

7 July 2021

Working Life of People with Disabilities (WLPD)¹ Year 2019

Main results

- In 2019, 9.9% (in absolute terms) of persons who were in some way associated with Social Security had an officially recognized disability.
- A total of 20.0% of them (626,300), were registered for work at some point during the year. This percentage was 55.8 points lower than that recorded for the non-disabled population. Among persons with disabilities who were registered, there was a higher percentage of men and those over 45 years of age than for persons without disabilities, as well as a predominance of persons with a lower degree of disability.
- Persons with disabilities who were registered for employment registered an average of 1.76 times, compared to 2.12 of those who did not have a disability.
- In 2019, 31.1% of employment affiliations for persons with disabilities were permanent contracts, compared to 27.2% for persons without disabilities.
- For 85.9% of persons with disabilities who had a relationship with Social Security in 2019, the relationship consisted of being a pensioner at some point in the year. This percentage was 22.8% in the population without disabilities.
- Age of fist employment registration for persons with disabilities was 20.8 years, 1.1 years younger than those without disabilities.

Characteristics of persons affiliated with Social Security

Of the total number of persons aged 16 or over (31,658,600) who had some type of relationship with Social Security in 2019, 3,129,000 (9.9% of the total) had a disability.

For 77.5%, this relationship consisted solely of receiving a pension, compared to 20.6% of persons without disabilities.

A total of 316,800 persons with disabilities (10.1%) were affiliated with Social Security exclusively because they were registered for work at least one day during the year, compared to 61.2% in the case of persons without disabilities.

For the remaining 12.4% of persons with disabilities who had some type of relationship with Social Security in 2019, this involvement took various forms: receipt of unemployment, pensioner and work registration benefits, unemployment and release, etc.

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¹ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013). The PLPD is obtained by crossing the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life with the State Database of Persons with Disabilities (SDPD) frp, the IMSERSO (see the methodological note on page 10 for more information on how the PLPD is elaborated)

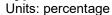


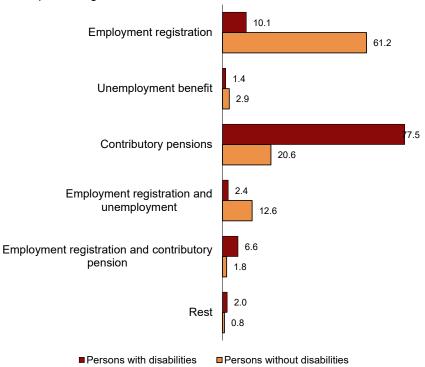
Type of relationship with Social Security. Year 2019

Units: thousands of persons and percentage

	Total		Persons withou	Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	31,658.6	100.0	28,529.6	100.0	3,129.0	100.0	
Employment registration	17,790.9	56.2	17,474.2	61.2	316.8	10.1	
Unemployment benefit	863.6	2.7	820.2	2.9	43.4	1.4	
Contributory pensions	8,310.4	26.3	5,886.7	20.6	2,423.7	77.5	
Employment registration and unemployment	3,678.4	11.6	3,602.0	12.6	76.4	2.4	
Employment registration and contributory pension	720.0	2.3	512.8	1.8	207.2	6.6	
Rest	295.2	0.9	233.7	0.8	61.5	2.0	

Type of relationship with Social Security. Year 2019





Evolution of persons who had some type of relationship with Social Security

The total population with some type of relationship in Social Security increased by 523,000 persons (1.7%) compared to 2018; variation was 23,500 persons (0.8%) among those with disabilities.

In the case of registered affiliates with disabilities, the increase was 5,100 persons (0.8%), while among those without disabilities it was 426,600 (2.0%).

Finally, in 2019, pensioners with disabilities grew by 23,700 (0.9%). In the case of persons without disabilities, this figure was 62,900 (1.0%).

Evolution of persons with some type of relationship with Social Security

Units: thousands of people.

	2016	2017	2018	2019
TOTAL				
Total	30,136.7	30,637.5	31,135.6	31,658.6
Persons without disabilities	27,137.5	27,595.2	28,030.1	28,529.6
Persons with disabilities	2,999.2	3,042.3	3,105.5	3,129.0
AFIILIATED TO SOCIAL SECURITY				
Total	20,739.1	21,314.8	21,833.4	22,265.2
Persons without disabilities	20,189.9	20,733.1	21,212.3	21,638.9
Persons with disabilities	549.2	581.7	621.2	626.3
PENSIONER OF SOCIAL SECURITY	Υ			
Total	8,916.7	8,990.4	9,114.0	9,200.5
Persons without disabilities	6,313.8	6,366.6	6,450.9	6,513.8
Persons with disabilities	2,603.0	2,623.8	2,663.1	2,686.8

Characteristics of persons registered with Social Security

The most notable aspect of the group of persons with disabilities is their low participation in the labour market. This makes them less likely to have registered to work.

A total of 626,300 people with disabilities were registered at some point during the year, either exclusively or in rotation with another type of situation. This represented 20.0% of the total number of people with disabilities who had some kind of relationship with Social Security. This percentage was more than 55 points lower than for the population without disabilities (75.8%).

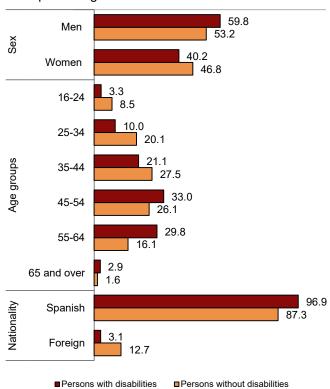
Among persons with disabilities, the distribution by sex showed a higher percentage of men.

On the other hand, the population with disabilities that registered for work at some point in 2019 was concentrated in the higher age groups: more than 60% were between 45 and 64 years old. The greatest difference occurred in the 55-64 age bracket - with 29.8% of people with disabilities - compared to 16.1% of the population without disabilities.

By nationality, there was a lower proportion of foreigners among those with disabilities (3.1%, compared to 12.7% without disabilities).

Demographic characteristics of the population registered for employment with Social Security, 2019.

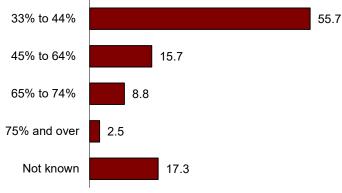
Units: percentage



Participation in the labour market is heavily determined by the type and intensity of the disability. Among persons registered with Social Security at some point in 2019, the weight of those with a lower degree of disability was 55.7%. This progressively decreased to 2.5% with higher degrees of disability.

Distribution of the disabled population registered for employment according to degree of disability. Year 2019

Units: percentage

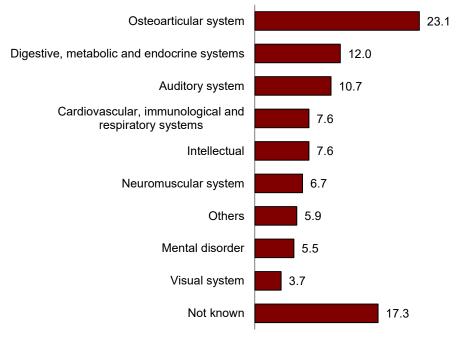


^(*) The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

The persons with deficiencies in the *osteoarticular system* represented 23.1% of those with disabilities in employment registration. The lowest representation corresponded to the type of disability associated with the *digestive*, *metabolic and endocrine systems*, with 3.7%.

Distribution of the disabled population registered for employment according to type of disability. Year 2019

Units: percentage



^(*) The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons affiliated with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available. The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

Affiliations in employment registration with Social Security

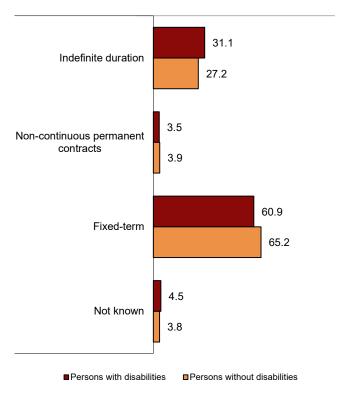
People with disabilities reported 1,099,900 employment registrations in Social Security in 2019. That is, 1.76 per member. In the case of persons without disabilities, each affiliate had an average of 2.12 registrations. The fact that 49.5% of the affiliations of people with disabilities were registered throughout the year, compared to 42.0% of people without disabilities, explains this difference.

Furthermore, 73.1% of affiliates with disabilities had only one registration during the year, compared with 66.6% for those without a disability.

A total of 31.1% of employment affiliations for persons with disabilities were permanent contracts, compared to 27.2% in the case of persons without disabilities.

Distribution of employment affiliations according to type of contract. Year 2019

Units: percentage



Characteristics of persons who receive a contributory Social Security pension

Since having a permanent disability pension means that someone is considered disabled, we find a greater number of persons with disabilities among pensioners.

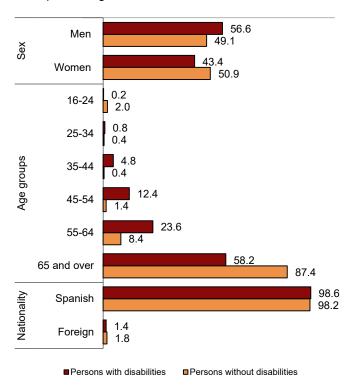
Of the total number of people with disabilities who in 2019 had some relationship with Social Security, 2,686,800 received a contributory pension. This figure accounted for 85.9% of the total, compared to 22.8% for people without disabilities.

Men had a greater weight among pensioners with disabilities than among those without (56.6% compared to 49.1%).

Only in the group of people over 65 years of age did persons with disabilities had a significantly lower representation among pensioners (58.2% versus 87.4% among people without disabilities).

Demographic characteristics of the population with a contributory Social Security pension. Year 2019

Units: percentage

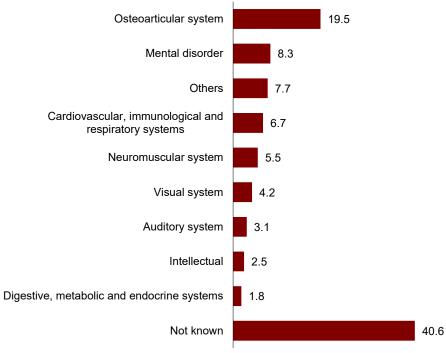


Regarding pensioner type and degree of disability, we see a distribution very similar to that of affiliation, with a predominance of deficiencies of the *Osteoarticular system* and an increase in the percentage of pensioners with the maximum degree of disability (9.7% compared to 2.5% of registered affiliates).

In 2019, 40.2% of disabled pensioners who had a recognized permanent disability and were not registered in the State Database of persons with disabilities (SDPD). These people do not have a recognized type and degree of disability assigned.

Distribution of the disabled population with a contributory Social Security pension, according to type of disability. Year 2019

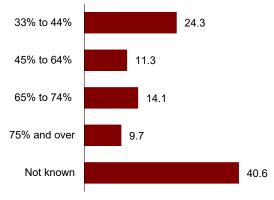
Units: percentage



(*) The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons affiliated with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available. The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the SDPD.

Distribution of the disabled population with a contributory Social Security pension, according to degree of disability. Year 2019

Units: percentage



(*) The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960)

Using the historical information of the Ongoing Sample of Professional Life (OSPL), we obtain the age indicator for the first employment registration. This indicator is calculated for is all those persons born after 1960, who have some relationship with Social Security in the reference year and who have been registered for employment at some time in their life.

According to the OSPL guide, certain prior affiliation relationships may not be registered in the databases. The OSPL reflects only a small part of the labour relations prior to 1966 and there are significant gaps in some of the years immediately afterwards. For this reason, the date of first enrolment should not be equated with the first job. On the other hand, it must be taken into account that the OSPL for the reference year does not include those people who have died or who have left the system.

Age of fist employment registration for persons with disabilities is 20.8 years, 1.1 years younger than those without disabilities.

In general, people with disabilities have a slightly lower age of first employment registration than people without disabilities. The exceptions are young people between the ages of 16 and 29 and foreigners.

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Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960) Year 2019

Units: years

		Persons without	disabilities	
	Total	disabilities		
	Absolute V.	V.absolutos	V.absolutos	
TOTAL	21.8	21.9	20.8	
SEX				
Men	21.3	21.4	20.0	
Women	22.4	22.5	21.9	
AGE GROUPS				
16-29	19.9	19.9	20.1	
30-34	20.3	20.3	19.3	
35-39	21.1	21.1	19.4	
40-44	22.2	22.3	20.3	
45-49	22.6	22.7	20.4	
50-54	23.6	23.8	21.5	
55-59	23.4	23.7	21.2	
NATIONALITY		303333333333333333333333333333333333333	***************************************	
Spanish	20.7	20.7	20.4	
Foreign	29.4	29.4	31.1	

Revision and updating of data

Coinciding with the publication of the 2019 results, the INE is today publishing the retrospective tables with data from 2016 and 2017. The results are available at INEBase.

Methodological note

The aim of the PLPD is to obtain information about the professional life of people with disabilities, in comparative terms with people without disabilities. It is based on data from administrative records, specifically from the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life (MCVL) and the State Database of People with Disabilities (SDPD) of the IMSERSO, entities with which the INE has signed a Collaboration agreement. It has also benefited from collaboration with the Spanish Committee of Representatives of People with Disabilities (CERMI) and the ONCE Foundation.

For the purposes of this statistic, persons with disabilities are considered to be those with a degree of disability equal to or greater than 33% and similar, according to Legislative Royal Decree 1/2013. By virtue of Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013, which approved the Consolidated Text of the *General Law on rights for persons with disabilities and their social inclusion*, social security pensioners who also have a recognized disability pension to the degree of total, long-term or severe disability will be considered as having a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33%, and state pensioners who have a retirement pension or retirement due to permanent incapacity or unfitness for work.

The PLPD is contemplated in the National Statistical Plan and in the Annual Programs.

Type of operation: Continuous annual survey.

Population scope: Persons aged 16 and over with an officially recognized degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and similar, who have had some relationship with Social Security, either as a member or as a pensioner, for at least one day in the reference year.

Geographical scope: The entire national territory.

Reference period of the results and information: Annual.

Source data: integration of statistical data provided by the Social Security Ongoing Sample of Professional Life with administrative data registered in the IMSERSO State Database of Persons with Disabilities².

For more information, the methodology can found at: http://www.ine.es//metodologia/t22/vlpd meto.pdf

And the standardised methodological report at:

http://www.ine.es/dynt3/metadatos/es/RespuestaDatos.html?oe=30332

INE statistics are produced in accordance with the Code of Good Practice for European Statistics, which is the basis for the institution's quality policy and strategy. For more information see the section on Quality at INE and the Code of Best Practices on the INE website.

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² The Base used for the preparation of the 2019 PLPD is that received in August of 2020.

Disability⁽¹⁾and Social Security status

1. Persons according to Social Security status

Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without	Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	31,658.6	100.0	28,529.6	100.0	3,129.0	100.0	
Employment registration	17,790.9	56.2	17,474.2	61.2	316.8	10.1	
Unemployment benefit	863.6	2.7	820.2	2.9	43.4	1.4	
Contributory pensions	8,310.4	26.3	5,886.7	20.6	2,423.7	77.5	
Employment registration and unemployment	3,678.4	11.6	3,602.0	12.6	76.4	2.4	
Employment registration and contributory pension	720.0	2.3	512.8	1.8	207.2	6.6	
Unemployment benefit and contributory pension	94.3	0.3	64.4	0.2	29.9	1.0	
Employment registration, unemployment							
benefit and contributory pension	75.8	0.2	49.9	0.2	26.0	0.8	
Rest	125.1	0.4	119.5	0.4	5.6	0.2	

⁻⁻⁻ I.20. I U.4 119.5 (I) These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

2. People who have had a relationship with Social Security

Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without	Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	31,658.6	100.0	28,529.6	100.0	3,129.0	100.0	
SEX							
Men	16,576.6	52.4	14,822.0	52.0	1,754.6	56.1	
Women	15,082.0	47.6	13,707.6	48.0	1,374.3	43.9	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	1,959.3	6.2	1,934.7	6.8	24.6	0.8	
25-34	4,522.2	14.3	4,442.4	15.6	79.8	2.6	
35-44	6,339.0	20.0	6,113.2	21.4	225.8	7.2	
45-54	6,414.3	20.3	5,944.3	20.8	470.0	15.0	
55-64	4,972.1	15.7	4,214.0	14.8	758.1	24.2	
65 or more	7,451.8	23.5	5,881.1	20.6	1,570.7	50.2	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	28,667.6	90.6	25,592.4	89.7	3,075.3	98.3	
Foreign	2,991.0	9.4	2,937.3	10.3	53.7	1.7	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾and Social Security status

3. People with a registered employment relationship Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

<u> </u>	Total		Persons with	Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	22,265.2	100.0	21,638.9	100.0	626.3	100.0	
SEX						•	
Men	11,880.5	53.4	11,506.2	53.2	374.3	59.8	
Women	10,384.7	46.6	10,132.7	46.8	252.0	40.2	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	1,869.9	8.4	1,849.4	8.5	20.6	3.3	
25-34	4,411.7	19.8	4,349.4	20.1	62.4	10.0	
35-44	6,087.8	27.3	5,955.8	27.5	132.0	21.1	
45-54	5,857.4	26.3	5,650.5	26.1	206.9	33.0	
55-64	3,667.3	16.5	3,480.9	16.1	186.4	29.8	
65 or more	371.0	1.7	352.9	1.6	18.1	2.9	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	19,505.1	87.6	18,898.5	87.3	606.6	96.9	
Foreign	2,760.1	12.4	2,740.4	12.7	19.7	3.1	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

4. People with a contributory benefit in Social Security Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total			Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	
TOTAL	9,200.5	100.0	6,513.8	100.0	2,686.8	100.0	
SEX							
Men	4,719.0	51.3	3,197.0	49.1	1,522.0	56.6	
Women	4,481.6	48.7	3,316.8	50.9	1,164.7	43.4	
AGE GROUPS							
16-24	136.2	1.5	131.8	2.0	4.4	0.2	
25-34	48.1	0.5	25.4	0.4	22.7	8.0	
35-44	151.1	1.6	22.9	0.4	128.2	4.8	
45-54	423.3	4.6	91.1	1.4	332.2	12.4	
55-64	1,182.0	12.8	546.7	8.4	635.3	23.6	
65 or more	7,260.0	78.9	5,696.0	87.4	1,564.0	58.2	
NATIONALITY							
Spanish	9,045.9	98.3	6,396.9	98.2	2,649.0	98.6	
Foreign	154.7	1.7	116.9	1.8	37.8	1.4	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability Characteristics(1)

5. Persons who have had a Social Security relationship by type and degree of disability Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disabilities				
	Absolute V.	Percentages			
TOTAL	3,129.0	100.0			
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY					
Osteoarticular system	637.6	20.4			
Neuromuscular system	185.0	5.9			
Cardiovascular, immune and resp	112.5	3.6			
Digestive, metabolic and endocrin	296.3	9.5			
Others ⁽²⁾	146.1	4.7			
Intellectual	128.4	4.1			
Mental Disorder	209.5	6.7			
Visual system	72.9	2.3			
Auditory system	261.5	8.4			
Not stated ⁽³⁾	1,079.5	34.5			
DEGREE OF DISABILITY					
Grade 33% to 44%	938.5	30.0			
Grade 45% to 64%	418.1	13.4			
Grade 65% to 74%	418.7	13.4			
Grade 75% and above	274.3	8.8			
Not known ⁽³⁾	1,079.5	34.5			

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

(3) The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability Characteristics(1)

6. Persons with a registered employment relationship according to type of disability Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disabilities			
	Absolute V.	Percentages		
TOTAL	626.3	100.0		
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY				
Osteoarticular system	144.4	23.1		
Neuromuscular system	42.2	6.7		
Cardiovascular, immune and respi	47.4	7.6		
Digestive, metabolic and endocrine	75.3	12.0		
Others ⁽²⁾	36.7	5.9		
Intellectual	47.6	7.6		
Mental Disorder	34.2	5.5		
Visual system	23.3	3.7		
Auditory system	66.7	10.7		
Not stated ⁽³⁾	108.6	17.3		
DEGREE OF DISABILITY				
Grade 33% to 44%	348.8	55.7		
Grade 45% to 64%	98.2	15.7		
Grade 65% to 74%	54.8	8.8		
Grade 75% and above	15.9	2.5		
Not known ⁽³⁾	108.6	17.3		

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

⁽³⁾ The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability Characteristics⁽¹⁾

7. Persons with a contributory benefit in Social Security according to type and grade of disability

Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Persons with disa	bilities
	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	2,686.8	100.0
TYPE OF DEFICIENCY		
Osteoarticular system	525.5	19.6
Neuromuscular system	147.7	5.5
Cardiovascular, immune and resp	66.2	2.5
Digestive, metabolic and endocrin	221.3	8.2
Others ⁽²⁾	113.8	4.2
Intellectual	81.8	3.0
Mental Disorder	179.7	6.7
Visual system	49.8	1.9
Auditory system	221.5	8.2
Not stated ⁽³⁾	1,079.5	40.2
DEGREE OF DISABILITY		
Grade 33% to 44%	650.3	24.2
Grade 45% to 64%	326.5	12.2
Grade 65% to 74%	369.1	13.7
Grade 75% and above	261.5	9.7
Not known ⁽³⁾	1,079.5	40.2

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

⁽²⁾ The disability group 'Others' includes persons with expressive, indeterminate and unknown disabilities, as well as persons registered with Social Security, for whom the type of disability is not available.

⁽³⁾ The group "No evidence" consists of pensioners who have a recognised permanent disability pension and are not registered in the BEPD.

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

8. People who have had a relationship with Social Security, by Autonomous Community Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without	disabilities	Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	31,658.6	100.0	28,529.6	100.0	3,129.0	100.0
Andalucía	5,396.2	17.0	4,797.0	16.8	599.3	19.2
Aragón	922.9	2.9	845.4	3.0	77.5	2.5
Asturias (Principado de)	700.7	2.2	588.4	2.1	112.3	3.6
Balears (Illes)	820.7	2.6	764.4	2.7	56.3	1.8
Canarias	1,372.5	4.3	1,263.6	4.4	108.9	3.5
Cantabria	395.8	1.3	343.9	1.2	51.9	1.7
Castilla y León	1,665.1	5.3	1,489.7	5.2	175.4	5.6
Castilla - La Mancha	1,331.9	4.2	1,193.1	4.2	138.8	4.4
Cataluña	5,391.7	17.0	4,829.4	16.9	562.4	18.0
Comunitat Valenciana	3,252.3	10.3	2,951.6	10.3	300.7	9.6
Extremadura	717.8	2.3	641.5	2.2	76.3	2.4
Galicia	1,889.8	6.0	1,642.8	5.8	247.0	7.9
Madrid (Comunidad de)	4,443.4	14.0	4,174.3	14.6	269.0	8.6
Murcia (Región de)	953.0	3.0	818.4	2.9	134.6	4.3
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	456.5	1.4	418.6	1.5	37.9	1.2
País Vasco	1,566.6	4.9	1,417.1	5.0	149.5	4.8
Rioja (La)	219.5	0.7	199.9	0.7	19.6	0.6
Ceuta y Melilla	80.6	0.3	71.6	0.3	9.0	0.3
No data recorded	81.9	0.3	79.0	0.3	2.9	0.1

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

9. Persons with a registered employment relationship by Autonomous Community Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without	disabilities	Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	22,265.2	100.0	21,638.9	100.0	626.3	100.0
Andalucía	3,845.8	17.3	3,737.6	17.3	108.2	17.3
Aragón	647.0	2.9	632.3	2.9	14.7	2.3
Asturias (Principado de)	422.7	1.9	406.3	1.9	16.4	2.6
Balears (Illes)	645.8	2.9	631.8	2.9	14.1	2.2
Canarias	1,016.9	4.6	992.1	4.6	24.8	4.0
Cantabria	263.6	1.2	252.8	1.2	10.8	1.7
Castilla y León	1,081.9	4.9	1,047.4	4.8	34.5	5.5
Castilla - La Mancha	939.0	4.2	906.6	4.2	32.4	5.2
Cataluña	3,830.8	17.2	3,719.8	17.2	111.1	17.7
Comunitat Valenciana	2,281.9	10.2	2,220.9	10.3	61.1	9.7
Extremadura	488.6	2.2	472.0	2.2	16.6	2.7
Galicia	1,180.5	5.3	1,141.1	5.3	39.4	6.3
Madrid (Comunidad de)	3,305.8	14.8	3,241.0	15.0	64.8	10.3
Murcia (Región de)	705.9	3.2	675.5	3.1	30.4	4.9
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	325.0	1.5	317.1	1.5	8.0	1.3
País Vasco	1,060.0	4.8	1,028.7	4.8	31.2	5.0
Rioja (La)	154.0	0.7	149.3	0.7	4.7	0.7
Ceuta y Melilla	60.7	0.3	57.4	0.3	3.3	0.5
No data recorded	9.4	0.0	9.4	0.0	0.0	0.0

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ by Autonomous Community

10. People with a contributory benefit in Social Security Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	9,200.5	100.0	6,513.8	100.0	2,686.8	100.0
Andalucía	1,482.5	16.1	955.2	14.7	527.3	19.6
Aragón	282.5	3.1	214.8	3.3	67.7	2.5
Asturias (Principado de)	274.1	3.0	174.4	2.7	99.7	3.7
Balears (Illes)	177.8	1.9	131.3	2.0	46.5	1.7
Canarias	318.7	3.5	227.1	3.5	91.6	3.4
Cantabria	133.7	1.5	89.5	1.4	44.2	1.6
Castilla y León	586.1	6.4	434.7	6.7	151.5	5.6
Castilla - La Mancha	376.3	4.1	260.5	4.0	115.8	4.3
Cataluña	1,563.0	17.0	1,083.3	16.6	479.7	17.9
Comunitat Valenciana	927.7	10.1	670.7	10.3	257.0	9.6
Extremadura	222.7	2.4	156.4	2.4	66.4	2.5
Galicia	702.3	7.6	481.3	7.4	221.0	8.2
Madrid (Comunidad de)	1,109.3	12.1	885.5	13.6	223.9	8.3
Murcia (Región de)	235.7	2.6	127.0	1.9	108.8	4.0
Navarra (Comunidad Foral de)	135.9	1.5	103.7	1.6	32.2	1.2
País Vasco	519.7	5.6	390.9	6.0	128.8	4.8
Rioja (La)	66.8	0.7	50.5	0.8	16.3	0.6
Ceuta y Melilla	15.4	0.2	9.6	0.1	5.8	0.2
No data recorded	70.4	0.8	67.5	1.0	2.9	0.1

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ and affiliation

11. Employment affiliations registered according to contribution system Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	46,988.1	100.0	45,888.3	100.0	1,099.9	100.0
General Regime	42,823.6	91.1	41,803.9	91.1	1,019.7	92.7
Freelancer S.R.	3,818.2	8.1	3,740.4	8.2	77.8	7.1
Seafarers S.R. and Coalminers S.R.	346.4	0.7	344.1	0.8	2.4	0.2

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

12. Employment affiliations registered as an employee according to contract type Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	41,605.6	100.0	40,609.4	100.0	996.3	100.0
Permanent-Full time	8,976.0	21.6	8,743.4	21.5	232.6	23.3
Permanent-Part time	2,379.1	5.7	2,302.0	5.7	77.1	7.7
Non-continuous permanent contracts	1,598.9	3.8	1,563.9	3.9	34.9	3.5
Temporary-Full time	18,030.8	43.3	17,645.5	43.5	385.2	38.7
Temporary-Part time	9,048.9	21.7	8,827.5	21.7	221.4	22.2
No data recorded	1,572.1	3.8	1,527.0	3.8	45.1	4.5

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

13. Affiliates registered according to number of days worked in the year Year 2019. Absolute figures in thousands

	Total		Persons without disabilities		Persons with disabilities	
	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages	Absolute V.	Percentages
TOTAL	22,265.2	100.0	21,638.9	100.0	626.3	100.0
From one day to less than a month	752.1	3.4	719.2	3.3	32.9	5.3
From one month to less than 2 months	583.0	2.6	557.7	2.6	25.4	4.0
From 2 months to less than 4 months	1,146.1	5.1	1,099.4	5.1	46.7	7.5
From 4 months to less than 6 months	1,024.7	4.6	985.8	4.6	39.0	6.2
From 6 months to less than 9 months	1,882.8	8.5	1,822.3	8.4	60.6	9.7
From 9 months to less than a year	2,905.3	13.0	2,827.4	13.1	77.9	12.4
All year	13,971.2	62.7	13,627.4	63.0	343.9	54.9

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

Disability⁽¹⁾ and age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960)

14. Age of first employment registration (for those born after 1960) Year 2019. Absolute figures in years

	Total	Persons without disabilities	Persons with disabilities Absolute V.	
	Absolute V.	Absolute V.		
TOTAL	21.8	21.9	20.8	
SEX				
Men	21.3	21.4	20.0	
Women	22.4	22.5	21.9	
AGE GROUPS				
16-29	19.9	19.9	20.1	
30-34	20.3	20.3	19.3	
35-39	21.1	21.1	19.4	
40-44	22.2	22.3	20.3	
45-49	22.6	22.7	20.4	
50-54	23.6	23.8	21.5	
55-59	23.4	23.7	21.2	
NATIONALITY				
Spanish	20.7	20.7	20.4	
Foreign	29.4	29.4	31.1	

⁽¹⁾ These are persons with a degree of disability greater than or equal to 33% and who have been assimilated (according to Royal Legislative Decree 1/2013).

The population used in indicator calculation is all those persons born after 1960, who have some relationship with Social Security in the reference year and who have been registered for employment at some time in their life. According to the OSPL guide, certain prior affiliation relationships may not be registered in the databases. The OSPL reflects only a small part of the labour relations prior to 1966 and there are significant gaps during some of the years immediately afterwards. For this reason, the date of first enrolment should not be equated with the first job.