from existing base information. This prevents duplicate tasks. In the second stage, it was included the information prepared by the statistical services of the State Administration. There are targets for which no data are currently published, neither by the INE, nor by other official producers of statistics. Their preparation will have to be addressed in the short- and medium-term.

Since this is a synthetic statistical operation the methodology and quality requirements of the indicators will be those corresponding to the statistics from which they came. It later shows the list of available indicators and the source of the data.

Release

This statistical operation is released through the electronic platform on the INE web page. The data is updated continuously on the platform itself, when there is new information available for each indicator.

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List of goals, targets and indicators

Goal 1: End poverty in all its forms everywhere

Target 1.2 By 2030, reduce at least by half the proportion of men, women and children of all ages living in poverty in all its dimensions according to national definitions.

INDICATOR 1.2.1 PROPORTION OF POPULATION LIVING BELOW THE NATIONAL POVERTY LINE, BY SEX AND AGE.

- Population at risk of relative poverty (income < 60% of median) (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

- Population at risk of relative poverty (income < 60 % of median) with imputed rent (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

INDICATOR 1.2.2 PROPORTION OF MEN, WOMEN AND CHILDREN OF ALL AGES LIVING IN POVERTY IN ALL ITS DIMENSIONS ACCORDING TO NATIONAL DEFINITIONS.

- Population at risk of poverty or social exclusion: AROPE indicator. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

- Population with severe material deprivation (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

- Population living in households with low working intensity. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 1.5 By 2030, build the resilience of the poor and those in vulnerable situations and reduce their exposure and vulnerability to climate-related extreme events and other economic, social and environmental shocks and disasters.

INDICATOR 1.5.1 INDICATOR 1.5.1 NUMBER OF DEATHS, MISSING PERSONS AND DIRECTLY AFFECTED PERSONS ATTRIBUTED TO DISASTERS PER 100,000 POPULATION.

- Number of dead people directly attributed to disasters per 100,000 population. (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 1.a Ensure significant mobilization of resources from a variety of sources, including through enhanced development cooperation, in

order to provide adequate and predictable means for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, to implement programmes and policies to end poverty in all its dimensions.

INDICATOR 1.a.1. TOTAL OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE GRANTS FROM ALL DONORS THAT FOCUS ON POVERTY REDUCTION AS A SHARE OF THE RECIPIENT COUNTRY'S GROSS NATIONAL INCOME

- Spanish net ODA (Official Development Assistance) after deduction of debt operations and reimbursable ODA. (FONPRODE, FCAS y FIEM) (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

INDICATOR 1.a.2. PROPORTION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENT SPENDING ON ESSENTIAL SERVICES (EDUCATION, HEALTH AND SOCIAL PROTECTION)

- Proportion of total government spending on Education (Source: Public Administrations Accounts).

- Proportion of total government spending on Health (Source: Public Administrations Accounts).

- Proportion of total government spending on Social protection (Source: Public Administrations Accounts).

Goal 2. End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture.

Target 2.2 By 2030, end all forms of malnutrition, including achieving, by 2025, the internationally agreed targets on stunting and wasting in children under 5 years of age, and address the nutritional needs of adolescent girls, pregnant and lactating women and older persons.

INDICATOR 2.2.2 PREVALENCE OF MALNUTRITION (WEIGHT FOR HEIGHT >+2 OR <-2 STANDARD DEVIATION FROM THE MEDIAN OF THE WHO CHILD GROWTH STANDARDS) AMONG CHILDREN UNDER 5 YEARS OF AGE, BY TYPE (WASTING AND OVERWEIGHT).

- Proportion of children aged 2 to 4 years with obesity, overweight or underweight (Source: National Health Survey of Spain)

Target 2.3 By 2030, double the agricultural productivity and incomes of small-scale food producers, in particular women, indigenous peoples, family farmers, pastoralists and fishers, including through secure and equal access to land, other productive resources and inputs, knowledge, financial services, markets and opportunities for value addition and non-farm employment.

INDICATOR 2.3.1 VOLUME OF PRODUCTION PER LABOUR UNIT BY CLASSES OF FARMING/PASTORAL/FORESTRY ENTERPRISE SIZE.

- Production of small-scale producers per labour unit (Source: The National Farm Accountancy Data Network).

INDICATOR 2.3.2 AVERAGE INCOME OF SMALL-SCALE FOOD PRODUCERS, BY SEX AND INDIGENOUS STATUS.

- Average income of small-scale food producers (Source: The National Farm Accountancy Data Network).

Target 2.4 By 2030, ensure sustainable food production systems and implement resilient agricultural practices that increase productivity and production, that help maintain ecosystems, that strengthen capacity for adaptation to climate change, extreme weather, drought, flooding and other disasters and that progressively improve land and soil quality.

INDICATOR 2.4.1 PROPORTION OF AGRICULTURAL AREA UNDER PRODUCTIVE AND SUSTAINA-
BLE AGRICULTURE

- Proportion of agricultural surface area where productive and sustainable agri-
culture is carried out. (Source: Organic farming Statistics)

Target 2.a Increase investment, including through enhanced interna-
tional cooperation, in rural infrastructure, agricultural research and
extension services, technology development and plant and livestock
gene banks in order to enhance agricultural productive capacity in
developing countries, in particular least developed countries.

INDICATOR 2.a.2 TOTAL OFFICIAL FLOWS (OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PLUS
OTHER OFFICIAL FLOWS) TO THE AGRICULTURE SECTOR.

- Total gross official flows (ODA plus other official flows) to the agriculture sec-
tor. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Total net official flows (ODA plus other official flows) to the agriculture sector.
(Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 3. Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages.

Target 3.1. By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births.

INDICATOR 3.1.1 MATERNAL MORTALITY RATIO

- Maternal mortality rate (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

INDICATOR 3.1.2. PROPORTION OF BIRTHS ATTENDED BY SKILLED HEALTH PERSONNEL.

- Proportion of births attended by skilled health personnel. (Source: Births Statistics).

Target 3.2. By 2030, end preventable deaths of newborns and children under 5 years of age, with all countries aiming to reduce neonatal mortality to at least as low as 12 per 1,000 live births and under-5 mortality to at least as low as 25 per 1,000 live births.

INDICATOR 3.2.1. UNDER-5 MORTALITY RATE

- Under-5 mortality rate. (Source: Basic Demographic Indicators)

INDICATOR 3.2.2. NEONATAL MORTALITY RATE

- Neonatal mortality rate. (Source: Basic Demographic Indicators)

Target 3.3. By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases.

INDICATOR 3.3.1. NUMBER OF NEW HIV INFECTIONS PER 1,000 UNINFECTED POPULATION, BY SEX, AGE AND KEY POPULATIONS

- Hospital morbidity rate per 1.000 infected population with the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV). (Source: Hospital Morbidity Survey).

INDICATOR 3.3.2. TUBERCULOSIS INCIDENCE PER 100,000 POPULATION

- Hospital morbidity rate per 100,000 inhabitants infected with tuberculosis (Source: Hospital Morbidity Survey).

INDICATOR 3.3.3 MALARIA INCIDENCE PER 1,000 POPULATION

- Hospital morbidity rate per 1.000 infected population with malaria (Source: Hospital Morbidity Survey).

INDICATOR 3.3.4 HEPATITIS B INCIDENCE PER 100,000 POPULATION

- Indicator 3.3.4 Hepatitis B incidence per 100,000 population (Source: Hospital Morbidity Survey).

Target 3.4. By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through evention and treatment and promote mental health and well- being.

INDICATOR 3.4.1 MORTALITY RATE ATTRIBUTED TO CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE, CANCER, DIABETES OR CHRONIC RESPIRATORY DISEASE

- Mortality rate attributed to cardiovascular diseases (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

- Mortality rate attributed to chronic respiratory diseases (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

- Mortality rate attributed to diabetes (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

- Mortality rate attributed to cancer (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

INDICATOR 3.4.2 SUICIDE MORTALITY RATE

- Mortality rate due to suicide (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol.

INDICATOR 3.5.1 COVERAGE OF TREATMENT INTERVENTIONS (PHARMACOLOGICAL, PSYCHOSOCIAL AND REHABILITATION AND AFTERCARE SERVICES) FOR SUBSTANCE USE DISORDERS

- Drug abuse treatment admissions. (Source: Indicators of Psychoactive Substance Use by "the Spanish Observatory on Drugs and Addictions": Admissions to treatment)

- Alcohol abuse and addiction treatment admissions. (Source: Indicators of Psychoactive Substance Use by "the Spanish Observatory on Drugs and Addictions": Admissions to treatment

Target 3.6 By 2020, halve the number of global deaths and injuries from road traffic accidents.

INDICATOR 3.6.1. DEATH RATE DUE TO ROAD TRAFFIC INJURIES

- Mortality rate from injuries due to traffic accidents (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 3.7. By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes.

INDICATOR 3.7.1 PROPORTION OF WOMEN OF REPRODUCTIVE AGE (AGED 15 - 49 YEARS) WHO HAVE THEIR NEED FOR FAMILY PLANNING SATISFIED WITH MODERN METHODS.

- Proportion of women of reproductive age (aged 15-49 years) married to a man or to a male partner, who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods. (Source: Fertility survey)

INDICATOR 3.7.2. ADOLESCENT BIRTH RATE (AGED 10-14 YEARS; AGED 15 -19 YEARS) PER 1,000 WOMEN IN THAT AGE GROUP.

- Fertility rate of adolescents (between 10 and 14 years old) per 1,000 women in that age group (Source: Basic Demographic Indicators)

- Fertility rate of adolescents (between 15 and 19 years old) per 1,000 women in that age group (Source: Basic Demographic Indicators)

Target 3.8 Achieve universal health coverage, including financial risk protection, access to quality essential health-care services and access to safe, effective, quality and affordable essential medicines and vaccines for all.

INDICATOR 3.8.1 COVERAGE OF ESSENTIAL HEALTH SERVICES.

- Unmet need for medical care (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination.

INDICATOR 3.9.3 MORTALITY RATE ATTRIBUTED TO UNINTENTIONAL POISONING

- Mortality rate attributed to unintentional poisoning (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 3.a Strengthen the implementation of the World Health Organization Framework Convention on Tobacco Control in all countries, as appropriate.

INDICATOR 3.a.1 AGE-STANDARDIZED PREVALENCE OF CURRENT TOBACCO USE AMONG PERSONS AGED 15 YEARS AND OLDER.

- Percentage of daily smokers. Population aged 15 and older. (Source: National Health Survey of Spain).

Target 3.b Support the research and development of vaccines and medicines for the communicable and non-communicable diseases that primarily affect developing countries, provide access to affordable essential medicines and vaccines, in accordance with the Doha Declaration on the TRIPS Agreement and Public Health, which affirms the right of developing countries to use to the full the provisions in the Agreement on Trade-Related Aspects of Intellectual Property Rights regarding flexibilities to protect public health, and, in particular, provide access to medicines for all.

INDICADOR 3.b.1 PROPORTION OF THE TARGET POPULATION COVERED BY ALL VACCINES INCLUDED IN THEIR NATIONAL PROGRAMME.

- Proportion of vaccinated population against diphtheria. (Source: Routine vaccination statistics)

- Proportion of vaccinated population against tetanus. (Source: Routine vaccination statistics)

- Proportion of vaccinated population against pneumococcal disease. (Source: Routine vaccination statistics)

- Proportion of vaccinated population against measles. (Source: Routine vaccination statistics)

- Proportion of vaccinated population against HPV (Human Papillovirus). (Source: Routine vaccination statistics).

INDICATOR 3.b.2 TOTAL NET OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE TO MEDICAL RESEARCH AND BASIC HEALTH SECTORS.

- Total gross official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors.(Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA)

- Total net official development assistance to medical research and basic health sectors. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA)

Target 3.c Substantially increase health financing and the recruitment, development, training and retention of the health workforce in developing countries, especially in least developed countries and small island developing States.

INDICATOR 3.c.1. Health worker density and distribution.

- Number of medical doctors per 10.000 population (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Number of nursing and midwifery personnel per 10.000 population. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Number of dentists per 10.000 population. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Number of pharmacists per 10.000 population. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

Goal 4. Ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all).

Target 4.2 By 2030, ensure that all girls and boys have access to quality early childhood development, care and pre- primary education so that they are ready for primary education.

INDICATOR 4.2.2 PARTICIPATION RATE IN ORGANIZED LEARNING (ONE YEAR BEFORE THE OFFICIAL PRIMARY ENTRY AGE), BY SEX.

- Total net school enrolment rate at 5 years. (Source: Non-University Education Statistics (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff)).

- Total net school enrolment rate at 5 years, boys. (Source: Non-University Education Statistics (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff)).

- Total net school enrolment rate at 5 years, girls. (Source: Non-University Education Statistics (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff)).

Target 4.3. By 2030, ensure equal access for all women and men to affordable and quality technical, vocational and tertiary education, including university.

INDICATOR 4.3.1. PARTICIPATION RATE OF YOUTH AND ADULTS IN FORMAL AND NON-FORMAL EDUCATION AND TRAINING IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS, BY SEX.

- People aged 18 to 64 years who have carried out educational activities in the previous 12 months according to type of education. (Source: Adult Education Survey).

- Percentage of the adult population aged 25 to 64 years who study academic education or training in the previous four weeks. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Percentage of young people aged 15 to 24 years who study academic education or training in the previous four weeks. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Percentage of the population aged 15 to 64 years who study academic education or training in the previous four weeks. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

Target 4.4 By 2030, substantially increase the number of youth and adults who have relevant skills, including technical and vocational skills, for employment, decent jobs and entrepreneurship.

INDICATOR 4.4.1 PROPORTION OF YOUTH AND ADULTS WITH INFORMATION AND COMMUNICATIONS TECHNOLOGY (ICT) SKILLS, BY TYPE OF SKILL.

- Percentage of adults (aged 16 to 74) who have, in the previous 12 months, applied at least one of the computer competences collected (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households)

- Percentage of young people (aged 16 to 24) who have, in the previous 12 months, applied at least one of the computer competences collected. (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households)

Target 4.5 By 2030, eliminate gender disparities in education and ensure equal access to all levels of education and vocational training for the vulnerable, including persons with disabilities, indigenous peoples and children in vulnerable situations.

INDICATOR 4.5.1. PARITY INDICES (FEMALE/MALE, RURAL/URBAN, BOTTOM/TOP WEALTH QUINTILE AND OTHERS SUCH AS DISABILITY STATUS, INDIGENOUS PEOPLES AND CONFLICT-AFFECTED, AS DATA BECOME AVAILABLE) FOR ALL EDUCATION INDICATORS ON THIS LIST THAT CAN BE DISAGGREGATED

- Parity indices (female/male) of the population aged 18 to 64 years who have carried out educational activities in the previous 12 months (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Parity index (people with severe limitations due to health problems and not limited people) of the population, aged 18 to 64 years, who have carried out educational activities in the previous 12 months (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Parity indices (rural/urban) of the population aged 15 to 64 years who study academic education or training in the previous four weeks. (Source: Adult Education Survey).

- Parity indices (between upper and lower wealth quartile) of the population, aged 18 to 64 years, who have carried out educational activities in the previous 12 months. (Source: Adult Education Survey).

- Parity indices (female/male) of the population aged 15 to 64 years who study academic education or training in the previous four weeks. (Source: Adult Education Survey).

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- Parity index (people limited by health problems but not serious and people not limited) of the population, aged 18 to 64 years, who have carried out educational activities in the previous 12 months (Source: Adult Education Survey).

Target 4.6 By 2030, ensure that all youth and a substantial proportion of adults, both men and women, achieve literacy and numeracy.

INDICATOR 4.6.1 PROPORTION OF POPULATION IN A GIVEN AGE GROUP ACHIEVING AT LEAST A FIXED LEVEL OF PROFICIENCY IN FUNCTIONAL (A) LITERACY AND (B) NUMERACY SKILLS, BY SEX.

- Proportion of the population aged 16 to 65 which has achieved at least a fixed level of functional literacy skills. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

- Proportion of men aged 16 to 65 who have achieved at least a fixed level of functional literacy skills. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

- Proportion of women aged 16 to 65 who have achieved at least a fixed level of functional literacy skills. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

- Proportion of the population aged 16 to 65 which has achieved at least a fixed level of functional competence in elementary arithmetic. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

- Proportion of men aged 16 to 65 who have achieved at least a fixed level of functional competence in elementary arithmetic. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

- Proportion of females aged 16 to 65 who have achieved at least a fixed level of functional competence in elementary arithmetic. (Source: Programme for the International Assessment of Adult Competences de la OCDE (PIAAC)).

Target 4.a Build and upgrade education facilities that are child, disability and gender sensitive and provide safe, non-violent, inclusive and effective learning environments for all.

INDICATOR 4.a.1 PROPORTION OF SCHOOLS OFFERING BASIC SERVICES, BY TYPE OF SERVICE.

- Proportion of schools with access to electricity (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with internet access for pedagogical purposes (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1) (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with computer access for pedagogical purposes (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to infrastructure and materials adapted for special needs students (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to a basic supply of potable water (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic sanitary facilities, separated by sex (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic hand washing facilities (Primary Education - ISCED Level 1). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to electricity (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with internet access for pedagogical purposes (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with computer access for pedagogical purposes (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to a basic supply of potable water (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic sanitary facilities, separated by sex (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic hand washing facilities (Lower Secondary Education - ISCED Level 2). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to electricity (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with internet access for pedagogical purposes (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with computers access for pedagogical purposes (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3)) (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to infrastructure and materials adapted for special needs students (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to a basic supply of potable water (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3). (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic sanitary facilities, separated by sex (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3. (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

- Proportion of schools with access to basic hand washing facilities (Upper Secondary Education - ISCED Level 3. (Source: Statistics on the Information and Communication Society in Non-University Educational Centers)

Target 4.b By 2020, substantially expand globally the number of scholarships available to developing countries, in particular least developed countries, small island developing States and African countries, for enrolment in higher education, including vocational training and information and communications technology, technical, engineering and scientific programmes, in developed countries and other developing countries.

INDICATOR 4.b.1 VOLUME OF OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE FLOWS FOR SCHOLARSHIPS BY SECTOR AND TYPE OF STUDY.

- Gross official development assistance in the form of scholarships. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Net official development assistance in the form of scholarships. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 4.c By 2030, substantially increase the supply of qualified teachers, including through international cooperation for teacher training in developing countries, especially least developed countries and small island developing States.

INDICATOR 4.c.1 PROPORTION OF TEACHERS IN: (A) PRE-PRIMARY; (B) PRIMARY; (C) LOWER SECONDARY; AND (D) UPPER SECONDARY EDUCATION WHO HAVE RECEIVED AT LEAST THE MINIMUM ORGANIZED TEACHER TRAINING (E.G. PEDAGOGICAL TRAINING) PRE-SERVICE OR IN-SERVICE REQUIRED FOR TEACH.

- Proportion of a) preschool education teachers who have received at least the minimum organized pre-employment or on-the-job teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) required to deliver instruction at each level. (Source: Statistics on Non-University Education (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff).

- Proportion of b) primary education teachers who have received at least the minimum organized pre-employment or on-the-job teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) required to deliver instruction at each level. (Source: Statistics on Non-University Education (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff).

- Proportion of c) lower secondary education teachers who have received at least the minimum organized pre-employment or on-the-job teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) required to deliver instruction at each level. (Source: Statistics on Non-University Education (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff).

- Proportion of d) higher secondary education teachers who have received at least the minimum organized pre-employment or on-the-job teacher training (e.g., pedagogical training) required to deliver instruction at each level. (Source: Statistics on Non-University Education (Centers, Enrollment, Graduates and Staff).

Goal 5. Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls.

Target 5.2 Eliminate all forms of violence against all women and girls in the public and private spheres, including trafficking and sexual and other types of exploitation.

INDICATOR 5.2.1 PROPORTION OF EVER-PARTNERED WOMEN AND GIRLS AGED 15 YEARS AND OLDER SUBJECTED TO PHYSICAL, SEXUAL OR PSYCHOLOGICAL VIOLENCE BY A CURRENT OR FORMER INTIMATE PARTNER IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS, BY FORM OF VIOLENCE AND BY AGE.

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered physical or sexual violence inflicted by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence inflicted by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months. Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered physical violence inflicted by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered psychological control violence inflicted by a current or former intimate partner in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered economic violence inflicted by current or former intimate partner in the past 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered physical violence at the hands of their current partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of their current partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered psychological control violence at the hands of their current partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered emotional psychological violence at the hands of their current partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered economic violence at the hands of their current partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

INDICATOR 5.2.2 PROPORTION OF WOMEN AND GIRLS AGED 15 YEARS AND OLDER SUBJECTED TO SEXUAL VIOLENCE BY PERSONS OTHER THAN AN INTIMATE PARTNER IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS, BY AGE AND PLACE OF OCCURRENCE.

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence outside of the context of an intimate relationship in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months in an open space. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months in an enclosed establishment. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months in a facility. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months while using transportation. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months while in communal areas / annexes of dwellings. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months while on campuses. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months in communication routes. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Number of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months in dwellings. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women and girls aged 16 years and over who have suffered sexual violence at the hands of someone who was not their partner in the last 12 months. (Source: Macro-survey on Violence against women)

Target 5.3 Eliminate all harmful practices, such as child, early and forced marriage and female genital mutilation.

INDICATOR 5.3.2 PROPORTION OF GIRLS AND WOMEN AGED 15-49 YEARS WHO HAVE UNDERGONE FEMALE GENITAL MUTILATION/CUTTING, BY AGE.

- Proportion of girls and women aged 15-49 who have undergone female genital mutilation or cutting.(Source: Crime Statistics)

Target 5.4 Recognize and value unpaid care and domestic work through the provision of public services, infrastructure and social protection policies and the promotion of shared responsibility within the household and the family as nationally appropriate.

INDICATOR 5.4.1 PROPORTION OF TIME SPENT ON UNPAID DOMESTIC AND CARE WORK, BY SEX, AGE AND LOCATION.

- Time spent in household and family care on an average day.(Source: Time Use Survey)
- Time spent in household and family care on an average day. Women. (Source: Time Use Survey)
- Time spent in household and family care on an average day. Men. (Source: Time Use Survey)

Target 5.5 Ensure women's full and effective participation and equal opportunities for leadership at all levels of decision-making in political, economic and public life.

INDICATOR 5.5.2 PROPORTION OF WOMEN IN MANAGERIAL POSITIONS.

- Proportion of women in managerial positions. (Source: Labour Force Survey).
- Proportion of women in senior management. (Source: Labour Force Survey).
- Share of female board members. (Source: Income Tax Taxpayer Statistics).

- Proportion of female entrepreneurs. (Source: Income Tax Taxpayer Statistics).

Target 5.a Undertake reforms to give women equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to ownership and control over land and other forms of property, financial services, inheritance and natural resources, in accordance with national laws.

INDICATOR 5.a.1 A) PROPORTION OF TOTAL AGRICULTURAL POPULATION WITH OWNER-SHIP OR SECURE RIGHTS OVER AGRICULTURAL LAND, BY SEX.

- Proportion of holders of agricultural holdings, with respect to total agricultural labour force. (Source: Farm structure survey)

- Share of male holders of agricultural holdings, with respect to total agricultural male labour force. (Source: Farm structure survey)

- Share of female holders of agricultural holdings, with respect to total agricultural female labour force. (Source: Farm structure survey)

INDICATOR 5.a.1 B) SHARE OF WOMEN AMONG OWNERS OR RIGHTS-BEARERS OF AGRICULTURAL LAND, BY TYPE OF TENURE.

- Share of female holders of agricultural holdings, with respect to total number of holders. (Source: Farm structure survey)

- Share of female holders who own agricultural holdings, with respect to total number of holders who own agricultural holdings. (Source: Farm structure survey)

- Share of female holders who lease agricultural holdings, with respect to total number of holders who lease agricultural holdings. (Source: Farm structure survey)

Target 5.b Enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology, to promote the empowerment of women.

INDICATOR 5.b.1 PROPORTION OF INDIVIDUALS WHO OWN A MOBILE TELEPHONE, BY SEX.

- Proportion of individuals who use the mobile for particular reasons (aged 16 to 74 years). (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households)

- Proportion of women who use the mobile for particular reasons (aged 16 to 74 years). (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households)

- Proportion of men who use the mobile for particular reasons (aged 16 to 74 years). (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households)

Goal 6. Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all.

Target 6.1 By 2030, achieve universal and equitable access to safe and affordable drinking water for all.

INDICATOR 6.1.1 PROPORTION OF POPULATION USING SAFELY MANAGED DRINKING WATER SERVICES.

- Percentage of population receiving supply with coverage from the National System of Water for Public Consumption. (Source: Quality of Water for Human Consumption)

Target 6.3 By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally.

INDICATOR 6.3.2 PROPORTION OF BODIES OF WATER WITH GOOD AMBIENT WATER QUALITY.

- Surface water rivers and lakes with good or better ecological status. (Source: Monitoring the state of surface waters)

- Surface water rivers and lakes with good chemical status. (Source: Monitoring the state of surface waters)

- Groundwater bodies with good overall status. (Source: Monitoring the state of surface waters)

Target 6.a By 2030, expand international cooperation and capacity-building support to developing countries in water- and sanitation- related activities and programmes, including water harvesting, desalination, water efficiency, wastewater treatment, recycling and reuse technologies.

INDICATOR 6.a.1 AMOUNT OF WATER- AND SANITATION-RELATED OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE THAT IS PART OF A GOVERNMENT-COORDINATED SPENDING PLAN.

- Volume of official gross development assistance for water and sanitation that forms part of a government-coordinated spending plan. Gross ODA. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Volume of official net development assistance for water and sanitation that forms part of a government-coordinated spending plan. Net ODA. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 6.b Support and strengthen the participation of local communities in improving water and sanitation management.

INDICATOR 6.b.1 PROPORTION OF LOCAL ADMINISTRATIVE UNITS WITH ESTABLISHED AND OPERATIONAL POLICIES AND PROCEDURES FOR PARTICIPATION OF LOCAL COMMUNITIES IN WATER AND SANITATION MANAGEMENT.

- Proportion of local administrative units that have established operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities in the sanitation and management of water for public consumption. (Source: Quality of Bathing Waters)

- Proportion of local administrative units that have established operational policies and procedures for participation of local communities management of water for bathing. (Source: Quality of Bathing Waters)

Goal 7. Ensure access to affordable, reliable, sustainable and modern energy for all.

Target 7.2 By 2030, increase substantially the share of renewable energy in the global energy mix.

INDICATOR 7.2.1 RENEWABLE ENERGY SHARE IN THE TOTAL FINAL ENERGY CONSUMPTION

- Renewable energy share in the gross final energy consumption. (Source: Energy Balance (Annual))

Target 7.3 By 2030, double the global rate of improvement in energy efficiency.

INDICATOR 7.3.1 ENERGY INTENSITY MEASURED IN TERMS OF PRIMARY ENERGY AND GDP

- Primary energy consumption as a proportion of GDP. (Source: Energy Balance (Annual)).

Target 7.a By 2030, enhance international cooperation to facilitate access to clean energy research and technology, including renewable energy, energy efficiency and advanced and cleaner fossil- fuel technology, and promote investment in energy infrastructure and clean energy technology.

INDICADOR 7.a.1. CORRIENTES FINANCIERAS INTERNACIONALES HACIA LOS PAÍSES EN DESARROLLO PARA APOYAR LA INVESTIGACIÓN Y EL DESARROLLO DE ENERGÍAS LIMPIAS Y LA PRODUCCIÓN DE ENERGÍA RENOVABLE, INCLUIDOS LOS SISTEMAS HÍBRIDOS.

- International financial flows to developing countries to support research and development of clean energy and the production of renewable energy, including hybrid systems. Gross ODA. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- International financial flows to developing countries to support research and development of clean energy and the production of renewable energy, including hybrid systems. Net ODA (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 8. Promote sustained, inclusive and sustainable economic growth, full and productive employment and decent work for all.

Target 8.1 Sustain per capita economic growth in accordance with national circumstances and, in particular, at least 7 per cent gross domestic product growth per annum in the least developed countries.

INDICATOR 8.1.1. ANNUAL GROWTH RATE OF REAL GDP PER CAPITA.

- Annual growth rate of real GDP per capita. (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

Target 8.2 Achieve higher levels of economic productivity through diversification, technological upgrading and innovation, including through a focus on high- value-added and labour- intensive sectors.

INDICATOR 8.2.1. ANNUAL GROWTH RATE OF REAL GDP PER EMPLOYED PERSON.

- Productivity per employed people (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

Target 8.4 Improve progressively, through 2030, global resource efficiency in consumption and production and endeavour to decouple economic growth from environmental degradation, in accordance with the 10-year framework of programmes on sustainable consumption and production, with developed countries taking the lead.

INDICATOR 8.4.2. DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION, DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA, AND DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION PER GDP.

- Domestic material consumption.(Source: Material flow account)

- Material consumption per GDP.(Source: Material flow account)

- Material consumption per capita.(Source: Material flow account)

Target 8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.

INDICATOR 8.5.1. AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS OF FEMALE AND MALE EMPLOYEES, BY OC-CUPATION, AGE AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

- Average hourly earnings of female employees. (Source: Structure of Earnings Survey)

- Average hourly earnings of male employees. (Source: Structure of Earnings Survey)

- Average hourly earnings of persons with disabilities. (Source: Wages Statistics of Disable People Statistics)

- Average hourly earnings of persons without disabilities. (Source: Wages Statistics of Disable People Statistics)

INDICATOR 8.5.2. UNEMPLOYMENT RATE, BY SEX, AGE AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

- Unemployment rate of women. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Unemployment rate of men. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

- Unemployment rate of persons with disabilities. (Source: Employment statistics of disabled people)

- Unemployment rate of persons without disabilities. (Source: Employment statistics of disabled people)

Target 8.6 By 2020, substantially reduce the proportion of youth not in employment, education or training.

INDICATOR 8.6.1. PROPORTION OF YOUTH (AGED 15 - 24 YEARS) NOT IN EDUCATION, EM-PLOYMENT OR TRAINING.

- Proportion of young people aged 15 to 24 years not in education, employment or training. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

Target 8.8 Protect labour rights and promote safe and secure working environments for all workers, including migrant workers, in particular women migrants, and those in precarious employment.

INDICATOR 8.8.1 FREQUENCY RATES OF FATAL AND NON-FATAL OCCUPATIONAL INJURIES, BY SEX AND MIGRANT STATUS.

- Fatal accident rate. (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

- Fatal accident rate (men). (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

- Fatal accident rate (women). (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

- Non-fatal accident rate. (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

- Non-fatal accident rate (men). (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

- Non-fatal accident rate (women). (Source: Statistics on Accidents at Work)

Target 8.9 By 2030, devise and implement policies to promote sustainable tourism that creates jobs and promotes local culture and products.

INDICATOR 8.9.1. TOURISM DIRECT GDP AS A PROPORTION OF TOTAL GDP AND IN GROWTH RATE.

- GDP growth rate generated by tourism. (Source: Spanish Tourism Satellite Account. Base 2010)

- GDP generated by tourism as a proportion of total GDP. (Source: Spanish Tourism Satellite Account. Base 2010)

INDICATOR 8.9.2. PROPORTION OF JOBS IN SUSTAINABLE TOURISM INDUSTRIES OUT OF TOTAL TOURISM JOBS.

- Proportion of jobs in sustainable tourism industries out of total tourism job. (Source: Labour Force Survey).

Target 8.10 Strengthen the capacity of domestic financial institutions to encourage and expand access to banking, insurance and financial services for all.

TARGET 8.10 STRENGTHEN THE CAPACITY OF DOMESTIC FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS TO EN-
COURAGE AND EXPAND ACCESS TO BANKING, INSURANCE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES
FOR ALL.

- Proportion of adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other
financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider. (Source: Financial
Competencies Survey)

Target 8.a Increase Aid for Trade support for developing countries, in particular least developed countries, including through the Enhanced Integrated Framework for Trade-Related Technical Assistance to Least Developed Countries.

INDICATOR 8.a.1 AID FOR TRADE COMMITMENTS AND DISBURSEMENTS

- Aid for trade commitments and disbursements related with the initiative "Aid
for Trade". (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 8.b By 2020, develop and operationalize a global strategy for youth employment and implement the Global Jobs Pact of the International Labour Organization.

INDICATOR 8.b.1 EXISTENCE OF A DEVELOPED AND OPERATIONALIZED NATIONAL STRAT-
EGY FOR YOUTH EMPLOYMENT, AS A DISTINCT STRATEGY OR AS PART OF A NA-
TIONAL EMPLOYMENT STRATEGY.

- Total government expenditure in social protection and employment pro-
grammes as a proportion of the national budgets. (Source: Statistics of State Budgets
Liquidation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations)

- Total government expenditure in social protection and employment pro-
grammes as a proportion of GDP. (Source: Statistics of State Budgets Liquidation and
of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations)

- Total government expenditure in pensions (Source: Statistics of State Budgets Liqui-
dation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations)

- Total government expenditure in other economic benefits (Source: Statistics of
State Budgets Liquidation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations)

- Total government expenditure in social services and social promotion (Source:
Statistics of State Budgets Liquidation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Founda-
tions)

- Total government expenditure in promoting employment (Source: Statistics of
State Budgets Liquidation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations).

- Total government expenditure in unemployment (Source: Statistics of State Budgets Liquidation and of its Public Organizations, Companies and Foundations)

Goal 9. Build resilient infrastructure, promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and foster innovation.

Target 9.2 Promote inclusive and sustainable industrialization and, by 2030, significantly raise industry's share of employment and gross domestic product, in line with national circumstances, and double its share in least developed countries.

INDICATOR 9.2.1. MANUFACTURING VALUE ADDED AS A PROPORTION OF GDP AND PER CAPITA.

- Manufacturing value added per capita. (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

- Manufacturing value added as a proportion of GDP. (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

INDICATOR 9.2.2. MANUFACTURING EMPLOYMENT AS A PROPORTION OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT.

- Percentage of employed in manufacturing. (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

- Manufacturing employment as a proportion of total employment. (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

Target 9.3 Increase the access of small- scale industrial and other enterprises, in particular in developing countries, to financial services, including affordable credit, and their integration into value chains and markets.

INDICATOR 9.3.1. PROPORTION OF SMALL-SCALE INDUSTRIES IN TOTAL INDUSTRY VALUE ADDED.

- Proportion of small-scale industries in total industry value added. (Source: Structural Business Statistics: Industrial Sector)

Target 9.4 By 2030, upgrade infrastructure and retrofit industries to make them sustainable, with increased resource- use efficiency and greater

adoption of clean and environmentally sound technologies and industrial processes, with all countries taking action in accordance with their respective capabilities.

INDICATOR 9.4.1 CO2 EMISSION PER UNIT OF VALUE ADDED

- CO2 emissions by resident units per unit of GDP. (Source: Air pollution statistics - emission inventories)

- CO2 emissions by resident units per unit of value added. Manufacturing sector) (Source: Air pollution statistics - emission inventories)

- Green House Gas emissions relative to 1990 (index 1990=100) (Source: Air pollution statistics - emission inventories)

- Green House Gas emissions relative to 2005 (index 2005=100). (Source: Air pollution statistics - emission inventories)

Target 9.5 Enhance scientific research, upgrade the technological capabilities of industrial sectors in all countries, in particular developing countries, including, by 2030, encouraging innovation and substantially increasing the number of research and development workers per 1 million people and public and private research and development spending.

INDICATOR 9.5.1. RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT EXPENDITURE AS A PROPORTION OF GDP

- Research and development expenditure as a proportion of GDP. (Source: Statistics on R&D Activities in the Public Administration Sector)

INDICATOR 9.5.2 RESEARCHERS (IN FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT) PER MILLION INHABITANTS.

- Researchers (in full-time equivalent) per million inhabitants. (Source: Statistics on R&D Activities in the Public Administration Sector)

Target 9.a Facilitate sustainable and resilient infrastructure development in developing countries through enhanced financial, technological and technical support to African countries, least developed countries, landlocked developing countries and small island developing States.

INDICATOR 9.a.1 TOTAL OFFICIAL INTERNATIONAL SUPPORT (OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE PLUS OTHER OFFICIAL FLOWS) TO INFRASTRUCTURE.

- Gross official development assistance for infrastructure. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Net oficial development assistance for infrastructure. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain). (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 10. Reduce inequality within and among countries.

Target 10.1 By 2030, progressively achieve and sustain income growth of the bottom 40 per cent of the population at a rate higher than the national average.

INDICATOR 10.1.1. GROWTH RATES OF HOUSEHOLD EXPENDITURE OR INCOME PER CAPITA AMONG THE BOTTOM 40 PER CENT OF THE POPULATION AND THE TOTAL POPULATION.

- Growth rates of household income per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population. (Source: Household Budget Survey)

- Growth rates of household expenditure per capita of the total population (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

- Growth rates of household expenditure per capita among the bottom 40 per cent of the population). (Source: Household Budget Survey)

- Growth rates of household income per capita of the total population (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 10.2 By 2030, empower and promote the social, economic and political inclusion of all, irrespective of age, sex, disability, race, ethnicity, origin, religion or economic or other status.

INDICATOR 10.2.1. PROPORTION OF PEOPLE LIVING BELOW 50 PER CENT OF MEDIAN INCOME, BY SEX, AGE AND PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES.

- Proportion of people living below 50 percent of median income. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 10.3 Ensure equal opportunity and reduce inequalities of outcome, including by eliminating discriminatory laws, policies and practices and promoting appropriate legislation, policies and action in this regard.

INDICATOR 10.3.1 PROPORTION OF POPULATION REPORTING HAVING PERSONALLY FELT DISCRIMINATED AGAINST OR HARASSED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS ON THE BASIS

OF A GROUND OF DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED UNDER INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW.

- Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of men reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law. (Source: Crime Statistics)

Target 10.4 Adopt policies, especially fiscal, wage and social protection policies, and progressively achieve greater equality.

INDICATOR 10.4.1. LABOUR SHARE OF GDP.

- Labour share of GDP, comprising wages and social protection transfers.(Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain: Main Aggregates)

Target 10.b Encourage official development assistance and financial flows, including foreign direct investment, to States where the need is greatest, in particular least developed countries, African countries, small island developing States and landlocked developing countries, in accordance with their national plans and programmes.

INDICATOR 10.b.1 TOTAL RESOURCE FLOWS FOR DEVELOPMENT, BY RECIPIENT AND DO-NOR COUNTRIES AND TYPE OF FLOW (E.G. OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE, FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT AND OTHER FLOWS).

- Official Gross Total Development Assistance (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Official Net Total Development Assistance. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 11. Make cities and human settlements inclusive, safe, resilient and sustainable.

Target 11.1 By 2030, ensure access for all to adequate, safe and affordable housing and basic services and upgrade slums.

INDICATOR 11.1.1 PROPORTION OF URBAN POPULATION LIVING IN SLUMS, INFORMAL SETTLEMENTS OR INADEQUATE HOUSING.

- Population living in households that suffer certain problems in the dwelling. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

- Population suffering an excessive level of housing expenditure. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 11.5 By 2030, significantly reduce the number of deaths and the number of people affected and substantially decrease the direct economic losses relative to global gross domestic product caused by disasters, including water-related disasters, with a focus on protecting the poor and people in vulnerable situations.

INDICATOR 11.5.1 NUMBER OF DEATHS, MISSING PERSONS AND DIRECTLY AFFECTED PERSONS ATTRIBUTED TO DISASTERS PER 100,000 POPULATION.

- Number of dead people directly attributed to disasters per 100,000 population (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 11.6 By 2030, reduce the adverse per capita environmental impact of cities, including by paying special attention to air quality and municipal and other waste management.

INDICATOR 11.6.1. PROPORTION OF URBAN SOLID WASTE REGULARLY COLLECTED AND WITH ADEQUATE FINAL DISCHARGE OUT OF TOTAL URBAN SOLID WASTE GENERATED, BY CITIES.

- Urban waste generated per capita (Source: Waste collection and treatment Statistics)

- Proportion of incinerated urban waste. (Source: Waste collection and treatment Statistics)

- Proportion of discharged urban waste. (Source: Waste collection and treatment Statistics)

- Proportion of recycled urban waste. (Source: Waste collection and treatment Statistics)

Target 11.c Support least developed countries, including through financial and technical assistance, in building sustainable and resilient buildings utilizing local materials.

INDICATOR 11.C.1 PROPORTION OF FINANCIAL SUPPORT TO THE LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES THAT IS ALLOCATED TO THE CONSTRUCTION AND RETROFITTING OF SUSTAINABLE, RESILIENT AND RESOURCE-EFFICIENT BUILDINGS UTILIZING LOCAL MATERIALS.

- Gross Official Development Aid for home construction or refurbishment. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 12. Ensure sustainable consumption and production patterns.

Target 12.2 By 2030, achieve the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources.

INDICATOR 12.2.2. DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION, DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION PER CAPITA, AND DOMESTIC MATERIAL CONSUMPTION PER GDP.

- Domestic material consumption. (Source: Material Flow Account)

- Material consumption per GDP. (Source: Material Flow Account)

- Material consumption per capita. (Source: Material Flow Account)

Target 12.4 By 2020, achieve the environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle, in accordance with agreed international frameworks, and significantly reduce their release to air, water and soil in order to minimize their adverse impacts on human health and the environment.

INDICATOR 12.4.2. HAZARDOUS WASTE GENERATED PER CAPITA AND PROPORTION OF HAZARDOUS WASTE TREATED, BY TYPE OF TREATMENT.

- Total hazardous waste generated in the economy per capita. (Source: Environmental accounts: Waste account)

- Proportion of recycled hazardous waste. (Source: Environmental accounts: Waste account)

- Proportion of hazardous waste treated by backfilling operations. (Source: Environmental accounts: Waste account)

- Proportion of incinerated hazardous waste. (Source: Environmental accounts: Waste account)

- Proportion of discharged hazardous waste. (Source: Environmental accounts: Waste account)

Target 12.5 By 2030, substantially reduce waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse.

INDICATOR 12.5.1 NATIONAL RECYCLING RATE, TONS OF MATERIAL RECYCLED.

- National recycling rate, tons of material recycled (Source: Waste collection and treatment Statistics)

Target 12.a Support developing countries to strengthen their scientific and technological capacity to move towards more sustainable patterns of consumption and production.

INDICATOR 12.a.1 AMOUNT OF SUPPORT TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES ON RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT FOR SUSTAINABLE CONSUMPTION AND PRODUCTION AND ENVIRONMENTALLY SOUND TECHNOLOGIES.

- Gross amount of research and development aid provided to developing countries for sustainable consumption and production and environmentally sound technologies (euros). (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 13. Take urgent action to combat climate change and its impacts (Acknowledging that the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change is the primary international, intergovernmental forum for negotiating the global response to climate change.

Target 13.1 Strengthen resilience and adaptive capacity to climate-related hazards and natural disasters in all countries.

INDICATOR 13.1.1 NUMBER OF DEATHS, MISSING PERSONS AND DIRECTLY AFFECTED PERSONS ATTRIBUTED TO DISASTERS PER 100,000 POPULATION

- Number of dead people directly attributed to disasters per 100,000 population. (Source: Death Statistics according to cause of death).

Target 13.2 Integrate climate change measures into national policies, strategies and planning.

INDICATOR 13.2.1 NUMBER OF COUNTRIES THAT HAVE COMMUNICATED THE ESTABLISHMENT OR OPERATIONALIZATION OF AN INTEGRATED POLICY/STRATEGY/PLAN WHICH INCREASES THEIR ABILITY TO ADAPT TO THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE, AND FOSTER CLIMATE RESILIENCE AND LOW GREENHOUSE GAS EMISSIONS DEVELOPMENT IN A MANNER THAT DOES NOT THREATEN FOOD PRODUCTION (INCLUDING A NATIONAL ADAPTATION PLAN, NATIONALLY DETERMINED CONTRIBUTION, NATIONAL COMMUNICATION, BIENNIAL UPDATE REPORT OR OTHER).

- Greenhouse gas emissions per capita. (Source: Air emissions accounts)

- Greenhouse gas emissions per GDP. (Source: Air emissions accounts)

Goal 14. Conserve and sustainably use the oceans, seas and marine resources for sustainable development.

Target 14.5 By 2020, conserve at least 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas, consistent with national and international law and based on the best available scientific information.

INDICATOR 14.5.1 COVERAGE OF PROTECTED AREAS IN RELATION TO MARINE AREAS.

- Marine protected area (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

Goal 15. Protect, restore and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss.

Target 15.1 By 2020, ensure the conservation, restoration and sustainable use of terrestrial and inland freshwater ecosystems and their services, in particular forests, wetlands, mountains and drylands, in line with obligations under international agreements.

INDICATOR 15.1.1 FOREST AREA AS A PROPORTION OF TOTAL LAND AREA.

- Forest area in proportion to total area. (Source: National Forest Inventory)

INDICATOR 15.1.2 PROPORTION OF IMPORTANT SITES FOR TERRESTRIAL AND FRESHWATER BIODIVERSITY THAT ARE COVERED BY PROTECTED AREAS, BY ECOSYSTEM TYPE.

- Proportion of sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, on farmland. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Proportion of important sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in forests. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)
- Proportion of sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in pastures. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Proportion of sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in other types of lands. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)
- Proportion of sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in settlements. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)
- Proportion of sites that are important for terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in wetlands (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

Target 15.2 By 2020, promote the implementation of sustainable management of all types of forests, halt deforestation, restore degraded forests and substantially increase afforestation and reforestation globally.

INDICATOR 15.2.1 PROGRESS TOWARDS SUSTAINABLE FOREST MANAGEMENT.

- Forest area with a sustainable forest management planning instrument in force, in hectares. (Source: Sustainable Forest management Statistics)

- Forest area with a sustainable forest management planning instrument in force, as %. (Source: Sustainable Forest management Statistics)

Target 15.4 By 2030, ensure the conservation of mountain ecosystems, including their biodiversity, in order to enhance their capacity to provide benefits that are essential for sustainable development.

INDICATOR 15.4.1 COVERAGE BY PROTECTED AREAS OF IMPORTANT SITES FOR MOUNTAIN BIODIVERSITY

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, farmland. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in forests. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in pastures. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in other types of land. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in settlements. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

- Places important for mountain biodiversity that are covered by protected areas, in wetlands. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

INDICATOR 15.4.2. MOUNTAIN GREEN COVER INDEX.

- Mountain Green Cover Index. (Source: Natural or Interest Spaces)

Target 15.5 Take urgent and significant action to reduce the degradation of natural habitats, halt the loss of biodiversity and, by 2020, protect and prevent the extinction of threatened species.

INDICATOR 15.5.1 RED LIST INDEX

- Red List Index (total). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (amphibians) (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (birds) (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (invertebrates). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (mammals). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (fish). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (non-vascular flora). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (vascular flora) (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

- Red List Index (reptiles). (Source: Wildlife Diversity Statistics)

Target 15.a Mobilize and significantly increase financial resources from all sources to conserve and sustainably use biodiversity and ecosystems.

INDICADOR 15.a.1 OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE AND PUBLIC EXPENDITURE ON CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEMS.

- Official development assistance and public spending for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 15.b Mobilize significant resources from all sources and at all levels to finance sustainable forest management and provide adequate incentives to developing countries to advance such management, including for conservation and reforestation.

INDICATOR 15.b.1 OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE AND PUBLIC EXPENDITURE ON CONSERVATION AND SUSTAINABLE USE OF BIODIVERSITY AND ECOSYSTEMS.

- Official development assistance and public spending for the conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystems. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Goal 16. Promote peaceful and inclusive societies for sustainable development, provide access to justice for all and build effective, accountable and inclusive institutions at all levels.

Target 16.1 Significantly reduce all forms of violence and related death rates everywhere

INDICATOR 16.1.1. NUMBER OF VICTIMS OF INTENTIONAL HOMICIDE PER 100,000 POPULATION, BY SEX AND AGE.

- Total number of victims of intentional homicides or completed murders per 100,000 population. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Total number of female victims of intentional homicides or completed murders per 100,000 population. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Total number of male victims of intentional homicides or completed murders per 100,000 population. (Source: Crime Statistics)

INDICATOR 16.1.3 PROPORTION OF POPULATION SUBJECTED TO (A) PHYSICAL VIOLENCE, (B) PSYCHOLOGICAL VIOLENCE AND (C) SEXUAL VIOLENCE IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS.

- Proportion of population subjected to physical violence, psychological violence and sexual in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women subjected to physical violence, psychological violence and sexual in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of men subjected to physical violence, psychological violence and sexual in the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

INDICATOR 16.1.4 PROPORTION OF POPULATION THAT FEEL SAFE WALKING ALONE AROUND THE AREA THEY LIVE

- Proportion of population that feels safe walking alone around the area they live. (Source: European Statistics on Income and Living Conditions).

Target 16.2 End abuse, exploitation, trafficking and all forms of violence against and torture of children

INDICATOR 16.2.1. PROPORTION OF CHILDREN AGED 1–17YEARS WHO EXPERIENCED ANY PHYSICAL PUNISHMENT AND/OR PSYCHOLOGICAL AGGRESSION BY CAREGIVERS IN THE PAST MONTH.

- Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month. (Source: Crime Statistics).

- Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month. (Source: Crime Statistics).

- Proportion of children aged 1-17 years who experienced any physical punishment and/or psychological aggression by caregivers in the past month. Female. (Source: Crime Statistics).

INDICATOR 16.2.3. PROPORTION OF YOUNG WOMEN AND MEN AGED 18–29YEARS WHO EXPERIENCED SEXUAL VIOLENCE BY AGE18.

- Proportion of young women and men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18. (Source: Crime Statistics).

- Proportion of young women aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18. (Source: Crime Statistics).

- Proportion of young men aged 18-29 years who experienced sexual violence by age 18. (Source: Crime Statistics).

Target 16.3. Promote the rule of law at the national and international levels and ensure equal access to justice for all.

INDICATOR 16.3.2 UNSENTENCED DETAINEES AS A PROPORTION OF OVERALL PRISON POPULATION

- Unsentenced detainees as a proportion of overall prison population (Source: General Statistics of the Inmate Population. Monthly frequency)

Target 16.5 Substantially reduce corruption and bribery in all their forms.

INDICATOR 16.5.1. PROPORTION OF PERSONS WHO HAD AT LEAST ONE CONTACT WITH A PUBLIC OFFICIAL AND WHO PAID A BRIBE TO A PUBLIC OFFICIAL, OR WERE ASKED FOR A BRIBE BY THOSE PUBLIC OFFICIALS, DURING THE PREVIOUS 12MONTHS.

- Proportion of persons who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months (Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of men who had at least one contact with a public official and who paid a bribe to a public official, or were asked for a bribe by those public officials, during the previous 12 months. (Source: Crime Statistics)

Target 16.7. Ensure responsive, inclusive, participatory and representative decision-making at all levels.

INDICATOR 16.7.1 PROPORTIONS OF POSITIONS IN NATIONAL AND LOCAL INSTITUTIONS, INCLUDING (A) THE LEGISLATURES; (B) THE PUBLIC SERVICE; AND (C) THE JUDICIARY, COMPARED TO NATIONAL DISTRIBUTIONS, BY SEX, AGE, PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES AND POPULATION GROUPS.

- Proportion of positions in Public Sector compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations).

- Proportion of positions in General Government Administration compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations).

- Proportion of positions in State Security Force and Bodies compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations

- Proportion of positions in Armed Forces compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in Justice Administration compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in Public Health Emergency Enterprises and Public Bodies compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in Regional Administration compared to national distribution (Source: Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations).

- Proportion of positions in Regional Councils and their Autonomous Organisations compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations

- Proportion of positions in non-university teaching compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in public health institutions compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportions of positions in the Administration of Justice compared to the national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportions of positions in the Security Forces compared to the national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in Local Administration compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in City Councils and other local entities compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations)

- Proportion of positions in Provincial Governments, Insular Councils and their Autonomous Organisations compared to national distribution. (Source: Central Personnel Registry. Statistical Bulletin of the Staff at the Service of Public Administrations).

Target 16.b Promote and enforce non-discriminatory laws and policies for sustainable development.

INDICATOR 16.b.1 PROPORTION OF POPULATION REPORTING HAVING PERSONALLY FELT DISCRIMINATED AGAINST OR HARASSED IN THE PREVIOUS 12 MONTHS ON THE BASIS OF A GROUND OF DISCRIMINATION PROHIBITED UNDER INTERNATIONAL HUMAN RIGHTS LAW.

- Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law.(Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of women reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law.(Source: Crime Statistics)

- Proportion of men reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law.(Source: Crime Statistics).

Goal 17. Strengthen the means of implementation and revitalize the global partnership for sustainable development.

Target 17.1 Strengthen domestic resource mobilization, including through international support to developing countries, to improve domestic capacity for tax and other revenue collection.

INDICATOR 17.1.1. TOTAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE AS A PROPORTION OF GDP, BY SOURCE.

- Total revenue of Public Administrations as a proportion of GDP, by source). (Source: Annual National Accounts of Spain. Main Aggregates).

TARGET 17.2 DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO IMPLEMENT FULLY THEIR OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE COMMITMENTS, INCLUDING THE COMMITMENT BY MANY DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO ACHIEVE THE TARGET OF 0.7 PER CENT OF GROSS NATIONAL INCOME FOR OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE (ODA/GNI) TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES AND 0.15 TO 0.20 PER CENT OF ODA/GNI TO LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES; ODA PROVIDERS ARE ENCOURAGED TO CONSIDER SETTING A TARGET TO PROVIDE AT LEAST 0.20 PER CENT OF ODA/GNI TO LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

- Proportion of nonfinancial domestic budget funded by taxes (Source: Statistics on the liquidation of the state budgets and of its public organizations, companies and foundations)

- Proportion of (total) domestic budget funded by taxes (Source: Statistics on the liquidation of the state budgets and of its public organizations, companies and foundations).

Target 17.2 Developed countries to implement fully their official development assistance commitments, including the commitment by many developed countries to achieve the target of 0.7 per cent of gross national income for official development assistance (ODA/GNI) to developing countries and 0.15 to 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries; ODA providers are encouraged to consider setting a target to provide at least 0.20 per cent of ODA/GNI to least developed countries.

17.2.1 NET OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE, TOTAL AND TO LEAST DEVELOPED COUNTRIES, AS A PROPORTION OF THE ORGANIZATION FOR ECONOMIC COOPERATION AND DEVELOPMENT (OECD) DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE COMMITTEE DONORS' GROSS NATIONAL INCOME (GNI).

- Net official development assistance to least developed countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Gross official development assistance to least developed countries of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

- Total official development assistance and to least developed countries, as a proportion of the donors' gross national income (GNI) of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) Development Assistance Committee. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 17.3 Mobilize additional financial resources for developing countries from multiple sources.

INDICATOR 17.3.1 FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT, OFFICIAL DEVELOPMENT ASSISTANCE AND SOUTH-SOUTH COOPERATION AS A PROPORTION OF GROSS NATIONAL INCOME.

- Foreign direct investment (FDI), official development assistance and South-South cooperation as a proportion of total domestic Budget.(Source: Balance of Payments, International Trade in Services and Foreign Direct Investments, International Investment Position, External Debt and International Reserves and Liquidity in Foreign Currency).

INDICATOR 17.3.2 VOLUME OF REMITTANCES (IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS) AS A PROPORTION OF TOTAL GDP.

- Volume of remittances as a proportion of total GDP. (Source: Balance of Payments, International Trade in Services and Foreign Direct Investments, International Investment Position, External Debt and International Reserves and Liquidity in Foreign Currency).

- Volume of remittances (Source: Balance of Payments, International Trade in Services and Foreign Direct Investments, International Investment Position, External Debt and International Reserves and Liquidity in Foreign Currency).

Target 17.8 Fully operationalize the technology bank and science, technology and innovation capacity-building mechanism for least developed countries by 2017 and enhance the use of enabling technology, in particular information and communications technology.

INDICATOR 17.8.1PROPORTION OF INDIVIDUALS USING THE INTERNET.

- Proportion of people who use the Internet in the last three months (before the survey) (Source: Survey on Equipment and Use of Information and Communication Technologies in Households).

Target 17.9. Enhance international support for implementing effective and targeted capacity-building in developing countries to support national plans to implement all the Sustainable Development Goals, including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation.

INDICATOR 17.9.1 DOLLAR VALUE OF FINANCIAL AND TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE (INCLUDING THROUGH NORTH-SOUTH, SOUTH-SOUTH AND TRIANGULAR COOPERATION) COMMITTED TO DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

- Euro value of financial and technical assistance (including through North-South, South-South and triangular cooperation) committed to developing countries. (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 17.17 Fomentar y promover la constitución de alianzas eficaces en las esferas pública, público-privada y de la sociedad civil, aprovechando la experiencia y las estrategias de obtención de recursos de las alianzas.

INDICATOR 17.17.1. AMOUNT IN UNITED STATES DOLLARS COMMITTED TO PUBLIC-PRIVATE PARTNERSHIPS FOR INFRASTRUCTURE.

- ODA contributions assigned according to the agents of each project (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).

Target 17.19 By 2030, build on existing initiatives to develop measurements of progress on sustainable development that complement gross domestic product, and support statistical capacity-building in developing countries.

INDICATOR 17.19.1 DOLLAR VALUE OF ALL RESOURCES MADE AVAILABLE TO STRENGTHEN STATISTICAL CAPACITY IN DEVELOPING COUNTRIES.

- Gross ODA made available to strengthen statistical capacity in developing countries (Source: Official Development Assistance (ODA) of Spain).