

Press Release

20 October 2009

#### **Collection and Treatment of Waste Survey. 2007**

# 28.2 million tonnes of urban waste are collected in 2007, that is, 0.7% less than in 2006<sup>1</sup>

## Hazardous waste treatment reaches 3.2 million tonnes, 5.8% more than in the previous year

#### Urban waste collection

Urban waste management companies collected 28.2 million tonnes of waste in 2007, 0.7% less than the previous year. Of this amount, 21.3 million tonnes were mixed waste<sup>2</sup> and 6.3 million tonnes were selective collection<sup>3</sup>.

In per capita terms, **493 kilograms of mixed urban waste were collected per person and per year in Spain**<sup>4</sup>.

Concerning urban waste originating from selective collection, 25.3 kg of paper and cardboard (17.1% more than in 2006) and 14 kg of glass (13.3% more) were collected per person per year.

By **Autonomous Community**, Illes Balears registered the highest per capita value of mixed waste (626 kg per person per year). At the other end of the spectrum were Castilla y León (with 429 kg) and Galicia (with 422 kg).

In selective collection of paper and cardboard, the highest values were recorded for Illes Balears (65 kg) and Comunidad Foral de Navarra (40.4 kg).

Concerning glass, Comunidad Foral de Navarra (23 kg), País Vasco (22.8 kg) and Cataluña (21.4 kg) registered the highest values.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this document, sludge has been regarded as dry matter, in terms of both total data and percentages.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Mixed waste: defined as household waste and goods generated in private homes, businesses, offices and services, or in cleaning public highways.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> **Selectively collected waste**: these result from a collection system that uses different methods for collecting fermentable organic materials and recyclable materials, as well as any other system that uses different methods to separate the recoverable materials contained in waste. Not including waste recovered in triage and sorting plants.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> In the per capita indices, the population now cast published by the INE is used. The link containing indicators calculated with regard to the populations recorded in the municipal register is available online at www.ine.es

	Mixed waste	Paper and cardboard	Glass	Mixed packaging
Spain	493	25.3	14	18.2
Andalucía	497.3	16.2	8.9	14.2
Aragón	506.7	22.2	14.7	11.1
Asturias (Principado de)	482.4	32.2	13.1	8.6
Balears (Illes)	625.9	65.1	19	18.1
Canarias	496.8	40.4	10.2	7.1
Cantabria	543.1	19.4	18	12.5
Castilla y León	429.2	20.8	14.2	31.8
Castilla-La Mancha	499	15.4	9.5	8.8
Cataluña	468.1	33.1	21.4	11.6
Comunitat Valenciana	482.2	23.2	14	16.6
Extremadura	453	14.6	7.7	23.8
Galicia	421.7	18.1	13.8	12.8
Madrid (Comunidad de)	550.9	24.8	11.1	32.3
Murcia (Región de)	523.7	10.4	11.9	17.6
Navarra (C. Foral de)	512.2	43.6	23	25.9
País Vasco	487.9	41.1	22.8	33.2
Rioja (La)	488.4	30.9	19.9	23.5
Ceuta y Melilla	562	2.3	1.1	28.5

#### Collection of urban waste per capita by Autonomous Community. Ye

#### Destination of urban waste

Where urban waste treatment systems are concerned, 7.5% of the total mixed waste managed went for recycling. This figure is in contrast to that relating to the treatment of waste collected by selective systems, for which recycling reached 52.3% of the total.

#### Percentage of urban waste by destination. Year 2007

	Recycling	Composting	Incinerados	Disposal
Mixed waste	7.5	17.9	9.7	64.9
selectively collected waste *	52.3	28.6	3.2	15.9

(\*) Treatment of common sludge and Construction and demolition wastes is not included

#### **Treatment of waste**

Waste treatment companies, handling waste of both urban and non-urban origin, managed 64.4 million tonnes of non-dangerous waste and 3.2 million tonnes of dangerous waste in 2007.

Of the total non-dangerous waste of non-urban origin, 51.6% was recycled, 45.4% was dumped and 2.9 % was incinerated.

## Non-dangerous waste. Percentage by type of treatment. Year 2007.

	Recycling	Disposal	Incineration
Total managed	51.7	45.4	2.9
Chemical waste (except industrial			
effluent sludge)	86.4	12	1.6
Medical and biological waste	65.2	28.2	6.6
Waste metal	81.8	18.2	0
Glass waste	97.8	2.2	0
Waste plastic	99.3	0.3	0.4
Paper and cardboard waste	72.7	27.3	0
Wooden waste	99.5	0.4	0.1
Textile waste	86.7	12.6	0.7
Discarded vehicles and equipment	99.5	0.5	0
Animal and plant waste	99.1	0.9	0
Mixed waste	19.3	72	8.7
Common sludge Solidified, stabilised or vitrified	77.9	9.5	12.5
waste	73.8	26.2	0

Regarding dangerous waste managed in 2007, 64.6% was sent for recycling, 31.1% for disposal and 4.3% for incineration in 2007.

### Dangerous waste. Percentage by treatment type. Year 2007.

	Recycling	Disposal	Incineration
Total managed	64.6	31.1	4.3
Waste used oils Chemical waste (except	98.8	0.5	0.7
industrial effluent sludge)	59.3	30	10.7
Waste metal Discarded vehicles and	98.4	1.6	0
equipment	99.4	0.6	0

For further information see INEbase-www.ine.es/en/welcome\_en.htm All press releases at: www.ine.es/en/prensa/prensa\_en.htm

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